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## THE POETICAL WORKS OF JOHN KEATS

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# THE POETICAL WORKS OF JOHN KEATS

EDITED BY
H. W. GARROD



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#### JOHN KEATS

Born, Moorfields, London, 31 October 1795 Died, Rome, 23 February 1821

The Oxford Standard Authors edition of The Poetical Works of John Keats, edited by H. Buxton Forman, was first published in 1908, and reprinted eighteen times. This edition, edited by H. W. Garrod, was first published in 1956 and reprinted in 1959.

#### PREFATORY NOTE

THE present volume replaces the volume prepared for the Oxford series of Standard Authors by H. Buxton Forman as long ago as 1906. The first section of the Introduction (Early Printed Editions) is taken over from Buxton Forman, with small changes and additions. For the second section, which deals generally with the relation of the printed texts to the manuscripts, I have drawn largely on the opening pages of my edition of Keats in the Oxford English Texts series. For a detailed account of the manuscripts, and for the variants which they offer, the reader is referred to that edition. Our printed texts of Keats are nearly everywhere good; affording small opportunity for textual criticism as ordinarily understood. The textual criticism of Keats studies, in fact, not so much to establish the text as to go behind it. Its primary concern is, not the poet's ultima manus, but his first fingerings and gropings. This edition does not help the reader to go behind the text. Yet to tempt him to do so, I have appended to it a sheaf of critical notes. They are few, and they are confined to passages notable and famous.

I have placed in an Appendix the fragment *Gripus*, which has not hitherto been included in any edition of Keats's Works. It is preserved in the Morgan Library Woodhouse Book. No author's name is added by Woodhouse. But the title-page advises the reader that all the poems that are not by Keats have the names of the authors added. The fragment was accepted as the composition of Keats by Miss Lowell, who printed it (not altogether accurately) in an Appendix to her *Life of Keats* (1924).

July 1956 H. W. G.

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#### INTRODUCTION

#### I. EARLY PRINTED EDITIONS

In an edition of Keats intended to meet a popular demand among the educated classes, it seems worth while to record precisely how and in what forms the text has come through the nineteenth century and reached his lovers and admirers in the twentieth.

The volumes which Keats himself issued through the press are three. The contents of the first reappear in Keats's own order of arrangement as the text of the first 52 pages in the present edition. The book is a foolscap octavo. It was issued in drab boards, with a back-label reading 'Keats's | Poems', and consists of a blank leaf, fly-title 'Poems' in heavy black letter, with imprint on verso, 'Printed by C. Richards, No. 18, Warwick Street, Golden Square, London'; title-page, in all known copies a cancel-leaf (Poems, By John Keats, What more felicity can fall to creature, Than to enjoy delight with liberty' | Fate of the Butterfly.—Spenser. | [Vignette head of Spenser | London: | Printed for | C. & J. Ollier, 3, Welbeck Street, Cavendish Square. | 1817): Dedication with a note on the verso, and pages 1 to 121 including the fly-titles to the Epistles, Sonnets, and Sleep and Poetry. The fly-titles give us a book in four sections with headlines in Roman capitals running throughout each section, recto and verso alike, (1) 'Poems', (2) 'Epistles', (3) 'Sonnets', and (4) 'Sleep and Poetry'. The note after the Dedication is as follows: '[The Short Pieces in the middle of the Book, as ] well as some of the Sonnets, were written at an | earlier period than the rest of the Poems.7'

Keats's second venture was the far more ambitious work *Endymion*, forming pages 53 to 157 of the present volume. There was talk of making the poem a quarto, with a portrait of Keats by Haydon; but ultimately it appeared without a portrait, as a handsome octavo volume. It was done up in thick drab boards labelled at the back, 'Keats's | Endymion. | *Lond*. 1818', and consisted of (1) fly-title 'Endymion: | A Romance' with imprint at foot of verso, 'Printed by T. Miller, Noble

street Cheapside', (2) title-page (with motto adapted from Shakespeare's seventcenth Sonnet), (3) the dedication reprinted on page 53 in the present edition, (4) the Preface (page 54), (5) an erratum leaf with sometimes one and sometimes five errata printed on the recto, and (6) 207 pages of text including the fly-titles to the four books. The headline throughout is 'Endymion' in Roman small capitals, the number of the Book being indicated in smaller letters at the inner corners, and the pages in Arabic figures as usual at the outer corners. The full page consists of twentytwo lines; and the lines are numbered in tens in the margin. not every ten lines of verse, but every ten lines of print, so that when a fresh paragraph begins with a portion of a verse, that particular verse counts for two lines. In numbering the lines for the present edition I have of course counted by lines of verse.

The poet's third and last book of poems, the contents of which, arranged in the order adopted by Keats, occupy pages 159 to 243 of this edition, was issued in 12mo in the summer of 1820, put up in stout drab boards like those of Endymion, with a back-label 'Lamia, Isabella, | &c. | -- | 7s. 6d.' It consists of half-title, reading 'Lamia, Isabella, &c.', with imprint on verso, 'London: | Printed by Thomas Davison, Whitefriars', title-page, as given (post) following that of *Endymion*, Advertisement, Contents, and pages 1 to 199 including the half-titles to Lamia, Isabella, The Eve of St. Agnes, the miscellaneous Poems, and Hyperion. There are headlines in Roman capitals running throughout each section, recto and verso alike: (1) 'Lamia', (2) 'Isabella', (3) 'Eve of St. Agnes', (4) 'Poems', and (5) 'Hyperion'. The pages are numbered in the usual way with Arabic figures; and in Lamia and Hyperion the Parts and Books are marked at the inner side of the headline in smaller Roman capitals. On the verso of page 199 the imprint of Davison is repeated; and there are eight pages of Taylor and Hessey's advertisements, beginning with one of *Endymion*. The Advertisement prefixed to the published volume (page 160 in this edition) appears to have been supplied by the publishers. In a copy belonging to the late Canon Ainger, Keats had drawn his pen through and through this advertisement, writing at the head. 'I had no part in this: I was ill at the time.' The statement

about *Endymion* he had bracketed off from the rest; and beneath it he had written 'This is a lie!' In connexion with this unusual vehemence of expression, it is no more than fair to mention that the Woodhouse Common-place book, used by the publishers when considering which of Keats's unpublished poems they would issue in 1820, records a vote against *Hyperion*; and the inference is that they were induced by Keats's friends to publish the fragment after all.

We have not, however, yet completed the tale of the editiones principes of Keats's Poetry, seeing that his posthuma have from time to time been issued in substantive volumes as distinguished from the mere extension of editions of his works. The first in importance, as in date, of these posthumous editiones principes is Monckton Milnes's invaluable contribution of 1848. In 1833, at the villa of Walter Savage Landor 'on the beautiful hill-side of Fiesole', Monckton Milnes had met Charles Armitage Brown, whose name is now universally associated with that of Keats; he had previously learnt much about the poet from Joseph Severn, then still (as to the end) at Rome; and he now found that Brown, having carefully guarded the literary remains of Keats, intended to publish them in two or three years on returning to England. Brown returned, got forward with his preparations, wrote his biographical account of Keats, and had arranged for publication, when he suddenly decided to emigrate to New Zealand. This he did, leaving his material for Milnes to make use of, 'for the purpose of vindicating the character and advancing the fame' of Keats.

Charles Cowden Clarke, Edward Holmes, George Felton Mathew, and Henry Stephens helped the biographer and editor with their recollections; John Hamilton Reynolds 'contributed the rich store of his correspondence'; Charles Wentworth Dilke and William Haslam supported the undertaking with letters and reminiscences; to John Taylor and James Augustus Hessey, Keats's friendly and helpful publishers, and Charles Ollier, who in a less friendly and helpful manner had preceded them in that office, Milnes was 'indebted for willing co-operation'; and Mr. Jeffrey, who had married George Keats's widow, contributed, in a very slovenly and misleading way, a great mass of letters and data which, notwithstanding his lack of judgement, of experience, and of thoroughness,

were of quite extraordinary value. The result founded on all these aids and communications was given to the world in the year 1848, in two of those handy and agreeable volumes which, printed by Messrs. Bradbury and Evans, issued in a steady stream for some years from the house of Edward Moxon of Dover Street—the volumes which we associate with the names of Shelley, Wordsworth, Landor, Hood, Tennyson, and the Brownings.

When the book made its appearance, one of the main literary supporters of the undertaking, who had known intimately both Keats and Brown, was amused as well as nettled at the role claimed for Brown as the 'generous protector' of Keats, and left a somewhat caustic note on the subject in his copy of Milnes's work, the title-page of which he decorated with the following couplet from *The Rosciad*:

Appearances to save his only care; So things seem right, no matter what they are.

Charles Wentworth Dilke, in quoting thus epigrammatically from Churchill, did not of course mean to apply the couplet literally; but the inscription and other notes show how advanced his views of editorial obligation were; for Milnes can scarcely be said to have carried editorial licence beyond the limits then usual.

Milnes's first contribution to Keats literature, published in the best of company, may be bibliographically described as consisting of two volumes, foolscap octavo, bound in purple-brown cloth, upright-straight-grained, blind-blocked on the sides with the same severe floral-scroll design that appears on the fourth edition of Tennyson's Poems (two volumes, 1846), The Princess (1847), In Memoriam (1850), Landor's Hellenics (1847), and many others. The colour is the same as that of the cloth used for several editions of In Memoriam. The Keats volumes are gilt-lettered across the back, 'Life | Letters &c. | of Keats. | Vol. I. [II.]' The Title-pages are as follows:

LIFE, LETTERS, AND LITERARY REMAINS,

OF

JOHN KEATS

EDITED BY

RICHARD MONCKTON MILNES.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

vor. i. [ii.]

LONDON:

EDWARD MOXON, DOVER STREET 1848.

The half-titles read 'Life, Letters, &c. | of | John Keats.' Their versos are blank; but those of the titles have the central imprint 'London: | Bradbury and Evans, Printers, Whitefriars.' In volume I, pages v to vii contain a dedication to Francis (afterwards Lord) Jeffrey, page viii is blank, the preface extends from page ix to page xix, page xx is blank, and page 1 starts with a dropped head reading 'Life and Letters | of | John Keats.' There are 288 pages of the text, with headlines reading 'Life and Letters of' on the versos and 'John Keats' on the rectos, save on page 288, where the legend appears in full: the printers' imprint is repeated at the foot. The volume has for frontispiece a print from a steel plate engraved by H. Robinson after the well-known half-length portrait of Keats by Severn, three-quarter face, seated behind a table with an open book before him, the right hand resting on the book, the left supporting the chin and cheek (fingers closed), while the elbow rests on the table. An eight-page catalogue of Moxon's publications is generally found in perfect copies, inserted within the glazed primrose end-paper of the recto cover.

Of volume II the text also starts with a dropped head worded as in volume I, with which it is uniform as to headlines up to page 108. Then there is a half-title, 'Literary Remains', dividing the posthumous poetry from the Life and Letters; and the poetry itself occupies the remainder of the volume, ending on page 306, and bearing distinctive headlines. At the foot of page 306 the printers' imprint recurs; and facing it is a list, headed 'Poetry,' of volumes sold by Moxon: the verso

of this is blank. The frontispiece to this second volume is a well-lithographed facsimile of a holograph manuscript,—the song 'Shed no tear—O shed no tear'.

These fascinating volumes have no index of any kind, or even so much as a table of contents; but besides the Literary Remains forming the bulk of the second volume, many poems and fragments are scattered through the first volume, some embodied in letters, and some appended at the close of the volume, after the Notes on Milton there reprinted from the scarce American periodical the *Dial*. A list of these poems is proper to this place. The page column indicates the position in Lord Houghton's volumes.

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Moxon had already in 1846 reprinted, in his delightful paper-covered 24mo series of Poets, Smith's edition of Keats's Poetical Works (1841) with a trifling change of order in the contents; and he now proceeded to publish a reissue in foolscap octavo to accompany the Life, Letters, and Literary Remains. The 1851 issue of this book ('a new edition') has no biography, but contains the same portrait print as the Life, &c. Since that time no substantive volume of fresh poems by Keats has been published; but additions have been made in one issue after another until the mass has grown very considerably.

One more posthumous *editio princeps* remains to be dealt with. In the long journal-letter which Keats wrote to his brother and sister-in-law in America in December 1818 and January 1819, occurs the following passage, headed 'Friday' simply, but belonging probably to Christmas Day 1818:

I think you knew before you left England, that my next subject would be 'the fall of Hyperion'. I went on a little with it last night, but it will take some time to get into the vein again. I will not give you any extracts because I wish the whole to make an impression. I have however a few Poems which you will like, and I will copy them out on the next sheet.

This no doubt relates to the fragment of *Hyperion* in direct narration, as ultimately published in 1820. The poem in that form, it will be remembered, was abandoned finally in August 1819; but by the end of the year he was at work on an attempt to recast it in a wholly different form. This took place at Wentworth Place: in the morning he sat with Brown and worked at *The Cap and Bells*: in the evening, *fide* Brown, he had a room to himself 'and was deeply engaged in remodelling the fragment of *Hyperion* into the form of a vision'.

This remarkable production (pages 401-16 of this edition) was mentioned in the *Life*, *Letters*, &c. (1848), as a recast,

but remained in manuscript until Milnes contributed it to the third volume of the Bibliographical and Historical Miscellanies of the Philobiblon Society (1856-7), in doubt whether it was a recast or a draft. A few copies of it were also printed in pamphlet form apart from the Miscellanies. The fragment was afterwards published in the Appendix to Milnes's new edition of The Life and Letters of John Keats issued in 1867 by Moxon & Co. On that occasion it was said to be without doubt the first draft. But Lord Houghton must have failed to consult again his manuscript memoir by Charles Brown, wherein the 'Vision' is distinctly said to be a late reconstruction. It will be seen that, although a great deal of the 'Vision' is special to the new poem, there are large passages from the epic version of Hyperion. A comparison of passages which are substantially identical while varying in detail perhaps affords the most astounding instance on record of the loss of artistic power and perception under physical decay and mental agony. The conception of Moneta, though not artistically on Keats's highest level, has a touching grandeur of its own, and, apart from the detrimental treatment of the Hyperion fragment, is highly notable. As regards the holograph manuscript of the 'Vision'. Lord Houghton stated in 1883 that a mystery attached to its fate: it was lent for some purposes of the 1867 reprint; and the owner failed to recover it.

The Philobiblon Society's separate print of course ranks among the *editiones principes* of Keats's writings; and it is perhaps the scarcest of all. It is a pott quarto pamphlet of twenty-four pages printed on Saunders's unbleached hand-made paper, water-marked '1856'. There is no title-page; but there is a half-title reading 'Another Version of Keats's "Hyperion".' Pages 3 and 4 are occupied by the following note:

#### Another Version of Keats's 'Hyperion.'

The MS. of the following Poem was given to me by Mr. Brown, the friend and protector of John Keats, together with the other *Literary Remains* which I published in 1848. Is it the original sketch out of which the earlier part of the printed poem was composed, or is it the commencement of a reconstruction of the whole? I have no external evidence to decide this question; but it seems to me that, in either case, this fragment well deserves preservation. If it is the first composition out of which a portion of the printed poem was

selected, it is most remarkable, as showing the affluence and self-command of the genius that could afford to lay by passages of so much originality and splendour as, on this supposition, have here been cancelled. If, on the other hand, it is the beginning of a new version of the whole Poem, we may equally admire the imagination which was not content with what had been already accomplished, and, not satisfied with completing the work as it stood, desired to improve its scope and enlarge its proportions. There is, indeed, no lover of the writings of this wonderful youth who will not be glad to see this production for its own sake, and apart from all discussion as to its intention; but the problem of the priority of the two poems—both fragments, and both so beautiful—may afford a wide field for ingenious and critical conjecture.

R. M. MILNES.

The poem starts on page 5 with a dropped head reading 'Hyperion, a Vision'; but the headlines, from page 6 to page 24, read on the versos, 'Another version of', and on the rectos 'Keats's Hyperion'. Concerning the title of this reconstruction, I do not find much evidence properly so called. As we have seen. Brown is the authority for the now established fact that Keats attempted the task of 're-modelling the fragment of Hyperion into the form of a Vision'; but it does not appear that he called it 'Hyperion, a Vision'. Lord Houghton contributed it to the Philobiblon Society's Collections as 'Another Version' of the fragment, and used the description 'A Vision' on one page. The almost invariably accurate Woodhouse calls it 'The Fall of Hyperion, a Dream'—not casually or descriptively, but as the title of an unpublished work from which he inscribes some extracts in a collection of quotations from various authors prefixed to his interleaved copy of Endymion.

Many of Keats's poems appeared first in periodicals; and mention should here be made of the Examiner (in Leigh Hunt's time), Annals of the Fine Arts (1817-20), Hunt's Literary Pocket-Book, his Indicator, The Gem, a Literary Annual, edited by Thomas Hood, Hood's Magazine, The Dial, The Athenaeum, Notes and Queries, and The Century Guild Hobby Horse.

H. Buxton Forman

#### II. MANUSCRIPT SOURCES

For each of the longer poems of Keats, with the exception of *The Fall of Hyperion*, we have manuscripts in Keats's auto-

graph. Three of these autograph manuscripts—those of Endymion, Lamia, Isabella—are fair copies; the two first are the manuscript actually sent to the printer. For Hyperion, The Eve of St. Agnes, The Cap and Bells, Otho, and the fragment of King Stephen, we have Keats's first draft. For The Fall of Hyperion we have, in lieu of the autograph, three manuscript transcripts (one of them incomplete). What manuscript of it Monckton Milnes gave to the printer in 1856, we have no means of knowing. Of the three extant transcripts, one—first brought to light in 1904—is in the hand of Keats's friend Woodhouse; another is written by one of Woodhouse's clerks. The fragmentary transcript was made by another friend of Keats, J. H. Reynolds. The text printed in this edition derives from Woodhouse's transcript.

For the shorter poems our wealth of manuscripts is less, but still great. It is least in the volume of 1817; where, even so, seventeen poems, out of a total of thirty-three, exist in Keats's autograph—for all of the seventeen we have, in addition, transcripts. For seven other poems we have, not Keats's autograph, but manuscript copies made from it; leaving nine pieces for which no manuscript is available. This was Keats's first book; Olliers, who published it, did not attach to Keats's autograph the religious importance which Taylor and Hessey felt for it later. Tom and George Keats were willing copyists, falling short, however, of the monkish diligence of Woodhouse and Brown.

The volume of 1820 contains nine short poems; for all of which, with the exception of the *Ode on a Grecian Urn*, we have Keats's autograph. For the *Grecian Urn* we have four transcripts.

Monckton Milnes's two volumes of 1848 added to the corpus of Keats's poetry seventy-one new short poems. For thirty-five of these, we still have Keats's autograph; for all the others, with the exception of the sonnet beginning 'This mortal body . . .', and the lines 'What can I do to drive away . . .', we have transcripts.

Since 1848 there have been brought to light forty-two additional pieces, of which thirty are in autograph and twelve in transcript.

Of the three volumes which were printed during Keats's lifetime the texts are in general good. If we leave aside

punctuation and orthography, the *Poems* of 1817 have not more than three provable errors of the press; in the 1820 volume there are none. *Endymion* is printed with less circumspection: the Errata leaf lists five misprints, and there are in fact something like twice as many—the most serious is the loss of a whole line after iii. 201. But the defects are for the most part trifling, and easily remediable. The three volumes represent fairly Keats's ultima manus. That phrase must, so far as the volume of 1820 goes, be interpreted generously—the book offers here and there readings to which Keats was, it seems likely, not more than a consenting party. Of the text of The Eve of St. Agnes Woodhouse says plainly: 'Keats left it to his Publishers to adopt which [of two variant readings] they pleased, & to revise the whole. The printed text of the poem sometimes has readings for which there is no manuscript authority; they are mostly of a kind which studies 'propriety' -an effect for which Taylor and Woodhouse were overzealous. In Isabella, again, notes made by Keats himself in the printer's copy show that he was not pedantically exigent. Against stanza vi he has scrawled 'Stop this as you please'; against xxii 'Please point this as you like'. Against the last line of xxv he has written 'You may use your judgment between your lines and mine' (a note addressed, apparently, to Taylor). Taylor and Hessey and Woodhouse took those liberties which Keats allowed them. But it is not, I think, proved, or probable, that they took any others.2 The more I study Woodhouse's papers, the better is my opinion of his integrity—everywhere his fidelity appears equal to his diligence. It can hardly be accident that the poem which offers the greatest number of discrepancies between manuscript and printed text, The Eve of St. Agnes, is the poem in which the publishers were given liberty 'to revise the whole'. Monckton Milnes handled his manuscripts somewhat more freely: in particular, The Fall of Hyperion offers several patent interpolations. But in general he too, I think, must be accounted faithful. The volumes of 1848—where we can nearly always check him by his manuscripts—are, in the main, 'good texts'. Here and there he has stopped a gap with his

<sup>1</sup> Induction 46, To some Ladies 6, Sonnet xvi, 7.
2 I confess to a doubt about 'She dwells with Beauty' in the Ode on Melancholy, iii. 1; where all our MSS., including Keats's autograph, agree in giving 'She lives in beauty'.

own plausible invention. A notable example is Otho, III. i. 8, where the printer misread limbo as limbs, and Milnes stopped the gap by writing white limbs. Occasionally, he has adopted a conjecture which he found pencilled in the margin of his text—an example is shrouds for creeds in the third line of the cancelled first stanza of the Ode on Melancholy. Once at least he has introduced order—or what has seemed order—by a violent emendation of his own (Ode on Indolence, v. 1).

In general, then, the manuscripts of Keats do not help us to resolve problems in the text of Keats. Our printed texts give us almost everywhere what Keats, sometimes after infinite writing and rewriting, wished us to have. The manuscripts do not help us to get at the true text. But they do help us to see the gropings, the strivings, the agonies, through which great poetry comes to truth. Of no other poet do we know so well both what he is and how he came to it.

H. W. GARROD

#### KEATS'S LIFE

- 1795 John Keats's birth in Finsbury, 31 October.
- 1797 Birth of his brother George, 28 February.
- 1799 Birth of his brother Thomas, 18 November.
- 1803 Birth of his sister Frances Mary (Fanny), 3 June.
- 1804 Death of his father, 16 April.

His mother marries William Rawlings, 27 June.

Keats goes to live with his grandmother, Mrs. Jennings, at Edmonton.

- 1810 Death of his mother, March.
- 1803-11 Is educated at Mr. Clarke's school, Enfield.
  Begins translating The Aeneid.
- 1811 Apprenticed to Thomas Hammond, Surgeon. Finishes translating THE AENEID.
- 1812 Writes Imitation of Spenser.
- 1813 Introduced to Severn.
- 1815 Writes Ode to Apollo ('In thy western halls . . .'). Entered at Guy's Hospital, 1 October.
  - Writes Epistle to George Felton Mathew, November.
- 1816 First published poem (the sonnet 'O Solitude . . .') appears in the *Examiner*, 5 May

Addresses a sonnet to Charles Wells, 29 June.

Receives certificate qualifying him to practise as an apothecary, 26 July.

Writes Epistle to George Keats, August.

Writes Epistle to Charles Cowden Clarke, September.

Writes the Chapman's Homer Sonnet, October.

Meeting with Leigh Hunt, October.

Introduced to Haydon, November.

Contemplates the subject of Endymion and writes 'I stood tip-toe upon a little hill', December.

1817 First volume of Poems published, early.

Endymion begun, spring.

Stays in the Isle of Wight, April, and Margate, May.

Visits Benjamin Bailey at Oxford, September.

Visits Stratford-on-Avon with Bailey.

Draft of Endymion finished at Burford Bridge, 28 November. Sees Kean's return to the public and criticizes him in the *Champion*, 1 December.

- 1817-18 Winters at Hampstead.
- 1818 Book I of Endymion sent to press, January. Seeing 'a good deal' of Wordsworth, January.

1818 Joins his brothers at Teignmouth, March.

Revision of Endymion finished, March.

ENDYMION published, April.

ISABELLA, OR THE POT OF BASIL, finished by 27 April.

FRAGMENT OF AN ODE TO MAY written, 1 May.

Returns to Hampstead, May.

Departure of George Keats and his bride for America, June.

Visits the Lakes with Brown, June.

Scotch tour with Brown, July and August.

A fleeting visit to Ireland, July.

A violent cold caught in the Isle of Mull, July.

'Cockney School' attack in Blackwood's Magazine published August.

Returns to Hampstead, August.

Troubled by sore throat, September.

Attack in the Quarterly Review published, September.

At Well Walk, Hampstead, September to December.

First meeting with Fanny Brawne, September.

Thomas Keats dies, 1 December, and John moves to Wentworth Place to live with Brown, December.

Sore throat again, December. 1818-19 Hyperion begun, winter.

1819 Stays at Chichester and Bedhampton, January.

THE EVE OF ST. AGNES Written, January.

Returns to Wentworth Place, February.

Persistent sore throat, February.

ODE TO PSYCHE and LA BELLE DAME SANS MERCI written, April-May.

ODE TO A NIGHTINGALE composed, May.

Throat still sore in June and July.

Visits the Isle of Wight with James Rice, July.

ODE TO A NIGHTINGALE published, July.

Writes LAMIA, Part I, and OTHO THE GREAT, Act I, July.

Removes with Brown to Winchester, August.

OTHO THE GREAT finished, Hyperion continued, August.

Fleeting visit to London and return to Winchester, September. To Autumn composed, Hyperion abandoned, Lamia finished,

THE EVE OF ST. AGNES revised, September.

Resolves to work for periodicals, September.

1819 Returns to Hampstead to winter, October.

Leaves off animal food, October. Throat in a threatening state again, December.

1820 ODE ON A GRECIAN URN published, January.

Fatal illness commences, 3 February.

Keats and Brown finally part at Gravesend, 7 May.

1820 LA Belle Dame Sans Merci published in the *Indicator*, 10 May.

Fragment of The CAP AND BELLS written, June (?).

LAMIA, ISABELLA, &c., published, first week in July.

Stays at Kentish Town, near and with Hunt, June-July.

Attack of blood-spitting, 22 June.

Returns to Wentworth Place to be nursed by Mrs. and Miss Brawne, August.

THE CAP AND BELLS XXVI-XXX. 4 quoted by Hunt in the Indicator, 23 August.

Sails for Italy with Severn, September.

Final version of the Sonnet 'Bright Star . . .' written on board ship.

Writes his last letter from Rome, November.

1821 His death, 23 February, and burial near the tomb of Caius Cestius, 26 February.

## POEMS PUBLISHED IN 1817

#### DEDICATION

#### TO LEIGH HUNT, ESQ.

GLORY and loveliness have pass'd away;
For if we wander out in early morn,
No wreathed incense do we see upborne
Into the east, to meet the smiling day:
No crowd of nymphs soft voic'd and young, and gay,
In woven baskets bringing ears of corn,
Roses, and pinks, and violets, to adorn
The shrine of Flora in her early May.
But there are left delights as high as these,
And I shall ever bless my destiny,
That in a time, when under pleasant trees
Pan is no longer sought, I feel a free,
A leafy luxury, seeing I could please
With these poor offerings, a man like thee.

#### POEMS

'Places of nestling green for Poets made.'

Story of Rimini

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I stoop tip-toe upon a little hill, The air was cooling, and so very still, That the sweet buds which with a modest pride Pull droopingly, in slanting curve aside, Their scantly leav'd, and finely tapering stems, Had not yet lost those starry diadems Caught from the early sobbing of the morn. The clouds were pure and white as flocks new shorn, And fresh from the clear brook; sweetly they slept On the blue fields of heaven, and then there crept A little noiseless noise among the leaves, Born of the very sigh that silence heaves: For not the faintest motion could be seen Of all the shades that slanted o'er the green. There was wide wand'ring for the greediest eye, To peer about upon variety; Far round the horizon's crystal air to skim, And trace the dwindled edgings of its brim; To picture out the quaint, and curious bending Of a fresh woodland alley, never ending; Or by the bowery clefts, and leafy shelves, Guess where the jaunty streams refresh themselves. I gazed awhile, and felt as light, and free As though the fanning wings of Mercury Had play'd upon my heels: I was light-hearted, And many pleasures to my vision started; So I straightway began to pluck a posey Of luxuries bright, milky, soft and rosy.

A bush of May flowers with the bees about them; Ah, sure no tasteful nook would be without them; And let a lush laburnum oversweep them, And let long grass grow round the roots to keep them Moist, cool and green; and shade the violets, That they may bind the moss in leafy nets. A filbert hedge with wild briar overtwined,
And clumps of woodbine taking the soft wind
Upon their summer thrones; there too should be
The frequent chequer of a youngling tree,
That with a score of light green brethren shoots
From the quaint mossiness of aged roots:
Round which is heard a spring-head of clear waters
Babbling so wildly of its lovely daughters
The spreading blue-bells: it may haply mourn
That such fair clusters should be rudely torn
From their fresh beds, and scattered thoughtlessly
By infant hands, left on the path to die.

Open afresh your round of starry folds, Ye ardent marigolds!
Dry up the moisture from your golden lids, For great Apollo bids
That in these days your praises should be sung On many harps, which he has lately strung; And when again your dewiness he kisses, Tell him, I have you in my world of blisses: So haply when I rove in some far vale, His mighty voice may come upon the gale.

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Here are sweet peas, on tip-toe for a flight: With wings of gentle flush o'er delicate white, And taper fingers catching at all things, To bind them all about with tiny rings.

Linger awhile upon some bending planks
That lean against a streamlet's rushy banks,
And watch intently Nature's gentle doings:
They will be found softer than ring-dove's cooings.
How silent comes the water round that bend;
Not the minutest whisper does it send
To the o'erhanging sallows: blades of grass
Slowly across the chequer'd shadows pass.
Why, you might read two sonnets, ere they reach
To where the hurrying freshnesses aye preach
A natural sermon o'er their pebbly beds;
Where swarms of minnows show their little heads,

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Staying their wavy bodies 'gainst the streams, To taste the luxury of sunny beams Temper'd with coolness. How they ever wrestle With their own sweet delight, and ever nestle Their silver bellies on the pebbly sand. If you but scantily hold out the hand, That very instant not one will remain; But turn your eye, and they are there again. The ripples seem right glad to reach those cresses, And cool themselves among the em'rald tresses; The while they cool themselves, they freshness give. And moisture, that the bowery green may live: So keeping up an interchange of favours, Like good men in the truth of their behaviours. Sometimes goldfinches one by one will drop From low hung branches; little space they stop; But sip, and twitter, and their feathers sleek: Then off at once, as in a wanton freak: Or perhaps, to show their black, and golden wings, Pausing upon their yellow flutterings. Were I in such a place, I sure should pray That naught less sweet, might call my thoughts away, Than the soft rustle of a maiden's gown Fanning away the dandelion's down; Than the light music of her nimble toes Patting against the sorrel as she goes. How she would start, and blush, thus to be caught Playing in all her innocence of thought. O let me lead her gently o'er the brook, Watch her half-smiling lips, and downward look; O let me for one moment touch her wrist: Let me one moment to her breathing list: And as she leaves me may she often turn Her fair eyes looking through her locks auburne. What next? A tuft of evening primroses, O'er which the mind may hover till it dozes; O'er which it well might take a pleasant sleep, But that 'tis ever startled by the leap Of buds into ripe flowers; or by the flitting Of diverse moths, that aye their rest are quitting; Or by the moon lifting her silver rim

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Above a cloud, and with a gradual swim Coming into the blue with all her light. O Maker of sweet poets, dear delight Of this fair world, and all its gentle livers; Spangler of clouds, halo of crystal rivers. Mingler with leaves, and dew and tumbling streams, Closer of lovely eyes to lovely dreams, Lover of loneliness, and wandering. Of upcast eye, and tender pondering! Thee must I praise above all other glories That smile us on to tell delightful stories. For what has made the sage or poet write But the fair paradise of Nature's light? In the calm grandeur of a sober line. We see the waving of the mountain pine; And when a tale is beautifully staid, We feel the safety of a hawthorn glade: When it is moving on luxurious wings, The soul is lost in pleasant smotherings: Fair dewy roses brush against our faces, And flowering laurels spring from diamond vases; O'er head we see the jasmine and sweet briar. And bloomy grapes laughing from green attire; While at our feet, the voice of crystal bubbles Charms us at once away from all our troubles: So that we feel uplifted from the world, Walking upon the white clouds wreath'd and curl'd. So felt he, who first told, how Psyche went On the smooth wind to realms of wonderment: What Psyche felt, and Love, when their full lips First touch'd: what amorous, and fondling nins They gave each other's cheeks; with all their sighs, And how they kist each other's tremulous eyes: The silver lamp,—the ravishment,—the wonder— The darkness,—loneliness,—the fearful thunder: Their woes gone by, and both to heaven upflown, To bow for gratitude before Jove's throne. So did he feel, who pull'd the boughs aside, That we might look into a forest wide, To catch a glimpse of Fauns, and Dryades Coming with softest rustle through the trees;

And garlands woven of flowers wild, and sweet, Upheld on ivory wrists, or sporting feet: Telling us how fair, trembling Syrinx fled Arcadian Pan, with such a fearful dread. Poor nymph,—poor Pan,—how he did weep to find, Nought but a lovely sighing of the wind Along the reedy stream; a half-heard strain, Full of sweet desolation—balmy pain.

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What first inspired a bard of old to sing Narcissus pining o'er the untainted spring? In some delicious ramble, he had found A little space, with boughs all woven round: And in the midst of all, a clearer pool Than e'er reflected in its pleasant cool, The blue sky here, and there, serenely peeping Through tendril wreaths fantastically creeping. And on the bank a lonely flower he spied, A meek and forlorn flower, with naught of pride, Drooping its beauty o'er the watery clearness. To woo its own sad image into nearness: Deaf to light Zephyrus it would not move; But still would seem to droop, to pine, to love. So while the poet stood in this sweet spot, Some fainter gleamings o'er his fancy shot; Nor was it long ere he had told the tale Of young Narcissus, and sad Echo's bale.

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Where had he been, from whose warm head out-flew That sweetest of all songs, that ever new, That aye refreshing, pure deliciousness, Coming ever to bless
The wanderer by moonlight? to him bringing Shapes from the invisible world, unearthly singing From out the middle air, from flowery nests, And from the pillowy silkiness that rests Full in the speculation of the stars.

Ah! surely he had burst our mortal bars; Into some wond'rous region he had gone, To search for thee, divine Endymion!

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He was a Poet, sure a lover too,
Who stood on Latmus' top, what time there blew
Soft breezes from the myrtle vale below;
And brought in faintness solemn, sweet, and slow
A hymn from Dian's temple; while upswelling,
The incense went to her own starry dwelling.
But though her face was clear as infant's eyes,
Though she stood smiling o'er the sacrifice,
The Poet wept at her so piteous fate,
Wept that such beauty should be desolate:
So in fine wrath some golden sounds he won,
And gave meek Cynthia her Endymion.

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Queen of the wide air; thou most lovely queen Of all the brightness that mine eyes have seen! As thou exceedest all things in thy shine, So every tale, does this sweet tale of thine. O for three words of honey, that I might Tell but one wonder of thy bridal night!

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Where distant ships do seem to show their keels, Phoebus awhile delay'd his mighty wheels, And turn'd to smile upon thy bashful eyes, Ere he his unseen pomp would solemnize. The evening weather was so bright, and clear, That men of health were of unusual cheer: Stepping like Homer at the trumpet's call, Or young Apollo on the pedestal: And lovely women were as fair and warm, As Venus looking sideways in alarm. The breezes were ethereal, and pure, And crept through half-closed lattices to cure The languid sick; it cool'd their fever'd sleep, And soothed them into slumbers full and deep. Soon they awoke clear eyed: nor burnt with thirsting, Nor with hot fingers, nor with temples bursting: And springing up, they met the wond'ring sight Of their dear friends, nigh foolish with delight; Who feel their arms, and breasts, and kiss and stare, And on their placid foreheads part the hair. Young men, and maidens at each other gaz'd With hands held back, and motionless, amaz'd

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To see the brightness in each other's eyes;
And so they stood, fill'd with a sweet surprise,
Until their tongues were loos'd in poesy.
Therefore no lover did of anguish die:
But the soft numbers, in that moment spoken,
Made silken ties, that never may be broken.
Cynthia! I cannot tell the greater blisses,
That follow'd thine, and thy dear shepherd's kisses:
Was there a poet born?—but now no more,
My wand'ring spirit must no further soar.—

## SPECIMEN OF AN INDUCTION TO A POEM

Lo! I must tell a tale of chivalry; For large white plumes are dancing in mine eye. Not like the formal crest of latter days: But bending in a thousand graceful ways; So graceful, that it seems no mortal hand, Or e'en the touch of Archimago's wand. Could charm them into such an attitude. We must think rather, that in playful mood, Some mountain breeze had turn'd its chief delight, To show this wonder of its gentle might. Lo! I must tell a tale of chivalry; For while I muse, the lance points slantingly Athwart the morning air: some lady sweet, Who cannot feel for cold her tender feet, From the worn top of some old battlement Hails it with tears, her stout defender sent: And from her own pure self no joy dissembling, Wraps round her ample robe with happy trembling. Sometimes, when the good Knight his rest would take, It is reflected, clearly, in a lake, With the young ashen boughs, 'gainst which it rests, And th' half seen mossiness of linnets' nests. Ah! shall I ever tell its cruelty. When the fire flashes from a warrior's eve. And his tremendous hand is grasping it, And his dark brow for very wrath is knit? Or when his spirit, with more calm intent, Leaps to the honors of a tournament.

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And makes the gazers round about the ring Stare at the grandeur of the ballancing? No, no! this is far off:-then how shall I Revive the dying tones of minstrelsy, Which linger yet about long gothic arches, In dark green ivy, and among wild larches? How sing the splendour of the revelries, When butts of wine are drunk off to the lees? And that bright lance, against the fretted wall, Beneath the shade of stately banneral, Is slung with shining cuirass, sword, and shield? Where ye may see a spur in bloody field. Light-footed damsels move with gentle paces Round the wide hall, and show their happy faces; Or stand in courtly talk by fives and sevens: Like those fair stars that twinkle in the heavens. Yet must I tell a tale of chivalry: Or wherefore comes that steed so proudly by? Wherefore more proudly does the gentle knight Rein in the swelling of his ample might?

Spenser! thy brows are arched, open, kind, And come like a clear sun-rise to my mind; And always does my heart with pleasure dance, When I think on thy noble countenance: Where never yet was aught more earthly seen Than the pure freshness of thy laurels green. Therefore, great bard, I not so fearfully Call on thy gentle spirit to hover nigh My daring steps: or if thy tender care, Thus startled unaware. Be jealous that the foot of other wight Should madly follow that bright path of light Trac'd by thy lov'd Libertas; he will speak. And tell thee that my prayer is very meek; That I will follow with due reverence. And start with awe at mine own strange pretence. Him thou wilt hear; so I will rest in hope To see wide plains, fair trees and lawny slope: The morn, the eve, the light, the shade, the flowers: Clear streams, smooth lakes, and overlooking towers.

### CALIDORE

#### A FRAGMENT

Young Calidore is paddling o'er the lake; His healthful spirit eager and awake To feel the beauty of a silent eve, Which seem'd full loth this happy world to leave: The light dwelt o'er the scene so lingeringly. He bares his forehead to the cool blue sky. And smiles at the far clearness all around. Until his heart is well nigh over wound, And turns for calmness to the pleasant green Of easy slopes, and shadowy trees that lean So elegantly o'er the waters' brim And show their blossoms trim. Scarce can his clear and nimble eye-sight follow The freaks, and dartings of the black-wing'd swallow, Delighting much, to see it half at rest, Dip so refreshingly its wings, and breast 'Gainst the smooth surface, and to mark anon, The widening circles into nothing gone.

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And now the sharp keel of his little boat
Comes up with ripple, and with easy float,
And glides into a bed of water lillies:
Broad leav'd are they and their white canopies
Are upward turn'd to catch the heaven's dew.
Near to a little island's point they grew;
Whence Calidore might have the goodliest view
Of this sweet spot of earth. The bowery shore
Went off in gentle windings to the hoar
And light blue mountains: but no breathing man
With a warm heart, and eye prepared to scan
Nature's clear beauty, could pass lightly by
Objects that look'd out so invitingly
On either side. These, gentle Calidore
Greeted, as he had known them long before.

The sidelong view of swelling leafiness, Which the glad setting sun, in gold doth dress; Whence ever, and anon the jay outsprings, And scales upon the beauty of its wings. The lonely turret, shatter'd, and outworn, Stands venerably proud; too proud to mourn Its long lost grandeur: fir trees grow around, Aye dropping their hard fruit upon the ground.

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The little chapel with the cross above Upholding wreaths of ivy; the white dove, That on the window spreads his feathers light, And seems from purple clouds to wing its flight. Green tufted islands casting their soft shades Across the lake: sequester'd leafy glades, That through the dimness of their twilight show Large dock leaves, spiral foxgloves, or the glow Of the wild cat's eyes, or the silvery stems Of delicate birch trees, or long grass which hems A little brook. The youth had long been viewing These pleasant things, and heaven was bedewing The mountain flowers, when his glad senses caught A trumpet's silver voice. Ah! it was fraught With many joys for him: the warder's ken Had found white coursers prancing in the glen: Friends very dear to him he soon will see; So pushes off his boat most eagerly, And soon upon the lake he skims along, Deaf to the nightingale's first under-song: Nor minds he the white swans that dream so sweetly: His spirit flies before him so completely.

And now he turns a jutting point of land,
Whence may be seen the castle gloomy, and grand:
Nor will a bee buzz round two swelling peaches,
Before the point of his light shallop reaches
Those marble steps that through the water dip:
Now over them he goes with hasty trip,
And scarcely stays to ope the folding doors:
Anon he leaps along the oaken floors
Of halls and corridors.
Delicious sounds! those little bright-eyed things

That float about the air on azure wings, Had been less heartfelt by him than the clang Of clattering hoofs; into the court he sprang,

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Just as two noble steeds, and palfreys twain, Were slanting out their necks with loosened rein: While from beneath the threat'ning portcullis They brought their happy burthens. What a kiss, 80 What gentle squeeze he gave each lady's hand! How tremblingly their delicate ankles spann'd! Into how sweet a trance his soul was gone. While whisperings of affection Made him delay to let their tender feet Come to the earth: with an incline so sweet From their low palfreys o'er his neck they bent: And whether there were tears of languishment, Or that the evening dew had pearl'd their tresses He feels a moisture on his cheek, and blesses 90 With lips that tremble, and with glistening eye, All the soft luxury That nestled in his arms. A dimpled hand, Fair as some wonder out of fairy land, Hung from his shoulder like the drooping flowers Of whitest Cassia, fresh from summer showers: And this he fondled with his happy cheek As if for joy he would no further seek: When the kind voice of good Sir Clerimond Came to his ear, like something from beyond 100 His present being; so he gently drew His warm arms, thrilling now with pulses new, From their sweet thrall, and forward meekly bending, Thank'd heaven that his joy was never ending; While 'gainst his forehead he devoutly press'd A hand heaven made to succour the distress'd: A hand that from the world's bleak promontory Had lifted Calidore for deeds of Glory.

Amid the pages, and the torches' glare, There stood a knight, patting the flowing hair Of his proud horse's mane: he was withal A man of elegance, and stature tall: So that the waving of his plumes would be High as the berries of a wild ash tree, Or as the winged cap of Mercury. His armour was so dexterously wrought

In shape, that sure no living man had thought It hard, and heavy steel: but that indeed It was some glorious form, some splendid weed, In which a spirit new come from the skies 120 Might live, and show itself to human eyes. 'Tis the far-fam'd, the brave Sir Gondibert, Said the good man to Calidore alert; While the young warrior with a step of grace Came up,—a courtly smile upon his face. And mailed hand held out, ready to greet The large-eyed wonder, and ambitious heat Of the aspiring boy; who as he led Those smiling ladies, often turn'd his head To admire the visor arch'd so gracefully 130 Over a knightly brow; while they went by The lamps that from the high roof'd hall were pendent. And gave the steel a shining quite transcendent.

Soon in a pleasant chamber they are seated; The sweet-lipp'd ladies have already greeted All the green leaves that round the window clamber, To show their purple stars, and bells of amber. Sir Gondibert has doff'd his shining steel, Gladdening in the free, and airy feel Of a light mantle; and while Clerimond Is looking round about him with a fond, And placid eye, young Calidore is burning To hear of knightly deeds, and gallant spurning Of all unworthiness; and how the strong of arm Kept off dismay, and terror, and alarm From lovely woman: while brimful of this, He gave each damsel's hand so warm a kiss, And had such manly ardour in his eye, That each at other look'd half staringly: And then their features started into smiles Sweet as blue heavens o'er enchanted isles.

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Softly the breezes from the forest came, Softly they blew aside the taper's flame; Clear was the song from Philomel's far bower; Grateful the incense from the lime-tree flower; Mysterious, wild, the far heard trumpet's tone; Lovely the moon in ether, all alone: Sweet too the converse of these happy mortals, As that of busy spirits when the portals Are closing in the west; or that soft humming We hear around when Hesperus is coming. Sweet be their sleep. \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

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## TO SOME LADIES

What though while the wonders of nature exploring, I cannot your light, mazy footsteps attend;
Nor listen to accents, that almost adoring,
Bless Cynthia's face, the enthusiast's friend:

Yet over the steep, whence the mountain stream rushes, With you, kindest friends, in idea I muse; Mark the clear tumbling crystal, its passionate gushes, In spray that the wild flower kindly bedews.

Why linger you so, the wild labyrinth strolling? Why breathless, unable your bliss to declare? Ah! you list to the nightingale's tender condoling, Responsive to sylphs, in the moon-beamy air.

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'Tis morn, and the flowers with dew are yet drooping, I see you are treading the verge of the sea:

And now! ah, I see it—you just now are stooping

To pick up the keep-sake intended for me.

If a cherub, on pinions of silver descending,

Had brought me a gem from the fret-work of heaven;

And smiles, with his star-cheering voice sweetly blending,

The blessing of Tighe had melodiously given;

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It had not created a warmer emotion

Than the present, fair nymphs, I was blest with from you,
Than the shell, from the bright golden sands of the ocean
Which the emerald waves at your feet gladly threw.

For, indeed, 'tis a sweet and peculiar pleasure (And blissful is he who such happiness finds), To possess but a span of the hour of leisure, In elegant, pure, and aerial minds.

# ON RECEIVING A CURIOUS SHELL, AND A COPY OF VERSES, FROM THE SAME LADIES

HAST thou from the caves of Golconda, a gem
Pure as the ice-drop that froze on the mountain?
Bright as the humming-bird's green diadem,
When it flutters in sun-beams that shine through a fountain?

Hast thou a goblet for dark sparkling wine?
That goblet right heavy, and massy, and gold?
And splendidly mark'd with the story divine
Of Armida the fair, and Rinaldo the bold?

Hast thou a steed with a mane richly flowing?

Hast thou a sword that thine enemy's smart is?

Hast thou a trumpet rich melodies blowing?

And wear'st thou the shield of the fam'd Britomartis?

What is it that hangs from thy shoulder, so brave, Embroider'd with many a spring peering flower? Is it a scarf that thy fair lady gave? And hastest thou now to that fair lady's bower?

Ah! courteous Sir Knight, with large joy thou art crown'd;
Full many the glories that brighten thy youth!

I will tell thee my blisses, which richly abound
In magical powers to bless, and to sooth.

On this scroll thou seest written in characters fair A sun-beamy tale of a wreath, and a chain; And, warrior, it nurtures the property rare Of charming my mind from the trammels of pain.

This canopy mark: 'tis the work of a fay;
Beneath its rich shade did King Oberon languish,
When lovely Titania was far, far away,
And cruelly left him to sorrow, and anguish.

There, oft would he bring from his soft sighing lute
Wild strains to which, spell-bound, the nightingales
listen'd;

The wondering spirits of heaven were mute, And tears 'mong the dewdrops of morning oft glisten'd.

In this little dome, all those melodies strange, Soft, plaintive, and melting, for ever will sigh; Nor e'er will the notes from their tenderness change; Nor e'er will the music of Oberon die.

So, when I am in a voluptuous vein,
I pillow my head on the sweets of the rose,
And list to the tale of the wreath, and the chain,
Till its echoes depart; then I sink to repose.

Adieu, valiant Eric! with joy thou art crown'd; Full many the glories that brighten thy youth, I too have my blisses, which richly abound In magical powers, to bless and to sooth.

## TO \*\*\*\*

HADST thou liv'd in days of old,
O what wonders had been told
Of thy lively countenance,
And thy humid eyes that dance
In the midst of their own brightness;
In the very fane of lightness.
Over which thine eyebrows, leaning,
Picture out each lovely meaning:
In a dainty bend they lie,
Like to streaks across the sky,

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Or the feathers from a crow. Fallen on a bed of snow. Of thy dark hair that extends Into many graceful bends: As the leaves of Hellebore Turn to whence they sprung before And behind each ample curl Peeps the richness of a pearl. Downward too flows many a tress With a glossy waviness; Full, and round like globes that rise From the censer to the skies Through sunny air. Add too, the sweetness Of thy honey'd voice; the neatness Of thine ankle lightly turn'd: With those beauties, scarce discern'd, Kept with such sweet privacy, That they seldom meet the eve Of the little loves that fly Round about with eager pry. Saving when, with freshening lave, Thou dipp'st them in the taintless wave; Like twin water lillies, born In the coolness of the morn. O, if thou hadst breathed then. Now the Muses had been ten. Couldst thou wish for lineage higher Than twin sister of Thalia? At least for ever, evermore, Will I call the Graces four.

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Hadst thou liv'd when chivalry
Lifted up her lance on high,
Tell me what thou wouldst have been?
Ah! I see the silver sheen
Of thy broider'd, floating vest
Cov'ring half thine ivory breast;
Which, O heavens! I should see,
But that cruel destiny
Has placed a golden cuirass there;
Keeping secret what is fair.

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Like sunbeams in a cloudlet nested Thy locks in knightly casque are rested: O'er which bend four milky plumes Like the gentle lilly's blooms Springing from a costly vase. See with what a stately pace Comes thine alabaster steed: Servant of heroic deed! O'er his loins, his trappings glow Like the northern lights on snow. Mount his back! thy sword unsheath! Sign of the enchanter's death; Bane of every wicked spell; Silencer of dragon's yell. Alas! thou this wilt never do: Thou art an enchantress too. And wilt surely never spill Blood of those whose eyes can kill.

### TO HOPE

WHEN by my solitary hearth I sit,
And hateful thoughts enwrap my soul in gloom;
When no fair dreams before my 'mind's eye' flit,
And the bare heath of life presents no bloom;
Sweet Hope, ethereal balm upon me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head.

Whene'er I wander, at the fall of night,
Where woven boughs shut out the moon's bright ray,
Should sad Despondency my musings fright,
And frown, to drive fair Cheerfulness away,
Peep with the moon-beams through the leafy roof,
And keep that fiend Despondence far aloof.

Should Disappointment, parent of Despair,
Strive for her son to seize my careless heart;
When, like a cloud, he sits upon the air,
Preparing on his spell-bound prey to dart:
Chace him away, sweet Hope, with visage bright,
And fright him as the morning frightens night!

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Whene'er the fate of those I hold most dear
Tells to my fearful breast a tale of sorrow,
O bright-eyed Hope, my morbid fancy cheer;
Let me awhile thy sweetest comforts borrow:
Thy heaven-born radiance around me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head!

Should e'er unhappy love my bosom pain,
From cruel parents, or relentless fair;
O let me think it is not quite in vain
To sigh out sonnets to the midnight air!
Sweet Hope, ethereal balm upon me shed,
And wave thy silver pinions o'er my head!

In the long vista of the years to roll,
Let me not see our country's honour fade:
O let me see our land retain her soul,
Her pride, her freedom; and not freedom's shade.
From thy bright eyes unusual brightness shed—Beneath thy pinions canopy my head!

Let me not see the patriot's high bequest,
Great liberty! how great in plain attire!
With the base purple of a court oppress'd,
Bowing her head, and ready to expire:
But let me see thee stoop from heaven on wings
That fill the skies with silver glitterings!

And as, in sparkling majesty, a star
Gilds the bright summit of some gloomy cloud;
Brightening the half veil'd face of heaven afar:
So, when dark thoughts my boding spirit shroud,
Sweet Hope, celestial influence round me shed,
Waving thy silver pinions o'er my head.

February, 1815

## IMITATION OF SPENSER

Now Morning from her orient chamber came, And her first footsteps touch'd a verdant hill; Crowning its lawny crest with amber flame, Silv'ring the untainted gushes of its rill;

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Which, pure from mossy beds, did down distill, And after parting beds of simple flowers, By many streams a little lake did fill, Which round its marge reflected woven bowers, And, in its middle space, a sky that never lowers.

There the king-fisher saw his plumage bright Vieing with fish of brilliant dye below; Whose silken fins, and golden scales' light Cast upward, through the waves, a ruby glow: There saw the swan his neck of arched snow, And oar'd himself along with majesty; Sparkled his jetty eyes; his feet did show Beneath the waves like Afric's ebony, And on his back a fay reclined voluptuously.

Ah! could I tell the wonders of an isle
That in that fairest lake had placed been,
I could e'en Dido of her grief beguile;
Or rob from aged Lear his bitter teen:
For sure so fair a place was never seen,
Of all that ever charm'd romantic eye:
It seem'd an emerald in the silver sheen
Of the bright waters; or as when on high,
Through clouds of fleecy white, laughs the cœrulean sky.

And all around it dipp'd luxuriously Slopings of verdure through the glossy tide, Which, as it were in gentle amity, Rippled delighted up the flowery side; As if to glean the ruddy tears, it tried, Which fell profusely from the rose-tree stem! Haply it was the workings of its pride, In strife to throw upon the shore a gem Outvieing all the buds in Flora's diadem.

### [EDMONTON]

WOMAN! when I behold thee flippant, vain, Inconstant, childish, proud, and full of fancies; Without that modest softening that enhances The downcast eye, repentant of the pain

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That its mild light creates to heal again:
E'en then, elate, my spirit leaps, and prances,
E'en then my soul with exultation dances
For that to love, so long, I've dormant lain:
But when I see thee meek, and kind, and tender,
Heavens! how desperately do I adore
Thy winning graces;—to be thy defender
I hotly burn—to be a Calidore—
A very Red Cross Knight—a stout Leander—
Might I be loved by thee like these of yore.

Light feet, dark violet eyes, and parted hair;
Soft dimpled hands, white neck, and creamy breast,
Are things on which the dazzled senses rest
Till the fond, fixed eyes, forget they stare.
From such fine pictures, heavens! I cannot dare
To turn my admiration, though unpossess'd
They be of what is worthy,—though not drest
In lovely modesty, and virtues rare.
Yet these I leave as thoughtless as a lark;
These lures I straight forget,—e'en ere I dine,
Or thrice my palate moisten: but when I mark
Such charms with mild intelligences shine,
My ear is open like a greedy shark,
To catch the tunings of a voice divine.

Ah! who can e'er forget so fair a being?
Who can forget her half retiring sweets?
God! she is like a milk-white lamb that bleats
For man's protection. Surely the All-seeing,
Who joys to see us with his gifts agreeing,
Will never give him pinions, who intreats
Such innocence to ruin,—who vilely cheats
A dove-like bosom. In truth there is no freeing
One's thoughts from such a beauty; when I hear
A lay that once I saw her hand awake,
Her form seems floating palpable, and near;
Had I e'er seen her from an arbour take
A dewy flower, oft would that hand appear,
And o'er my eyes the trembling moisture shake.

## **EPISTLES**

'Among the rest a shepheard (though but young
Yet hartned to his pipe) with all the skill
His few yeeres could, began to fit his quill.'

Britannia's Pastorals. BROWNE.

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## TO GEORGE FELTON MATHEW

SWEET are the pleasures that to verse belong, And doubly sweet a brotherhood in song; Nor can remembrance, Mathew! bring to view A fate more pleasing, a delight more true Than that in which the brother Poets joy'd, Who with combined powers, their wit employ'd To raise a trophy to the drama's muses. The thought of this great partnership diffuses Over the genius-loving heart, a feeling Of all that's high, and great, and good, and healing.

Too partial friend! fain would I follow thee Past each horizon of fine poesy; Fain would I echo back each pleasant note As o'er Sicilian seas, clear anthems float 'Mong the light skimming gondolas far parted, Just when the sun his farewell beam has darted: But 'tis impossible: far different cares Beckon me sternly from soft 'Lydian airs,' And hold my faculties so long in thrall, That I am oft in doubt whether at all I shall again see Phœbus in the morning: Or flush'd Aurora in the roseate dawning! Or a white Naiad in a rippling stream; Or a rapt seraph in a moonlight beam; Or again witness what with thee I've seen. The dew by fairy feet swept from the green. After a night of some quaint jubilee Which every elf and fay had come to see: When bright processions took their airy march Beneath the curved moon's triumphal arch. But might I now each passing moment give To the coy muse, with me she would not live

In this dark city, nor would condescend 'Mid contradictions her delights to lend. Should e'er the fine-eyed maid to me be kind, Ah! surely it must be whene'er I find Some flowery spot, sequester'd, wild, romantic, That often must have seen a poet frantic; Where oaks, that erst the Druid knew, are growing, And flowers, the glory of one day, are blowing; Where the dark-leav'd laburnum's drooping clusters Reflect athwart the stream their yellow lustres, And intertwined the cassia's arms unite. With its own drooping buds, but very white. Where on one side are covert branches hung, 'Mong which the nightingales have always sung In leafy quiet: where to pry, aloof, Atween the pillars of the sylvan roof. Would be to find where violet beds were nestling. And where the bee with cowslip bells was wrestling. 50 There must be too a ruin dark, and gloomy, To say 'joy not too much in all that's bloomy.'

Yet this is vain—O Mathew lend thy aid To find a place where I may greet the maid— Where we may soft humanity put on, And sit, and rhyme and think on Chatterton; And that warm-hearted Shakspeare sent to meet him Four laurell'd spirits, heaven-ward to intreat him. With reverence would we speak of all the sages Who have left streaks of light athwart their ages: 60 And thou shouldst moralize on Milton's blindness. And mourn the fearful dearth of human kindness To those who strove with the bright golden wing Of genius, to flap away each sting Thrown by the pitiless world. We next could tell Of those who in the cause of freedom fell: Of our own Alfred, of Helvetian Tell: Of him whose name to ev'ry heart's a solace. High-minded and unbending William Wallace. While to the rugged north our musing turns 70 We well might drop a tear for him, and Burns. Felton! without incitements such as these,

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How vain for me the niggard Muse to tease: For thee, she will thy every dwelling grace, And make 'a sun-shine in a shady place:' For thou wast once a flowret blooming wild, Close to the source, bright, pure, and undefil'd, Whence gush the streams of song: in happy hour Came chaste Diana from her shady bower. Just as the sun was from the east uprising; And, as for him some gift she was devising, Beheld thee, pluck'd thee, cast thee in the stream To meet her glorious brother's greeting beam. I marvel much that thou hast never told How, from a flower, into a fish of gold Apollo chang'd thee; how thou next didst seem A black-eyed swan upon the widening stream; And when thou first didst in that mirror trace The placid features of a human face: That thou hast never told thy travels strange, And all the wonders of the mazy range O'er pebbly crystal, and o'er golden sands; Kissing thy daily food from Naiad's pearly hands.

November, 1815

## TO MY BROTHER GEORGE

Full many a dreary hour have I past, My brain bewilder'd, and my mind o'ercast With heaviness; in seasons when I've thought No spherey strains by me could e'er be caught From the blue dome, though I to dimness gaze On the far depth where sheeted lightning plays; Or, on the wavy grass outstretch'd supinely, Pry 'mong the stars, to strive to think divinely: That I should never hear Apollo's song, Though feathery clouds were floating all along The purple west, and, two bright streaks between, The golden lyre itself were dimly seen: That the still murmur of the honey bee Would never teach a rural song to me:

That the bright glance from beauty's evelids slanting Would never make a lay of mine enchanting. Or warm my breast with ardour to unfold Some tale of love and arms in time of old. But there are times, when those that love the bay, Fly from all sorrowing far, far away; A sudden glow comes on them, naught they see In water, earth, or air, but poesy. It has been said, dear George, and true I hold it. (For knightly Spenser to Libertas told it,) That when a Poet is in such a trance, In air he sees white coursers paw, and prance, Bestridden of gay knights, in gay apparel, Who at each other tilt in playful quarrel, And what we, ignorantly, sheet-lightning call, Is the swift opening of their wide portal. When the bright warder blows his trumpet clear. Whose tones reach naught on earth but Poet's ear. When these enchanted portals open wide, And through the light the horsemen swiftly glide, The Poet's eye can reach those golden halls, And view the glory of their festivals: Their ladies fair, that in the distance seem Fit for the silv'ring of a scraph's dream: Their rich brimm'd goblets, that incessant run Like the bright spots that move about the sun; And, when upheld, the wine from each bright jar Pours with the lustre of a falling star. Yet further off, are dimly seen their bowers, Of which, no mortal eye can reach the flowers: And 'tis right just, for well Apollo knows 'Twould make the Poet quarrel with the rose. All that's reveal'd from that far seat of blisses. Is, the clear fountains' interchanging kisses, As gracefully descending, light and thin, Like silver streaks across a dolphin's fin, When he upswimmeth from the coral caves. And sports with half his tail above the waves.

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These wonders strange he sees, and many more, Whose head is pregnant with poetic lore.

Should he upon an evening ramble fare
With forehead to the soothing breezes bare,
Would he naught see but the dark, silent blue
With all its diamonds trembling through and through?
Or the coy moon, when in the waviness
Of whitest clouds she does her beauty dress,
And staidly paces higher up, and higher,
Like a sweet nun in holy-day attire?
Ah, yes! much more would start into his sight—
The revelries, and mysteries of night:
And should I ever see them, I will tell you
Such tales as needs must with amazement spell you.

These are the living pleasures of the bard: But richer far posterity's award. What does he murmur with his latest breath. While his proud eye looks through the film of death? 70 'What though I leave this dull, and earthly mould, Yet shall my spirit lofty converse hold With after times.—The patriot shall feel My stern alarum, and unsheath his steel; Or, in the senate thunder out my numbers To startle princes from their easy slumbers. The sage will mingle with each moral theme My happy thoughts sententious; he will teem With lofty periods when my verses fire him. And then I'll stoop from heaven to inspire him. 80 Lays have I left of such a dear delight That maids will sing them on their bridal night. Gay villagers, upon a morn of May, When they have tired their gentle limbs with play. And form'd a snowy circle on the grass. And plac'd in midst of all that lovely lass Who chosen is their queen,—with her fine head Crowned with flowers purple, white, and red: For there the lilly, and the musk-rose, sighing, Are emblems true of hapless lovers dying: 90 Between her breasts, that never yet felt trouble, A bunch of violets full blown, and double. Serenely sleep:—she from a casket takes A little book,—and then a joy awakes

About each youthful heart,—with stifled cries, And rubbing of white hands, and sparkling eyes: For she's to read a tale of hopes, and fears: One that I foster'd in my youthful years: The pearls, that on each glist'ning circlet sleep. Gush ever and anon with silent creep, 100 Lured by the innocent dimples. To sweet rest Shall the dear babe, upon its mother's breast, Be lull'd with songs of mine. Fair world, adieu! Thy dales, and hills, are fading from my view: Swiftly I mount, upon wide spreading pinions. Far from the narrow bounds of thy dominions. Full joy I feel, while thus I cleave the air. That my soft verse will charm thy daughters fair, And warm thy sons!' Ah, my dear friend and brother, Could I, at once, my mad ambition smother, For tasting joys like these, sure I should be Happier, and dearer to society. At times, 'tis true, I've felt relief from pain When some bright thought has darted through my brain: Through all that day I've felt a greater pleasure Than if I'd brought to light a hidden treasure. As to my sonnets, though none else should heed them, I feel delighted, still, that you should read them. Of late, too, I have had much calm enjoyment. Stretch'd on the grass at my best lov'd employment Of scribbling lines for you. These things I thought While, in my face, the freshest breeze I caught. E'en now I'm pillow'd on a bed of flowers That crowns a lofty clift, which proudly towers Above the ocean-waves. The stalks, and blades, Chequer my tablet with their quivering shades. On one side is a field of drooping oats, Through which the poppies show their scarlet coats: So pert and useless, that they bring to mind The scarlet coats that pester human-kind. 130 And on the other side, outspread, is seen Ocean's blue mantle streak'd with purple, and green. Now 'tis I see a canvass'd ship, and now Mark the bright silver curling round her prow. I see the lark down-dropping to his nest,

And the broad winged sea-gull never at rest;
For when no more he spreads his feathers free,
His breast is dancing on the restless sea.
Now I direct my eyes into the west,
Which at this moment is in sunbeams drest:
Why westward turn? 'Twas but to say adieu!
'Twas but to kiss my hand, dear George, to you!

[Margate] August 1816

## TO CHARLES COWDEN CLARKE

OFT have you seen a swan superbly frowning, And with proud breast his own white shadow crowning; He slants his neck beneath the waters bright So silently, it seems a beam of light Come from the galaxy: anon he sports.— With outspread wings the Naiad Zephyr courts, Or ruffles all the surface of the lake In striving from its crystal face to take Some diamond water drops, and them to treasure In milky nest, and sip them off at leisure. 10 But not a moment can he there insure them. Nor to such downy rest can he allure them; For down they rush as though they would be free, And drop like hours into eternity. Just like that bird am I in loss of time. Whene'er I venture on the stream of rhyme: With shatter'd boat, oar snapt, and canvass rent I slowly sail, scarce knowing my intent; Still scooping up the water with my fingers, In which a trembling diamond never lingers. 20 By this, friend Charles, you may full plainly see Why I have never penn'd a line to thee: Because my thoughts were never free, and clear, And little fit to please a classic ear; Because my wine was of too poor a savour For one whose palate gladdens in the flavour Of sparkling Helicon:—small good it were To take him to a desert rude, and bare. Who had on Baiæ's shore reclin'd at ease, While Tasso's page was floating in a breeze 30

That gave soft music from Armida's bowers, Mingled with fragrance from her rarest flowers: Small good to one who had by Mulla's stream Fondled the maidens with the breasts of cream: Who had beheld Belphæbe in a brook, And lovely Una in a leafy nook, And Archimago leaning o'er his book: Who had of all that's sweet tasted, and seen, From silv'ry ripple, up to beauty's queen; From the sequester'd haunts of gay Titania, To the blue dwelling of divine Urania: One, who, of late, had ta'en sweet forest walks With him who elegantly chats, and talks-The wrong'd Libertas,—who has told you stories Of laurel chaplets, and Apollo's glories; Of troops chivalrous prancing through a city, And tearful ladies made for love, and pity: With many else which I have never known. Thus have I thought; and days on days have flown Slowly, or rapidly—unwilling still 50 For you to try my dull, unlearned quill. Nor should I now, but that I've known you long; That you first taught me all the sweets of song: The grand, the sweet, the terse, the free, the fine; What swell'd with pathos, and what right divine: Spenserian vowels that elope with ease, And float along like birds o'er summer seas; Miltonian storms, and more, Miltonian tenderness; Michael in arms, and more, meek Eve's fair slenderness, Who read for me the sonnet swelling loudly Up to its climax and then dying proudly? Who found for me the grandeur of the ode, Growing, like Atlas, stronger from its load? Who let me taste that more than cordial dram. The sharp, the rapier-pointed epigram? Show'd me that epic was of all the king, Round, vast, and spanning all like Saturn's ring? You too upheld the veil from Clio's beauty, And pointed out the patriot's stern duty; The might of Alfred, and the shaft of Tell: 70 The hand of Brutus, that so grandly fell

Upon a tyrant's head. Ah! had I never seen, Or known your kindness, what might I have been? What my enjoyments in my youthful years, Bereft of all that now my life endears? And can I e'er these benefits forget? And can I e'er repay the friendly debt? No, doubly no; -yet should these rhymings please, I shall roll on the grass with two-fold ease: For I have long time been my fancy feeding With hopes that you would one day think the reading Of my rough verses not an hour misspent; Should it e'er be so, what a rich content! Some weeks have pass'd since last I saw the spires In lucent Thames reflected:-warm desires To see the sun o'erpeep the eastern dimness. And morning shadows, streaking into slimness Across the lawny fields, and pebbly water; To mark the time as they grow broad, and shorter: To feel the air that plays about the hills, 90 And sips its freshness from the little rills; To see high, golden corn wave in the light When Cynthia smiles upon a summer's night, And peers among the cloudlets jet and white, As though she were reclining in a bed Of bean blossoms, in heaven freshly shed. No sooner had I stepp'd into these pleasures Than I began to think of rhymes and measures: The air that floated by me seem'd to say 'Write! thou wilt never have a better day.' 100 And so I did. When many lines I'd written, Though with their grace I was not oversmitten, Yet, as my hand was warm, I thought I'd better Trust to my feelings, and write you a letter. Such an attempt required an inspiration Of a peculiar sort,—a consummation;— Which, had I felt, these scribblings might have been Verses from which the soul would never wean: But many days have passed since last my heart Was warm'd luxuriously by divine Mozart; 110 By Arne delighted, or by Handel madden'd; Or by the song of Erin pierc'd and sadden'd:

What time you were before the music sitting. And the rich notes to each sensation fitting. Since I have walk'd with you through shady lanes That freshly terminate in open plains. And revel'd in a chat that ceased not When at night-fall among your books we got: No, nor when supper came, nor after that.— Nor when reluctantly I took my hat; 120 No, nor till cordially you shook my hand Mid-way between our homes:-vour accents bland Still sounded in my ears, when I no more Could hear your footsteps touch the grav'ly floor. Sometimes I lost them, and then found again; You chang'd the footpath for the grassy plain. In those still moments I have wish'd you joys That well you know to honour:—'Life's very toys 'With him,' said I, 'will take a pleasant charm; 'It cannot be that aught will work him harm.' 130 These thoughts now come o'er me with all their might:— Again I shake your hand,—friend Charles, good night.

September, 1816

## SONNETS

1

## TO MY BROTHER GEORGE

Many the wonders I this day have seen:
The sun, when first he kist away the tears
That fill'd the eyes of morn;—the laurell'd peers
Who from the feathery gold of evening lean;—
The ocean with its vastness, its blue green,
Its ships, its rocks, its caves, its hopes, its fears,—
Its voice mysterious, which whoso hears
Must think on what will be, and what has been.
E'en now, dear George, while this for you I write,
Cynthia is from her silken curtains peeping
So scantly, that it seems her bridal night,
And she her half-discover'd revels keeping.
But what, without the social thought of thee,
Would be the wonders of the sky and sea?

ΙI

#### TO -

II AD I a man's fair form, then might my sighs
Be echoed swiftly through that ivory shell
Thine ear, and find thy gentle heart; so well
Would passion arm me for the enterprize:
But ah! I am no knight whose foeman dies;
No cuirass glistens on my bosom's swell;
I am no happy shepherd of the dell
Whose lips have trembled with a maiden's eyes.
Yet must I dote upon thee,—call thee sweet,
Sweeter by far than Hybla's honied roses
When steep'd in dew rich to intoxication.
Ah! I will taste that dew, for me 'tis meet,
And when the moon her pallid face discloses,
I'll gather some by spells, and incantation.

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B 5432

## WRITTEN ON THE DAY THAT MR. LEIGH HUNT LEFT PRISON

What though, for showing truth to flatter'd state,
Kind Hunt was shut in prison, yet has he,
In his immortal spirit, been as free
As the sky-searching lark, and as elate.
Minion of grandeur! think you he did wait?
Think you he naught but prison walls did see,
Till, so unwilling, thou unturn'dst the key?
Ah, no! far happier, nobler was his fate!
In Spenser's halls he stray'd, and bowers fair,
Culling enchanted flowers; and he flew
With daring Milton through the fields of air:
To regions of his own his genius true
Took happy flights. Who shall his fame impair
When thou art dead, and all thy wretched crew?

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IV

How many bards gild the lapses of time!

A few of them have ever been the food
Of my delighted fancy,—I could brood
Over their beauties, earthly, or sublime:
And often, when I sit me down to rhyme,
These will in throngs before my mind intrude:
But no confusion, no disturbance rude
Do they occasion; 'tis a pleasing chime.
So the unnumber'd sounds that evening store;
The songs of birds—the whisp'ring of the leaves—
The voice of waters—the great bell that heaves
With solemn sound,—and thousand others more,
That distance of recognizance bereaves,
Make pleasing music, and not wild uproar.

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v

## TO A FRIEND WHO SENT ME SOME ROSES

As late I rambled in the happy fields,
What time the sky-lark shakes the tremulous dew
From his lush clover covert;—when anew
Adventurous knights take up their dinted shields:
I saw the sweetest flower wild nature yields,

A fresh-blown musk-rose; 'twas the first that threw Its sweets upon the summer: graceful it grew As is the wand that queen Titania wields.

And, as I feasted on its fragrancy,

I thought the garden-rose it far excell'd: But when, O Wells! thy roses came to me

My sense with their deliciousness was spell'd:

Soft voices had they, that with tender plea

Whisper'd of peace, and truth, and friendliness unquell'd. [June 29, 1816]

VI

## TO G. A. W.

## [GEORGIANA AUGUSTA WYLIE]

NYMPH of the downward smile and sidelong glance,
In what diviner moments of the day
Art thou most lovely?—when gone far astray
Into the labyrinths of sweet utterance,
Or when screncly wand'ring in a trance
Of sober thought?—or when starting away
With careless robe to meet the morning ray
Thou spar'st the flowers in thy mazy dance?
Haply 'tis when thy ruby lips part sweetly,
And so remain, because thou listenest:
But thou to please wert nurtured so completely
That I can never tell what mood is best.
I shall as soon pronounce which Grace more neatly
Trips it before Apollo than the rest.

#### VΙΙ

O Solitude! if I must with thee dwell,
Let it not be among the jumbled heap
Of murky buildings; climb with me the steep,—
Nature's observatory—whence the dell,
Its flowery slopes, its river's crystal swell,
May seem a span; let me thy vigils keep
'Mongst boughs pavillion'd, where the deer's swift leap
Startles the wild bee from the fox-glove bell.
But though I'll gladly trace these scenes with thee,
Yet the sweet converse of an innocent mind,
Whose words are images of thoughts refin'd,
Is my soul's pleasure; and it sure must be
Almost the highest bliss of human-kind,
When to thy haunts two kindred spirits flee.

#### VIII

## TO MY BROTHERS

SMALL, busy flames play through the fresh laid coals,
And their faint cracklings o'er our silence creep
Like whispers of the household gods that keep
A gentle empire o'er fraternal souls.
And while, for rhymes, I search around the poles,
Your eyes are fix'd, as in poetic sleep,
Upon the lore so voluble and deep,
That aye at fall of night our care condoles.
This is your birth-day Tom, and I rejoice
That thus it passes smoothly, quietly.
Many such eves of gently whisp'ring noise
May we together pass, and calmly try
What are this world's true joys,—ere the great voice,
From its fair face, shall bid our spirits fly.

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November 18, 1816

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#### IX

KEEN, fitful gusts are whisp'ring here and there Among the bushes half leafless, and dry; The stars look very cold about the sky, And I have many miles on foot to fare. Yet feel I little of the cool bleak air, Or of the dead leaves rustling drearily, Or of those silver lamps that burn on high, Or of the distance from home's pleasant lair: For I am brimfull of the friendliness That in a little cottage I have found; Of fair-hair'd Milton's eloquent distress, And all his love for gentle Lycid drown'd; Of lovely Laura in her light green dress, And faithful Petrarch gloriously crown'd.

x

ХI

## ON FIRST LOOKING INTO CHAPMAN'S HOMER

Much have I travell'd in the realms of gold,
And many goodly states and kingdoms seen;
Round many western islands have I been
Which bards in fealty to Apollo hold.
Oft of one wide expanse had I been told
That deep-brow'd Homer ruled as his demesne;
Yet did I never breathe its pure serene
Till I heard Chapman speak out loud and bold:
Then felt I like some watcher of the skies
When a new planet swims into his ken;
Or like stout Cortez when with eagle eyes
He star'd at the Pacific—and all his men
Look'd at each other with a wild surmise—
Silent, upon a peak in Darien.

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XII

## ON LEAVING SOME FRIENDS AT AN EARLY HOUR

GIVE me a golden pen, and let me lean
On heap'd up flowers, in regions clear, and far;
Bring me a tablet whiter than a star,
Or hand of hymning angel, when 'tis seen
The silver strings of heavenly harp atween:
And let there glide by many a pearly car,
Pink robes, and wavy hair, and diamond jar,
And half discovered wings, and glances keen.
The while let music wander round my ears,
And as it reaches each delicious ending,
Let me write down a line of glorious tone,
And full of many wonders of the spheres:
For what a height my spirit is contending!
'Tis not content so soon to be alone.

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#### XIII

## ADDRESSED TO HAYDON

HIGHMINDEDNESS, a jealousy for good,
A loving-kindness for the great man's fame,
Dwells here and there with people of no name,
In noisome alley, and in pathless wood:
And where we think the truth least understood,
Oft may be found a 'singleness of aim,'
That ought to frighten into hooded shame
A money-mong'ring, pitiable brood.
How glorious this affection for the cause
Of stedfast genius, toiling gallantly!
What when a stout unbending champion awes
Envy, and Malice to their native sty?
Unnumber'd souls breathe out a still applause,
Proud to behold him in his country's eye.

#### XIV

## ADDRESSED TO THE SAME

GREAT spirits now on earth are sojourning;
He of the cloud, the cataract, the lake,
Who on Helvellyn's summit, wide awake,
Catches his freshness from Archangel's wing:
He of the rose, the violet, the spring,
The social smile, the chain for Freedom's sake:
And lo!—whose stedfastness would never take
A meaner sound than Raphael's whispering.
And other spirits there are standing apart
Upon the forehead of the age to come;
These, these will give the world another heart,
And other pulses. Hear ye not the hum
Of mighty workings?—
Listen awhile ye nations, and be dumb.

#### χV

## ON THE GRASSHOPPER AND CRICKET

The poetry of earth is never dead:

When all the birds are faint with the hot sun,
And hide in cooling trees, a voice will run
From hedge to hedge about the new-mown mead;
That is the Grasshopper's—he takes the lead
In summer luxury,—he has never done
With his delights; for when tired out with fun
He rests at ease beneath some pleasant weed.
The poetry of earth is ceasing never:
On a lone winter evening, when the frost
Has wrought a silence, from the stove there shrills
The Cricket's song, in warmth increasing ever,
And seems to one in drowsiness half lost,
The Grasshopper's among some grassy hills.

December 30, 1816

#### xvi

## TO KOSCIUSKO

Good Kosciusko, thy great name alone

Is a full harvest whence to reap high feeling;
It comes upon us like the glorious pealing
Of the wide spheres—an everlasting tone.
And now it tells me, that in worlds unknown,
The names of heroes, burst from clouds concealing,
And change to harmonies, for ever stealing
Through cloudless blue, and round each silver throne.
It tell me too, that on a happy day,
When some good spirit walks upon the earth,
Thy name with Alfred's, and the great of yore
Gently commingling, gives tremendous birth
To a loud hymn, that sounds far, far away
To where the great God lives for evermore.

[December, 1816]

#### XVII

Happy is England! I could be content
To see no other verdure than its own;
To feel no other breezes than are blown
Through its tall woods with high romances blent:
Yet do I sometimes feel a languishment
For skies Italian, and an inward groan
To sit upon an Alp as on a throne,
And half forget what world or worldling meant.
Happy is England, sweet her artless daughters;
Enough their simple loveliness for me,
Enough their whitest arms in silence clinging:
Yet do I often warmly burn to see
Beauties of deeper glance, and hear their singing,
And float with them about the summer waters.

## SLEEP AND POETRY

As I lay in my bed slepe full unmete Was unto me, but why that I ne might Rest I ne wist, for there n'as erthly wight [As I suppose] had more of hertis ese Than I. for I n'ad sicknesse nor disese.

CHAUCER

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WHAT is more gentle than a wind in summer? What is more soothing than the pretty hummer That stays one moment in an open flower. And buzzes cheerily from bower to bower? What is more tranquil than a musk-rose blowing In a green island, far from all men's knowing? More healthful than the leafiness of dales? More secret than a nest of nightingales? More serene than Cordelia's countenance? More full of visions than a high romance? What, but thee Sleep? Soft closer of our eyes! Low murmurer of tender lullabies! Light hoverer around our happy pillows! Wreather of poppy buds, and weeping willows! Silent entangler of a beauty's tresses! Most happy listener! when the morning blesses Thee for enlivening all the cheerful eyes That glance so brightly at the new sun-rise.

But what is higher beyond thought than thee?
Fresher than berries of a mountain tree?
More strange, more beautiful, more smooth, more regal,
Than wings of swans, than doves, than dim-seen eagle?
What is it? And to what shall I compare it?
It has a glory, and naught else can share it:
The thought thereof is awful, sweet, and holy,
Chasing away all worldliness and folly;
Coming sometimes like fearful claps of thunder,
Or the low rumblings earth's regions under;
And sometimes like a gentle whispering
Of all the secrets of some wond'rous thing
That breathes about us in the vacant air;
So that we look around with prying stare,

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Perhaps to see shapes of light, aerial limning, And catch soft floatings from a faint-heard hymning; To see the laurel wreath, on high suspended, That is to crown our name when life is ended. Sometimes it gives a glory to the voice, And from the heart up-springs, rejoice! rejoice! Sounds which will reach the Framer of all things, And die away in ardent mutterings.

No one who once the glorious sun has seen, And all the clouds, and felt his bosom clean For his great Maker's presence, but must know What 'tis I mean, and feel his being glow: Therefore no insult will I give his spirit, By telling what he sees from native merit.

O Poesy! for thee I hold my pen That am not vet a glorious denizen Of thy wide heaven—Should I rather kneel Upon some mountain-top until I feel A glowing splendour round about me hung, And echo back the voice of thine own tongue? O Poesy! for thee I grasp my pen That am not yet a glorious denizen Of thy wide heaven; yet, to my ardent prayer, Yield from thy sanctuary some clear air. Smooth'd for intoxication by the breath Of flowering bays, that I may die a death Of luxury, and my young spirit follow The morning sun-beams to the great Apollo Like a fresh sacrifice: or, if I can bear The o'erwhelming sweets, 'twill bring to me the fair Visions of all places: a bowery nook Will be elvsium—an eternal book Whence I may copy many a lovely saying About the leaves, and flowers—about the playing Of nymphs in woods, and fountains; and the shade Keeping a silence round a sleeping maid: And many a verse from so strange influence That we must ever wonder how, and whence It came. Also imaginings will hover Round my fire-side, and haply there discover

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Vistas of solemn beauty, where I'd wander In happy silence, like the clear Meander Through its lone vales; and where I found a spot Of awfuller shade, or an enchanted grot, Or a green hill o'erspread with chequer'd dress Of flowers, and fearful from its loveliness, Write on my tablets all that was permitted, All that was for our human senses fitted. Then the events of this wide world I'd seize Like a strong giant, and my spirit teaze Till at its shoulders it should proudly see Wings to find out an immortality.

Stop and consider! life is but a day;
A fragile dew-drop on its perilous way
From a tree's summit; a poor Indian's sleep
While his boat hastens to the monstrous steep
Of Montmorenci. Why so sad a moan?
Life is the rose's hope while yet unblown;
The reading of an ever-changing tale;
The light uplifting of a maiden's veil;
A pigeon tumbling in clear summer air;
A laughing school-boy, without grief or care,
Riding the springy branches of an elm.

O for ten years, that I may overwhelm Myself in poesy; so I may do the deed That my own soul has to itself decreed. Then will I pass the countries that I see In long perspective, and continually Taste their pure fountains. First the realm I'll pass Of Flora, and old Pan: sleep in the grass, Feed upon apples red, and strawberries, And choose each pleasure that my fancy sees; Catch the white-handed nymphs in shady places, To woo sweet kisses from averted faces.— Play with their fingers, touch their shoulders white Into a pretty shrinking with a bite As hard as lips can make it: till agreed, A lovely tale of human life we'll read. And one will teach a tame dove how it best May fan the cool air gently o'er my rest:

Another, bending o'er her nimble tread, Will set a green robe floating round her head, And still will dance with ever varied ease, Smiling upon the flowers and the trees: Another will entice me on, and on Through almond blossoms and rich cinnamon; Till in the bosom of a leafy world We rest in silence, like two gems upcurl'd In the recesses of a pearly shell.

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And can I ever bid these joys farewell? Yes, I must pass them for a nobler life, Where I may find the agonies, the strife Of human hearts: for lo! I see afar, O'ersailing the blue cragginess, a car And steeds with streamy manes—the charioteer Looks out upon the winds with glorious fear: And now the numerous tramplings quiver lightly Along a huge cloud's ridge; and now with sprightly Wheel downward come they into fresher skies, Tipt round with silver from the sun's bright eyes. Still downward with capacious whirl they glide; And now I see them on the green-hill's side In breezy rest among the nodding stalks. The charioteer with wond'rous gesture talks To the trees and mountains; and there soon appear Shapes of delight, of mystery, and fear, Passing along before a dusky space Made by some mighty oaks: as they would chase Some ever-fleeting music on they sweep. Lo! how they murmur, laugh, and smile, and weep: Some with upholden hand and mouth severe: Some with their faces muffled to the ear Between their arms; some, clear in youthful bloom, Go glad and smilingly athwart the gloom: Some looking back, and some with upward gaze; Yes, thousands in a thousand different ways Flit onward—now a lovely wreath of girls Dancing their sleek hair into tangled curls; And now broad wings. Most awfully intent The driver of those steeds is forward bent.

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And seems to listen: O that I might know All that he writes with such a hurrying glow.

The visions all are fled—the car is fled Into the light of heaven, and in their stead A sense of real things comes doubly strong, And, like a muddy stream, would bear along My soul to nothingness: but I will strive Against all doubtings, and will keep alive The thought of that same chariot, and the strange Journey it went.

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Is there so small a range In the present strength of manhood, that the high Imagination cannot freely fly As she was wont of old? prepare her steeds, Paw up against the light, and do strange deeds Upon the clouds? Has she not shown us all? From the clear space of ether, to the small Breath of new buds unfolding? From the meaning Of Jove's large eye-brow, to the tender greening Of April meadows? Here her altar shone. E'en in this isle; and who could paragon The fervid choir that lifted up a noise Of harmony, to where it are will poise Its mighty self of convoluting sound, Huge as a planet, and like that roll round, Eternally around a dizzy void? Ay, in those days the Muses were nigh cloy'd With honors; nor had any other care Than to sing out and sooth their wavy hair.

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Could all this be forgotten? Yes, a schism Nurtured by foppery and barbarism, Made great Apollo blush for this his land. Men were thought wise who could not understand His glories: with a puling infant's force They sway'd about upon a rocking horse, And thought it Pegasus. Ah dismal soul'd! The winds of heaven blew, the ocean roll'd Its gathering waves—ye felt it not. The blue Bared its eternal bosom, and the dew

Of summer nights collected still to make The morning precious: beauty was awake! Why were ve not awake? But ve were dead To things ye knew not of,—were closely wed To musty laws lined out with wretched rule And compass vile: so that ye taught a school Of dolts to smooth, inlay, and clip, and fit, Till. like the certain wands of Jacob's wit. Their verses tallied. Easy was the task: A thousand handicraftsmen wore the mask Of Poesy. Ill-fated, impious race! That blasphemed the bright Lyrist to his face. And did not know it,—no, they went about, Holding a poor, decrepid standard out Mark'd with most flimsy mottos, and in large The name of one Boileau!

O ye whose charge

It is to hover round our pleasant hills! Whose congregated majesty so fills My boundly reverence, that I cannot trace Your hallowed names, in this unholy place, So near those common folk: did not their shames Affright you? Did our old lamenting Thames Delight you? Did ve never cluster round Delicious Avon, with a mournful sound. And weep? Or did ye wholly bid adieu To regions where no more the laurel grew? Or did ye stay to give a welcoming To some lone spirits who could proudly sing Their youth away, and die? 'Twas even so: But let me think away those times of woe: Now 'tis a fairer season; ye have breathed Rich benedictions o'er us; ye have wreathed Fresh garlands: for sweet music has been heard In many places;—some has been upstirr'd From out its crystal dwelling in a lake, By a swan's ebon bill; from a thick brake, Nested and quiet in a valley mild, Bubbles a pipe; fine sounds are floating wild About the earth: happy are ye and glad.

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These things are doubtless: yet in truth we've had Strange thunders from the potency of song; Mingled indeed with what is sweet and strong. From majesty: but in clear truth the themes Are ugly clubs, the Poets' Polyphemes Disturbing the grand sea. A drainless shower Of light is poesy; 'tis the supreme of power; 'Tis might half slumb'ring on its own right arm. The very archings of her eye-lids charm A thousand willing agents to obey, And still she governs with the mildest sway: But strength alone though of the Muses born Is like a fallen angel: trees uptorn, Darkness, and worms, and shrouds, and sepulchres Delight it; for it feeds upon the burrs, And thorns of life; forgetting the great end Of poesy, that it should be a friend To sooth the cares, and lift the thoughts of man.

Yet I rejoice: a myrtle fairer than E'er grew in Paphos, from the bitter weeds Lifts its sweet head into the air, and feeds A silent space with ever sprouting green. All tenderest birds there find a pleasant screen, Creep through the shade with jaunty fluttering. Nibble the little cupped flowers and sing. Then let us clear away the choking thorns From round its gentle stem; let the young fawns, Yeaned in after times, when we are flown, Find a fresh sward beneath it, overgrown With simple flowers: let there nothing be More boisterous than a lover's bended knee; Nought more ungentle than the placid look Of one who leans upon a closed book; Nought more untranguil than the grassy slopes Between two hills. All hail delightful hopes! As she was wont, th' imagination Into most lovely labyrinths will be gone, And they shall be accounted poet kings Who simply tell the most heart-easing things. O may these joys be ripe before I die.

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Will not some say that I presumptuously Have spoken? that from hastening disgrace 'Twere better far to hide my foolish face? That whining boyhood should with reverence bow Ere the dread thunderbolt could reach? How! If I do hide myself, it sure shall be In the very fane, the light of Poesy: If I do fall, at least I will be laid Beneath the silence of a poplar shade; And over me the grass shall be smooth shaven; And there shall be a kind memorial graven. But off Despondence! miserable bane! They should not know thee, who athirst to gain A noble end, are thirsty every hour. What though I am not wealthy in the dower Of spanning wisdom; though I do not know The shiftings of the mighty winds that blow Hither and thither all the changing thoughts Of man: though no great minist'ring reason sort. Out the dark mysteries of human souls To clear conceiving: yet there ever rolls A vast idea before me, and I glean Therefrom my liberty; thence too I've seen The end and aim of Poesy. 'Tis clear As anything most true; as that the year Is made of the four seasons-manifest As a large cross, some old cathedral's crest, Lifted to the white clouds. Therefore should I Be but the essence of deformity, A coward, did my very eye-lids wink At speaking out what I have dared to think. Ah! rather let me like a madman run Over some precipice; let the hot sun Melt my Dedalian wings, and drive me down Convuls'd and headlong! Stay! an inward frown Of conscience bids me be more calm awhile. An ocean dim, sprinkled with many an isle, Spreads awfully before me. How much toil! How many days! what desperate turmoil! Ere I can have explored its widenesses. Ah, what a task! upon my bended knees,

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I could unsay those—no, impossible! Impossible!

For sweet relief I'll dwell On humbler thoughts, and let this strange assay Begun in gentleness die so away. E'en now all tumult from my bosom fades: I turn full hearted to the friendly aids That smooth the path of honour; brotherhood, And friendliness the nurse of mutual good. The hearty grasp that sends a pleasant sonnet Into the brain ere one can think upon it: The silence when some rhymes are coming out: And when they're come, the very pleasant rout: The message certain to be done to-morrow. 'Tis perhaps as well that it should be to borrow Some precious book from out its snug retreat, To cluster round it when we next shall meet. Scarce can I scribble on; for lovely airs Are fluttering round the room like doves in pairs; Many delights of that glad day recalling, When first my senses caught their tender falling. And with these airs come forms of elegance Stooping their shoulders o'er a horse's prance, Careless, and grand-fingers soft and round Parting luxuriant curls:—and the swift bound Of Bacchus from his chariot, when his eye Made Ariadne's cheek look blushingly. Thus I remember all the pleasant flow Of words at opening a portfolio.

Things such as these are ever harbingers
To trains of peaceful images: the stirs
Of a swan's neck unseen among the rushes:
A linnet starting all about the bushes:
A butterfly, with golden wings broad parted,
Nestling a rose, convuls'd as though it smarted
With over pleasure—many, many more,
Might I indulge at large in all my store
Of luxuries: yet I must not forget
Sleep, quiet with his poppy coronet:
For what there may be worthy in these rhymes

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I partly owe to him: and thus, the chimes 350 Of friendly voices had just given place To as sweet a silence, when I 'gan retrace The pleasant day, upon a couch at case. It was a poet's house who keeps the keys Of pleasure's temple. Round about were hung The glorious features of the bards who sung In other ages—cold and sacred busts Smiled at each other. Happy he who trusts To clear Futurity his darling fame! Then there were fauns and saturs taking aim 360 At swelling apples with a frisky leap And reaching fingers, 'mid a luscious heap Of vine-leaves. Then there rose to view a fane Of liny marble, and thereto a train Of nymphs approaching fairly o'er the sward: One, loveliest, holding her white hand toward The dazzling sun-rise: two sisters sweet Bending their graceful figures till they meet Over the trippings of a little child: And some are hearing, eagerly, the wild 370 Thrilling liquidity of dewy piping. See, in another picture, nymphs are wiping Cherishingly Diana's timorous limbs;— A fold of lawny mantle dabbling swims At the bath's edge, and keeps a gentle motion With the subsiding crystal: as when ocean Heaves calmly its broad swelling smoothness o'er Its rocky marge, and balances once more The patient weeds; that now unshent by foam Feel all about their undulating home.

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Sappho's meek head was there half smiling down At nothing; just as though the earnest frown Of over thinking had that moment gone From off her brow, and left her all alone.

Great Alfred's too, with anxious, pitying eyes, As if he always listened to the sighs Of the goaded world; and Kosciusko's worn By horrid suffrance—mightily forlorn.

Petrarch, outstepping from the shady green, Starts at the sight of Laura; nor can wean His eyes from her sweet face. Most happy they! For over them was seen a free display Of out-spread wings, and from between them shone The face of Poesy: from off her throne She overlook'd things that I scarce could tell. The very sense of where I was might well Keep Sleep aloof: but more than that there came Thought after thought to nourish up the flame Within my breast; so that the morning light Surprised me even from a sleepless night; And up I rose refresh'd, and glad, and gay, Resolving to begin that very day These lines; and howsoever they be done. I leave them as a father does his son.

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# ENDYMION: A POETIC ROMANCE.

'The stretched metre of an antique song'

INSCRIBED TO THE MEMORY OF THOMAS CHATTERTON

#### PREFACE

KNOWING within myself the manner in which this Poem has been produced, it is not without a feeling of regret that I make it public.

What manner I mean, will be quite clear to the reader, who must soon perceive great inexperience, immaturity, and every error denoting a feverish attempt, rather than a deed accomplished. The two first books, and indeed the two last, I feel sensible are not of such completion as to warrant their passing the press; nor should they if I thought a year's castigation would do them any good;—it will not: the foundations are too sandy. It is just that this youngster should die away: a sad thought for me, if I had not some hope that while it is dwindling I may be plotting, and fitting myself for verses fit to live.

This may be speaking too presumptuously, and may deserve a punishment: but no feeling man will be forward to inflict it: he will leave me alone, with the conviction that there is not a fiercer hell than the failure in a great object. This is not written with the least atom of purpose to forestall criticisms of course, but from the desire I have to conciliate men who are competent to look, and who do look with a zealous eye, to the honour of English literature.

The imagination of a boy is healthy, and the mature imagination of a man is healthy; but there is a space of life between, in which the soul is in a ferment, the character undecided, the way of life uncertain, the ambition thick-sighted: thence proceeds mawkishness, and all the thousand bitters which those men I speak of must necessarily taste in going over the following pages.

I hope I have not in too late a day touched the beautiful mythology of Greece, and dulled its brightness: for I wish to try once more, before I bid it farewell.

TEIGNMOUTH, April 10, 1818

### ENDYMION

#### BOOK I

A THING of beauty is a joy for ever: Its loveliness increases: it will never Pass into nothingness; but still will keep A bower quiet for us, and a sleep Full of sweet dreams, and health, and quiet breathing. Therefore, on every morrow, are we wreathing A flowery band to bind us to the earth, Spite of despondence, of the inhuman dearth Of noble natures, of the gloomy days, Of all the unhealthy and o'er-darkened ways Made for our searching: yes, in spite of all, Some shape of beauty moves away the pall From our dark spirits. Such the sun, the moon, Trees old, and young, sprouting a shady boon For simple sheep; and such are daffodils With the green world they live in; and clear rills That for themselves a cooling covert make 'Gainst the hot season: the mid forest brake. Rich with a sprinkling of fair musk-rose blooms: And such too is the grandeur of the dooms We have imagined for the mighty dead; All lovely tales that we have heard or read: An endless fountain of immortal drink. Pouring unto us from the heaven's brink.

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Nor do we merely feel these essences
For one short hour; no, even as the trees
That whisper round a temple become soon
Dear as the temple's self, so does the moon,
The passion poesy, glories infinite,
Haunt us till they become a cheering light
Unto our souls, and bound to us so fast,
That, whether there be shine, or gloom o'ercast,
They alway must be with us, or we die.

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Therefore, 'tis with full happiness that I Will trace the story of Endymion. The very music of the name has gone Into my being, and each pleasant scene Is growing fresh before me as the green Of our own vallies: so I will begin Now while I cannot hear the city's din: Now while the early budders are just new. And run in mazes of the youngest hue About old forests; while the willow trails Its delicate amber; and the dairy pails Bring home increase of milk. And, as the year Grows lush in juicy stalks, I'll smoothly steer My little boat, for many quiet hours, With streams that deepen freshly into bowers. Many and many a verse I hope to write, Before the daisies, vermeil rimm'd and white, Hide in deep herbage; and ere yet the bees Hum about globes of clover and sweet peas. I must be near the middle of my story. O may no wintry season, bare and hoary, See it half finish'd: but let Autumn bold, With universal tinge of sober gold, Be all about me when I make an end. And now at once, adventuresome, I send My herald thought into a wilderness: There let its trumpet blow, and quickly dress My uncertain path with green, that I may speed Easily onward, thorough flowers and weed.

Upon the sides of Latmos was outspread A mighty forest; for the moist earth fed So plenteously all weed-hidden roots Into o'er-hanging boughs, and precious fruits. And it had gloomy shades, sequestered deep, Where no man went; and if from shepherd's keep A lamb stray'd far a-down those inmost glens, Never again saw he the happy pens Whither his brethren, bleating with content, Over the hills at every nightfall went. Among the shepherds, 'twas believed ever, That not one fleecy lamb which thus did sever

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From the white flock, but pass'd unworried By angry wolf, or pard with prying head, Until it came to some unfooted plains
Where fed the herds of Pan: aye great his gains
Who thus one lamb did lose. Paths there were many,
Winding through palmy fern, and rushes fenny,
And ivy banks; all leading pleasantly
To a wide lawn, whence one could only see
Stems thronging all around between the swell
Of turf and slanting branches: who could tell
The freshness of the space of heaven above,
Edg'd round with dark tree tops? through which a dove
Would often beat its wings, and often too
A little cloud would move across the blue.

Full in the middle of this pleasantness There stood a marble altar, with a tress Of flowers budded newly; and the dew Had taken fairy phantasies to strew Daisies upon the sacred sward last eve, And so the dawned light in pomp receive. For 'twas the morn: Apollo's upward fire Made every eastern cloud a silvery pyre Of brightness so unsullied, that therein A melancholy spirit well might win Oblivion, and melt out his essence fine Into the winds: rain-scented eglantine Gave temperate sweets to that well-wooing sun: The lark was lost in him; cold springs had run To warm their chilliest bubbles in the grass; Man's voice was on the mountains; and the mass Of nature's lives and wonders puls'd tenfold, To feel this sun-rise and its glories old.

Now while the silent workings of the dawn Were busiest, into that self-same lawn All suddenly, with joyful cries, there sped A troop of little children garlanded; Who gathering round the altar, seem'd to pry Earnestly round as wishing to espy Some folk of holiday: nor had they waited For many moments, ere their ears were sated

With a faint breath of music, which ev'n then Fill'd out its voice, and died away again.
Within a little space again it gave
Its airy swellings, with a gentle wave,
To light-hung leaves, in smoothest echoes breaking
Through copse-clad vallies,—ere their death, o'ertaking
The surgy murmurs of the lonely sea.

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And now, as deep into the wood as we Might mark a lynx's eye, there glimmered light Fair faces and a rush of garments white, Plainer and plainer showing, till at last Into the widest alley they all past, Making directly for the woodland altar. O kindly muse! let not my weak tongue faulter In telling of this goodly company, Of their old piety, and of their glee: But let a portion of ethereal dew Fall on my head, and presently unmew My soul; that I may dare, in wayfaring, To stammer where old Chaucer us'd to sing.

Leading the way, young damsels danced along, Bearing the burden of a shepherd song; Each having a white wicker over brimm'd With April's tender younglings: next, well trimm'd, A crowd of shepherds with as sunburnt looks As may be read of in Arcadian books: 140 Such as sat listening round Apollo's pipe, When the great deity, for earth too ripe, Let his divinity o'erflowing die In music, through the vales of Thessalv: Some idly trail'd their sheep-hooks on the ground, And some kept up a shrilly mellow sound With ebon-tipped flutes: close after these, Now coming from beneath the forest trees. A venerable priest full soberly, Begirt with ministring looks: alway his eye 150 Stedfast upon the matted turf he kept, And after him his sacred vestments swept. From his right hand there swung a vase, milk-white, Of mingled wine, out-sparkling generous light;

And in his left he held a basket full Of all sweet herbs that searching eve could cull: Wild thyme, and valley-lillies whiter still Than Leda's love, and cresses from the rill. His aged head, crowned with beechen wreath, Seem'd like a poll of ivy in the teeth 160 Of winter hoar. Then came another crowd Of shepherds, lifting in due time aloud Their share of the ditty. After them appear'd, Up-followed by a multitude that rear'd Their voices to the clouds, a fair wrought car, Easily rolling so as scarce to mar The freedom of three steeds of dapple brown: Who stood therein did seem of great renown Among the throng. His youth was fully blown, Showing like Ganymede to manhood grown; 170 And, for those simple times, his garments were A chieftain king's: beneath his breast, half bare, Was hung a silver bugle, and between His nervy knees there lay a boar-spear keen. A smile was on his countenance; he seem'd, To common lookers on, like one who dream'd Of idleness in groves Elysian: But there were some who feelingly could scan A lurking trouble in his nether lip, And see that oftentimes the reins would slip t 80 Through his forgotten hands: then would they sigh, And think of yellow leaves, of owlets' cry, Of logs piled solemnly.—Ah, well-a-day, Why should our young Endymion pine away!

Soon the assembly, in a circle rang'd, Stood silent round the shrine: each look was chang'd To sudden veneration: women meek Beckon'd their sons to silence; while each cheek Of virgin bloom paled gently for slight fear. Endymion too, without a forest peer, Stood, wan, and pale, and with an awed face, Among his brothers of the mountain chace. In midst of all, the venerable priest Eyed them with joy from greatest to the least.

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And, after lifting up his aged hands, Thus spake he: 'Men of Latmos! shepherd bands! Whose care it is to guard a thousand flocks: Whether descended from beneath the rocks That overtop your mountains; whether come From vallies where the pipe is never dumb; Or from your swelling downs, where sweet air stirs Blue hare-bells lightly, and where prickly furze Buds lavish gold; or ve, whose precious charge Nibble their fill at ocean's very marge, Whose mellow reeds are touch'd with sounds forlorn By the dim echoes of old Triton's horn: Mothers and wives! who day by day prepare The scrip, with needments, for the mountain air: And all ye gentle girls who foster up Udderless lambs, and in a little cup Will put choice honey for a favoured youth: Yea, every one attend! for in good truth Our vows are wanting to our great god Pan. Are not our lowing heifers sleeker than Night-swollen mushrooms? Are not our wide plains Speckled with countless fleeces? Have not rains Green'd over April's lap? No howling sad Sickens our fearful ewes; and we have had Great bounty from Endymion our lord. The earth is glad: the merry lark has pour'd His early song against yon breezy sky, That spreads so clear o'er our solemnity.'

Thus ending, on the shrine he heap'd a spire Of teeming sweets, enkindling sacred fire; Anon he stain'd the thick and spongy sod With wine, in honour of the shepherd-god. Now while the earth was drinking it, and while Bay leaves were crackling in the fragrant pile, And gummy frankincense was sparkling bright 'Neath smothering parsley, and a hazy light Spread greyly eastward, thus a chorus sang:

'O THOU, whose mighty palace roof doth hang From jagged trunks, and overshadoweth Eternal whispers, glooms, the birth, life, death

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270

Of unseen flowers in heavy peacefulness;
Who lov'st to see the hamadryads dress
Their ruffled locks where meeting hazels darken;
And through whole solemn hours dost sit, and hearken
The dreary melody of bedded reeds—
In desolate places, where dank moisture breeds
The pipy hemlock to strange overgrowth;
Bethinking thee, how melancholy loth
Thou wast to lose fair Syrinx—do thou now,
By thy love's milky brow!
By all the trembling mazes that she ran,
Hear us, great Pan!

'O thou, for whose soul-soothing quiet, turtles Passion their voices cooingly 'mong myrtles, What time thou wanderest at eventide Through sunny meadows, that outskirt the side Of thine enmossed realms: O thou, to whom Broad leaved fig trees even now foredoom Their ripen'd fruitage; yellow girted bees Their golden honeycombs; our village leas Their fairest blossom'd beans and poppied corn; The chuckling linnet its five young unborn, To sing for thee; low creeping strawberries Their summer coolness; pent up butterflies Their freckled wings; yea, the fresh budding year All its completions—be quickly near, By every wind that nods the mountain pine, O forester divine!

'Thou, to whom every faun and satyr flies For willing service; whether to surprise The squatted hare while in half sleeping fit; Or upward ragged precipices flit To save poor lambkins from the eagle's maw; Or by mysterious enticement draw Bewildered shepherds to their path again; Or to tread breathless round the frothy main, And gather up all fancifullest shells For thee to tumble into Naiads' cells, And, being hidden, laugh at their out-peeping; Or to delight thee with fantastic leaping,

The while they pelt each other on the crown With silvery oak apples, and fir cones brown—By all the echoes that about thee ring, Hear us, O satyr king!

'O Hearkener to the loud clapping shears
While ever and anon to his shorn peers
A ram goes bleating: Winder of the horn,
When snouted wild-boars routing tender corn
Anger our huntsmen: Breather round our farms,
To keep off mildews, and all weather harms:
Strange ministrant of undescribed sounds,
That come a swooning over hollow grounds,
And wither drearily on barren moors:
Dread opener of the mysterious doors
Leading to universal knowledge—see,
Great son of Dryope,
The many that are come to pay their vows
With leaves about their brows!

290

980

'Be still the unimaginable lodge
For solitary thinkings; such as dodge
Conception to the very bourne of heaven,
Then leave the naked brain: be still the leaven,
That spreading in this dull and clodded earth
Gives it a touch ethereal—a new birth:
Be still a symbol of immensity;
A firmament reflected in a sea;
An element filling the space between;
An unknown—but no more: we humbly screen
With uplift hands our foreheads, lowly bending,
And giving out a shout most heaven rending,
Conjure thee to receive our humble Pæan,
Upon thy Mount Lycean!'

300

Even while they brought the burden to a close, A shout from the whole multitude arose, That lingered in the air like dying rolls Of abrupt thunder, when Ionian shoals Of dolphins bob their noses through the brine. Meantime, on shady levels, mossy fine, Young companies nimbly began dancing

To the swift treble pipe, and humming string. Ave, those fair living forms swam heavenly To tunes forgotten—out of memory: Fair creatures! whose young children's children bred Thermopylæ its heroes-not yet dead, But in old marbles ever beautiful. High genitors, unconscious did they cull 320 Time's sweet first-fruits—they danc'd to weariness, And then in quiet circles did they press The hillock turf, and caught the latter end Of some strange history, potent to send A young mind from its bodily tenement. Or they might watch the quoit-pitchers, intent On either side; pitying the sad death Of Hyacinthus, when the cruel breath Of Zephyr slew him,—Zephyr penitent, Who now, ere Phœbus mounts the firmament. 330 Fondles the flower amid the sobbing rain. The archers too, upon a wider plain, Beside the feathery whizzing of the shaft, And the dull twanging bowstring, and the raft Branch down sweeping from a tall ash top, Call'd up a thousand thoughts to envelope Those who would watch. Perhaps, the trembling knee And frantic gape of lonely Niobe, Poor, lonely Niobe! when her lovely young Were dead and gone, and her caressing tongue 340 Lay a lost thing upon her paly lip, And very, very deadliness did nip Her motherly cheeks. Arous'd from this sad mood By one, who at a distance loud halloo'd, Uplifting his strong bow into the air, Many might after brighter visions stare: After the Argonauts, in blind amaze Tossing about on Neptune's restless ways. Until, from the horizon's vaulted side. There shot a golden splendour far and wide. 350 Spangling those million poutings of the brine With quivering ore: 'twas even an awful shine From the exaltation of Apollo's bow; A heavenly beacon in their dreary woe.

Who thus were ripe for high contemplating, Might turn their steps towards the sober ring Where sat Endymion and the aged priest 'Mong shepherds gone in eld, whose looks increas'd The silvery setting of their mortal star. There they discours'd upon the fragile bar 360 That keeps us from our homes ethereal: And what our duties there: to nightly call Vesper, the beauty-crest of summer weather; To summon all the downiest clouds together For the sun's purple couch; to emulate In ministring the potent rule of fate With speed of fire-tail'd exhalations; To tint her pallid cheek with bloom, who cons Sweet poesy by moonlight: besides these. A world of other unguess'd offices. 370 Anon they wander'd, by divine converse, Into Elysium; vieing to rehearse Each one his own anticipated bliss. One felt heart-certain that he could not miss His quick gone love, among fair blossom'd boughs, Where every zephyr-sigh pouts, and endows Her lips with music for the welcoming. Another wish'd, mid that eternal spring, To meet his rosy child, with feathery sails, Sweeping, eve-earnestly, through almond vales: 380 Who, suddenly, should stoop through the smooth wind, And with the balmiest leaves his temples bind; And, ever after, through those regions be His messenger, his little Mercury. Some were athirst in soul to see again Their fellow huntsmen o'er the wide champaign In times long past; to sit with them, and talk Of all the chances in their earthly walk; Comparing, joyfully, their plenteous stores Of happiness, to when upon the moors, 390 Benighted, close they huddled from the cold, And shar'd their famish'd scrips. Thus all out-told Their fond imaginations,—saving him Whose eyelids curtain'd up their jewels dim, Endymion: yet hourly had he striven

To hide the cankering venom, that had riven His fainting recollections. Now indeed His senses had swoon'd off: he did not heed The sudden silence, or the whispers low, Or the old eyes dissolving at his woe, Or anxious calls, or close of trembling palms, Or maiden's sigh, that grief itself embalms: But in the self-same fixed trance he kept, Like one who on the earth had never stept. Aye, even as dead still as a marble man, Frozen in that old tale Arabian.

Who whispers him so pantingly and close? Peona, his sweet sister: of all those, His friends, the dearest. Hushing signs she made, And breath'd a sister's sorrow to persuade A yielding up, a cradling on her care. Her eloquence did breathe away the curse: She led him, like some midnight spirit nurse Of happy changes in emphatic dreams, Along a path between two little streams,-Guarding his forehead, with her round elbow, From low-grown branches, and his footsteps slow From stumbling over stumps and hillocks small: Until they came to where these streamlets fall, With mingled bubblings and a gentle rush. Into a river, clear, brimful, and flush With crystal mocking of the trees and sky. A little shallop, floating there hard by, Pointed its beak over the fringed bank: And soon it lightly dipt, and rose, and sank, And dipt again, with the young couple's weight,-Peona guiding, through the water straight, Towards a bowery island opposite; Which gaining presently, she steered light Into a shady, fresh, and ripply cove, Where nested was an arbour, overwove By many a summer's silent fingering: To whose cool bosom she was used to bring Her playmates, with their needle broidery, And minstrel memories of times gone by.

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So she was gently glad to see him laid Under her favourite bower's quiet shade, On her own couch, new made of flower leaves, Dried carefully on the cooler side of sheaves When last the sun his autumn tresses shook, And the tann'd harvesters rich armfuls took. Soon was he quieted to slumbrous rest: But, ere it crept upon him, he had prest Peona's busy hand against his lips, And still, a sleeping, held her finger-tips In tender pressure. And as a willow keeps A patient watch over the stream that creeps Windingly by it, so the quiet maid Held her in peace: so that a whispering blade Of grass, a wailful gnat, a bee bustling Down in the blue-bells, or a wren light rustling Among sere leaves and twigs, might all be heard.

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O magic sleep! O comfortable bird, That broodest o'er the troubled sea of the mind Till it is hush'd and smooth! O unconfin'd Restraint! imprisoned liberty! great key To golden palaces, strange minstrelsy, Fountains grotesque, new trees, bespangled caves, Echoing grottos, full of tumbling waves And moonlight; aye, to all the mazy world Of silvery enchantment!—who, upfurl'd Beneath thy drowsy wing a triple hour, But renovates and lives?—Thus, in the bower, Endymion was calm'd to life again. Opening his eyelids with a healthier brain. He said: 'I feel this thine endearing love All through my bosom: thou art as a dove Trembling its closed eves and sleeked wings About me; and the pearliest dew not brings Such morning incense from the fields of May. As do those brighter drops that twinkling stray From those kind eyes,—the very home and haunt Of sisterly affection. Can I want Aught else, aught nearer heaven, than such tears? Yet dry them up, in bidding hence all fears

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That, any longer, I will pass my days
Alone and sad. No, I will once more raise
My voice upon the mountain-heights; once more
Make my horn parley from their foreheads hoar:
Again my trooping hounds their tongues shall loll
Around the breathed boar: again I'll poll
The fair-grown yew tree, for a chosen bow:
And, when the pleasant sun is setting low,
Again I'll linger in a sloping mead
To hear the speckled thrushes, and see feed
Our idle sheep. So be thou cheered, sweet,
And, if thy lute is here, softly intreat
My soul to keep in its resolved course.'

Hereat Peona, in their silver source, Shut her pure sorrow drops with glad exclaim. And took a lute, from which there pulsing came A lively prelude, fashioning the way In which her voice should wander. 'Twas a lay More subtle cadenced, more forest wild Than Dryope's lone lulling of her child; And nothing since has floated in the air So mournful strange. Surely some influence rare Went, spiritual, through the damsel's hand; For still, with Delphic emphasis, she spann'd The quick invisible strings, even though she saw Endymion's spirit melt away and thaw Before the deep intoxication. But soon she came, with sudden burst, upon Her self-possession—swung the lute aside, And earnestly said: 'Brother, 'tis vain to hide That thou dost know of things mysterious, Immortal, starry; such alone could thus Weigh down thy nature. Hast thou sinn'd in aught Offensive to the heavenly power? Caught A Paphian dove upon a message sent? Thy deathful bow against some deer-herd bent Sacred to Dian? Haply, thou hast seen Her naked limbs among the alders green: And that, alas! is death. No, I can trace

Something more high perplexing in thy face!'

Endymion look'd at her, and press'd her hand, And said, 'Art thou so pale, who wast so bland And merry in our meadows? How is this? Tell me thine ailment: tell me all amiss!— Ah! thou hast been unhappy at the change 520 Wrought suddenly in me. What indeed more strange? Or more complete to overwhelm surmise? Ambition is so sluggard: 'tis no prize, That toiling years would put within my grasp, That I have sighed for: with so deadly gasp No man e'er panted for a mortal love. So all have set my heavier grief above These things which happen. Rightly have they done: I, who still saw the horizontal sun Heave his broad shoulder o'er the edge of the world, 530 Out-facing Lucifer, and then had hurl'd My spear aloft, as signal for the chace— I, who, for very sport of heart, would race With my own steed from Araby; pluck down A vulture from his towery perching; frown A lion into growling, loth retire-To lose, at once, all my toil-breeding fire, And sink thus low! but I will ease my breast Of secret grief, here in this bowery nest.

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'This river does not see the naked sky. Till it begins to progress silverly Around the western border of the wood. Whence, from a certain spot, its winding flood Seems at the distance like a crescent moon: And in that nook, the very pride of June, Had I been used to pass my weary eves; The rather for the sun unwilling leaves So dear a picture of his sovereign power. And I could witness his most kingly hour, When he doth tighten up the golden reins, And paces leisurely down amber plains His snorting four. Now when his chariot last Its beams against the zodiac-lion cast. There blossom'd suddenly a magic bed Of sacred ditamy, and poppies red:

At which I wondered greatly, knowing well That but one night had wrought this flowery spell: And, sitting down close by, began to muse What it might mean. Perhaps, thought I, Morpheus, In passing here, his owlet pinions shook; 560 Or, it may be, ere matron Night uptook Her ebon urn, young Mercury, by stealth, Had dipt his rod in it: such garland wealth Came not by common growth. Thus on I thought, Until my head was dizzy and distraught. Moreover, through the dancing poppies stole A breeze, most softly lulling to my soul; And shaping visions all about my sight Of colours, wings, and bursts of spangly light; The which became more strange, and strange, and dim, And then were gulph'd in a tumultuous swim: And then I fell asleep. Ah, can I tell The enchantment that afterwards befel? Yet it was but a dream: yet such a dream That never tongue, although it overteem With mellow utterance, like a cavern spring, Could figure out and to conception bring All I beheld and felt. Methought I lay Watching the zenith, where the milky way Among the stars in virgin splendour pours; 580 And travelling my eye, until the doors Of heaven appear'd to open for my flight, I became loth and fearful to alight From such high soaring by a downward glance: So kept me stedfast in that airy trance, Spreading imaginary pinions wide. When, presently, the stars began to glide, And faint away, before my eager view: At which I sigh'd that I could not pursue, And dropt my vision to the horizon's verge: 590 And lo! from opening clouds, I saw emerge The loveliest moon, that ever silver'd o'er A shell for Neptune's goblet: she did soar So passionately bright, my dazzled soul Commingling with her argent spheres did roll Through clear and cloudy, even when she went

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At last into a dark and vapoury tent— Whereat, methought, the lidless-eved train Of planets all were in the blue again. To commune with those orbs, once more I rais'd My sight right upward: but it was quite dazed By a bright something, sailing down apace, Making me quickly veil my eyes and face: Again I look'd, and, O ve deities, Who from Olympus watch our destinies! Whence that completed form of all completeness? Whence came that high perfection of all sweetness? Speak, stubborn earth, and tell me where, O where Hast thou a symbol of her golden hair? Not oat-sheaves drooping in the western sun; Not—thy soft hand, fair sister! let me shun Such follying before thee—yet she had, Indeed, locks bright enough to make me mad; And they were simply gordian'd up and braided, Leaving, in naked comeliness, unshaded, Her pearl round ears, white neck, and orbed brow; The which were blended in, I know not how, With such a paradise of lips and eyes, Blush-tinted cheeks, half smiles, and faintest sighs, That, when I think thereon, my spirit clings And plays about its fancy, till the stings Of human neighbourhood envenom all. Unto what awful power shall I call? To what high fane?—Ah! see her hovering feet, More bluely vein'd, more soft, more whitely sweet Than those of sea-born Venus, when she rose From out her cradle shell. The wind out-blows Her scarf into a fluttering pavillion; 'Tis blue, and over-spangled with a million Of little eyes, as though thou wert to shed. Over the darkest, lushest blue-bell bed, Handfuls of daisies.'—'Endymion, how strange! Dream within dream!'—'She took an airy range. And then, towards me, like a very maid, Came blushing, waning, willing, and afraid, And press'd me by the hand: Ah! 'twas too much: Methought I fainted at the charmed touch.

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Yet held my recollections, even as one Who dives three fathoms where the waters run Gurgling in beds of coral: for anon, I felt upmounted in that region Where falling stars dart their artillery forth, And eagles struggle with the buffeting north That ballances the heavy meteor-stone;— Felt too, I was not fearful, nor alone, But lapp'd and lull'd along the dangerous sky. Soon, as it seem'd, we left our journeying high, And straightway into frightful eddies swoop'd: Such as ave muster where grey time has scoop'd Huge dens and caverns in a mountain's side: There hollow sounds arous'd me, and I sigh'd To faint once more by looking on my bliss-I was distracted; madly did I kiss The wooing arms which held me, and did give My eyes at once to death: but 'twas to live, To take in draughts of life from the gold fount Of kind and passionate looks; to count, and count The moments, by some greedy help that seem'd A second self, that each might be redeem'd And plunder'd of its load of blessedness. Ah, desperate mortal! I e'en dar'd to press Her very cheek against my crowned lip. And, at that moment, felt my body dip Into a warmer air: a moment more, Our feet were soft in flowers. There was store Of newest joys upon that alp. Sometimes A scent of violets, and blossoming limes, Loiter'd around us; then of honey cells, Made delicate from all white-flower bells; And once, above the edges of our nest. An arch face peep'd,-an Oread as I guess'd.

'Why did I dream that sleep o'er-power'd me In midst of all this heaven? Why not see, Far off, the shadows of his pinions dark, And stare them from me? But no, like a spark That needs must die, although its little beam Reflects upon a diamond, my sweet dream

Fell into nothing—into stupid sleep. And so it was, until a gentle creep, A careful moving caught my waking ears, And up I started: Ah! my sighs, my tears, My clenched hands:—for lo! the poppies hung Dew-dabbled on their stalks, the ouzel sung A heavy ditty, and the sullen day Had chidden herald Hesperus away, With leaden looks: the solitary breeze Bluster'd, and slept, and its wild self did teaze With wayward melancholy; and I thought. Mark me, Peona! that sometimes it brought Faint fare-thee-wells, and sigh-shrilled adieus!— Away I wander'd—all the pleasant hues Of heaven and earth had faded: deepest shades Were deepest dungeons; heaths and sunny glades Were full of pestilent light; our taintless rills Seem'd sooty, and o'er-spread with upturn'd gills Of dying fish; the vermeil rose had blown In frightful scarlet, and its thorns out-grown Like spiked aloe. If an innocent bird Before my heedless footsteps stirr'd, and stirr'd In little journeys, I beheld in it A disguis'd demon, missioned to knit My soul with under darkness; to entice My stumblings down some monstrous precipice: Therefore I eager followed, and did curse The disappointment. Time, that aged nurse, Rock'd me to patience. Now, thank gentle heaven! These things, with all their comfortings, are given To my down-sunken hours, and with thee, Sweet sister, help to stem the ebbing sea Of weary life.'

Thus ended he, and both
Sat silent: for the maid was very loth
To answer; feeling well that breathed words
Would all be lost, unheard, and vain as swords
Against the enchased crocodile, or leaps
Of grasshoppers against the sun. She weeps
And wonders; struggles to devise some blame;
To put on such a look as would say, Shame

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700

On this poor weakness! but, for all her strife, She could as soon have crush'd away the life From a sick dove. At length, to break the pause, 720 She said with trembling chance: 'Is this the cause? This all? Yet it is strange, and sad, alas! That one who through this middle earth should pass Most like a sojourning demi-god, and leave His name upon the harp-string, should achieve No higher bard than simple maidenhood, Singing alone, and fearfully,—how the blood Left his young cheek; and how he used to stray He knew not where; and how he would say, nay, If any said 'twas love: and vet 'twas love: 730 What could it be but love? How a ring-dove Let fall a sprig of yew tree in his path; And how he died: and then, that love doth scathe The gentle heart, as northern blasts do roses; And then the ballad of his sad life closes With sighs, and an alas!—Endymion! Be rather in the trumpet's mouth,—anon Among the winds at large—that all may hearken! Although, before the crystal heavens darken, I watch and dote upon the silver lakes 740 Pictur'd in western cloudiness, that takes The semblance of gold rocks and bright gold sands, Islands, and creeks, and amber-fretted strands With horses prancing o'er them, palaces And towers of amethyst,—would I so teaze My pleasant days, because I could not mount Into those regions? The Morphean fount Of that fine element that visions, dreams, And fitful whims of sleep are made of, streams Into its airy channels with so subtle, 750 So thin a breathing, not the spider's shuttle, Circled a million times within the space Of a swallow's nest-door, could delay a trace, A tinting of its quality: how light Must dreams themselves be; seeing they're more slight Than the mere nothing that engenders them! Then wherefore sully the entrusted gem Of high and noble life with thoughts so sick?

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790

Why pierce high-fronted honour to the quick For nothing but a dream?' Hereat the youth Look'd up: a conflicting of shame and ruth Was in his plaited brow: yet, his eyelids Widened a little, as when Zephyr bids A little breeze to creep between the fans Of careless butterflies: amid his pains He seem'd to taste a drop of manna-dew, Full palatable; and a colour grew Upon his cheek, while thus he lifeful spake.

'Peona! ever have I long'd to slake My thirst for the world's praises: nothing base, No merely slumberous phantasm, could unlace The stubborn canvas for my voyage prepar'd— Though now 'tis tatter'd; leaving my bark bar'd And sullenly drifting: yet my higher hope Is of too wide, too rainbow-large a scope, To fret at myriads of earthly wrecks. Wherein lies happiness? In that which becks Our ready minds to fellowship divine. A fellowship with essence; till we shine, Full alchemiz'd, and free of space. Behold The clear religion of heaven! Fold A rose leaf round thy finger's taperness, And soothe thy lips: hist, when the airy stress Of music's kiss impregnates the free winds, And with a sympathetic touch unbinds Æolian magic from their lucid wombs: Then old songs waken from enclouded tombs; Old ditties sigh above their father's grave: Ghosts of melodious prophecyings rave Round every spot where trod Apollo's foot; Bronze clarions awake, and faintly bruit, Where long ago a giant battle was: And, from the turf, a lullaby doth pass In every place where infant Orpheus slept. Feel we these things?—that moment have we stept Into a sort of oneness, and our state Is like a floating spirit's. But there are Richer entanglements, enthralments far

More self-destroying, leading, by degrees, To the chief intensity: the crown of these 800 Is made of love and friendship, and sits high Upon the forehead of humanity. All its more ponderous and bulky worth Is friendship, whence there ever issues forth A steady splendour; but at the tip-top, There hangs by unseen film, an orbed drop Of light, and that is love: its influence, Thrown in our eyes, genders a novel sense, At which we start and fret; till in the end, Melting into its radiance, we blend. 810 Mingle, and so become a part of it.— Nor with aught else can our souls interknit So wingedly: when we combine therewith, Life's self is nourish'd by its proper pith, And we are nurtured like a pelican brood. Ave. so delicious is the unsating food. That men, who might have tower'd in the van Of all the congregated world, to fan And winnow from the coming step of time All chaff of custom, wipe away all slime 820 Left by men-slugs and human serpentry, Have been content to let occasion die, Whilst they did sleep in love's elysium. And, truly, I would rather be struck dumb, Than speak against this ardent listlessness: For I have ever thought that it might bless The world with benefits unknowingly; As does the nightingale, upperched high, And cloister'd among cool and bunched leaves— She sings but to her love, nor e'er conceives 830 How tiptoe Night holds back her dark-grey hood. Just so may love, although 'tis understood The mere commingling of passionate breath, Produce more than our searching witnesseth: What I know not: but who, of men, can tell That flowers would bloom, or that green fruit would swell To melting pulp, that fish would have bright mail, The earth its dower of river, wood, and vale. The meadows runnels, runnels pebble-stones,

The seed its harvest, or the lute its tones, Tones ravishment, or ravishment its sweet If human souls did never kiss and greet? 840

'Now, if this earthly love has power to make Men's being mortal, immortal; to shake Ambition from their memories, and brim Their measure of content: what merest whim. Seems all this poor endeavour after fame, To one, who keeps within his stedfast aim A love immortal, an immortal too. Look not so wilder'd: for these things are true. And never can be born of atomies That buzz about our slumbers, like brain-flies, Leaving us fancy-sick. No, no, I'm sure, My restless spirit never could endure To brood so long upon one luxury, Unless it did, though fearfully, espy A hope beyond the shadow of a dream. My sayings will the less obscured seem. When I have told thee how my waking sight Has made me scruple whether that same night Was pass'd in dreaming. Hearken, sweet Peona! Beyond the matron-temple of Latona, Which we should see but for these darkening boughs. Lies a deep hollow, from whose ragged brows Bushes and trees do lean all round athwart And meet so nearly, that with wings outraught, And spreaded tail, a vulture could not glide Past them, but he must brush on every side. Some moulder'd steps lead into this cool cell, Far as the slabbed margin of a well. Whose patient level peeps its crystal eye Right upward, through the bushes, to the sky. Oft have I brought thee flowers, on their stalks set Like vestal primroses, but dark velvet Edges them round, and they have golden pits: 'Twas there I got them, from the gaps and slits In a mossy stone, that sometimes was my seat, When all above was faint with mid-day heat. And there in strife no burning thoughts to heed,

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I'd bubble up the water through a reed: So reaching back to boy-hood: make me ships Of moulted feathers, touchwood, alder chips, With leaves stuck in them; and the Neptune be Of their petty ocean. Oftener, heavily, When love-lorn hours had left me less a child. I sat contemplating the figures wild Of o'er-head clouds melting the mirror through. Upon a day, while thus I watch'd, by flew A cloudy Cupid, with his bow and quiver; So plainly character'd, no breeze would shiver The happy chance: so happy, I was fain To follow it upon the open plain. And, therefore, was just going; when, behold! A wonder, fair as any I have told-The same bright face I tasted in my sleep. Smiling in the clear well. My heart did leap Through the cool depth.—It moved as if to flee— I started up, when lo! refreshfully There came upon my face in plenteous showers Dew-drops, and dewy buds, and leaves, and flowers, Wrapping all objects from my smothered sight, Bathing my spirit in a new delight. Aye, such a breathless honey-feel of bliss Alone preserved me from the drear abyss Of death, for the fair form had gone again. Pleasure is oft a visitant; but pain Clings cruelly to us, like the gnawing sloth On the deer's tender haunches: late, and loth, 'Tis scar'd away by slow returning pleasure. How sickening, how dark the dreadful leisure Of weary days, made deeper exquisite, By a fore-knowledge of unslumbrous night! Like sorrow came upon me, heavier still, Than when I wander'd from the poppy hill: And a whole age of lingering moments crept Sluggishly by, ere more contentment swept Away at once the deadly yellow spleen. Yes, thrice have I this fair enchantment seen: Once more been tortured with renewed life. When last the wintry gusts gave over strife

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With the conquering sun of spring, and left the skies Warm and serene, but yet with moistened eyes In pity of the shatter'd infant buds,— That time thou didst adorn, with amber studs, My hunting cap, because I laugh'd and smil'd, Chatted with thee, and many days exil'd All torment from my breast;—'twas even then, Straving about, vet, coop'd up in the den Of helpless discontent,—hurling my lance From place to place, and following at chance, At last, by hap, through some young trees it struck, And, plashing among bedded pebbles, stuck In the middle of a brook,—whose silver ramble Down twenty little falls, through reeds and bramble, Tracing along, it brought me to a cave, Whence it ran brightly forth, and white did lave The nether sides of mossy stones and rock,-'Mong which it gurgled blythe adieus, to mock Its own sweet grief at parting. Overhead. Hung a lush screen of drooping weeds, and spread Thick, as to curtain up some wood-nymph's home. "Ah! impious mortal, whither do I roam?" Said I, low voic'd: "Ah, whither! 'Tis the grot "Of Proserpine, when Hell, obscure and hot, "Doth her resign; and where her tender hands "She dabbles, on the cool and sluicy sands: "Or 'tis the cell of Echo, where she sits, "And babbles thorough silence, till her wits "Are gone in tender madness, and anon, "Faints into sleep, with many a dying tone "Of sadness. O that she would take my vows, "And breathe them sighingly among the boughs, "To sue her gentle ears for whose fair head, "Daily, I pluck sweet flowerets from their bed. "And weave them dyingly-send honey-whispers "Round every leaf, that all those gentle lispers "May sigh my love unto her pitying! "O charitable Echo! hear, and sing "This ditty to her!-tell her"-so I stay'd My foolish tongue, and listening, half afraid, Stood stupefied with my own empty folly,

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And blushing for the freaks of melancholy. Salt tears were coming, when I heard my name Most fondly lipp'd, and then these accents came: "Endymion! the cave is secreter "Than the isle of Delos. Echo hence shall stir "No sighs but sigh-warm kisses, or light noise "Of thy combing hand, the while it travelling cloys "And trembles through my labyrinthine hair." At that oppress'd I hurried in.—Ah! where Are those swift moments? Whither are they fled? I'll smile no more, Peona; nor will wed Sorrow the way to death; but patiently Bear up against it: so farewell, sad sigh: And come instead demurest meditation. To occupy me wholly, and to fashion My pilgrimage for the world's dusky brink. No more will I count over, link by link, My chain of grief: no longer strive to find A half-forgetfulness in mountain wind Blustering about my ears: aye, thou shalt see, Dearest of sisters, what my life shall be; What a calm round of hours shall make my days. There is a paly flame of hope that plays Where'er I look: but yet, I'll say 'tis naught-And here I bid it die. Have not I caught, Already, a more healthy countenance? By this the sun is setting; we may chance Meet some of our near-dwellers with my car.'

This said, he rose, faint-smiling like a star Through autumn mists, and took Peona's hand: They stept into the boat, and launch'd from land.

## BOOK II

O SOVEREIGN power of love! O grief! O balm! All records, saving thine, come cool, and calm, And shadowy, through the mist of passed years: For others, good or bad, hatred and tears Have become indolent; but touching thine, One sigh doth echo, one poor sob doth pine,

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One kiss brings honey-dew from buried days. The woes of Troy, towers smothering o'er their blaze, Stiff-holden shields, far-piercing spears, keen blades. Struggling, and blood, and shrieks—all dimly fades Into some backward corner of the brain: Yet, in our very souls, we feel amain The close of Troilus and Cressid sweet. Hence, pageant history! hence, gilded cheat! Swart planet in the universe of deeds! Wide sea, that one continuous murmur breeds Along the pebbled shore of memory! Many old rotten-timber'd boats there be Upon thy vaporous bosom, magnified To goodly vessels; many a sail of pride, And golden keel'd, is left unlaunch'd and dry. But wherefore this? What care, though owl did fly About the great Athenian admiral's mast? What care, though striding Alexander past The Indus with his Macedonian numbers? Though old Ulysses tortured from his slumbers The glutted Cyclops, what care?—Juliet leaning Amid her window-flowers,—sighing,—weaning Tenderly her fancy from its maiden snow. Doth more avail than these: the silver flow Of Hero's tears, the swoon of Imogen, Fair Pastorella in the bandit's den. Are things to brood on with more ardency Than the death-day of empires. Fearfully Must such conviction come upon his head. Who, thus far, discontent, has dared to tread. Without one muse's smile, or kind behest, The path of love and poesy. But rest, In chaffing restlessness, is yet more drear Than to be crush'd, in striving to uprear Love's standard on the battlements of song. So once more days and nights aid me along, Like legion'd soldiers.

Brain-sick shepherd prince, What promise hast thou faithful guarded since The day of sacrifice? Or, have new sorrows

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Come with the constant dawn upon thy morrows? Alas! 'tis his old grief. For many days, Has he been wandering in uncertain ways: Through wilderness, and woods of mossed oaks: Counting his woe-worn minutes, by the strokes Of the lone woodcutter; and listening still, Hour after hour, to each lush-leav'd rill. Now he is sitting by a shady spring, And elbow-deep with feverous fingering Stems the upbursting cold: a wild rose tree Pavillions him in bloom, and he doth see A bud which snares his fancy: lo! but now He plucks it, dips its stalk in the water: how! It swells, it buds, it flowers beneath his sight; And, in the middle, there is softly pight A golden butterfly; upon whose wings There must be surely character'd strange things, For with wide eye he wonders, and smiles oft.

Lightly this little herald flew aloft. Follow'd by glad Endymion's clasped hands: Onward it flies. From languor's sullen bands His limbs are loos'd, and eager, on he hies Dazzled to trace it in the sunny skies. It seem'd he flew, the way so easy was: And like a new-born spirit did he pass Through the green evening quiet in the sun, O'er many a heath, through many a woodland dun, Through buried paths, where sleepy twilight dreams The summer time away. One track unseams A wooded cleft, and, far away, the blue Of ocean fades upon him; then, anew, He sinks adown a solitary glen. Where there was never sound of mortal men. Saving, perhaps, some snow-light cadences Melting to silence, when upon the breeze Some holy bark let forth an anthem sweet, To cheer itself to Delphi. Still his feet Went swift beneath the merry-winged guide, Until it reach'd a splashing fountain's side That, near a cavern's mouth, for ever pour'd

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Unto the temperate air: then high it soar'd. And, downward, suddenly began to dip, As if, athirst with so much toil, 'twould sip The crystal spout-head: so it did, with touch Most delicate, as though afraid to smutch Even with mealy gold the waters clear. But, at that very touch, to disappear So fairy-quick, was strange! Bewildered, Endymion sought around, and shook each bed Of covert flowers in vain; and then he flung Himself along the grass. What gentle tongue, What whisperer disturb'd his gloomy rest? It was a nymph uprisen to the breast In the fountain's pebbly margin, and she stood 'Mong lillies, like the youngest of the brood. To him her dripping hand she softly kist, And anxiously began to plait and twist Her ringlets round her fingers, saying: 'Youth! Too long, alas, hast thou starv'd on the ruth. The bitterness of love: too long indeed. Seeing thou art so gentle. Could I weed Thy soul of care, by heavens, I would offer All the bright riches of my crystal coffer To Amphitrite; all my clear-eyed fish, Golden, or rainbow-sided, or purplish, Vermilion-tail'd, or finn'd with silvery gauze; Yea, or my veined pebble-floor, that draws A virgin light to the deep; my grotto-sands Tawny and gold, ooz'd slowly from far lands By my diligent springs; my level lillies, shells, My charming rod, my potent river spells; Yes, every thing, even to the pearly cup Meander gave me,—for I bubbled up To fainting creatures in a desert wild. But woe is me, I am but as a child To gladden thee; and all I dare to say. Is, that I pity thee; that on this day I've been thy guide; that thou must wander far In other regions, past the scanty bar To mortal steps, before thou cans't be ta'en From every wasting sigh, from every pain,

Into the gentle bosom of thy love. Why it is thus, one knows in heaven above: But, a poor Naiad, I guess not. Farewell! I have a ditty for my hollow cell.'

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Hereat, she vanished from Endymion's gaze. Who brooded o'er the water in amaze: The dashing fount pour'd on, and where its pool Lay, half asleep, in grass and rushes cool, Quick waterflies and gnats were sporting still, And fish were dimpling, as if good nor ill Had fallen out that hour. The wanderer, Holding his forehead, to keep off the burr Of smothering fancies, patiently sat down; And, while beneath the evening's sleepy frown Glow-worms began to trim their starry lamps, Thus breath'd he to himself: 'Whoso encamps To take a fancied city of delight, O what a wretch is he! and when 'tis his. After long toil and travelling, to miss The kernel of his hopes, how more than vile: Yet, for him there's refreshment even in toil: Another city doth he set about, Free from the smallest pebble-bead of doubt That he will seize on trickling honey-combs: Alas, he finds them dry; and then he foams, And onward to another city speeds. But this is human life: the war, the deeds, The disappointment, the anxiety, Imagination's struggles, far and nigh, All human; bearing in themselves this good, That they are still the air, the subtle food, To make us feel existence, and to show How quiet death is. Where soil is men grow. Whether to weeds or flowers: but for me. There is no depth to strike in: I can see Naught earthly worth my compassing; so stand Upon a misty, jutting head of land-Alone? No, no; and by the Orphean lute, When mad Eurydice is listening to't; I'd rather stand upon this misty peak,

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With not a thing to sigh for, or to seek, But the soft shadow of my thrice-seen love, Than be—I care not what. O meekest dove Of heaven! O Cynthia, ten-times bright and fair! 170 From thy blue throne, now filling all the air, Glance but one little beam of temper'd light Into my bosom, that the dreadful might And tyranny of love be somewhat scar'd! Yet do not so, sweet queen; one torment spar'd, Would give a pang to jealous misery, Worse than the torment's self: but rather tie Large wings upon my shoulders, and point out My love's far dwelling. Though the playful rout Of Cupids shun thee, too divine art thou, 180 Too keen in beauty, for thy silver prow Not to have dipp'd in love's most gentle stream. O be propitious, nor severely deem My madness impious; for, by all the stars That tend thy bidding, I do think the bars That kept my spirit in are burst—that I Am sailing with thee through the dizzy sky! How beautiful thou art! The world how deep! How tremulous-dazzlingly the wheels sweep Around their axle! Then these gleaming reins, 190 How lithe! When this thy chariot attains Its airy goal, haply some bower veils Those twilight eyes? Those eyes!-my spirit fails-Dear goddess, help! or the wide-gaping air Will gulph me—help!'—At this with madden'd stare, And lifted hands, and trembling lips he stood: Like old Deucalion mountain'd o'er the flood. Or blind Orion hungry for the morn. And, but from the deep cavern there was borne A voice, he had been froze to senseless stone: 200 Nor sigh of his, nor plaint, nor passion'd moan Had more been heard. Thus swell'd it forth: 'Descend, Young mountaineer! descend where alleys bend Into the sparry hollows of the world! Oft hast thou seen bolts of the thunder hurl'd As from thy threshold; day by day hast been A little lower than the chilly sheen

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Of icy pinnacles, and dipp'dst thine arms
Into the deadening ether that still charms
Their marble being: now, as deep profound
As those are high, descend! He ne'er is crown'd
With immortality, who fears to follow
Where airy voices lead: so through the hollow,
The silent mysteries of earth, descend!'

He heard but the last words, nor could contend One moment in reflection: for he fled Into the fearful deep, to hide his head From the clear moon, the trees, and coming madness.

'Twas far too strange, and wonderful for sadness; Sharpening, by degrees, his appetite To dive into the deepest. Dark, nor light, The region; nor bright, nor sombre wholly, But mingled up; a gleaming melancholy; A dusky empire and its diadems: One faint eternal eventide of gems. Aye, millions sparkled on a vein of gold, Along whose track the prince quick footsteps told, With all its lines abrupt and angular: Out-shooting sometimes, like a meteor-star, Through a vast antre: then the metal woof. Like Vulcan's rainbow, with some monstrous roof Curves hugely: now, far in the deep abyss, It seems an angry lightning, and doth hiss Fancy into belief: anon it leads Through winding passages, where sameness breeds Vexing conceptions of some sudden change; Whether to silver grots, or giant range Of sapphire columns, or fantastic bridge Athwart a flood of crystal. On a ridge Now fareth he, that o'er the vast beneath Towers like an ocean-cliff, and whence he seeth A hundred waterfalls, whose voices come But as the murmuring surge. Chilly and numb His bosom grew, when first he, far away Descried an orbed diamond, set to frav

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Old darkness from his throne: 'twas like the sun Uprisen o'er chaos: and with such a stun Came the amazement, that, absorb'd in it, He saw not fiercer wonders-past the wit Of any spirit to tell, but one of those Who, when this planet's sphering time doth close, Will be its high remembrancers: who they? The mighty ones who have made eternal day For Greece and England. While astonishment With deep-drawn sighs was quieting, he went Into a marble gallery, passing through A mimic temple, so complete and true In sacred custom, that he well nigh fear'd To search it inwards; whence far off appear'd, Through a long pillar'd vista, a fair shrine, And just beyond, on light tiptoe divine, A quiver'd Dian. Stepping awfully, The youth approach'd; oft turning his veil'd eve Down sidelong aisles, and into niches old. And when, more near against the marble cold He had touch'd his forehead, he began to thread All courts and passages, where silence dead Rous'd by his whispering footsteps murmured faint: And long he travers'd to and fro, to acquaint Himself with every mystery, and awe: Till, weary, he sat down before the maw Of a wide outlet, fathomless and dim. To wild uncertainty and shadows grim. There, when new wonders ceas'd to float before, And thoughts of self came on, how crude and sore The journey homeward to habitual self! A mad-pursuing of the fog-born elf, Whose flitting lantern, through rude nettle-briar, Cheats us into a swamp, into a fire, Into the bosom of a hated thing.

What misery most drowningly doth sing In lone Endymion's ear, now he has raught The goal of consciousness? Ah, 'tis the thought, The deadly feel of solitude: for lo! He cannot see the heavens, nor the flow

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Of rivers, nor hill-flowers running wild In pink and purple chequer, nor, up-pil'd, The cloudy rack slow journeying in the west, Like herded elephants; nor felt, nor prest Cool grass, nor tasted the fresh slumberous air; But far from such companionship to wear An unknown time, surcharg'd with grief, away, Was now his lot. And must he patient stay, Tracing fantastic figures with his spear? 'No!' exclaim'd he, 'why should I tarry here?' No! loudly echoed times innumerable. At which he straightway started, and 'gan tell His paces back into the temple's chief; Warming and glowing strong in the belief Of help from Dian: so that when again He caught her airy form, thus did he plain, Moving more near the while: 'O Haunter chaste Of river sides, and woods, and heathy waste, Where with thy silver bow and arrows keen Art thou now forested? O woodland Oueen. What smoothest air thy smoother forehead woos? Where dost thou listen to the wide halloos Of thy disparted nymphs? Through what dark tree Glimmers thy crescent? Wheresoe'er it be, 'Tis in the breath of heaven: thou dost taste Freedom as none can taste it, nor dost waste Thy loveliness in dismal elements: But, finding in our green earth sweet contents, There livest blissfully. Ah, if to thee It feels Elysian, how rich to me, An exil'd mortal, sounds its pleasant name! Within my breast there lives a choking flame— O let me cool't the zephyr-boughs among! A homeward fever parches up my tongue— O let me slake it at the running springs! Upon my ear a noisy nothing rings— O let me once more hear the linnet's note! Before mine eyes thick films and shadows float-O let me 'noint them with the heaven's light! Dost thou now lave thy feet and ankles white? O think how sweet to me the freshening sluice!

Dost thou now please thy thirst with berry-juice? O think how this dry palate would rejoice! If in soft slumber thou dost hear my voice, O think how I should love a bed of flowers!—Young goddess! let me see my native bowers! Deliver me from this rapacious deep!'

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Thus ending loudly, as he would o'erleap His destiny, alert he stood: but when Obstinate silence came heavily again, Feeling about for its old couch of space And airy cradle, lowly bow'd his face Desponding, o'er the marble floor's cold thrill. But 'twas not long; for, sweeter than the rill To its old channel, or a swollen tide To margin sallows, were the leaves he spied, And flowers, and wreaths, and ready myrtle crowns Up heaping through the slab: refreshment drowns Itself, and strives its own delights to hide-Nor in one spot alone; the floral pride In a long whispering birth enchanted grew Before his footsteps; as when heav'd anew Old ocean rolls a lengthened wave to the shore, Down whose green back the short-liv'd foam, all hoar, Bursts gradual, with a wayward indolence.

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Increasing still in heart, and pleasant sense, Upon his fairy journey on he hastes; So anxious for the end, he scarcely wastes One moment with his hand among the sweets: Onward he goes—he stops—his bosom beats As plainly in his ear, as the faint charm Of which the throbs were born. This still alarm, This sleepy music, forc'd him walk tiptoe: For it came more softly than the east could blow Arion's magic to the Atlantic isles; Or than the west, made jealous by the smiles Of thron'd Apollo, could breathe back the lyre To seas Ionian and Tyrian.

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O did he ever live, that lonely man, Who lov'd—and music slew not? 'Tis the pest Of love, that fairest joys give most unrest; That things of delicate and tenderest worth Are swallow'd all, and made a seared dearth, By one consuming flame: it doth immerse And suffocate true blessings in a curse. Half-happy, by comparison of bliss, Is miserable. 'Twas even so with this Dew-dropping melody, in the Carian's ear; First heaven, then hell, and then forgotten clear, Vanish'd in elemental passion.

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And down some swart abysm he had gone, Had not a heavenly guide benignant led To where thick myrtle branches, 'gainst his head Brushing, awakened: then the sounds again Went noiseless as a passing noontide rain Over a bower, where little space he stood; For as the sunset peeps into a wood So saw he panting light, and towards it went Through winding alleys; and lo, wonderment! Upon soft verdure saw, one here, one there, Cupids a slumbering on their pinions fair.

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After a thousand mazes overgone, At last, with sudden step, he came upon A chamber, myrtle wall'd, embowered high, Full of light, incense, tender minstrelsy, And more of beautiful and strange beside: For on a silken couch of rosy pride, In midst of all, there lay a sleeping youth Of fondest beauty; fonder, in fair sooth, Than sighs could fathom, or contentment reach: And coverlids gold-tinted like the peach, Or ripe October's faded marigolds, Fell sleek about him in a thousand folds-Not hiding up an Apollonian curve Of neck and shoulder, nor the tenting swerve Of knee from knee, nor ankles pointing light; But rather, giving them to the filled sight Officiously. Sideway his face repos'd On one white arm, and tenderly unclos'd, By tenderest pressure, a faint damask mouth

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To slumbery pout; just as the morning south Disparts a dew-lipp'd rose. Above his head, Four lilly stalks did their white honours wed To make a coronal; and round him grew All tendrils green, of every bloom and hue, Together intertwin'd and trammel'd fresh: The vine of glossy sprout; the ivy mesh, Shading its Ethiop berries; and woodbine, Of velvet leaves and bugle-blooms divine; Convolvulus in streaked vases flush: The creeper, mellowing for an autumn blush; And virgin's bower, trailing airily; With others of the sisterhood. Hard by, Stood serene Cupids watching silently. One, kneeling to a lyre, touch'd the strings, Muffling to death the pathos with his wings: And, ever and anon, uprose to look At the youth's slumber; while another took A willow-bough, distilling odorous dew, And shook it on his hair; another flew In through the woven roof, and fluttering-wise Rain'd violets upon his sleeping eyes.

At these enchantments, and yet many more, The breathless Latmian wonder'd o'er and o'er: Until, impatient in embarrassment, He forthright pass'd, and lightly treading went To that same feather'd lyrist, who straightway. Smiling, thus whisper'd: 'Though from upper day Thou art a wanderer, and thy presence here Might seem unholy, be of happy cheer! For 'tis the nicest touch of human honour, When some ethereal and high-favouring donor Presents immortal bowers to mortal sense: As now 'tis done to thee, Endymion. Hence Was I in no wise startled. So recline Upon these living flowers. Here is wine. Alive with sparkles-never, I aver, Since Ariadne was a vintager, So cool a purple: taste these juicy pears, Sent me by sad Vertumnus, when his fears

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Were high about Pomona: here is cream, Deepening to richness from a snowy gleam; Sweeter than that nurse Amalthea skimm'd For the boy Jupiter: and here, undimm'd By any touch, a bunch of blooming plums Ready to melt between an infant's gums: And here is manna pick'd from Syrian trees, In starlight, by the three Hesperides. Feast on, and meanwhile I will let thee know Of all these things around us.' He did so, Still brooding o'er the cadence of his lyre: And thus: 'I need not any hearing tire By telling how the sea-born goddess pin'd For a mortal youth, and how she strove to bind Him all in all unto her doting self. Who would not be so prison'd? but, fond elf, He was content to let her amorous plea Faint through his careless arms; content to see An unseiz'd heaven dying at his feet; Content, O fool! to make a cold retreat, When on the pleasant grass such love, lovelorn, Lay sorrowing; when every tear was born Of diverse passion; when her lips and eyes Were clos'd in sullen moisture, and quick sighs Came vex'd and pettish through her nostrils small. Hush! no exclaim—yet, justly mightst thou call Curses upon his head.—I was half glad, But my poor mistress went distract and mad, When the boar tusk'd him: so away she flew To Jove's high throne, and by her plainings drew Immortal tear-drops down the thunderer's beard; Whereon, it was decreed he should be rear'd Each summer time to life. Lo! this is he. That same Adonis, safe in the privacy Of this still region all his winter-sleep. Ave, sleep; for when our love-sick queen did weep Over his waned corse, the tremulous shower Heal'd up the wound, and, with a balmy power, Medicined death to a lengthened drowsiness: The which she fills with visions, and doth dress In all this quiet luxury; and hath set

Us young immortals, without any let, To watch his slumber through, 'Tis well nigh pass'd, Even to a moment's filling up, and fast She scuds with summer breezes, to pant through 490 The first long kiss, warm firstling, to renew Embower'd sports in Cytherea's isle. Look! how those winged listeners all this while Stand anxious: see! behold!'-This clamant word Broke through the careful silence: for they heard A rustling noise of leaves, and out there flutter'd Pigeons and doves: Adonis something mutter'd The while one hand, that erst upon his thigh Lay dormant, mov'd convuls'd and gradually Up to his forehead. Then there was a hum 500 Of sudden voices, echoing, 'Come! come! Arise! awake! Clear summer has forth walk'd Unto the clover-sward, and she has talk'd Full soothingly to every nested finch: Rise, Cupids! or we'll give the blue-bell pinch To your dimpled arms. Once more sweet life begin!' At this, from every side they hurried in, Rubbing their sleepy eyes with lazy wrists, And doubling over head their little fists In backward yawns. But all were soon alive: 510 For as delicious wine doth, sparkling, dive In nectar'd clouds and curls through water fair, So from the arbour roof down swell'd an air Odorous and enlivening; making all To laugh, and play, and sing, and loudly call For their sweet queen: when lo! the wreathed green Disparted, and far upward could be seen Blue heaven, and a silver car, air-borne, Whose silent wheels, fresh wet from clouds of morn, Spun off a drizzling dew,—which falling chill 520 On soft Adonis' shoulders, made him still Nestle and turn uneasily about. Soon were the white doves plain, with neck stretch'd out, And silken traces lighten'd in descent; And soon, returning from love's banishment, Queen Venus leaning downward open arm'd: Her shadow fell upon his breast, and charm'd

A tumult to his heart, and a new life
Into his eyes. Ah, miserable strife,
But for her comforting! unhappy sight,
But meeting her blue orbs! Who, who can write
Of these first minutes? The unchariest muse
To embracements warm as theirs makes coy excuse.

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O it has ruffled every spirit there, Saving Love's self, who stands superb to share The general gladness: awfully he stands; A sovereign quell is in his waving hands; No sight can bear the lightning of his bow; His quiver is mysterious, none can know What themselves think of it; from forth his eyes There darts strange light of varied hues and dyes: A scowl is sometimes on his brow, but who Look full upon it feel anon the blue Of his fair eyes run liquid through their souls. Endymion feels it, and no more controls The burning prayer within him; so, bent low, He had begun a plaining of his woe. But Venus, bending forward, said: 'My child, Favour this gentle youth; his days are wild With love—he—but alas! too well I see Thou know'st the deepness of his misery. Ah, smile not so, my son: I tell thee true, That when through heavy hours I used to rue The endless sleep of this new-born Adon', This stranger aye I pitied. For upon A dreary morning once I fled away Into the breezy clouds, to weep and pray For this my love: for vexing Mars had teaz'd Me even to tears: thence, when a little eas'd, Down-looking, vacant, through a hazy wood, I saw this youth as he despairing stood: Those same dark curls blown vagrant in the wind: Those same full fringed lids a constant blind Over his sullen eyes: I saw him throw Himself on wither'd leaves, even as though Death had come sudden; for no jot he mov'd, Yet mutter'd wildly. I could hear he lov'd

Some fair immortal, and that his embrace Had zoned her through the night. There is no trace Of this in heaven: I have mark'd each cheek. And find it is the vainest thing to seek: And that of all things 'tis kept secretest. Endymion! one day thou wilt be blest: So still obey the guiding hand that fends Thee safely through these wonders for sweet ends. 'Tis a concealment needful in extreme: And if I guess'd not so, the sunny beam Thou shouldst mount up to with me. Now adieu! Here must we leave thee.'—At these words upflew The impatient doves, uprose the floating car, Up went the hum celestial. High afar The Latmian saw them minish into naught: And, when all were clear vanish'd, still he caught A vivid lightning from that dreadful bow. When all was darkened, with Ætnean throe The earth clos'd-gave a solitary moan-And left him once again in twilight lone.

He did not rave, he did not stare aghast, For all those visions were o'ergone, and past, And he in loneliness: he felt assur'd Of happy times, when all he had endur'd Would seem a feather to the mighty prize. So, with unusual gladness, on he hies Through caves, and palaces of mottled ore, Gold dome, and crystal wall, and turquois floor, Black polish'd porticos of awful shade, And, at the last, a diamond balustrade, Leading afar past wild magnificence, Spiral through ruggedest loopholes, and thence Stretching across a void, then guiding o'er Enormous chasms, where, all foam and roar, Streams subterranean teaze their granite beds; Then heighten'd just above the silvery heads Of a thousand fountains, so that he could dash The waters with his spear; but at the splash. Done heedlessly, those spouting columns rose Sudden a poplar's height, and 'gan to enclose

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His diamond path with fretwork, streaming round Alive, and dazzling cool, and with a sound, Haply, like dolphin tumults, when sweet shells Welcome the float of Thetis. Long he dwells On this delight; for, every minute's space, The streams with changed magic interlace: Sometimes like delicatest lattices, Cover'd with crystal vines; then weeping trees. Moving about as in a gentle wind, Which, in a wink, to watery gauze refin'd, Pour'd into shapes of curtain'd canopies, Spangled, and rich with liquid broideries Of flowers, peacocks, swans, and naiads fair. Swifter than lightning went these wonders rare; And then the water, into stubborn streams Collecting, mimick'd the wrought oaken beams, Pillars, and frieze, and high fantastic roof, Of those dusk places in times far aloof Cathedrals call'd. He bade a loth farewell To these founts Protean, passing gulph, and dell, And torrent, and ten thousand jutting shapes, Half seen through deepest gloom, and griesly gapes, Blackening on every side, and overhead A vaulted dome like Heaven's, far bespread With starlight gems: aye, all so huge and strange, The solitary felt a hurried change Working within him into something dreary,— Vex'd like a morning eagle, lost, and weary, And purblind amid foggy, midnight wolds. But he revives at once: for who beholds New sudden things, nor casts his mental slough? Forth from a rugged arch, in the dusk below, Came mother Cybele! alone—alone— In sombre chariot; dark foldings thrown About her majesty, and front death-pale, With turrets crown'd. Four maned lions hale The sluggish wheels; solemn their toothed maws, Their surly eyes brow-hidden, heavy paws Uplifted drowsily, and nervy tails Cowering their tawny brushes. Silent sails This shadowy queen athwart, and faints away

In another gloomy arch.

Wherefore delay. Young traveller, in such a mournful place? 650 Art thou wayworn, or canst not further trace The diamond path? And does it indeed end Abrupt in middle air? Yet earthward bend Thy forehead, and to Jupiter cloud-borne Call ardently! He was indeed wayworn; Abrupt, in middle air, his way was lost; To cloud-borne Jove he bowed, and there crost Towards him a large eagle, 'twixt whose wings, Without one impious word, himself he flings, Committed to the darkness and the gloom: 660 Down, down, uncertain to what pleasant doom, Swift as a fathoming plummet down he fell Through unknown things; till exhaled asphodel, And rose, with spicy fannings interbreath'd, Came swelling forth where little caves were wreath'd So thick with leaves and mosses, that they seem'd Large honey-combs of green, and freshly teem'd With airs delicious. In the greenest nook The eagle landed him, and farewell took.

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It was a jasmine bower, all bestrown With golden moss. His every sense had grown Ethereal for pleasure; 'bove his head Flew a delight half-graspable; his tread Was Hesperean; to his capable ears Silence was music from the holy spheres; A dewy luxury was in his eyes: The little flowers felt his pleasant sighs And stirr'd them faintly. Verdant cave and cell He wander'd through, oft wondering at such swell Of sudden exaltation: but, 'Alas!' Said he, 'will all this gush of feeling pass Away in solitude? And must they wane, Like melodies upon a sandy plain, Without an echo? Then shall I be left So sad, so melancholy, so bereft! Yet still I feel immortal! O my love, My breath of life, where art thou? High above,

Dancing before the morning gates of heaven? Or keeping watch among those starry seven, Old Atlas' children? Art a maid of the waters, 690 One of shell-winding Triton's bright-hair'd daughters? Or art, impossible! a nymph of Dian's, Weaving a coronal of tender scions For very idleness? Where'er thou art, Methinks it now is at my will to start Into thine arms; to scare Aurora's train, And snatch thee from the morning; o'er the main To scud like a wild bird, and take thee off From thy sea-foamy cradle; or to doff Thy shepherd vest, and woo thee mid fresh leaves. 700 No, no, too eagerly my soul deceives Its powerless self: I know this cannot be. O let me then by some sweet dreaming flee To her entrancements: hither, Sleep, awhile! Hither, most gentle Sleep! and soothing foil For some few hours the coming solitude.'

Thus spake he, and that moment felt endued With power to dream deliciously; so wound Through a dim passage, searching till he found The smoothest mossy bed and deepest, where He threw himself, and just into the air Stretching his indolent arms, he took, O bliss! A naked waist: 'Fair Cupid, whence is this?' A well-known voice sigh'd, 'Sweetest, here am I!' At which soft ravishment, with doting cry They trembled to each other.—Helicon! O fountain'd hill! Old Homer's Helicon! That thou wouldst spout a little streamlet o'er These sorry pages; then the verse would soar And sing above this gentle pair, like lark Over his nested young: but all is dark Around thine aged top, and thy clear fount Exhales in mists to heaven. Aye, the count Of mighty Poets is made up; the scroll Is folded by the Muses; the bright roll Is in Apollo's hand: our dazed eyes Have seen a new tinge in the western skies:

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The world has done its duty. Yet, oh vet, Although the sun of poesy is set, These lovers did embrace, and we must weep 730 That there is no old power left to steep A quill immortal in their joyous tears. Long time in silence did their anxious fears Question that thus it was; long time they lay Fondling and kissing every doubt away; Long time ere soft caressing sobs began To mellow into words, and then there ran Two bubbling springs of talk from their sweet lips. 'O known Unknown! from whom my being sips Such darling essence, wherefore may I not 740 Be ever in these arms? in this sweet spot Pillow my chin for ever? ever press These toying hands and kiss their smooth excess? Why not for ever and for ever feel That breath about my eyes? Ah, thou wilt steal Away from me again, indeed, indeed— Thou wilt be gone away, and wilt not heed My lonely madness. Speak, delicious fair! Is—is it to be so? No! Who will dare To pluck thee from me? And, of thine own will, 750 Full well I feel thou wouldst not leave me. Still Let me entwine thee surer, surer-now How can we part? Elysium! who art thou? Who, that thou canst not be for ever here. Or lift me with thee to some starry sphere? Enchantress! tell me by this soft embrace. By the most soft completion of thy face, Those lips, O slippery blisses, twinkling eyes And by these tenderest, milky sovereignties— These tenderest, and by the nectar-wine, 760 The passion'——'O dov'd Ida the divine! Endymion! dearest! Ah, unhappy me! His soul will 'scape us-O felicity! How he does love me! His poor temples beat To the very tune of love—how sweet, sweet, sweet. Revive, dear youth, or I shall faint and die; Revive, or these soft hours will hurry by In tranced dulness; speak, and let that spell

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Affright this lethargy! I cannot quell Its heavy pressure, and will press at least My lips to thine, that they may richly feast Until we taste the life of love again. What! dost thou move? dost kiss? O bliss! O pain! I love thee, youth, more than I can conceive; And so long absence from thee doth bereave My soul of any rest: yet must I hence: Yet, can I not to starry eminence Uplift thee; nor for very shame can own Myself to thee: Ah, dearest, do not groan Or thou wilt force me from this secrecy, And I must blush in heaven. O that I Had done 't already; that the dreadful smiles At my lost brightness, my impassion'd wiles, Had waned from Olympus' solemn height, And from all serious Gods; that our delight Was quite forgotten, save of us alone! And wherefore so ashamed? 'Tis but to atone For endless pleasure, by some coward blushes: Yet must I be a coward!—Horror rushes Too palpable before me-the sad look Of Jove—Minerva's start—no bosom shook With awe of purity—no Cupid pinion In reverence vailed-my crystalline dominion Half lost, and all old hymns made nullity! But what is this to love? O I could fly With thee into the ken of heavenly powers, So thou wouldst thus, for many sequent hours, Press me so sweetly. Now I swear at once That I am wise, that Pallas is a dunce— Perhaps her love like mine is but unknown— O I do think that I have been alone In chastity: yes, Pallas has been sighing, While every eve saw me my hair uptying With fingers cool as aspen leaves. Sweet love, I was as vague as solitary dove, Nor knew that nests were built. Now a soft kiss-Aye, by that kiss, I vow an endless bliss, An immortality of passion's thine: Ere long I will exalt thee to the shine

Of heaven ambrosial; and we will shade 810 Ourselves whole summers by a river glade: And I will tell thee stories of the sky, And breathe thee whispers of its minstrelsy. My happy love will overwing all bounds! O let me melt into thee: let the sounds Of our close voices marry at their birth: Let us entwine hoveringly-O dearth Of human words! roughness of mortal speech! Lispings empyrean will I sometime teach Thine honied tongue—lute-breathings, which I gasp 820 To have thee understand, now while I clasp Thee thus, and weep for fondness—I am pain'd, Endymion: woe! woe! is grief contain'd In the very deeps of pleasure, my sole life?'— Hereat, with many sobs, her gentle strife Melted into a languor. He return'd Entranced vows and tears.

Ye who have yearn'd With too much passion, will here stay and pity, For the mere sake of truth; as 'tis a ditty Not of these days, but long ago 'twas told By a cavern wind unto a forest old: And then the forest told it in a dream To a sleeping lake, whose cool and level gleam A poet caught as he was journeying To Phœbus' shrine; and in it he did fling His weary limbs, bathing an hour's space, And after, straight in that inspired place He sang the story up into the air, Giving it universal freedom. There Has it been ever sounding for those ears Whose tips are glowing hot. The legend cheers Yon centinel stars: and he who listens to it Must surely be self-doom'd or he will rue it: For quenchless burnings come upon the heart, Made fiercer by a fear lest any part Should be engulphed in the eddying wind. As much as here is penn'd doth always find

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A resting place, thus much comes clear and plain; Anon the strange voice is upon the wane— And 'tis but echo'd from departing sound, That the fair visitant at last unwound Her gentle limbs, and left the youth asleep.— Thus the tradition of the gusty deep.

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Now turn we to our former chroniclers.— Endymion awoke, that grief of hers Sweet paining on his ear: he sickly guess'd How lone he was once more, and sadly press'd His empty arms together, hung his head, And most forlorn upon that widow'd bed Sat silently. Love's madness he had known: Often with more than tortured lion's groan Moanings had burst from him; but now that rage Had pass'd away: no longer did he wage A rough-voic'd war against the dooming stars. No, he had felt too much for such harsh jars: The lyre of his soul Æolian tun'd Forgot all violence, and but commun'd With melancholy thought: O he had swoon'd Drunken from pleasure's nipple; and his love Henceforth was dove-like.-Loth was he to move From the imprinted couch, and when he did. 'Twas with slow, languid paces, and face hid In muffling hands. So temper'd, out he stray'd Half seeing visions that might have dismay'd Alecto's serpents; ravishments more keen Than Hermes' pipe, when anxious he did lean Over eclipsing eyes: and at the last It was a sounding grotto, vaulted, vast, O'er studded with a thousand, thousand pearls, And crimson mouthed shells with stubborn curls. Of every shape and size, even to the bulk In which whales arbour close, to brood and sulk Against an endless storm. Moreover too, Fish-semblances, of green and azure hue, Ready to snort their streams. In this cool wonder Endymion sat down, and 'gan to ponder On all his life: his youth, up to the day

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When 'mid acclaim, and feasts, and garlands gay, He stept upon his shepherd throne: the look Of his white palace in wild forest nook, And all the revels he had lorded there: Each tender maiden whom he once thought fair, With every friend and fellow-woodlander— Pass'd like a dream before him. Then the spur Of the old bards to mighty deeds: his plans To nurse the golden age 'mong shepherd clans: That wondrous night: the great Pan-festival: His sister's sorrow; and his wanderings all, Until into the earth's deep maw he rush'd: Then all its buried magic, till it flush'd High with excessive love. 'And now', thought he, 'How long must I remain in jeopardy Of blank amazements that amaze no more? Now I have tasted her sweet soul to the core All other depths are shallow: essences, Once spiritual, are like muddy lees, Meant but to fertilize my earthly root. And make my branches lift a golden fruit Into the bloom of heaven: other light, Though it be quick and sharp enough to blight The Olympian eagle's vision, is dark, Dark as the parentage of chaos, Hark! My silent thoughts are echoing from these shells; Or they are but the ghosts, the dying swells Of noises far away?—list!'—Hereupon He kept an anxious ear. The humming tone Came louder, and behold, there as he lay, On either side outgush'd, with misty spray, A copious spring; and both together dash'd Swift, mad, fantastic round the rocks and lash'd Among the conchs and shells of the lofty grot, Leaving a trickling dew. At last they shot Down from the ceiling's height, pouring a noise As of some breathless racers whose hopes poize Upon the last few steps, and with spent force Along the ground they took a winding course. Endymion follow'd—for it seem'd that one Ever pursued, the other strove to shun—

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Follow'd their languid mazes, till well nigh He had left thinking of the mystery,— And was now rapt in tender hoverings Over the vanish'd bliss. Ah! what is it sings His dream away? What melodies are these? They sound as through the whispering of trees, Not native in such barren vaults. Give ear!

'O Arethusa, peerless nymph! why fear Such tenderness as mine? Great Dian, why, Why didst thou hear her prayer? O that I Were rippling round her dainty fairness now, Circling about her waist, and striving how To entice her to a dive! then stealing in Between her luscious lips and eyelids thin. O that her shining hair was in the sun, And I distilling from it thence to run In amorous rillets down her shrinking form! To linger on her lilly shoulders, warm Between her kissing breasts, and every charm Touch raptur'd!—See how painfully I flow: Fair maid, be pitiful to my great woe. Stay, stay thy weary course, and let me lead, A happy wooer, to the flowery mead Where all that beauty snar'd me.'-'Cruel god, Desist! or my offended mistress' nod Will stagnate all thy fountains:-teaze me not With syren words—Ah, have I really got Such power to madden thee? And is it true— Away, away, or I shall dearly rue My very thoughts: in mercy then away, Kindest Alpheus, for should I obev My own dear will, 'twould be a deadly bane. O, Oread-Queen! would that thou hadst a pain Like this of mine, then would I fearless turn And be a criminal. Alas, I burn, I shudder—gentle river, get thee hence. Alpheus! thou enchanter! every sense Of mine was once made perfect in these woods. Fresh breezes, bowery lawns, and innocent floods. Ripe fruits, and lonely couch, contentment gave;

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But ever since I heedlessly did lave In thy deceitful stream, a panting glow 970 Grew strong within me: wherefore serve me so, And call it love? Alas, 'twas cruelty. Not once more did I close my happy eve Amid the thrushes' song. Away! Avaunt! O'twas a cruel thing.'—'Now thou dost taunt So softly, Arethusa, that I think If thou wast playing on my shady brink, Thou wouldst bathe once again. Innocent maid! Stifle thine heart no more: nor be afraid Of angry powers: there are deities 980 Will shade us with their wings. Those fitful sighs 'Tis almost death to hear: O let me pour A dewy balm upon them!—fear no more, Sweet Arethusa! Dian's self must feel Sometime these very pangs. Dear maiden, steal Blushing into my soul, and let us fly These dreary caverns for the open sky. I will delight thee all my winding course, From the green sea up to my hidden source About Arcadian forests: and will show 990 The channels where my coolest waters flow Through mossy rocks; where, 'mid exuberant green, I roam in pleasant darkness, more unseen Than Saturn in his exile: where I brim Round flowery islands, and take thence a skim Of mealy sweets, which myriads of bees Buzz from their honey'd wings: and thou shouldst please Thyself to choose the richest, where we might Be incense-pillow'd every summer night. Doff all sad fears, thou white deliciousness, 1000 And let us be thus comforted: unless Thou couldst rejoice to see my hopeless stream Hurry distracted from Sol's temperate beam. And pour to death along some hungry sands.'-'What can I do, Alpheus? Dian stands Severe before me: persecuting fate! Unhappy Arethusa! thou wast late A huntress free in'-At this, sudden fell Those two sad streams adown a fearful dell.

The Latmian listen'd, but he heard no more, Save echo, faint repeating o'er and o'er The name of Arethusa. On the verge Of that dark gulph he wept, and said: 'I urge Thee, gentle Goddess of my pilgrimage, By our eternal hopes, to soothe, to assuage, If thou art powerful, these lovers' pains; And make them happy in some happy plains.'

He turn'd—there was a whelming sound—he stept, There was a cooler light; and so he kept Towards it by a sandy path, and lo! More suddenly than doth a moment go, The visions of the earth were gone and fled—He saw the giant sea above his head.

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## BOOK III

THERE are who lord it o'er their fellow-men With most prevailing tinsel: who unpen Their basing vanities, to browse away The comfortable green and juicy hay From human pastures; or, O torturing fact! Who, through an idiot blink, will see unpack'd Fire-branded foxes to sear up and singe Our gold and ripe-ear'd hopes. With not one tinge Of sanctuary splendour, not a sight Able to face an owl's, they still are dight By the blear-eyed nations in empurpled vests, And crowns, and turbans. With unladen breasts, Save of blown self-applause, they proudly mount To their spirit's perch, their being's high account, Their tiptop nothings, their dull skies, their thrones— Amid the fierce intoxicating tones Of trumpets, shoutings, and belabour'd drums, And sudden cannon. Ah! how all this hums, In wakeful ears, like uproar past and gone-Like thunder clouds that spake to Babylon. And set those old Chaldeans to their tasks.-Are then regalities all gilded masks?

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No, there are throned seats unscalable But by a patient wing, a constant spell, Or by ethereal things that, unconfin'd, Can make a ladder of the eternal wind, And poize about in cloudy thunder-tents To watch the abysm-birth of elements. Ave, 'bove the withering of old-lipp'd Fate A thousand Powers keep religious state, In water, fiery realm, and airy bourne; And, silent as a consecrated urn, Hold sphery sessions for a season due. Yet few of these far majesties, ah, few! Have bared their operations to this globe-Few, who with gorgeous pageantry enrobe Our piece of heaven—whose benevolence Shakes hand with our own Ceres; every sense Filling with spiritual sweets to plenitude. As bees gorge full their cells. And, by the feud 'Twixt Nothing and Creation, I here swear, Eterne Apollo! that thy Sister fair Is of all these the gentlier-mightiest. When thy gold breath is misting in the west, She unobserved steals unto her throne. And there she sits most meek and most alone; As if she had not pomp subservient; As if thine eye, high Poet! was not bent Towards her with the Muses in thine heart: As if the ministring stars kept not apart, Waiting for silver-footed messages. O Moon! the oldest shades 'mong oldest trees Feel palpitations when thou lookest in: O Moon! old boughs lisp forth a holier din The while they feel thine airy fellowship. Thou dost bless every where, with silver lip Kissing dead things to life. The sleeping kine. Couch'd in thy brightness, dream of fields divine: Innumerable mountains rise, and rise, Ambitious for the hallowing of thine eyes; And yet thy benediction passeth not One obscure hiding-place, one little spot Where pleasure may be sent: the nested wren

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Has thy fair face within its tranquil ken,
And from beneath a sheltering ivy leaf
Takes glimpses of thee; thou art a relief
To the poor patient oyster, where it sleeps
Within its pearly house.—The mighty deeps,
The monstrous sea is thine—the myriad sea!
O Moon! far-spooming Ocean bows to thee,
And Tellus feels his forchead's cumbrous load.

Cynthia! where art thou now? What far abode Of green or silvery bower doth enshrine Such utmost beauty? Alas, thou dost pine For one as sorrowful: thy cheek is pale For one whose cheek is pale; thou dost bewail His tears, who weeps for thee. Where dost thou sigh? Ah! surely that light peeps from Vesper's eye, Or what a thing is love! 'Tis She, but lo! How chang'd, how full of ache, how gone in woe! She dies at the thinnest cloud; her loveliness Is wan on Neptune's blue: yet there's a stress Of love-spangles, just off yon cape of trees, Dancing upon the waves, as if to please The curly foam with amorous influence. O, not so idle: for down-glancing thence She fathoms eddies, and runs wild about O'erwhelming water-courses; scaring out The thorny sharks from hiding-holes, and fright'ning Their savage eyes with unaccustom'd lightning. Where will the splendour be content to reach? O love! how potent hast thou been to teach Strange journeyings! Wherever beauty dwells. In gulph or aerie, mountains or deep dells, In light, in gloom, in star or blazing sun, Thou pointest out the way, and straight 'tis won. Amid his toil thou gay'st Leander breath: Thou leddest Orpheus through the gleams of death; Thou madest Pluto bear thin element: And now, O winged Chieftain! thou has sent A moon-beam to the deep, deep water-world, To find Endymion.

On gold sand impearl'd

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With lilly shells, and pebbles milky white, Poor Cynthia greeted him, and sooth'd her light Against his pallid face: he felt the charm To breathlessness, and suddenly a warm Of his heart's blood: 'twas very sweet; he stay'd His wandering steps, and half-entranced laid His head upon a tuft of straggling weeds. To taste the gentle moon, and freshening beads, Lash'd from the crystal roof by fishes' tails. And so he kept, until the rosy veils Mantling the east, by Aurora's peering hand Were lifted from the water's breast, and fann'd Into sweet air; and sober'd morning came Meekly through billows:—when like taper-flame Left sudden by a dallying breath of air, He rose in silence, and once more 'gan fare Along his fated way.

Far had he roam'd, With nothing save the hollow vast, that foam'd. Above, around, and at his feet; save things More dead than Morpheus' imaginings: Old rusted anchors, helmets, breast-plates large Of gone sea-warriors; brazen beaks and targe; Rudders that for a hundred years had lost The sway of human hand; gold vase emboss'd With long-forgotten story, and wherein No reveller had ever dipp'd a chin But those of Saturn's vintage; mouldering scrolls, Writ in the tongue of heaven, by those souls Who first were on the earth; and sculptures rude In ponderous stone, developing the mood Of ancient Nox:—then skeletons of man. Of beast, behemoth, and leviathan, And elephant, and eagle, and huge jaw Of nameless monster. A cold leaden awe These secrets struck into him; and unless Dian had chaced away that heaviness, He might have died: but now, with cheered feel, He onward kept; wooing these thoughts to steal About the labyrinth in his soul of love.

'What is there in thee, Moon! that thou shouldst move My heart so potently? When yet a child I oft have dried my tears when thou hast smil'd. Thou seem'dst my sister: hand in hand we went From eve to morn across the firmament. No apples would I gather from the tree. Till thou hadst cool'd their cheeks deliciously: No tumbling water ever spake romance, But when my eyes with thine thereon could dance: 150 No woods were green enough, no bower divine, Until thou liftedst up thine evelids fine: In sowing time ne'er would I dibble take, Or drop a seed, till thou wast wide awake: And, in the summer tide of blossoming, No one but thee hath heard me blithly sing And mesh my dewy flowers all the night. No melody was like a passing spright If it went not to solemnize thy reign. Yes, in my boyhood, every joy and pain 160 By thee were fashion'd to the self-same end: And as I grew in years, still didst thou blend With all my ardours: thou wast the deep glen; Thou wast the mountain-top-the sage's pen-The poet's harp—the voice of friends—the sun; Thou wast the river—thou wast glory won; Thou wast my clarion's blast—thou wast my steed— My goblet full of wine-my topmost deed:-Thou wast the charm of women, lovely Moon! O what a wild and harmonized tune 170 My spirit struck from all the beautiful! On some bright essence could I lean, and lull Myself to immortality: I prest Nature's soft pillow in a wakeful rest. But, gentle Orb! there came a nearer bliss— My strange love came—Felicity's abyss! She came, and thou didst fade, and fade away— Yet not entirely; no, thy starry sway Has been an under-passion to this hour. Now I begin to feel thine orby power 180 Is coming fresh upon me: O be kind. Keep back thine influence, and do not blind

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My sovereign vision.—Dearest love, forgive That I can think away from thee and live!— Pardon me, airy planet, that I prize One thought beyond thine argent luxuries! How far beyond!' At this a surpris'd start Frosted the springing verdure of his heart; For as he lifted up his eyes to swear How his own goddess was past all things fair, He saw far in the concave green of the sea An old man sitting calm and peacefully. Upon a weeded rock this old man sat. And his white hair was awful, and a mat Of weeds were cold beneath his cold thin feet: And, ample as the largest winding-sheet, A cloak of blue wrapp'd up his aged bones, O'erwrought with symbols by the deepest groans Of ambitious magic: every ocean-form Was woven in with black distinctness; storm, And calm, and whispering, and hideous roar, Quicksand, and whirlpool, and deserted shore, Were emblem'd in the woof; with every shape That skims, or dives, or sleeps, 'twixt cape and cape. The gulphing whale was like a dot in the spell, Yet look upon it, and 'twould size and swell To its huge self; and the minutest fish Would pass the very hardest gazer's wish, And show his little eye's anatomy. Then there was pictur'd the regality Of Neptune; and the sea nymphs round his state, In beauteous vassalage, look up and wait. Beside this old man lay a pearly wand, And in his lap a book, the which he conn'd So stedfastly, that the new denizen Had time to keep him in amazed ken. To mark these shadowings, and stand in awe.

The old man rais'd his hoary head and saw The wilder'd stranger—seeming not to see, His features were so lifeless. Suddenly He woke as from a trance; his snow-white brows Went arching up, and like two magic ploughs Furrow'd deep wrinkles in his forehead large, Which kept as fixedly as rocky marge, Till round his wither'd lips had gone a smile. Then up he rose, like one whose tedious toil Had watch'd for years in forlorn hermitage, Who had not from mid-life to utmost age Eas'd in one accent his o'er-burden'd soul, Even to the trees. He rose: he grasp'd his stole, With convuls'd clenches waving it abroad, And in a voice of solemn joy, that aw'd Echo into oblivion, he said:—

'Thou art the man! Now shall I lay my head In peace upon my watery pillow: now Sleep will come smoothly to my weary brow. O Jove! I shall be young again, be young! O shell-borne Neptune, I am pierc'd and stung With new-born life! What shall I do? Where go, When I have cast this serpent-skin of woe?— I'll swim to the syrens, and one moment listen Their melodies, and see their long hair glisten: Anon upon that giant's arm I'll be, That writhes about the roots of Sicily: To northern seas I'll in a twinkling sail. And mount upon the snortings of a whale To some black cloud; thence down I'll madly sweep On forked lightning, to the deepest deep, Where through some sucking pool I will be hurl'd With rapture to the other side of the world! O, I am full of gladness! Sisters three, I bow full hearted to your old decree! Yes, every god be thank'd, and power benign, For I no more shall wither, droop, and pine. Thou art the man!' Endymion started back Dismay'd; and, like a wretch from whom the rack Tortures hot breath, and speech of agony, Mutter'd: 'What lonely death am I to die In this cold region? Will he let me freeze,

And float my brittle limbs o'er polar seas?

Or will he touch me with his searing hand, And leave a black memorial on the sand?

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Or tear me piece-meal with a bony saw, And keep me as a chosen food to draw His magian fish through hated fire and flame? O misery of hell! resistless, tame, Am I to be burnt up? No, I will shout, Until the gods through heaven's blue look out!-O Tartarus! but some few days agone Her soft arms were entwining me, and on Her voice I hung like fruit among green leaves: Her lips were all my own, and—ah, ripe sheaves Of happiness! ye on the stubble droop, But never may be garner'd. I must stoop My head, and kiss death's foot. Love! love, farewell! Is there no hope from thee? This horrid spell Would melt at thy sweet breath.—By Dian's hind Feeding from her white fingers, on the wind I see thy streaming hair! and now, by Pan, I care not for this old mysterious man!'

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He spake, and walking to that aged form, Look'd high defiance. Lo! his heart 'gan warm With pity, for the grey-hair'd creature wept. Had he then wrong'd a heart where sorrow kept? Had he, though blindly contumelious, brought Rheum to kind eyes, a sting to humane thought, Convulsion to a mouth of many years? He had in truth; and he was ripe for tears. The penitent shower fell, as down he knelt Before that care-worn sage, who trembling felt About his large dark locks, and faultering spake:

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'Arise, good youth, for sacred Phobus' sake! I know thine inmost bosom, and I feel A very brother's yearning for thee steal Into mine own: for why? thou openest The prison gates that have so long opprest My weary watching. Though thou know'st it not, Thou art commission'd to this fated spot For great enfranchisement. O weep no more; I am a friend to love, to loves of yore: Aye, hadst thou never lov'd an unknown power,

I had been grieving at this joyous hour. But even now most miserable old, I saw thee, and my blood no longer cold Gave mighty pulses: in this tottering case Grew a new heart, which at this moment plays As dancingly as thine. Be not afraid, For thou shalt hear this secret all display'd, Now as we speed towards our joyous task.'

So saying, this young soul in age's mask Went forward with the Carian side by side: Resuming quickly thus: while ocean's tide Hung swollen at their backs, and jewel'd sands Took silently their foot-prints.

'My soul stands

Now past the midway from mortality, And so I can prepare without a sigh To tell thee briefly all my joy and pain. I was a fisher once, upon this main, And my boat danc'd in every creek and bay; Rough billows were my home by night and day,— The sea-gulls not more constant; for I had No housing from the storm and tempests mad. But hollow rocks,-and they were palaces Of silent happiness, of slumberous ease: Long years of misery have told me so. Ave, thus it was one thousand years ago. One thousand years!—Is it then possible To look so plainly through them? to dispel A thousand years with backward glance sublime? To breathe away as 'twere all scummy slime From off a crystal pool, to see its deep, And one's own image from the bottom peep? Yes: now I am no longer wretched thrall, My long captivity and moanings all Are but a slime, a thin-pervading scum, The which I breathe away, and thronging come Like things of yesterday my youthful pleasures.

'I touch'd no lute, I sang not, trod no measures: I was a lonely youth on desert shores. 310

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My sports were lonely, 'mid continuous roars, And craggy isles, and sea-mew's plaintive cry Plaining discrepant between sea and sky. Dolphins were still my playmates; shapes unseen Would let me feel their scales of gold and green, Nor be my desolation; and, full oft, When a dread waterspout had rear'd aloft Its hungry hugeness, seeming ready ripe To burst with hoarsest thunderings, and wipe My life away like a vast sponge of fate, Some friendly monster, pitying my sad state, Has dived to its foundations, gulph'd it down, And left me tossing safely. But the crown Of all my life was utmost quietude: More did I love to lie in cavern rude, Keeping in wait whole days for Neptune's voice. And if it came at last, hark, and rejoice! There blush'd no summer eve but I would steer My skiff along green shelving coasts, to hear The shepherd's pipe come clear from aery steep, Mingled with ceaseless bleatings of his sheep: And never was a day of summer shine, But I beheld its birth upon the brine: For I would watch all night to see unfold Heaven's gates, and Æthon snort his morning gold Wide o'er the swelling streams; and constantly At brim of day-tide, on some grassy lea, My nets would be spread out, and I at rest. The poor folk of the sea-country I blest With daily boon of fish most delicate: They knew not whence this bounty, and elate Would strew sweet flowers on a sterile beach.

'Why was I not contented? Wherefore reach At things which, but for thee, O Latmian! Had been my dreary death? Fool! I began To feel distemper'd longings: to desire The utmost privilege that ocean's sire Could grant in benediction: to be free Of all his kingdom. Long in misery I wasted, ere in one extremest fit

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I plung'd for life or death. To interknit One's senses with so dense a breathing stuff Might seem a work of pain; so not enough Can I admire how crystal-smooth it felt, And buoyant round my limbs. At first I dwelt Whole days and days in sheer astonishment; Forgetful utterly of self-intent: Moving but with the mighty ebb and flow. Then, like a new fledg'd bird that first doth show His spreaded feathers to the morrow chill, I tried in fear the pinions of my will. 'Twas freedom! and at once I visited The ceaseless wonders of this ocean-bed. No need to tell thee of them, for I see That thou hast been a witness—it must be— For these I know thou canst not feel a drouth. By the melancholy corners of that mouth. So I will in my story straightway pass To more immediate matter. Woe, alas! That love should be my bane! Ah, Scylla fair! Why did poor Glaucus ever—ever dare To sue thee to his heart? Kind stranger-youth! I lov'd her to the very white of truth, And she would not conceive it. Timid thing! She fled me swift as sea-bird on the wing, Round every isle, and point, and promontory, From where large Hercules wound up his story Far as Egyptian Nile. My passion grew The more, the more I saw her dainty hue Gleam delicately through the azure clear: Until 'twas too fierce agony to bear: And in that agony, across my grief It flash'd, that Circe might find some relief— Cruel enchantress! So above the water I rear'd my head, and look'd for Phœbus' daughter. Ææa's isle was wondering at the moon:— It seem'd to whirl around me, and a swoon Left me dead-drifting to that fatal power.

'When I awoke, 'twas in a twilight bower; Just when the light of morn, with hum of bees,

Stole through its verdurous matting of fresh trees. 420 How sweet, and sweeter! for I heard a lyre, And over it a sighing voice expire. It ceased—I caught light footsteps; and anon The fairest face that morn e'er look'd upon Push'd through a screen of roses. Starry Jove! With tears, and smiles, and honey-words she wove A net whose thraldom was more bliss than all The range of flower'd Elysium. Thus did fall The dew of her rich speech: "Ah! Art awake? "O let me hear thee speak, for Cupid's sake! 430 "I am so oppress'd with joy! Why, I have shed "An urn of tears, as though thou wert cold dead; "And now I find thee living, I will pour "From these devoted eyes their silver store, "Until exhausted of the latest drop, "So it will pleasure thee, and force thee stop "Here, that I too may live: but if beyond "Such cool and sorrowful offerings, thou art fond "Of soothing warmth, of dalliance supreme; "If thou art ripe to taste a long love dream; 440 "If smiles, if dimples, tongues for ardour mute, "Hang in thy vision like a tempting fruit, "O let me pluck it for thee." Thus she link'd Her charming syllables, till indistinct Their music came to my o'er-sweeten'd soul: And then she hover'd over me, and stole So near, that if no nearer it had been This furrow'd visage thou hadst never seen.

'Young man of Latmos! thus particular Am I, that thou may'st plainly see how far This fierce temptation went: and thou may'st not Exclaim, How then, was Scylla quite forgot?

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'Who could resist? Who in this universe? She did so breathe ambrosia; so immerse My fine existence in a golden clime. She took me like a child of suckling time, And cradled me in roses. Thus condemn'd, The current of my former life was stemm'd.

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And to this arbitrary queen of sense
I bow'd a tranced vassal: nor would thence
Have mov'd, even though Amphion's harp had woo'd
Me back to Scylla o'er the billows rude.
For as Apollo each eve doth devise
A new appareling for western skies;
So every eve, nay every spendthrift hour
Shed balmy consciousness within that bower.
And I was free of haunts umbrageous;
Could wander in the mazy forest-house
Of squirrels, foxes shy, and antler'd deer,
And birds from coverts innermost and drear
Warbling for very joy mellifluous sorrow—
To me new born delights!

'Now let me borrow,

For moments few, a temperament as stern As Pluto's sceptre, that my words not burn These uttering lips, while I in calm speech tell How specious heaven was changed to real hell.

'One morn she left me sleeping: half awake I sought for her smooth arms and lips, to slake My greedy thirst with nectarous camel-draughts; But she was gone. Whereat the barbed shafts Of disappointment stuck in me so sore. That out I ran and search'd the forest o'er. Wandering about in pine and cedar gloom Damp awe assail'd me; for there 'gan to boom A sound of moan, an agony of sound, Sepulchral from the distance all around. Then came a conquering earth-thunder, and rumbled That fierce complain to silence: while I stumbled Down a precipitous path, as if impell'd. I came to a dark valley.—Groanings swell'd Poisonous about my ears, and louder grew, The nearer I approach'd a flame's gaunt blue, That glar'd before me through a thorny brake. This fire, like the eye of gordian snake, Bewitch'd me towards; and I soon was near A sight too fearful for the feel of fear: In thicket hid I curs'd the haggard scene—

The banquet of my arms, my arbour queen, Seated upon an uptorn forest root: And all around her shapes, wizard and brute, Laughing, and wailing, groveling, serpenting, Showing tooth, tusk, and venom-bag, and sting! O such deformities! Old Charon's self. Should he give up awhile his penny pelf, And take a dream 'mong rushes Stygian, It could not be so phantasied. Fierce, wan, And tyrannizing was the lady's look, As over them a gnarled staff she shook. Oft-times upon the sudden she laugh'd out, And from a basket emptied to the rout Clusters of grapes, the which they raven'd quick And roar'd for more; with many a hungry lick About their shaggy jaws. Avenging, slow, Anon she took a branch of mistletoe, And emptied on't a black dull-gurgling phial: Groan'd one and all, as if some piercing trial Was sharpening for their pitiable bones. She lifted up the charm: appealing groans From their poor breasts went sueing to her ear In vain; remorseless as an infant's bier She whisk'd against their eyes the sooty oil. Whereat was heard a noise of painful toil, Increasing gradual to a tempest rage. Shrieks, yells, and groans of torture-pilgrimage; Until their grieved bodies 'gan to bloat And puff from the tail's end to stifled throat: Then was appalling silence: then a sight More wildering than all that hoarse affright: For the whole herd, as by a whirlwind writhen, Went through the dismal air like one huge Python Antagonizing Boreas.—and so vanish'd. Yet there was not a breath of wind: she banish'd These phantoms with a nod. Lo! from the dark Came waggish fauns, and nymphs, and satyrs stark, With dancing and loud revelry,—and went Swifter than centaurs after rapine bent.— Sighing an elephant appear'd and bow'd Before the fierce witch, speaking thus aloud

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In human accent: "Potent goddess! chief "Of pains resistless! make my being brief. 540 "Or let me from this heavy prison fly: "Or give me to the air, or let me die! "I sue not for my happy crown again; "I sue not for my phalanx on the plain; "I sue not for my lone, my widow'd wife; "I sue not for my ruddy drops of life, "My children fair, my lovely girls and boys! "I will forget them; I will pass these joys; "Ask nought so heavenward, so too—too high: "Only I pray, as fairest boon, to die, 550 "Or be deliver'd from this cumbrous flesh. "From this gross, detestable, filthy mesh, "And merely given to the cold bleak air. "Have mercy, Goddess! Circe, feel my prayer!"

'That curst magician's name fell icy numb Upon my wild conjecturing: truth had come Naked and sabre-like against my heart. I saw a fury whetting a death-dart; And my slain spirit, overwrought with fright, Fainted away in that dark lair of night. Think, my deliverer, how desolate My waking must have been! disgust, and hate, And terrors manifold divided me A spoil amongst them. I prepar'd to flee Into the dungeon core of that wild wood: I fled three days-when lo! before me stood Glaring the angry witch. O Dis, even now, A clammy dew is beading on my brow, At mere remembering her pale laugh, and curse. "Ha! ha! Sir Dainty! there must be a nurse "Made of rose leaves and thistledown, express, "To cradle thee my sweet, and lull thee: yes, "I am too flinty-hard for thy nice touch: "My tenderest squeeze is but a giant's clutch. "So, fairy-thing, it shall have lullabies "Unheard of yet: and it shall still its cries "Upon some breast more lilly-feminine. "Oh. no—it shall not pine, and pine, and pine

"More than one pretty, trifling thousand years; "And then 'twere pity, but fate's gentle shears 580 "Cut short its immortality. Sea-flirt! "Young dove of the waters! truly I'll not hurt "One hair of thine: see how I weep and sigh, "That our heart-broken parting is so nigh. "And must we part? Ah, yes, it must be so. "Yet ere thou leavest me in utter woe, "Let me sob over thee my last adieus, "And speak a blessing: Mark me! Thou hast thews "Immortal, for thou art of heavenly race: "But such a love is mine, that here I chace 590 "Eternally away from thee all bloom "Of vouth, and destine thee towards a tomb. "Hence shalt thou quickly to the watery vast; "And there, ere many days be overpast, "Disabled age shall seize thee; and even then "Thou shalt not go the way of aged men; "But live and wither, cripple and still breathe "Ten hundred years: which gone, I then bequeath "Thy fragile bones to unknown burial. "Adieu, swect love, adieu!"—As shot stars fall, 600 She fled ere I could groan for mercy. Stung And poison'd was my spirit: despair sung A war-song of defiance 'gainst all hell. A hand was at my shoulder to compel My sullen steps: another 'fore my eyes Moved on with pointed finger. In this guise Enforced, at the last by ocean's foam I found me; by my fresh, my native home. Its tempering coolness, to my life akin, Came salutary as I waded in; 610 And, with a blind voluptuous rage, I gave Battle to the swollen billow-ridge, and drave Large froth before me, while there yet remain'd Hale strength, nor from my bones all marrow drain'd.

'Young lover, I must weep—such hellish spite With dry cheek who can tell? While thus my might Proving upon this element, dismay'd, Upon a dead thing's face my hand I laid;

I look'd-'twas Scylla! Cursed, cursed Circe! O vulture-witch, hast never heard of mercy? Could not thy harshest vengeance be content, But thou must nip this tender innocent Because I lov'd her?—Cold, O cold indeed Were her fair limbs, and like a common weed The sea-swell took her hair. Dead as she was I clung about her waist, nor ceas'd to pass Fleet as an arrow through unfathom'd brine, Until there shone a fabric crystalline, Ribb'd and inlaid with coral, pebble, and pearl. Headlong I darted; at one eager swirl Gain'd its bright portal, enter'd, and behold! 'Twas vast, and desolate, and icy-cold; And all around—But wherefore this to thee Who in few minutes more thyself shalt see?— I left poor Scylla in a niche and fled. My fever'd parchings up, my scathing dread Met palsy half way: soon these limbs became Gaunt, wither'd, sapless, feeble, cramp'd, and lame.

'Now let me pass a cruel, cruel space, Without one hope, without one faintest trace Of mitigation, or redeeming bubble Of colour'd phantasy; for I fear 'twould trouble Thy brain to loss of reason: and next tell How a restoring chance came down to quell One half of the witch in me.

'On a day,

Sitting upon a rock above the spray,
I saw grow up from the horizon's brink
A gallant vessel: soon she seem'd to sink
Away from me again, as though her course
Had been resum'd in spite of hindering force—
So vanish'd: and not long, before arose
Dark clouds, and muttering of winds morose.
Old Æolus would stifle his mad spleen,
But could not: therefore all the billows green
Toss'd up the silver spume against the clouds.
The tempest came: I saw that vessel's shrouds

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In perilous bustle; while upon the deck Stood trembling creatures. I beheld the wreck; The final gulphing; the poor struggling souls: I heard their cries amid loud thunder-rolls. **660** O they had all been sav'd but crazed eld Annull'd my vigorous cravings: and thus quell'd And curb'd, think on't, O Latmian! did I sit Writhing with pity, and a cursing fit Against that hell-born Circe. The crew had gone, By one and one, to pale oblivion; And I was gazing on the surges prone. With many a scalding tear and many a groan, When at my feet emerg'd an old man's hand, Grasping this scroll, and this same slender wand. 670 I knelt with pain—reach'd out my hand—had grasp'd These treasures—touch'd the knuckles—they unclasp'd— I caught a finger: but the downward weight O'erpowered me—it sank. Then 'gan abate The storm, and through chill aguish gloom outburst The comfortable sun. I was athirst To search the book, and in the warming air Parted its dripping leaves with eager care. Strange matters did it treat of, and drew on My soul page after page, till well-nigh won 68a Into forgetfulness; when, stupefied, I read these words, and read again, and tried My eyes against the heavens, and read again. O what a load of misery and pain Each Atlas-line bore off!—a shine of hope Came gold around me, cheering me to cope Strenuous with hellish tyranny. Attend! For thou hast brought their promise to an end.

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'In the wide sea there lives a forlorn wretch, Doom'd with enfeebled carcase to outstretch His loath'd existence through ten centuries, And then to die alone. Who can devise A total opposition? No one. So One million times ocean must ebb and flow, And he oppressed. Yet he shall not die, These things accomplish'd:—If he utterly

Scans all the depths of magic, and expounds
The meanings of all motions, shapes and sounds;
If he explores all forms and substances
Straight homeward to their symbol-essences;
He shall not die. Moreover, and in chief,
He must pursue this task of joy and grief
Most piously;—all lovers tempest-tost,
And in the savage overwhelming lost,
He shall deposit side by side, until
Time's creeping shall the dreary space fulfil:
Which done, and all these labours ripened,
A youth, by heavenly power lov'd and led,
Shall stand before him; whom he shall direct
How to consummate all. The youth elect
Must do the thing, or both will be destroy'd.'—

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'Then,' cried the young Endymion, overjoy'd, 'We are twin brothers in this destiny! Say, I intreat thee, what achievement high Is, in this restless world, for me reserv'd. What! if from thee my wandering feet had swerv'd, Had we both perish'd?'—'Look!' the sage replied, 'Dost thou not mark a gleaming through the tide, Of diverse brilliances? 'tis the edifice I told thee of, where levely Scylla lies; And where I have enshrined piously All lovers, whom fell storms have doom'd to die Throughout my bondage.' Thus discoursing, on They went till unobscur'd the porches shone; Which hurryingly they gain'd, and enter'd straight. Sure never since king Neptune held his state Was seen such wonder underneath the stars. Turn to some level plain where haughty Mars Has legion'd all his battle; and behold How every soldier, with firm foot, doth hold His even breast: see, many steeled squares. And rigid ranks of iron—whence who dares One step? Imagine further, line by line, These warrior thousands on the field supine:— So in that crystal place, in silent rows, Poor lovers lay at rest from joys and woes.—

The stranger from the mountains, breathless, trac'd Such thousands of shut eyes in order plac'd; Such ranges of white feet, and patient lips All ruddy,—for here death no blossom nips. He mark'd their brows and foreheads; saw their hair Put sleekly on one side with nicest care; And each one's gentle wrists, with reverence, Put cross-wise to its heart.

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'Let us commence,' Whisper'd the guide, stuttering with joy, 'even now.' He spake, and, trembling like an aspen-bough, Began to tear his scroll in pieces small, Uttering the while some mumblings funeral. He tore it into pieces small as snow That drifts unfeather'd when bleak northerns blow; And having done it, took his dark blue cloak And bound it round Endymion: then struck His wand against the empty air times nine.-'What more there is to do, young man, is thine: But first a little patience: first undo This tangled thread, and wind it to a clue. Ah, gentle! 'tis as weak as spider's skein; And shouldst thou break it—What, is it done so clean? A power overshadows thee! O, brave! The spite of hell is tumbling to its grave. Here is a shell; 'tis pearly blank to me, Nor mark'd with any sign or charactery-Canst thou read aught? O read for pity's sake! Olympus! we are safe! Now, Carian, break

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'Twas done: and straight with sudden swell and fall Sweet music breath'd her soul away, and sigh'd A lullaby to silence.—'Youth! now strew These minced leaves on me, and passing through Those files of dead, scatter the same around, And thou wilt see the issue.'—'Mid the sound Of flutes and viols, ravishing his heart, Endymion from Glaucus stood apart, And scatter'd in his face some fragments light.

This wand against you lyre on the pedestal.'

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How lightning-swift the change! a youthful wight Smiling beneath a coral diadem. Out-sparkling sudden like an upturn'd gem, Appear'd, and, stepping to a beauteous corse, Kneel'd down beside it, and with tenderest force Press'd its cold hand, and wept,—and Scylla sigh'd! Endymion, with quick hand, the charm applied— The nymph arose: he left them to their joy, And onward went upon his high employ, Showering those powerful fragments on the dead. And, as he pass'd, each lifted up its head, As doth a flower at Apollo's touch. Death felt it to his inwards: 'twas too much: Death fell a weeping in his charnel-house. The Latmian persever'd along, and thus All were re-animated. There arose A noise of harmony, pulses and throes Of gladness in the air—while many, who Had died in mutual arms devout and true. Sprang to each other madly: and the rest Felt a high certainty of being blest. They gaz'd upon Endymion. Enchantment Grew drunken, and would have its head and bent. Delicious symphonies, like airy flowers, Budded, and swell'd, and, full-blown, shed full showers Of light, soft, unseen leaves of sounds divine. The two deliverers tasted a pure wine Of happiness, from fairy-press ooz'd out. Speechless they eyed each other, and about The fair assembly wander'd to and fro. Distracted with the richest overflow Of joy that ever pour'd from heaven.

----'Away!'

Shouted the new born god; 'Follow, and pay Our piety to Neptunus supreme!'—
Then Scylla, blushing sweetly from her dream, They led on first, bent to her meek surprise, Through portal columns of a giant size, Into the vaulted, boundless emerald.

Joyous all follow'd as the leader call'd,

Down marble steps; pouring as easily As hour-glass sand,—and fast, as you might see Swallows obeying the south summer's call, Or swans upon a gentle waterfall.

Thus went that beautiful multitude, nor far, Ere from among some rocks of glittering spar, Just within ken, they saw descending thick Another multitude. Whereat more quick Moved either host. On a wide sand they met, And of those numbers every eye was wet; For each their old love found. A murmuring rose, Like what was never heard in all the throes Of wind and waters: 'tis past human wit To tell; 'tis dizziness to think of it.

This mighty consummation made, the host Mov'd on for many a league; and gain'd, and lost Huge sea-marks; vanward swelling in array, And from the rear diminishing away,— Till a faint dawn surpris'd them. Glaucus cried. 'Behold! behold, the palace of his pride! God Neptune's palaces!' With noise increas'd, They shoulder'd on towards that brightening east. At every onward step proud domes arose In prospect,—diamond gleams, and golden glows Of amber 'gainst their faces levelling. Joyous, and many as the leaves in spring, Still onward; still the splendour gradual swell'd. Rich opal domes were seen, on high upheld By jasper pillars, letting through their shafts A blush of coral. Copious wonder-draughts Each gazer drank; and deeper drank more near. For what poor mortals fragment up, as mere As marble was there lavish, to the vast Of one fair palace, that far far surpass'd, Even for common bulk, those olden three, Memphis, and Babylon, and Nineveh.

As large, as bright, as colour'd as the bow Of Iris, when unfading it doth show

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Beyond a silvery shower, was the arch Through which this Paphian army took its march, Into the outer courts of Neptune's state: Whence could be seen, direct, a golden gate, To which the leaders sped; but not half raught Ere it burst open swift as fairy thought, And made those dazzled thousands veil their eyes Like callow eagles at the first sunrise. Soon with an eagle nativeness their gaze Ripe from hue-golden swoons took all the blaze, And then, behold! large Neptune on his throne Of emerald deep: yet not exalt alone; At his right hand stood winged Love, and on His left sat smiling Beauty's paragon.

Far as the mariner on highest mast Can see all round upon the calmed vast. So wide was Neptune's hall: and as the blue Doth vault the waters, so the waters drew Their doming curtains, high, magnificent, Aw'd from the throne aloof;—and when storm-rent Disclos'd the thunder-gloomings in Jove's air; But sooth'd as now, flash'd sudden everywhere, Noiseless, sub-marine cloudlets, glittering Death to a human eve: for there did spring From natural west, and east, and south, and north, A light as of four sunsets, blazing forth A gold-green zenith 'bove the Sea-God's head. Of lucid depth the floor, and far outspread As breezeless lake, on which the slim canoe Of feather'd Indian darts about, as through The delicatest air: air verily, But for the portraiture of clouds and sky: This palace floor breath-air,—but for the amaze Of deep-seen wonders motionless,—and blaze Of the dome pomp, reflected in extremes, Globing a golden sphere.

They stood in dreams Till Triton blew his horn. The palace rang; The Nereids danc'd; the Syrens faintly sang;

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And the great Sea-King bow'd his dripping head. Then Love took wing, and from his pinions shed On all the multitude a nectarous dew. The ooze-born Goddess beckoned and drew Fair Scylla and her guides to conference; And when they reach'd the throned eminence She kist the sea-nymph's cheek,---who sat her down A toying with the doves. Then,—'Mighty crown And sceptre of this kingdom!' Venus said, 'Thy vows were on a time to Nais paid: Behold!'-Two copious tear-drops instant fell From the God's large eyes: he smil'd delectable. And over Glaucus held his blessing hands.-'Endymion! Ah! still wandering in the bands Of love? Now this is cruel. Since the hour I met thee in earth's bosom, all my power Have I put forth to serve thee. What, not yet Escap'd from dull mortality's harsh net? A little patience, youth! 'twill not be long, Or I am skilless quite: an idle tongue, A humid eye, and steps luxurious, Where these are new and strange, are ominous. Ave. I have seen these signs in one of heaven. When others were all blind: and were I given To utter secrets, haply I might say Some pleasant words:—but Love will have his day. So wait awhile expectant. Pr'ythee soon, Even in the passing of thine honey-moon, Visit thou my Cythera: thou wilt find Cupid well-natured, my Adonis kind; And pray persuade with thee—Ah, I have done, All blisses be upon thee, my sweet son!'-Thus the fair goddess: While Endymion Knelt to receive those accents halcvon.

Meantime a glorious revelry began Before the Water-Monarch. Nectar ran In courteous fountains to all cups outreach'd; And plunder'd vines, teeming exhaustless, pleach'd New growth about each shell and pendent lyre; The which, in disentangling for their fire, Pull'd down fresh foliage and coverture
For dainty toying. Cupid, empire-sure,
Flutter'd and laugh'd, and oft-times through the throng
Made a delightful way. Then dance, and song,
And garlanding grew wild; and pleasure reign'd.
In harmless tendril they each other chain'd,
And strove who should be smother'd deepest in
Fresh crush of leaves.

O'tis a very sin For one so weak to venture his poor verse In such a place as this. O do not curse, High Muses! let him hurry to the ending.

All suddenly were silent. A soft blending Of dulcet instruments came charmingly; And then a hymn.

'King of the stormy sea! Brother of Jove, and co-inheritor Of elements! Eternally before Thee the waves awful bow. Fast, stubborn rock, At thy fear'd trident shrinking, doth unlock Its deep foundations, hissing into foam. All mountain-rivers, lost in the wide home Of thy capacious bosom, ever flow, Thou frownest, and old Æolus thy foe Skulks to his cavern, 'mid the gruff complaint Of all his rebels tempests. Dark clouds faint When, from thy diadem, a silver gleam Slants over blue dominion. Thy bright team Gulphs in the morning light, and scuds along To bring thee nearer to that golden song Apollo singeth, while his chariot Waits at the doors of heaven. Thou art not For scenes like this: an empire stern hast thou; And it hath furrow'd that large front: yet now, As newly come of heaven, dost thou sit To blend and interknit Subdued majesty with this glad time. O shell-borne King sublime!

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We lay our hearts before thee evermore— We sing, and we adore!

'Breathe softly, flutes;

Be tender of your strings, ye soothing lutes; Nor be the trumpet heard! O vain, O vain; Not flowers budding in an April rain, Nor breath of sleeping dove, nor river's flow,— No, nor the Æolian twang of Love's own bow, Can mingle music fit for the soft ear Of goddess Cytherea! Yet deign, white Queen of Beauty, thy fair eyes On our souls' sacrifice.

'Bright-winged Child!

Who has another care when thou hast smil'd? Unfortunates on earth, we see at last All death-shadows, and glooms that overcast Our spirits, fann'd away by thy light pinions. O sweetest essence sweetest of all minions! God of warm pulses, and dishevell'd hair, And panting bosoms bare! Dear unseen light in darkness! eclipser Of light in light! delicious poisoner! Thy venom'd goblet will we quaff until We fill—we fill!

And by thy Mother's lips——'

Was heard no more

For clamour, when the golden palace door Opened again, and from without, in shone A new magnificence. On oozy throne Smooth-moving came Oceanus the old, To take a latest glimpse at his sheep-fold, Before he went into his quiet cave To muse for ever—Then a lucid wave, Scoop'd from its trembling sisters of mid-sea, Afloat, and pillowing up the majesty Of Doris, and the Ægean seer, her spouse—Next, on a dolphin, clad in laurel boughs, Theban Amphion leaning on his lute: His fingers went across it—All were mute

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To gaze on Amphitrite, queen of pearls, And Thetis pearly too.—

The palace whirls Around giddy Endymion; seeing he Was there far strayed from mortality. He could not bear it—shut his eyes in vain; Imagination gave a dizzier pain.

'O I shall die! sweet Venus, be my stay! Where is my lovely mistress? Well-away! I die—I hear her voice—I feel my wing—'At Neptune's feet he sank. A sudden ring Of Nereids were about him, in kind strife To usher back his spirit into life: But still he slept. At last they interwove Their cradling arms, and purpos'd to convey Towards a crystal bower far away.

Lo! while slow carried through the pitying crowd, To his inward senses these words spake aloud; Written in star-light on the dark above: Dearest Endymion! my entire love! How have I dwelt in fear of fate: 'tis done—Immortal bliss for me too hast thou won. Arise then! for the hen-dove shall not hatch Her ready eggs, before I'll kissing snatch Thee into endless heaven. Awake! awake!

The youth at once arose: a placid lake Came quiet to his eyes; and forest green, Cooler than all the wonders he had seen, Lull'd with its simple song his fluttering breast. How happy once again in grassy nest!

BOOK IV

Muse of my native land! loftiest Muse! O first-born on the mountains! by the hues Of heaven on the spiritual air begot: Long didst thou sit alone in northern grot, While yet our England was a wolfish den; Before our forests heard the talk of men:

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Before the first of Druids was a child;— Long didst thou sit amid our regions wild Rapt in a deep prophetic solitude. There came an eastern voice of solemn mood:-10 Yet wast thou patient. Then sang forth the Nine. Apollo's garland:—yet didst thou divine Such home-bred glory, that they cry'd in vain, 'Come hither, Sister of the Island!' Plain Spake fair Ausonia; and once more she spake A higher summons:-still didst thou betake Thee to thy native hopes. O thou hast won A full accomplishment! The thing is done, Which undone, these our latter days had risen On barren souls. Great Muse, thou know'st what prison. Of flesh and bone, curbs, and confines, and frets Our spirit's wings: despondency besets Our pillows; and the fresh to-morrow morn Seems to give forth its light in very scorn Of our dull, uninspired, snail-paced lives. Long have I said, how happy he who shrives To thee! But then I thought on poets gone, And could not pray:—nor could I now—so on I move to the end in lowliness of heart.-

'Ah, woe is me! that I should fondly part From my dear native land! Ah, foolish maid! Glad was the hour, when, with thee, myriads bade Adieu to Ganges and their pleasant fields! To one so friendless the clear freshet yields A bitter coolness; the ripe grape is sour: Yet I would have, great gods! but one short hour Of native air—let me but die at home.'

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Endymion to heaven's airy dome Was offering up a hecatomb of vows, When these words reach'd him. Whereupon he bows His head through thorny-green entanglement Of underwood, and to the sound is bent, Anxious as hind towards her hidden fawn.

'Is no one near to help me? No fair dawn Of life from charitable voice? No sweet saying To set my dull and sadden'd spirit playing? No hand to toy with mine? No lips so sweet That I may worship them? No eyelids meet To twinkle on my bosom? No one dies Before me, till from these enslaving eyes Redemption sparkles!—I am sad and lost.'

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Thou, Carian lord, hadst better have been tost Into a whirlpool. Vanish into air, Warm mountaineer! for canst thou only bear A woman's sigh alone and in distress? See not her charms! Is Phœbe passionless? Phœbe is fairer far—O gaze no more:—Yet if thou wilt behold all beauty's store, Behold her panting in the forest grass! Do not those curls of glossy jet surpass For tenderness the arms so idly lain Amongst them? Feelest not a kindred pain, To see such lovely eyes in swimming search After some warm delight, that seems to perch Dovelike in the dim cell lying beyond Their upper lids?—Hist!

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## 'O for Hermes' wand,

To touch this flower into human shape! That woodland Hyacinthus could escape From his green prison, and here kneeling down Call me his queen, his second life's fair crown! Ah me, how I could love!—My soul doth melt For the unhappy youth—Love! I have felt So faint a kindness, such a meek surrender To what my own full thoughts had made too tender, That but for tears my life had fled away!— Ye deaf and senseless minutes of the day. And thou, old forest, hold ve this for true. There is no lightning, no authentic dew But in the eve of love: there's not a sound. Melodious howsoever, can confound The heavens and earth in one to such a death As doth the voice of love: there's not a breath Will mingle kindly with the meadow air.

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Till it has panted round, and stolen a share Of passion from the heart!'—

I feel my heart is cut for them in twain.'

Upon a bough

He leant, wretched. He surely cannot now
Thirst for another love: O impious,
That he can ever dream upon it thus!—
Thought he, 'Why am I not as are the dead,
Since to a woe like this I have been led
Through the dark earth, and through the wondrous sea?
Goddess! I love thee not the less: from thee
By Juno's smile I turn not—no, no, no—
While the great waters are at ebb and flow.—
I have a triple soul! O fond pretence—
For both, for both my love is so immense,

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And so he groan'd, as one by beauty slain. The lady's heart beat quick, and he could see Her gentle bosom heave tumultuously. He sprang from his green covert: there she lay, Sweet as a muskrose upon new-made hay; With all her limbs on tremble, and her eves Shut softly up alive. To speak he tries. 'Fair damsel, pity me! forgive that I Thus violate thy bower's sanctity! O pardon me, for I am full of grief-Grief born of thee, young angel! fairest thief! Who stolen hast away the wings wherewith I was to top the heavens. Dear maid, sith Thou art my executioner, and I feel Loving and hatred, misery and weal, Will in a few short hours be nothing to me, And all my story that much passion slew me; Do smile upon the evening of my days: And, for my tortur'd brain begins to craze, Be thou my nurse; and let me understand How dying I shall kiss that lilly hand.— Dost weep for me? Then should I be content. Scowl on, ye fates! until the firmament Outblackens Erebus, and the full-cavern'd earth Crumbles into itself. By the cloud girth

Of Jove, those tears have given me a thirst To meet oblivion.'—As her heart would burst The maiden sobb'd awhile, and then replied: 'Why must such desolation betide As that thou speak'st of? Are not these green nooks Empty of all misfortune? Do the brooks Utter a gorgon voice? Does yonder thrush, Schooling its half-fledg'd little ones to brush 130 About the dewy forest, whisper tales?— Speak not of grief, young stranger, or cold snails Will slime the rose to night. Though if thou wilt, Methinks 'twould be a guilt—a very guilt— Not to companion thee, and sigh away The light—the dusk—the dark—till break of day!' 'Dear lady,' said Endymion, "tis past: I love thee! and my days can never last. That I may pass in patience still speak: Let me have music dying, and I seek 140 No more delight—I bid adieu to all. Didst thou not after other climates call, And murmur about Indian streams?'—Then she. Sitting beneath the midmost forest tree, For pity sang this roundelay—

'O Sorrow,
Why dost borrow
The natural hue of health, from vermeil lips?—
To give maiden blushes
To the white rose bushes?
Or is't thy dewy hand the daisy tips?

To the white rose bushes? 150 thy dewy hand the daisy tips?

Why dost borrow
The lustrous passion from a falcon-eye?—
To give the glow-worm light?
Or, on a moonless night,
To tinge, on syren shores, the salt sea-spry?

'O Sorrow,
Why dost borrow
The mellow ditties from a mourning tongue?—

To give at evening pale
Unto the nightingale,
That thou mayst listen the cold dews among?

'O Sorrow,

Why dost borrow

Heart's lightness from the merriment of May?—

A lover would not tread

A cowslip on the head.

Though he should dance from eve till peep of day-

Nor any drooping flower

Held sacred for thy bower,

Wherever he may sport himself and play.

'To Sorrow.

I bade good-morrow,

And thought to leave her far away behind;

But cheerly, cheerly,

She loves me dearly; She is so constant to me, and so kind:

I would deceive her

And so leave her,

But ah! she is so constant and so kind.

'Beneath my palm trees, by the river side,

I sat a weeping: in the whole world wide There was no one to ask me why I wept,—

And so I kept

Brimming the water-lilly cups with tears

Cold as my fears.

'Beneath my palm trees, by the river side, I sat a weeping: what enamour'd bride, Cheated by shadowy wooer from the clouds,

But hides and shrouds

Beneath dark palm trees by a river side?

'And as I sat, over the light blue hills
There came a noise of revellers: the rills
Into the wide stream came of purple hue—

'Twas Bacchus and his crew! The earnest trumpet spake, and silver thrills 170

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From kissing cymbals made a merry din-'Twas Bacchus and his kin! Like to a moving vintage down they came. Crown'd with green leaves, and faces all on flame; All madly dancing through the pleasant valley,

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To scare thee, Melancholy! O then, O then, thou wast a simple name! And I forgot thee, as the berried holly By shepherds is forgotten, when, in June, Tall chesnuts keep away the sun and moon:-

I rush'd into the folly!

'Within his car, aloft, young Bacchus stood, Trifling his ivy-dart, in dancing mood, With sidelong laughing; And little rills of crimson wine imbrued His plump white arms, and shoulders, enough white For Venus' pearly bite:

And near him rode Silenus on his ass. Pelted with flowers as he on did pass Tipsily quaffing.

'Whence came ye, merry Damsels! whence came ye! So many, and so many, and such glee? Why have ye left your bowers desolate, Your lutes and gentler fate?—

"We follow Bacchus! Bacchus on the wing, A conquering!

Bacchus, young Bacchus! good or ill betide, We dance before him thorough kingdoms wide:-Come hither, lady fair, and joined be To our wild minstrelsy!"

'Whence came ye, jolly Satyrs! whence came ye! So many, and so many, and such glee? Why have ye left your forest haunts, why left

Your nuts in oak-tree cleft?-"For wine, for wine we left our kernel tree; For wine we left our heath, and vellow brooms, And cold mushrooms:

For wine we follow Bacchus through the earth;

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Great God of breathless cups and chirping mirth!— Come hither, lady fair, and joined be To our mad minstrelsy!"

'Over wide streams and mountains great we went, And, save when Bacchus kept his ivy tent, Onward the tiger and the leopard pants, With Asian elephants:

Onward these myriads—with song and dance, With zebras striped, and sleek Arabians' prance, Web-footed alligators, crocodiles, Bearing upon their scaly backs, in files, Plump infant laughers mimicking the coil Of seamen, and stout galley-rowers' toil: With toying oars and silken sails they glide,

Nor care for wind and tide.

'Mounted on panthers' furs and lions' manes, From rear to van they scour about the plains: A three days' journey in a moment done: And always, at the rising of the sun. About the wilds they hunt with spear and horn, On spleenful unicorn.

'I saw Osirian Egypt kneel adown Before the vine-wreath crown! I saw parch'd Abyssinia rouse and sing To the silver cymbals' ring! I saw the whelming vintage hotly pierce Old Tartary the fierce! The kings of Inde their jewel-sceptres vail, And from their treasures scatter pearled hail: Great Brahma from his mystic heaven groans, And all his priesthood moans: Before young Bacchus' eye-wink turning pale.— Into these regions came I following him, Sick hearted, weary—so I took a whim To stray away into these forests drear Alone, without a peer:

And I have told thee all thou mayest hear.

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'Young stranger! I've been a ranger

In search of pleasure throughout every clime:

Alas, 'tis not for me!

Bewitch'd I sure must be,

To lose in grieving all my maiden prime.

'Come then, Sorrow!

Sweetest Sorrow!

Like an own babe I nurse thee on my breast:

I thought to leave thee And deceive thee.

But now of all the world I love thee best.

'There is not one.

No, no, not one

But thee to comfort a poor lonely maid;

Thou art her mother,

And her brother.

Her playmate, and her wooer in the shade."

O what a sigh she gave in finishing,

And look, quite dead to every worldly thing! Endymion could not speak, but gazed on her; And listened to the wind that now did stir

About the crisped oaks full drearily,

Yet with as sweet a softness as might be Remember'd from its velvet summer song.

At last he said: 'Poor lady, how thus long

Have I been able to endure that voice?

Fair Melody! kind Syren! I've no choice: I must be thy sad servant evermore:

I cannot choose but kneel here and adore.

Alas, I must not think—by Phœbe, no!

Let me not think, soft Angel! shall it be so?

Say, beautifullest, shall I never think? O thou could'st foster me beyond the brink

Of recollection! make my watchful care

Close up its bloodshot eyes, nor see despair!

Do gently murder half my soul, and I Shall feel the other half so utterly!—

I'm giddy at that cheek so fair and smooth;

O let it blush so ever! let it soothe

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My madness! let it mantle rosy-warm With the tinge of love, panting in safe alarm.— This cannot be thy hand, and yet it is: And this is sure thine other softling—this Thine own fair bosom, and I am so near! Wilt fall asleep? O let me sip that tear! And whisper one sweet word that I may know This is this world—sweet dewy blossom!'—Woel 320 Woe! Woe to that Endymion! Where is he?-Even these words went echoing dismally Through the wide forest—a most fearful tone, Like one repenting in his latest moan; And while it died away a shade pass'd by. As of a thunder cloud. When arrows fly Through the thick branches, poor ring-doves sleek forth Their timid necks and tremble: so these both Leant to each other trembling, and sat so Waiting for some destruction—when lo, 330 Foot-feather'd Mercury appear'd sublime Beyond the tall tree tops; and in less time Than shoots the slanted hail-storm, down he dropt Towards the ground; but rested not, nor stopt One moment from his home: only the sward He with his wand light touch'd, and heavenward Swifter than sight was gone—even before The teeming earth a sudden witness bore Of his swift magic. Diving swans appear Above the crystal circlings white and clear; 340 And catch the cheated eve in wide surprise, How they can dive in sight and unseen rise-So from the turf outsprang two steeds jet-black. Each with large dark blue wings upon his back. The youth of Caria plac'd the lovely dame On one, and felt himself in spleen to tame The other's fierceness. Through the air they flew. High as the eagles. Like two drops of dew Exhal'd to Phœbus' lips, away they are gone, Far from the earth away—unseen, alone, 350 Among cool clouds and winds, but that the free, The buoyant life of song can floating be Above their heads, and follow them untir'd.—

Muse of my native land, am I inspir'd?
This is the giddy air, and I must spread
Wide pinions to keep here; nor do I dread
Or height, or depth, or width, or any chance
Precipitous: I have beneath my glance
Those towering horses and their mournful freight.
Could I thus sail, and see, and thus await
Fearless for power of thought, without thine aid?—

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There is a sleepy dusk, an odorous shade From some approaching wonder, and behold Those winged steeds, with snorting nostrils bold Snuff at its faint extreme, and seem to tire, Dying to embers from their native fire!

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There curl'd a purple mist around them; soon, It seem'd as when around the pale new moon Sad Zephyr droops the clouds like weeping willow: 'Twas Sleep slow journeying with head on pillow. For the first time, since he came nigh dead born From the old womb of night, his cave forlorn Had he left more forlorn; for the first time, He felt aloof the day and morning's prime— Because into his depth Cimmerian There came a dream, showing how a young man, Ere a lean bat could plump its wintery skin, Would at high Jove's empyreal footstool win An immortality, and how espouse Jove's daughter, and be reckon'd of his house. Now was he slumbering towards heaven's gate, That he might at the threshold one hour wait To hear the marriage melodies, and then Sink downward to his dusky cave again. His litter of smooth semilucent mist. Diversely ting'd with rose and amethyst, Puzzled those eyes that for the centre sought; And scarcely for one moment could be caught His sluggish form reposing motionless. Those two on winged steeds, with all the stress Of vision search'd for him, as one would look Athwart the sallows of a river nook

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To catch a glance at silver-throated eels,— Or from old Skiddaw's top, when fog conceals His rugged forehead in a mantle pale, With an eye-guess towards some pleasant vale Descry a favourite hamlet faint and far.

These raven horses, though they foster'd are Of earth's splenetic fire, dully drop Their full-vein'd ears, nostrils blood wide, and stop; 400 Upon the spiritless mist have they outspread Their ample feathers, are in slumber dead,— And on those pinions, level in mid air. Endymion sleepeth and the lady fair. Slowly they sail, slowly as icy isle Upon a calm sea drifting: and meanwhile The mournful wanderer dreams. Behold! he walks On heaven's pavement: brotherly he talks To divine powers: from his hand full fain Juno's proud birds are pecking pearly grain: 410 He tries the nerve of Phœbus' golden bow, And asketh where the golden apples grow: Upon his arm he braces Pallas' shield, And strives in vain to unsettle and wield A Jovian thunderbolt: arch Hebe brings A full-brimm'd goblet, dances lightly, sings And tantalizes long; at last he drinks, And lost in pleasure at her feet he sinks, Touching with dazzled lips her starlight hand. He blows a bugle,—an ethereal band 420 Are visible above: the Seasons four.— Green-kyrtled Spring, flush Summer, golden store In Autumn's sickle, Winter frosty hoar, Join dance with shadowy Hours; while still the blast In swells unmitigated, still doth last To sway their floating morris. 'Whose is this? Whose bugle?' he inquires: they smile—'O Dis! Why is this mortal here? Dost thou not know Its mistress' lips? Not thou?—'Tis Dian's: lo! She rises crescented!' He looks, 'tis she. 430 His very goddess: good-bye earth, and sea. And air, and pains, and care, and suffering;

Good-bye to all but love! Then doth he spring Towards her, and awakes—and, strange, o'erhead, Of those same fragrant exhalations bred. Beheld awake his very dream: the gods Stood smiling; merry Hebe laughs and nods; And Phoebe bends towards him crescented. O state perplexing! On the pinion bed, Too well awake, he feels the panting side Of his delicious lady. He who died For soaring too audacious in the sun, When that same treacherous wax began to run, Felt not more tongue-tied than Endymion. His heart leapt up as to its rightful throne, To that fair shadow'd passion puls'd its way— Ah, what perplexity! Ah, well a day! So fond, so beauteous was his bed-fellow, He could not help but kiss her: then he grew Awhile forgetful of all beauty save 450 Young Phœbe's, golden hair'd; and so 'gan crave Forgiveness: yet he turn'd once more to look At the sweet sleeper,—all his soul was shook,— She press'd his hand in slumber; so once more He could not help but kiss her and adore. At this the shadow wept, melting away. The Latmian started up: 'Bright goddess, stay! Search my most hidden breast! By truth's own tongue. I have no dædale heart: why is it wrung To desperation? Is there nought for me, 460 Upon the bourne of bliss, but misery?'

These words awoke the stranger of dark tresses: Her dawning love-look rapt Endymion blesses With 'haviour soft. Sleep yawn'd from underneath. 'Thou swan of Ganges, let us no more breathe This murky phantasm! thou contented seem'st Pillow'd in lovely idleness, nor dream'st What horrors may discomfort thee and me. Ah, shouldst thou die from my heart-treachery!—Yet did she merely weep—her gentle soul Hath no revenge in it: as it is whole In tenderness, would I were whole in love!

Can I prize thee, fair maid, all price above, Even when I feel as true as innocence? I do, I do.—What is this soul then? Whence Came it? It does not seem my own, and I Have no self-passion or identity. Some fearful end must be: where, where is it? By Nemesis, I see my spirit flit Alone about the dark—Forgive me, sweet: Shall we away?' He rous'd the steeds: they beat Their wings chivalrous into the clear air, Leaving old Sleep within his vapoury lair.

480

The good-night blush of eve was waning slow, And Vesper, risen star, began to throe In the dusk heavens silverly, when they Thus sprang direct towards the Galaxy. Nor did speed hinder converse soft and strange—Eternal oaths and vows they interchange, In such wise, in such temper, so aloof Up in the winds, beneath a starry roof, So witless of their doom, that verily 'Tis well nigh past man's search their hearts to see; Whether they wept, or laugh'd, or griev'd, or toy'd—Most like with joy gone mad, with sorrow cloy'd.

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Full facing their swift flight, from ebon streak, The moon put forth a little diamond peak, No bigger than an unobserved star. Or tiny point of fairy scymetar; Bright signal that she only stoop'd to tie Her silver sandals, ere deliciously She bow'd into the heavens her timid head. Slowly she rose, as though she would have fled, While to his lady meek the Carian turn'd, To mark if her dark eyes had yet discern'd This beauty in its birth—Despair! despair! He saw her body fading gaunt and spare In the cold moonshine. Straight he seiz'd her wrist; It melted from his grasp: her hand he kiss'd, And, horror! kiss'd his own—he was alone. Her steed a little higher soar'd, and then Dropt hawkwise to the earth.

There lies a den.

Beyond the seeming confines of the space Made for the soul to wander in and trace Its own existence, of remotest glooms. Dark regions are around it, where the tombs Of buried griefs the spirit sees, but scarce One hour doth linger weeping, for the pierce Of new-born woe it feels more inly smart: And in these regions many a venom'd dart At random flies; they are the proper home Of every ill: the man is yet to come Who hath not journeyed in this native hell. But few have ever felt how calm and well Sleep may be had in that deep den of all. There anguish does not sting; nor pleasure pall: Woe-hurricanes beat ever at the gate. Yet all is still within and desolate. Beset with plainful gusts, within ve hear No sound so loud as when on curtain'd bier The death-watch tick is stifled. Enter none Who strive therefore: on the sudden it is won. Just when the sufferer begins to burn, Then it is free to him; and from an urn, Still fed by melting ice, he takes a draught-Young Semele such richness never quaft In her maternal longing! Happy gloom! Dark Paradise! where pale becomes the bloom Of health by due; where silence dreariest Is most articulate; where hopes infest; Where those eyes are the brightest far that keep Their lids shut longest in a dreamless sleep. O happy spirit-home! O wondrous soul! Pregnant with such a den to save the whole In thine own depth. Hail, gentle Carian! For, never since thy griefs and woes began, Hast thou felt so content: a grievous feud Hath led thee to this Cave of Quietude. Aye, his lull'd soul was there, although upborne With dangerous speed: and so he did not mourn Because he knew not whither he was going. So happy was he, not the aerial blowing

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Of trumpets at clear parley from the east Could rouse from that fine relish, that high feast. They stung the feather'd horse: with fierce alarm He flapp'd towards the sound. Alas, no charm Could lift Endymion's head, or he had view'd A skyey mask, a pinion'd multitude,—
And silvery was its passing: voices sweet Warbling the while as if to lull and greet The wanderer in his path. Thus warbled they, While past the vision went in bright array.

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'Who, who from Dian's feast would be away? For all the golden bowers of the day Are empty left? Who, who away would be From Cynthia's wedding and festivity? Not Hesperus: lo! upon his silver wings He leans away for highest heaven and sings, Snapping his lucid fingers merrily!—Ah, Zephyrus! art here, and Flora too! Ye tender bibbers of the rain and dew, Young playmates of the rose and daffodil, Be careful, ere ye enter in, to fill

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Your baskets high
With fennel green, and balm, and golden pines,
Savory, latter-mint, and columbines,
Cool parsley, basil sweet, and sunny thyme;
Yea, every flower and leaf of every clime,
All gather'd in the dewy morning: hie

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Away! fly, fly!—
Crystalline brother of the belt of heaven,
Aquarius! to whom king Jove has given
Two liquid pulse streams 'stead of feather'd wings,
Two fan-like fountains,—thine illuminings

For Dian play:

Dissolve the frozen purity of air; Let thy white shoulders silvery and bare Show cold through water pinions; make more bright The Star-Queen's crescent on her marriage night:

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Haste, haste away!— Castor has tamed the planet Lion, see! And of the Bear has Pollux mastery:

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A third is in the race! who is the third Speeding away swift as the eagle bird?

The ramping Centaur!

The Lion's mane's on end: the Bear how fierce! The Centaur's arrow ready seems to pierce Some enemy: far forth his bow is bent Into the blue of heaven. He'll be shent,

Pale unrelentor.

When he shall hear the wedding lutes a playing.—Andromeda! sweet woman! why delaying

So timidly among the stars: come hither!

Join this bright throng, and nimbly follow whither

They all are going.

Danae's Son, before Jove newly bow'd, Has wept for thee, calling to Jove aloud. Thee, gentle lady, did he disenthral:

Ye shall for ever live and love, for all

Thy tears are flowing.—
By Daphne's fright, behold Apollo!—'

More

Endymion heard not: down his steed him bore, Prone to the green head of a misty hill.

His first touch of the earth went nigh to kill. 'Alas!' said he, 'were I but always borne Through dangerous winds, had but my footsteps worn A path in hell, for ever would I bless Horrors which nourish an uneasiness For my own sullen conquering: to him Who lives beyond earth's boundary, grief is dim, Sorrow is but a shadow: now I see The grass; I feel the solid ground—Ah, me! It is thy voice—divinest! Where?—who? who Left thee so quiet on this bed of dew? Behold upon this happy earth we are; Let us ave love each other; let us fare On forest-fruits, and never, never go Among the abodes of mortals here below, Or be by phantoms duped. O destiny! Into a labyrinth now my soul would fly, But with thy beauty will I deaden it.

Where didst thou melt to? By thee will I sit For ever: let our fate stop here—a kid I on this spot will offer: Pan will bid Us live in peace, in love and peace among His forest wildernesses. I have clung To nothing, lov'd a nothing, nothing seen Or felt but a great dream! O I have been Presumptuous against love, against the sky, Against all elements, against the tie 640 Of mortals each to each, against the blooms Of flowers, rush of rivers, and the tombs Of heroes gone! Against his proper glory Has my own soul conspired: so my story Will I to children utter, and repent. There never liv'd a mortal man, who bent His appetite beyond his natural sphere, But stary'd and died. My sweetest Indian, here, Here will I kneel, for thou redeemed hast My life from too thin breathing: gone and past 650 Are cloudy phantasms. Caverns lone, farewell! And air of visions, and the monstrous swell Of visionary seas! No, never more Shall airy voices cheat me to the shore Of tangled wonder, breathless and aghast. Adieu, my daintiest Dream! although so vast My love is still for thee. The hour may come When we shall meet in pure elvsium. On earth I may not love thee; and therefore Doves will I offer up, and sweetest store **660** All through the teeming year: so thou wilt shine On me, and on this damsel fair of mine, And bless our silver lives. My Indian bliss! My river-lilly bud! one human kiss! One sigh of real breath—one gentle squeeze. Warm as a dove's nest among summer trees, And warm with dew at ooze from living blood! Whither didst melt? Ah, what of that!—all good We'll talk about—no more of dreaming.—Now, Where shall our dwelling be? Under the brow 670 Of some steep mossy hill, where ivy dun Would hide us up, although spring leaves were none:

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And where dark yew trees, as we rustle through, Will drop their scarlet berry cups of dew? O thou wouldst joy to live in such a place; Dusk for our loves, yet light enough to grace Those gentle limbs on mossy bed reclin'd: For by one step the blue sky shouldst thou find, And by another, in deep dell below, See, through the trees, a little river go All in its mid-day gold and glimmering. Honey from out the gnarled hive I'll bring, And apples, wan with sweetness, gather thee,-Cresses that grow where no man may them see. And sorrel untorn by the dew-claw'd stag: Pipes will I fashion of the syrinx flag, That thou mayst always know whither I roam, When it shall please thee in our quiet home To listen and think of love. Still let me speak; Still let me dive into the joy I seek,— For yet the past doth prison me. The rill, Thou haply mayst delight in, will I fill With fairy fishes from the mountain tarn. And thou shalt feed them from the squirrel's barn. Its bottom will I strew with amber shells. And pebbles blue from deep enchanted wells. Its sides I'll plant with dew-sweet eglantine. And honeysuckles full of clear bee-wine. I will entice this crystal rill to trace Love's silver name upon the meadow's face. I'll kneel to Vesta, for a flame of fire; And to god Phœbus, for a golden lyre; To Empress Dian, for a hunting spear: To Vesper, for a taper silver-clear, That I may see thy beauty through the night: To Flora, and a nightingale shall light Tame on thy finger; to the River-gods. And they shall bring thee taper fishing-rods Of gold, and lines of Naiads' long bright tress. Heaven shield thee for thine utter loveliness! Thy mossy footstool shall the altar be 'Fore which I'll bend, bending, dear love, to thee: Those lips shall be my Delphos, and shall speak

Laws to my footsteps, colour to my cheek,
Trembling or stedfastness to this same voice,
And of three sweetest pleasurings the choice:
And that affectionate light, those diamond things,
Those eyes, those passions, those supreme pearl springs,
Shall be my grief, or twinkle me to pleasure.
Say, is not bliss within our perfect seisure?
O that I could not doubt!

The mountaineer

Thus strove by fancies vain and crude to clear His briar'd path to some tranquillity. It gave bright gladness to his lady's eye, And yet the tears she wept were tears of sorrow; Answering thus, just as the golden morrow Beam'd upward from the vallies of the east: 'O that the flutter of this heart had ceas'd. Or the sweet name of love had pass'd away. Young feather'd tyrant! by a swift decay Wilt thou devote this body to the earth: And I do think that at my very birth I lisp'd thy blooming titles inwardly; For at the first, first dawn and thought of thee. With uplift hands I blest the stars of heaven. Art thou not cruel? Ever have I striven To think thee kind, but ah, it will not do! When yet a child, I heard that kisses drew Favour from thee, and so I kisses gave To the void air, bidding them find out love: But when I came to feel how far above All fancy, pride, and fickle maidenhood, All earthly pleasure, all imagin'd good, Was the warm tremble of a devout kiss.— Even then, that moment, at the thought of this, Fainting I fell into a bed of flowers. And languish'd there three days. Ye milder powers. Am I not cruelly wrong'd? Believe, believe Me, dear Endymion, were I to weave With my own fancies garlands of sweet life,

Thou shouldst be one of all. Ah, bitter strife! I may not be thy love: I am forbidden—Indeed I am—thwarted, affrighted, chidden,

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By things I trembled at, and gorgon wrath. Twice hast thou ask'd whither I went: henceforth Ask me no more! I may not utter it, Nor may I be thy love. We might commit Ourselves at once to vengeance; we might die; We might embrace and die: voluptuous thought! Enlarge not to my hunger, or I'm caught In trammels of perverse deliciousness. No, no, that shall not be: thee will I bless, And bid a long adieu.'

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# The Carian

No word return'd: both lovelorn, silent, wan, Into the vallies green together went. Far wandering, they were perforce content To sit beneath a fair lone beechen tree; Nor at each other gaz'd, but heavily Por'd on its hazle cirque of shedded leaves.

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Endymion! unhappy! it nigh grieves
Me to behold thee thus in last extreme:
Ensky'd ere this, but truly that I deem
Truth the best music in a first-born song.
Thy lute-voic'd brother will I sing ere long,
And thou shalt aid—hast thou not aided me?
Yes, moonlight Emperor! felicity
Has been thy meed for many thousand years;
Yet often have I, on the brink of tears,
Mourn'd as if yet thou wert a forester;—
Forgetting the old tale.

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He did not stir
His eyes from the dead leaves, or one small pulse
Of joy he might have felt. The spirit culls
Unfaded amaranth, when wild it strays
Through the old garden-ground of boyish days.
A little onward ran the very stream
By which he took his first soft poppy dream;
And on the very bark 'gainst which he leant
A crescent he had carv'd, and round it spent
His skill in little stars. The teeming tree
Had swollen and green'd the pious charactery.

But not ta'en out. Why, there was not a slope Up which he had not fear'd the antelope; And not a tree, beneath whose rooty shade He had not with his tamed leopards play'd: Nor could an arrow light, or javelin, Fly in the air where his had never been—And yet he knew it not.

O treachery!

Why does his lady smile, pleasing her eye With all his sorrowing? He sees her not. But who so stares on him? His sister sure! Peona of the woods!—Can she endure—Impossible—how dearly they embrace! His lady smiles; delight is in her face; It is no treachery.

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'Dear brother mine! Endymion, weep not so! Why shouldst thou pine When all great Latmos so exalt will be? Thank the great gods, and look not bitterly: And speak not one pale word, and sigh no more. Sure I will not believe thou hast such store Of grief, to last thee to my kiss again. Thou surely canst not bear a mind in pain. Come hand in hand with one so beautiful. Be happy both of you! for I will pull The flowers of autumn for your coronals. Pan's holy priest for young Endymion calls; And when he is restor'd, thou, fairest dame, Shalt be our queen. Now, is it not a shame To see ye thus,—not very, very sad? Perhaps ye are too happy to be glad: O feel as if it were a common day; Free-voic'd as one who never was away. No tongue shall ask, whence come ye? but ye shall Be gods of your own rest imperial. Not even I, for one whole month, will pry Into the hours that have pass'd us by. Since in my arbour I did sing to thee.

O Hermes! on this very night will be

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A hymning up to Cynthia, queen of light; For the soothsavers old saw vesternight Good visions in the air.—whence will befal. 830 As say these sages, health perpetual To shepherds and their flocks; and furthermore, In Dian's face they read the gentle lore: Therefore for her these vesper-carols are. Our friends will all be there from nigh and far. Many upon thy death have ditties made; And many, even now, their foreheads shade With cypress, on a day of sacrifice. New singing for our maids shalt thou devise. And pluck the sorrow from our huntsmen's brows. 840 Tell me, my lady-queen, how to espouse This wayward brother to his rightful joys! His eyes are on thee bent, as thou didst poize His fate most goddess-like. Help me, I pray, To lure—Endymion, dear brother, say What ails thee?' He could bear no more, and so Bent his soul fiercely like a spiritual bow, And twang'd it inwardly, and calmly said: 'I would have thee my only friend, sweet maid! My only visitor! not ignorant though, 850 That those deceptions which for pleasure go 'Mong men, are pleasures real as real may be: But there are higher ones I may not see. If impiously an earthly realm I take. Since I saw thee, I have been wide awake Night after night, and day by day, until Of the empyrean I have drunk my fill. Let it content thee, Sister, seeing me More happy than betides mortality. A hermit young, I'll live in mossy cave, 86o Where thou alone shalt come to me, and lave Thy spirit in the wonders I shall tell. Through me the shepherd realm shall prosper well: For to thy tongue will I all health confide. And, for my sake, let this young maid abide With thee as a dear sister. Thou alone, Peona, mayst return to me. I own This may sound strangely: but when, dearest girl,

Thou seest it for my happiness, no pearl Will trespass down those cheeks. Companion fair! 870 Wilt be content to dwell with her, to share This sister's love with me?' Like one resign'd And bent by circumstance, and thereby blind In self-commitment, thus that meek unknown: 'Aye, but a buzzing by my ears has flown, Of jubilee to Dian:-truth I heard? Well then. I see there is no little bird. Tender soever, but is Jove's own care, Long have I sought for rest, and, unaware, Behold I find it! so exalted too! 880 So after my own heart! I knew, I knew There was a place untenanted in it: In that same void white Chastity shall sit. And monitor me nightly to lone slumber. With sanest lips I vow me to the number Of Dian's sisterhood; and, kind lady, With thy good help, this very night shall see My future days to her fane consecrate.'

As feels a dreamer what doth most create His own particular fright, so these three felt: Or like one who, in after ages, knelt To Lucifer or Baal, when he'd pine After a little sleep: or when in mine Far under-ground, a sleeper meets his friends Who know him not. Each diligently bends Towards common thoughts and things for very fear; Striving their ghastly malady to cheer, By thinking it a thing of yes and no. That housewives talk of. But the spirit-blow Was struck, and all were dreamers. At the last Endymion said: 'Are not our fates all cast? Why stand we here? Adieu, ye tender pair! Adieu!' Whereat those maidens, with wild stare, Walk'd dizzily away. Pained and hot His eyes went after them, until they got Near to a cypress grove, whose deadly maw, In one swift moment, would what then he saw Engulph for ever. 'Stay!' he cried, 'ah, stay!

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Turn, damsels! hist! one word I have to say. Sweet Indian, I would see thee once again. It is a thing I dote on: so I'd fain, Peona, ye should hand in hand repair Into those holy groves, that silent are Behind great Dian's temple. I'll be yon, At vesper's earliest twinkle-they are gone-But once, once again—' At this he press'd His hands against his face, and then did rest His head upon a mossy hillock green, And so remain'd as he a corpse had been All the long day; save when he scantly lifted His eyes abroad, to see how shadows shifted With the slow move of time,—sluggish and weary Until the poplar tops, in journey dreary, Had reach'd the river's brim. Then up he rose, And, slowly as that very river flows, Walk'd towards the temple grove with this lament: 'Why such a golden eve? The breeze is sent Careful and soft, that not a leaf may fall Before the serene father of them all Bows down his summer head below the west. Now am I of breath, speech, and speed possest, But at the setting I must bid adieu To her for the last time. Night will strew On the damp grass myriads of lingering leaves, And with them shall I die; nor much it grieves To die, when summer dies on the cold sward. Why, I have been a butterfly, a lord Of flowers, garlands, love-knots, silly posies, Groves, meadows, melodies, and arbour roses: My kingdom's at its death, and just it is That I should die with it: so in all this We miscall grief, bale, sorrow, heartbreak, woe, What is there to plain of? By Titan's foe I am but rightly serv'd.' So saying, he Tripp'd lightly on, in sort of deathful glee: Laughing at the clear stream and setting sun, As though they jests had been: nor had he done His laugh at nature's holy countenance, Until that grove appear'd, as if perchance,

And then his tongue with sober seemlihed Gave utterance as he enter'd: 'Ha! I said. King of the butterflies; but by this gloom, And by old Rhadamanthus' tongue of doom, This dusk religion, pomp of solitude, And the Promethean clay by thief endued, By old Saturnus' forelock, by his head Shook with eternal palsy, I did wed Myself to things of light from infancy; And thus to be cast out, thus lorn to die. Is sure enough to make a mortal man Grow impious.' So he inwardly began On things for which no wording can be found: Deeper and deeper sinking, until drown'd Beyond the reach of music: for the choir Of Cynthia he heard not, though rough briar Nor muffling thicket interpos'd to dull The vesper hymn, far swollen, soft and full, Through the dark pillars of those sylvan aisles. He saw not the two maidens, nor their smiles. Wan as primroses gather'd at midnight By chilly finger'd spring. 'Unhappy wight! Endymion!' said Peona, 'we are here! What wouldst thou ere we all are laid on bier?' Then he embrac'd her, and his lady's hand Press'd, saving: 'Sister, I would have command, If it were heaven's will, on our sad fate.' At which that dark-eved stranger stood elate And said, in a new voice, but sweet as love, To Endymion's amaze: 'By Cupid's dove, And so thou shalt! and by the lilly truth Of my own breast thou shalt, beloved youth!' And as she spake, into her face there came Light, as reflected from a silver flame: Her long black hair swell'd ampler, in display Full golden; in her eyes a brighter day Dawn'd blue and full of love. Aye, he beheld Phœbe, his passion! joyous she upheld Her lucid bow, continuing thus: 'Drear, drear Has our delaying been; but foolish fear Withheld me first; and then decrees of fate;

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And then 'twas fit that from this mortal state
Thou shouldst, my love, by some unlook'd for change
Be spiritualiz'd. Peona, we shall range
These forests, and to thee they safe shall be
As was thy cradle; hither shalt thou flee
To meet us many a time.' Next Cynthia bright
Peona kiss'd, and bless'd with fair good night:
Her brother kiss'd her too, and knelt adown
Before his goddess, in a blissful swoon.
She gave her fair hands to him, and behold,
Before three swiftest kisses he had told,
They vanish'd far away!—Peona went
Home through the gloomy wood in wonderment.

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THE END

# LAMIA, ISABELLA, THE EVE OF ST. AGNES, AND OTHER POEMS.

# ADVERTISEMENT.

If any apology be thought necessary for the appearance of the unfinished poem of Hyperion, the publishers beg to state that they alone are responsible, as it was printed at their particular request, and contrary to the wish of the author. The poem was intended to have been of equal length with Endymion, but the reception given to that work discouraged the author from proceeding.

FLEET STREET, June 26, 1820.

# LAMIA.

# PART I.

Upon a time, before the facry broods Drove Nymph and Satyr from the prosperous woods, Before king Oberon's bright diadem, Sceptre, and mantle, clasp'd with dewy gem, Frighted away the Dryads and the Fauns From rushes green, and brakes, and cowslip'd lawns, The ever-smitten Hermes empty left His golden throne, bent warm on amorous theft: From high Olympus had he stolen light, On this side of Jove's clouds, to escape the sight 10 Of his great summoner, and made retreat Into a forest on the shores of Crete. For somewhere in that sacred island dwelt A nymph, to whom all hoofed Satyrs knelt: At whose white feet the languid Tritons poured Pearls, while on land they wither'd and adored. Fast by the springs where she to bathe was wont, And in those meads where sometime she might haunt, Were strewn rich gifts, unknown to any Muse, Though Fancy's casket were unlock'd to choose. 20 Ah, what a world of love was at her feet! So Hermes thought, and a celestial heat Burnt from his winged heels to either ear, That from a whiteness, as the lilly clear, Blush'd into roses 'mid his golden hair, Fallen in jealous curls about his shoulders bare.

From vale to vale, from wood to wood, he flew, Breathing upon the flowers his passion new, And wound with many a river to its head, To find where this sweet nymph prepar'd her secret bed: 30 In vain; the sweet nymph might nowhere be found, And so he rested, on the lonely ground, Pensive, and full of painful jealousies Of the Wood-Gods, and even the very trees.

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There as he stood, he heard a mournful voice, Such as once heard, in gentle heart, destroys All pain but pity: thus the lone voice spake: 'When from this wreathed tomb shall I awake! 'When move in a sweet body fit for life, 'And love, and pleasure, and the ruddy strife 'Of hearts and lips! Ah, miserable me!' The God, dove-footed, glided silently Round bush and tree, soft-brushing, in his speed, The taller grasses and full-flowering weed, Until he found a palpitating snake, Bright, and cirque-couchant in a dusky brake.

She was a gordian shape of dazzling hue, Vermilion-spotted, golden, green, and blue; Striped like a zebra, freckled like a pard, Eyed like a peacock, and all crimson barr'd; And full of silver moons, that, as she breathed, Dissolv'd, or brighter shone, or interwreathed Their lustres with the gloomier tapestries— So rainbow-sided, touch'd with miseries. She seem'd, at once, some penanced lady elf, Some demon's mistress, or the demon's self. Upon her crest she wore a wannish fire Sprinkled with stars, like Ariadne's tiar: Her head was serpent, but ah, bitter-sweet! She had a woman's mouth with all its pearls complete: And for her eyes: what could such eyes do there But weep, and weep, that they were born so fair? As Proserpine still weeps for her Sicilian air. Her throat was serpent, but the words she spake Came, as through bubbling honey, for Love's sake, And thus; while Hermes on his pinions lay. Like a stoop'd falcon ere he takes his prey.

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'Fair Hermes, crown'd with feathers, fluttering light,
'I had a splendid dream of thee last night:
'I saw thee sitting, on a throne of gold,
'Among the Gods, upon Olympus old,
The only sad one; for thou didst not hear
'The soft, lute-finger'd Muses chaunting clear,

'Nor even Apollo when he sang alone, 'Deaf to his throbbing throat's long, long melodious moan. 'I dreamt I saw thee, robed in purple flakes, 'Break amorous through the clouds, as morning breaks, 'And, swiftly as a bright Phœbean dart, 'Strike for the Cretan isle; and here thou art! 'Too gentle Hermes, hast thou found the maid?' 80 Whereat the star of Lethe not delay'd His rosy eloquence, and thus inquired: 'Thou smooth-lipp'd serpent, surely high inspired! 'Thou beauteous wreath, with melancholy eves, 'Possess whatever bliss thou canst devise, 'Telling me only where my nymph is fled,-'Where she doth breathe!' 'Bright planet, thou hast said,' Return'd the snake, 'but seal with oaths, fair God!' 'I swear,' said Hermes, 'by my serpent rod, 'And by thine eyes, and by thy starry crown!' 90 Light flew his earnest words, among the blossoms blown. Then thus again the brilliance feminine: 'Too frail of heart! for this lost nymph of thine. 'Free as the air, invisibly, she strays 'About these thornless wilds; her pleasant days 'She tastes unseen; unseen her nimble feet 'Leave traces in the grass and flowers sweet; 'From weary tendrils, and bow'd branches green, 'She plucks the fruit unseen, she bathes unseen: 'And by my power is her beauty veil'd 100 'To keep it unaffronted, unassail'd 'By the love-glances of unlovely eyes, 'Of Satyrs, Fauns, and blear'd Silenus' sighs. 'Pale grew her immortality, for woe 'Of all these lovers, and she grieved so 'I took compassion on her, bade her steep 'Her hair in weird syrops, that would keep 'Her loveliness invisible, yet free 'To wander as she loves, in liberty. 'Thou shalt behold her, Hermes, thou alone, 110 'If thou wilt, as thou swearest, grant my boon!' Then, once again, the charmed God began An oath, and through the serpent's ears it ran Warm, tremulous, devout, psalterian.

Ravish'd, she lifted her Circean head, Blush'd a live damask, and swift-lisping said, 'I was a woman, let me have once more 'A woman's shape, and charming as before. 'I love a youth of Corinth—O the bliss! 'Give me my woman's form, and place me where he is. 'Stoop, Hermes, let me breathe upon thy brow, 'And thou shalt see thy sweet nymph even now.' The God on half-shut feathers sank serene. She breath'd upon his eyes, and swift was seen Of both the guarded nymph near-smiling on the green. It was no dream; or say a dream it was, Real are the dreams of Gods, and smoothly pass Their pleasures in a long immortal dream. One warm, flush'd moment, hovering, it might seem Dash'd by the wood-nymph's beauty, so he burn'd; 130 Then, lighting on the printless verdure, turn'd To the swoon'd serpent, and with languid arm, Delicate, put to proof the lythe Caducean charm. So done, upon the nymph his eyes he bent Full of adoring tears and blandishment. And towards her stept: she, like a moon in wane, Faded before him, cower'd, nor could restrain Her fearful sobs, self-folding like a flower That faints into itself at evening hour: But the God fostering her chilled hand, 140 She felt the warmth, her eyelids open'd bland, And, like new flowers at morning song of bees, Bloom'd, and gave up her honey to the lees. Into the green-recessed woods they flew; Nor grew they pale, as mortal lovers do.

Left to herself, the serpent now began
To change; her elfin blood in madness ran,
Her mouth foam'd, and the grass, therewith besprent,
Wither'd at dew so sweet and virulent;
Her eyes in torture fix'd, and anguish drear,
Hot, glaz'd, and wide, with lid-lashes all sear,
Flash'd phosphor and sharp sparks, without one cooling tear.
The colours all inflam'd throughout her train,
She writh'd about, convuls'd with scarlet pain:

170

A deep volcanian yellow took the place Of all her milder-mooned body's grace: And, as the lava ravishes the mead, Spoilt all her silver mail, and golden brede; Made gloom of all her frecklings, streaks and bars, Eclips'd her crescents, and lick'd up her stars: So that, in moments few, she was undrest Of all her sapphires, greens, and amethyst, And rubious-argent: of all these bereft, Nothing but pain and ugliness were left. Still shone her crown: that vanish'd, also she Melted and disappear'd as suddenly; And in the air, her new voice luting soft, Cried, 'Lycius! gentle Lycius!'-Borne aloft With the bright mists about the mountains hoar These words dissolv'd: Crete's forests heard no more.

Whither fled Lamia, now a lady bright, A full-born beauty new and exquisite? She fled into that valley they pass o'er Who go to Corinth from Cenchreas' shore; And rested at the foot of those wild hills, The rugged founts of the Peræan rills, And of that other ridge whose barren back Stretches, with all its mist and cloudy rack, South-westward to Cleone. There she stood About a young bird's flutter from a wood, Fair, on a sloping green of mossy tread, By a clear pool, wherein she passioned To see herself escap'd from so sore ills, While her robes flaunted with the daffodils.

Ah, happy Lycius!—for she was a maid More beautiful than ever twisted braid, Or sigh'd, or blush'd, or on spring-flowered lea Spread a green kirtle to the minstrelsy: A virgin purest lipp'd, yet in the lore Of love deep learned to the red heart's core: Not one hour old, yet of sciential brain To unperplex bliss from its neighbour pain; Define their pettish limits, and estrange

180

Their points of contact, and swift counterchange; Intrigue with the specious chaos, and dispart Its most ambiguous atoms with sure art; As though in Cupid's college she had spent Sweet days a lovely graduate, still unshent, And kept his rosy terms in idle languishment.

Why this fair creature chose so faerily 200 By the wayside to linger, we shall see; But first 'tis fit to tell how she could muse And dream, when in the serpent prison-house, Of all she list, strange or magnificent: How, ever, where she will'd, her spirit went; Whether to faint Elysium, or where Down through tress-lifting waves the Nereids fair Wind into Thetis' bower by many a pearly stair; Or where God Bacchus drains his cups divine. Stretch'd out, at ease, beneath a glutinous pine; 210 Or where in Pluto's gardens palatine Mulciber's columns gleam in far piazzian line. And sometimes into cities she would send Her dream, with feast and rioting to blend; And once, while among mortals dreaming thus, She saw the young Corinthian Lycius Charioting foremost in the envious race, Like a young Jove with calm uneager face, And fell into a swooning love of him. Now on the moth-time of that evening dim 220 He would return that way, as well she knew, To Corinth from the shore; for freshly blew The eastern soft wind, and his galley now Grated the quaystones with her brazen prow In port Cenchreas, from Egina isle Fresh anchor'd: whither he had been awhile To sacrifice to Jove, whose temple there Waits with high marble doors for blood and incense rare. Jove heard his vows, and better'd his desire; For by some freakful chance he made retire 230 From his companions, and set forth to walk, Perhaps grown wearied of their Corinth talk: Over the solitary hills he fared,

Thoughtless at first, but ere eve's star appeared His phantasy was lost, where reason fades, In the calm'd twilight of Platonic shades. Lamia beheld him coming, near, more near— Close to her passing, in indifference drear, His silent sandals swept the mossy green; So neighbour'd to him, and yet so unseen 240 She stood: he pass'd, shut up in mysteries, His mind wrapp'd like his mantle, while her eyes Follow'd his steps, and her neck regal white Turn'd-syllabling thus, 'Ah, Lycius bright, 'And will you leave me on the hills alone? 'Lycius, look back! and be some pity shown.' He did; not with cold wonder fearingly, But Orpheus-like at an Eurydice; For so delicious were the words she sung. It seem'd he had lov'd them a whole summer long: 250 And soon his eyes had drunk her beauty up. Leaving no drop in the bewildering cup, And still the cup was full,—while he, afraid Lest she should vanish ere his lip had paid Due adoration, thus began to adore: Her soft look growing coy, she saw his chain so sure: 'Leave thee alone! Look back! Ah, Goddess, see 'Whether my eyes can ever turn from thee! 'For pity do not this sad heart belie-'Even as thou vanishest so shall I die. 260 'Stay! though a Naiad of the rivers, stay! 'To thy far wishes will thy streams obey: 'Stay! though the greenest woods be thy domain, 'Alone they can drink up the morning rain: 'Though a descended Pleiad, will not one 'Of thine harmonious sisters keep in tune 'Thy spheres, and as thy silver proxy shine? 'So sweetly to these ravish'd ears of mine 'Came thy sweet greeting, that if thou shouldst fade 'Thy memory will waste me to a shade:— 270 'For pity do not melt!'—'If I should stay,' Said Lamia, 'here, upon this floor of clay, 'And pain my steps upon these flowers too rough, 'What canst thou say or do of charm enough

'To dull the nice remembrance of my home? 'Thou canst not ask me with thee here to roam 'Over these hills and vales, where no joy is,— 'Empty of immortality and bliss! 'Thou art a scholar, Lycius, and must know 'That finer spirits cannot breathe below 280 'In human climes, and live: Alas! poor youth, 'What taste of purer air hast thou to soothe 'My essence? What serener palaces, 'Where I may all my many senses please, 'And by mysterious sleights a hundred thirsts appease? 'It cannot be—Adieu!' So said, she rose Tiptoe with white arms spread. He, sick to lose The amorous promise of her lone complain. Swoon'd, murmuring of love, and pale with pain. The cruel lady, without any show 200 Of sorrow for her tender favourite's woe. But rather, if her eyes could brighter be, With brighter eyes and slow amenity, Put her new lips to his, and gave afresh The life she had so tangled in her mesh: And as he from one trance was wakening Into another, she began to sing, Happy in beauty, life, and love, and every thing,

A song of love, too sweet for earthly lyres,
While, like held breath, the stars drew in their panting
fires.

And then she whisper'd in such trembling tone,
As those who, safe together met alone
For the first time through many anguish'd days,
Use other speech than looks; bidding him raise
His drooping head, and clear his soul of doubt,
For that she was a woman, and without
Any more subtle fluid in her veins
Than throbbing blood, and that the self-same pains
Inhabited her frail-strung heart as his.
And next she wonder'd how his eyes could miss
Her face so long in Corinth, where, she said,
She dwelt but half retir'd, and there had led
Days happy as the gold coin could invent

Without the aid of love; yet in content

Till she saw him, as once she pass'd him by, Where 'gainst a column he lent thoughtfully At Venus' temple porch, 'mid baskets heap'd Of amorous herbs and flowers, newly reap'd Late on that eve, as 'twas the night before The Adonian feast; whereof she saw no more. 320 But wept alone those days, for why should she adore? Lycius from death awoke into amaze, To see her still, and singing so sweet lays; Then from amaze into delight he fell To hear her whisper woman's lore so well; And every word she spake entic'd him on To unperplex'd delight and pleasure known. Let the mad poets say whate'er they please Of the sweets of Faeries, Peris, Goddesses, There is not such a treat among them all, 330 Haunters of cavern, lake, and waterfall, As a real woman, lineal indeed From Pyrrha's pebbles or old Adam's seed. Thus gentle Lamia judg'd, and judg'd aright, That Lycius could not love in half a fright. So threw the goddess off, and won his heart More pleasantly by playing woman's part, With no more awe than what her beauty gave. That, while it smote, still guaranteed to save. Lycius to all made eloquent reply, 340 Marrying to every word a twinborn sigh; And last, pointing to Corinth, ask'd her sweet, If 'twas too far that night for her soft feet. The way was short, for Lamia's eagerness Made, by a spell, the triple league decrease To a few paces; not at all surmised By blinded Lycius, so in her comprized. They pass'd the city gates, he knew not how, So noiseless, and he never thought to know.

As men talk in a dream, so Corinth all, Throughout her palaces imperial, And all her populous streets and temples lewd, Mutter'd, like tempest in the distance brew'd, To the wide-spreaded night above her towers.

Men, women, rich and poor, in the cool hours, Shuffled their sandals o'er the pavement white Companion'd or alone; while many a light Flared, here and there, from wealthy festivals, And threw their moving shadows on the walls, Or found them cluster'd in the corniced shade Of some arch'd temple door, or dusky colonade.

360

Muffling his face, of greeting friends in fear, Her fingers he press'd hard, as one came near With curl'd gray beard, sharp eyes, and smooth bald crown, Slow-stepp'd, and robed in philosophic gown: Lycius shrank closer, as they met and past, Into his mantle, adding wings to haste, While hurried Lamia trembled: 'Ah,' said he, 'Why do you shudder, love, so ruefully? 'Why does your tender palm dissolve in dew?'— 370 'I'm wearied,' said fair Lamia: 'tell me who 'Is that old man? I cannot bring to mind 'His features:-Lycius! wherefore did you blind 'Yourself from his quick eyes?' Lycius replied. "Tis Apollonius sage, my trusty guide 'And good instructor: but to-night he seems 'The ghost of tolly haunting my sweet dreams.'

While yet he spake they had arrived before A pillar'd porch, with lofty portal door, Where hung a silver lamp, whose phosphor glow Reflected in the slabbed steps below. Mild as a star in water: for so new. And so unsullied was the marble's hue. So through the crystal polish, liquid fine, Ran the dark veins, that none but feet divine Could e'er have touch'd there. Sounds Æolian Breath'd from the hinges, as the ample span Of the wide doors disclos'd a place unknown Some time to any, but those two alone, And a few Persian mutes, who that same year Were seen about the markets: none knew where They could inhabit; the most curious Were foil'd, who watch'd to trace them to their house:

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And but the flitter-winged verse must tell, For truth's sake, what woe afterwards befel, 'Twould humour many a heart to leave them thus, Shut from the busy world of more incredulous.

# PART II

Love in a hut, with water and a crust, Is—Love, forgive us!—cinders, ashes, dust;
Love in a palace is perhaps at last
More grievous torment than a hermit's fast:—
That is a doubtful tale from faery land,
Hard for the non-elect to understand.
Had Lycius liv'd to hand his story down,
He might have given the moral a fresh frown,
Or clench'd it quite: but too short was their bliss
To breed distrust and hate, that make the soft voice hiss. To Beside, there, nightly, with terrific glare,
Love, jealous grown of so complete a pair,
Hover'd and buzz'd his wings, with fearful roar,
Above the lintel of their chamber door,
And down the passage cast a glow upon the floor.

For all this came a ruin: side by side They were enthroned, in the even tide, Upon a couch, near to a curtaining Whose airy texture, from a golden string, Floated into the room, and let appear Unveil'd the summer heaven, blue and clear, Betwixt two marble shafts:—there they reposed, Where use had made it sweet, with eyelids closed, Saving a tythe which love still open kept, That they might see each other while they almost slept: When from the slope side of a suburb hill, Deafening the swallow's twitter, came a thrill Of trumpets—Lycius started—the sounds fled, But left a thought a-buzzing in his head. For the first time, since first he harbour'd in That purple-lined palace of sweet sin. His spirit pass'd beyond its golden bourn Into the noisy world almost forsworn.

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The lady, ever watchful, penetrant, Saw this with pain, so arguing a want Of something more, more than her empery Of joys; and she began to moan and sigh Because he mused beyond her, knowing well That but a moment's thought is passion's passing bell. 'Why do you sigh, fair creature?' whisper'd he: 'Why do you think?' return'd she tenderly: 'You have deserted me; -where am I now? 'Not in your heart while care weighs on your brow: 'No, no, you have dismiss'd me; and I go 'From your breast houseless: aye, it must be so.' He answer'd, bending to her open eyes, Where he was mirror'd small in paradise, 'My silver planet, both of eve and morn! 'Why will you plead yourself so sad forlorn, 'While I am striving how to fill my heart 'With deeper crimson, and a double smart? 'How to entangle, trammel up and snare 'Your soul in mine, and labyrinth you there 'Like the hid scent in an unbudded rose? 'Aye, a sweet kiss—you see your mighty woes. 'My thoughts! shall I unveil them? Listen then! 'What mortal hath a prize, that other men 'May be confounded and abash'd withal. 'But lets it sometimes pace abroad majestical, 'And triumph, as in thee I should rejoice 'Amid the hoarse alarm of Corinth's voice. 'Let my foes choke, and my friends shout afar, 'While through the thronged streets your bridal car 'Wheels round its dazzling spokes.'—The lady's cheek Trembled; she nothing said, but, pale and meek, Arose and knelt before him, wept a rain Of sorrows at his words; at last with pain Beseeching him, the while his hand she wrung. To change his purpose. He thereat was stung, Perverse, with stronger fancy to reclaim Her wild and timid nature to his aim: Beside, for all his love, in self despite, Against his better self, he took delight Luxurious in her sorrows, soft and new.

His passion, cruel grown, took on a hue Fierce and sanguineous as 'twas possible In one whose brow had no dark veins to swell. Fine was the mitigated fury, like Apollo's presence when in act to strike The serpent—Ha, the serpent! certes, she 80 Was none. She burnt, she lov'd the tyranny, And, all subdued, consented to the hour When to the bridal he should lead his paramour. Whispering in midnight silence, said the youth, 'Sure some sweet name thou hast, though, by my truth, 'I have not ask'd it, ever thinking thee 'Not mortal, but of heavenly progeny, 'As still I do. Hast any mortal name, 'Fit appellation for this dazzling frame? 'Or friends or kinsfolk on the citied earth. 90 'To share our marriage feast and nuptial mirth?' 'I have no friends,' said Lamia, 'no, not one; 'My presence in wide Corinth hardly known: 'My parents' bones are in their dusty urns 'Sepulchred, where no kindled incense burns, 'Seeing all their luckless race are dead, save me. 'And I neglect the holy rite for thee. 'Even as you list invite your many guests; 'But if, as now it seems, your vision rests 'With any pleasure on me, do not bid 100 'Old Apollonius-from him keep me hid.' Lycius, perplex'd at words so blind and blank, Made close inquiry; from whose touch she shrank, Feigning a sleep; and he to the dull shade Of deep sleep in a moment was betray'd.

It was the custom then to bring away
The bride from home at blushing shut of day,
Veil'd, in a chariot, heralded along
By strewn flowers, torches, and a marriage song,
With other pageants: but this fair unknown
Had not a friend. So being left alone,
(Lycius was gone to summon all his kin)
And knowing surely she could never win
His foolish heart from its mad pompousness,

She set herself, high-thoughted, how to dress The misery in fit magnificence. She did so, but 'tis doubtful how and whence Came, and who were her subtle servitors. About the halls, and to and from the doors, There was a noise of wings till in short space The glowing banquet-room shone with wide-arched grace. A haunting music, sole perhaps and lone Supportress of the faery-roof, made moan Throughout, as fearful the whole charm might fade. Fresh carved cedar, mimicking a glade Of palm and plantain, met from either side, High in the midst, in honour of the bride: Two palms and then two plantains, and so on, From either side their stems branch'd one to one All down the aisled place; and beneath all 130 There ran a stream of lamps straight on from wall to wall. So canopied, lay an untasted feast Teeming with odours. Lamia, regal drest, Silently paced about, and as she went, In pale contented sort of discontent. Mission'd her viewless servants to enrich The fretted splendour of each nook and niche. Between the tree-stems, marbled plain at first, Came jasper pannels; then anon, there burst Forth creeping imagery of slighter trees, 140 And with the larger wove in small intricacies. Approving all, she faded at self-will, And shut the chamber up, close, hush'd and still, Complete and ready for the revels rude, When dreadful guests would come to spoil her solitude.

The day appear'd, and all the gossip rout.

O senseless Lycius! Madman! wherefore flout
The silent-blessing fate, warm cloister'd hours,
And show to common eyes these secret bowers?
The herd approach'd; each guest, with busy brain,
Arriving at the portal, gaz'd amain,
And enter'd marveling: for they knew the street,
Remember'd it from childhood all complete
Without a gap, yet ne'er before had seen

That royal porch, that high-built fair demesne; So in they hurried all, maz'd, curious and keen: Save one, who look'd thereon with eye severe, And with calm-planted steps walk'd in austere; 'Twas Apollonius: something too he laugh'd, As though some knotty problem, that had daft His patient thought, had now begun to thaw, And solve and melt:—'twas just as he foresaw.

160

He met within the murmurous vestibule
His young disciple. "Tis no common rule,
Lycius,' said he, 'for uninvited guest
'To force himself upon you, and infest
'With an unbidden presence the bright throng
'Of younger friends; yet must I do this wrong,
'And you forgive me.' Lycius blush'd, and led
The old man through the inner doors broad-spread;
With reconciling words and courteous mien
Turning into sweet milk the sophist's spleen.

170

Of wealthy lustre was the banquet-room, Fill'd with pervading brilliance and perfume: Before each lucid pannel fuming stood A censer fed with myrrh and spiced wood, Each by a sacred tripod held aloft, Whose slender feet wide-swerv'd upon the soft Wool-woofed carpets: fifty wreaths of smoke From fifty censers their light voyage took To the high roof, still mimick'd as they rose Along the mirror'd walls by twin-clouds odorous. Twelve sphered tables, by silk seats insphered, High as the level of a man's breast rear'd On libbard's paws, upheld the heavy gold Of cups and goblets, and the store thrice told Of Ceres' horn, and, in huge vessels, wine Come from the gloomy tun with merry shine. Thus loaded with a feast the tables stood. Each shrining in the midst the image of a God.

180

When in an antichamber every guest Had felt the cold full sponge to pleasure press'd, By minist'ring slaves, upon his hands and feet,

And fragrant oils with ceremony meet
Pour'd on his hair, they all mov'd to the feast
In white robes, and themselves in order placed
Around the silken couches, wondering
Whence all this mighty cost and blaze of wealth could spring.

Soft went the music the soft air along, While fluent Greek a vowel'd undersong 200 Kept up among the guests, discoursing low At first, for scarcely was the wine at flow; But when the happy vintage touch'd their brains, Louder they talk, and louder come the strains Of powerful instruments:—the gorgeous dyes, The space, the splendour of the draperies. The roof of awful richness, nectarous cheer, Beautiful slaves, and Lamia's self, appear, Now, when the wine has done its rosy deed, And every soul from human trammels freed, 210 No more so strange; for merry wine, sweet wine, Will make Elysian shades not too fair, too divine. Soon was God Bacchus at meridian height; Flush'd were their cheeks, and bright eves double bright: Garlands of every green, and every scent From vales deflower'd, or forest-trees branch-rent, In baskets of bright osier'd gold were brought High as the handles heap'd, to suit the thought Of every guest; that each, as he did please, Might fancy-fit his brows, silk-pillow'd at his ease. 220

What wreath for Lamia? What for Lycius? What for the sage, old Apollonius? Upon her aching forehead be there hung The leaves of willow and of adder's tongue; And for the youth, quick, let us strip for him The thyrsus, that his watching eyes may swim Into forgetfulness; and, for the sage, Let spear-grass and the spiteful thistle wage War on his temples. Do not all charms fly At the mere touch of cold philosophy? There was an awful rainbow once in heaven: We know her woof, her texture; she is given

In the dull catalogue of common things. Philosophy will clip an Angel's wings, Conquer all mysteries by rule and line, Empty the haunted air, and gnomed mine—Unweave a rainbow, as it erewhile made The tender-person'd Lamia melt into a shade.

By her glad Lycius sitting, in chief place, Scarce saw in all the room another face, 240 Till, checking his love trance, a cup he took Full brimm'd, and opposite sent forth a look 'Cross the broad table, to be seech a glance From his old teacher's wrinkled countenance, And pledge him. The bald-head philosopher Had fix'd his eye, without a twinkle or stir Full on the alarmed beauty of the bride, Brow-beating her fair form, and troubling her sweet pride. Lycius then press'd her hand, with devout touch, As pale it lay upon the rosy couch: 250 'Twas icy, and the cold ran through his veins; Then sudden it grew hot, and all the pains Of an unnatural heat shot to his heart. 'Lamia, what means this? Wherefore dost thou start? 'Know'st thou that man?' Poor Lamia answer'd not. He gaz'd into her eyes, and not a jot Own'd they the lovelorn piteous appeal: More, more he gaz'd: his human senses reel: Some hungry spell that loveliness absorbs; There was no recognition in those orbs. 260 'Lamia!' he cried—and no soft-toned reply. The many heard, and the loud revelry Grew hush: the stately music no more breathes; The myrtle sicken'd in a thousand wreaths. By faint degrees, voice, lute, and pleasure ceased; A deadly silence step by step increased, Until it seem'd a horrid presence there, And not a man but felt the terror in his hair. 'Lamia!' he shriek'd; and nothing but the shriek With its sad echo did the silence break. 270 'Begone, foul dream!' he cried, gazing again In the bride's face, where now no azure vein

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Wander'd on fair-spaced temples: no soft bloom Misted the cheek; no passion to illume The deep-recessed vision:—all was blight; Lamia, no longer fair, there sat a deadly white. 'Shut, shut those juggling eyes, thou ruthless man! 'Turn them aside, wretch! or the righteous ban 'Of all the Gods, whose dreadful images 'Here represent their shadowy presences, 'May pierce them on the sudden with the thorn 'Of painful blindness; leaving thee forlorn, 'In trembling dotage to the feeblest fright 'Of conscience, for their long offended might, 'For all thine impious proud-heart sophistries, 'Unlawful magic, and enticing lies. 'Corinthians! look upon that grey-beard wretch! 'Mark how, possess'd, his lashless eyelids stretch 'Around his demon eyes! Corinthians, see! 'My sweet bride withers at their potency.' 'Fool!' said the sophist, in an under-tone Gruff with contempt; which a death-nighing moan From Lycius answer'd, as heart-struck and lost, He sank supine beside the aching ghost. 'Fool! Fool!' repeated he, while his eyes still Relented not, nor mov'd; 'from every ill 'Of life have I preserv'd thee to this day, 'And shall I see thee made a serpent's prey?' Then Lamia breath'd death breath: the sophist's eve. Like a sharp spear, went through her utterly, Keen, cruel, perceant, stinging: she, as well As her weak hand could any meaning tell. Motion'd him to be silent; vainly so. He look'd and look'd again a level—No! 'A serpent!' echoed he; no sooner said, Than with a frightful scream she vanished: And Lycius' arms were empty of delight, As were his limbs of life, from that same night. On the high couch he lay!—his friends came round— Supported him—no pulse, or breath they found, And, in its marriage robe, the heavy body wound

# ISABELLA;

OR,

# THE POT OF BASIL.

A Story from Boccaccio.

I

FAIR Isabel, poor simple Isabel!
Lorenzo, a young palmer in Love's eye!
They could not in the self-same mansion dwell
Without some stir of heart, some malady;
They could not sit at meals but feel how well
It soothed each to be the other by;
They could not, sure, beneath the same roof sleep
But to each other dream, and nightly weep.

11

With every morn their love grew tenderer,
With every eve deeper and tenderer still;
He might not in house, field, or garden stir,
But her full shape would all his seeing fill;
And his continual voice was pleasanter
To her, than noise of trees or hidden rill;
Her lute-string gave an echo of his name,
She spoilt her half-done broidery with the same.

111

He knew whose gentle hand was at the latch
Before the door had given her to his eyes;
And from her chamber-window he would catch
Her beauty farther than the falcon spies;
And constant as her vespers would he watch,
Because her face was turn'd to the same skies;
And with sick longing all the night outwear,
To hear her morning-step upon the stair.

ΙV

A whole long month of May in this sad plight Made their cheeks paler by the break of June: 'To-morrow will I bow to my delight,

'To-morrow will I ask my lady's boon.'—
'O may I never see another night,

'Lorenzo, if thy lips breathe not love's tune.'—So spake they to their pillows; but, alas, Honeyless days and days did he let pass;

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Until sweet Isabella's untouch'd cheek
Fell sick within the rose's just domain,
Fell thin as a young mother's, who doth seek
By every lull to cool her infant's pain:
'How ill she is,' said he, 'I may not speak,
'And yet I will, and tell my love all plain:
'If looks speak love-laws, I will drink her tears,
'And at the least 'twill startle off her cares.'

VΙ

So said he one fair morning, and all day
His heart beat awfully against his side;
And to his heart he inwardly did pray
For power to speak; but still the ruddy tide
Stifled his voice, and puls'd resolve away—
Fever'd his high conceit of such a bride,
Yet brought him to the meekness of a child:
Alas! when passion is both meek and wild!

### VII

So once more he had wak'd and anguished A dreary night of love and misery, If Isabel's quick eye had not been wed To every symbol on his forehead high; She saw it waxing very pale and dead, And straight all flush'd; so, lisped tenderly, 'Lorenzo!'—here she ceas'd her timid quest, But in her tone and look he read the rest.

# VIII

'O Isabella, I can half perceive
"That I may speak my grief into thine ear;
'If thou didst ever anything believe,
"Believe how I love thee, believe how near
'My soul is to its doom: I would not grieve
"Thy hand by unwelcome pressing, would not fear
'Thine eyes by gazing; but I cannot live
'Another night, and not my passion shrive.

# ΙX

'Love! thou art leading me from wintry cold,
'Lady! thou leadest me to summer clime,
'And I must taste the blossoms that unfold
'In its ripe warmth this gracious morning time.'
So said, his erewhile timid lips grew bold,
And poesied with hers in dewy rhyme:
Great bliss was with them, and great happiness
Grew, like a lusty flower in June's caress.

Parting they seem'd to tread upon the air,
Twin roses by the zephyr blown apart
Only to meet again more close, and share
The inward fragrance of each other's heart.
She, to her chamber gone, a ditty fair
Sang, of delicious love and honey'd dart;
He with light steps went up a western hill,
And bade the sun farewell, and joy'd his fill.

# ХI

All close they met again, before the dusk Had taken from the stars its pleasant veil, All close they met, all eves, before the dusk Had taken from the stars its pleasant veil, Close in a bower of hyacinth and musk, Unknown of any, free from whispering tale. Ah! better had it been for ever so, Than idle ears should pleasure in their woe.

### XII

Were they unhappy then?—It cannot be—
Too many tears for lovers have been shed,
Too many sighs give we to them in fee,
Too much of pity after they are dead,
Too many doleful stories do we see,
Whose matter in bright gold were best be read;
Except in such a page where Theseus' spouse
Over the pathless waves towards him bows.

### XIII

But, for the general award of love,

The little sweet doth kill much bitterness;
Though Dido silent is in under-grove,
And Isabella's was a great distress,
Though young Lorenzo in warm Indian clove
Was not embalm'd, this truth is not the less—
Even bees, the little almsmen of spring-bowers,
Know there is richest juice in poison-flowers.

# XIV

With her two brothers this fair lady dwelt,
Enriched from ancestral merchandize,
And for them many a weary hand did swelt
In torched mines and noisy factories,
And many once proud-quiver'd loins did melt
In blood from stinging whip;—with hollow eyes
Many all day in dazzling river stood,
To take the rich-ored driftings of the flood.

# xv

For them the Ceylon diver held his breath,
And went all naked to the hungry shark;
For them his ears gush'd blood; for them in death
The seal on the cold ice with piteous bark
Lay full of darts; for them alone did seethe
A thousand men in troubles wide and dark:
Half-ignorant, they turn'd an easy wheel,
That set sharp racks at work, to pinch and peel.

# XVI

Why were they proud? Because their marble founts
Gush'd with more pride than do a wretch's tears?—
Why were they proud? Because fair orange-mounts
Were of more soft ascent than lazar stairs?—
Why were they proud? Because red-lin'd accounts
Were richer than the songs of Grecian years?—
Why were they proud? again we ask aloud,
Why in the name of Glory were they proud?

# XVII

Yet were these Florentines as self-retired
In hungry pride and gainful cowardice,
As two close Hebrews in that land inspired,
Paled in and vineyarded from beggar-spies;
The hawks of ship-mast forests—the untired
And pannier'd mules for ducats and old lies—
Quick cat's-paws on the generous stray-away,—
Great wits in Spanish, Tuscan, and Malay.

How was it these same ledger-men could spy

### XVIII

Fair Isabella in her downy nest?
How could they find out in Lorenzo's eye
A straying from his toil? Hot Egypt's pest
Into their vision covetous and sly!
How could these money-bags see east and west?—
Yet so they did—and every dealer fair
Must see behind, as doth the hunted hare.

### XIX

O eloquent and famed Boccaccio!

Of thee we now should ask forgiving boon,
And of thy spicy myrtles as they blow,
And of thy roses amorous of the moon,
And of thy lillies, that do paler grow
Now they can no more hear thy ghittern's tune,
For venturing syllables that ill beseem
The quiet glooms of such a piteous theme.

### xx

Grant thou a pardon here, and then the tale
Shall move on soberly, as it is meet;
There is no other crime, no mad assail
To make old prose in modern rhyme more sweet:
But it is done—succeed the verse or fail—
To honour thee, and thy gone spirit greet;
To stead thee as a verse in English tongue,
An echo of thee in the north-wind sung.

## x x i

These brethren having found by many signs
What love Lorenzo for their sister had,
And how she lov'd him too, each unconfines
His bitter thoughts to other, well nigh mad
That he, the servant of their trade designs,
Should in their sister's love be blithe and glad,
When 'twas their plan to coax her by degrees
To some high noble and his olive-trees.

### XXII

And many a jealous conference had they,
And many times they bit their lips alone,
Before they fix'd upon a surest way
To make the youngster for his crime atone;
And at the last, these men of cruel clay
Cut Mercy with a sharp knife to the bone;
For they resolved in some forest dim
To kill Lorenzo, and there bury him.

# XXIII

So on a pleasant morning, as he leant
Into the sun-rise, o'er the balustrade
Of the garden-terrace, towards him they bent
Their footing through the dews; and to him said,
'You seem there in the quiet of content,
'Lorenzo, and we are most loth to invade
'Calm speculation; but if you are wise,
'Bestride your steed while cold is in the skies.

# VIXX

'To-day we purpose, aye, this hour we mount 'To spur three leagues towards the Apennine; 'Come down, we pray thee, ere the hot sun count 'His dewy rosary on the eglantine.'

Lorenzo, courteously as he was wont,

Bow'd a fair greeting to these serpents' whine;

And went in haste, to get in readiness,

With belt, and spur, and bracing huntsman's dress.

## XXV

And as he to the court-yard pass'd along,
Each third step did he pause, and listen'd oft
If he could hear his lady's matin-song,
Or the light whisper of her footstep soft;
And as he thus over his passion hung,
He heard a laugh full musical aloft;
When, looking up, he saw her features bright
Smile through an in-door lattice, all delight.

### XXVI

'Love, Isabel!' said he, 'I was in pain
'Lest I should miss to bid thee a good morrow:
'Ah! what if I should lose thee, when so fain
'I am to stifle all the heavy sorrow
'Of a poor three hours' absence? but we'll gain
'Out of the amorous dark what day doth borrow.
'Good bye! I'll soon be back.'—'Good bye!' said she:—
And as he went she chanted merrily.

# XXVII

So the two brothers and their murder'd man Rode past fair Florence, to where Arno's stream Gurgles through straiten'd banks, and still doth fan Itself with dancing bulrush, and the bream Keeps head against the freshets. Sick and wan The brothers' faces in the ford did seem, Lorenzo's flush with love.—They pass'd the water Into a forest quiet for the slaughter.

#### XXVIII

There was Lorenzo slain and buried in,

There in that forest did his great love cease;

Ah! when a soul doth thus its freedom win,

It aches in loneliness—is ill at peace

As the break-covert blood-hounds of such sin:

They dipp'd their swords in the water, and did tease

Their horses homeward, with convulsed spur,

Each richer by his being a murderer.

#### XXIX

They told their sister how, with sudden speed,
Lorenzo had ta'en ship for foreign lands,
Because of some great urgency and need
In their affairs, requiring trusty hands.
Poor Girl! put on thy stifling widow's weed,
And 'scape at once from Hope's accursed bands;
To-day thou wilt not see him, nor to-morrow,
And the next day will be a day of sorrow.

## XXX

She weeps alone for pleasures not to be;
Sorely she wept until the night came on,
And then, instead of love, O misery!
She brooded o'er the luxury alone:
His image in the dusk she seem'd to see,
And to the silence made a gentle moan,
Spreading her perfect arms upon the air,
And on her couch low murmuring 'Where? O where?'

#### XXXI

But Selfishness, Love's cousin, held not long
Its fiery vigil in her single breast;
She fretted for the golden hour, and hung
Upon the time with feverish unrest—
Not long—for soon into her heart a throng
Of higher occupants, a richer zest,
Came tragic; passion not to be subdued,
And sorrow for her love in travels rude.

#### XXXII

In the mid days of autumn, on their eves
The breath of Winter comes from far away,
And the sick west continually bereaves
Of some gold tinge, and plays a roundelay
Of death among the bushes and the leaves,
To make all bare before he dares to stray
From his north cavern. So sweet Isabel
By gradual decay from beauty fell,

## XXXIII

Because Lorenzo came not. Oftentimes
She ask'd her brothers, with an eye all pale,
Striving to be itself, what dungeon climes
Could keep him off so long? They spake a tale
Time after time, to quiet her. Their crimes
Came on them, like a smoke from Hinnom's vale;
And every night in dreams they groan'd aloud,
To see their sister in her snowy shroud.

#### XXXIV

And she had died in drowsy ignorance,
But for a thing more deadly dark than all;
It came like a fierce potion, drunk by chance,
Which saves a sick man from the feather'd pall
For some few gasping moments; like a lance,
Waking an Indian from his cloudy hall
With cruel pierce, and bringing him again
Sense of the gnawing fire at heart and brain.

# xxxv

It was a vision.—In the drowsy gloom,
The dull of midnight, at her couch's foot
Lorenzo stood, and wept: the forest tomb
Had marr'd his glossy hair which once could shoot
Lustre into the sun, and put cold doom
Upon his lips, and taken the soft lute
From his lorn voice, and past his loamed ears
Had made a miry channel for his tears.

#### XXXVI

Strange sound it was, when the pale shadow spake;
For there was striving, in its piteous tongue,
To speak as when on earth it was awake,
And Isabella on its music hung:
Languor there was in it, and tremulous shake,
As in a palsied Druid's harp unstrung;
And through it moan'd a ghostly under-song,
Like hoarse night-gusts sepulchral briars among.

#### XXXVII

Its eyes, though wild, were still all dewy bright With love, and kept all phantom fear aloof From the poor girl by magic of their light, The while it did unthread the horrid woof Of the late darken'd time,—the murderous spite Of pride and avarice,—the dark pine roof In the forest,—and the sodden turfed dell, Where, without any word, from stabs he fell.

#### XXXVIII

Saying moreover, 'Isabel, my sweet!
 'Red whortle-berries droop above my head,
 'And a large flint-stone weighs upon my feet;
 'Around me beeches and high chestnuts shed
 'Their leaves and prickly nuts; a sheep-fold bleat
 'Comes from beyond the river to my bed:
 'Go, shed one tear upon my heather-bloom,
 'And it shall comfort me within the tomb.

## XXXXX

'I am a shadow now, alas! alas!

'Upon the skirts of human-nature dwelling
'Alone: I chant alone the holy mass,

'While little sounds of life are round me knelling,
'And glossy bees at noon do fieldward pass,

'And many a chapel bell the hour is telling,
'Paining me through: those sounds grow strange to me,
'And thou art distant in Humanity.

## ХL

'I know what was, I feel full well what is,
 'And I should rage, if spirits could go mad;
'Though I forget the taste of earthly bliss,
 'That paleness warms my grave, as though I had
'A Seraph chosen from the bright abyss
 'To be my spouse: thy paleness makes me glad;
'Thy beauty grows upon me, and I feel
'A greater love through all my essence steal.'

#### XLI

The Spirit mourn'd 'Adieu!'—dissolv'd and left
The atom darkness in a slow turmoil;
As when of healthful midnight sleep bereft,
Thinking on rugged hours and fruitless toil,
We put our eyes into a pillowy cleft,
And see the spangly gloom froth up and boil:
It made sad Isabella's eyelids ache,
And in the dawn she started up awake;

## XLII

'Ha! ha!' said she, 'I knew not this hard life,
'I thought the worst was simple misery;
'I thought some Fate with pleasure or with strife
'Portion'd us—happy days, or else to die;
'But there is crime—a brother's bloody knife!
'Sweet Spirit, thou hast school'd my infancy:
'I'll visit thee for this, and kiss thine eyes,
'And greet thee morn and even in the skies.'

#### XLIII

When the full morning came, she had devised How she might secret to the forest hie; How she might find the clay, so dearly prized, And sing to it one latest lullaby; How her short absence might be unsurmised, While she the inmost of the dream would try. Resolv'd, she took with her an aged nurse, And went into that dismal forest-hearse.

## XLIV

See, as they creep along the river side,

How she doth whisper to that aged Dame,
And, after looking round the champaign wide,
Shows her a knife.—'What feverous hectic flame
'Burns in thee, child?—What good can thee betide,
'That thou should'st smile again?'—The evening came,
And they had found Lorenzo's earthy bed;
The flint was there, the berries at his head.

## XLV

Who hath not loiter'd in a green church-yard,
And let his spirit, like a demon-mole,
Work through the clayey soil and gravel hard,
To see scull, coffin'd bones, and funeral stole;
Pitying each form that hungry Death hath marr'd
And filling it once more with human soul?
Ah! this is holiday to what was felt
When Isabella by Lorenzo knelt.

## XLVI

She gaz'd into the fresh-thrown mould, as though
One glance did fully all its secrets tell;
Clearly she saw, as other eyes would know
Pale limbs at bottom of a crystal well;
Upon the murderous spot she seem'd to grow,
Like to a native lilly of the dell:
Then with her knife, all sudden, she began
To dig more fervently than misers can.

# XLVII

Soon she turn'd up a soiled glove, whereon
Her silk had play'd in purple phantasies,
She kiss'd it with a lip more chill than stone,
And put it in her bosom, where it dries
And freezes utterly unto the bone
Those dainties made to still an infant's cries:
Then 'gan she work again; nor stay'd her care,
But to throw back at times her veiling hair.

#### XLVIII

That old nurse stood beside her wondering,
Until her heart felt pity to the core
At sight of such a dismal labouring,
And so she kneeled, with her locks all hoar,
And put her lean hands to the horrid thing:
Three hours they labour'd at this travail sore;
At last they felt the kernel of the grave,
And Isabella did not stamp and rave.

## XLIX

Ah! wherefore all this wormy circumstance?
Why linger at the yawning tomb so long?
O for the gentleness of old Romance,
The simple plaining of a minstrel's song!
Fair reader, at the old tale take a glance,
For here, in truth, it doth not well belong
To speak:—O turn thee to the very tale,
And taste the music of that vision pale.

1.

With duller steel than the Perséan sword
They cut away no formless monster's head,
But one, whose gentleness did well accord
With death, as life. The ancient harps have said,
Love never dies, but lives, immortal Lord:
If Love impersonate was ever dead,
Pale Isabella kiss'd it, and low moan'd.
'Twas love; cold,—dead indeed, but not dethroned.

LI

In anxious secrecy they took it home,
And then the prize was all for Isabel:
She calm'd its wild hair with a golden comb,
And all around each eye's sepulchral cell
Pointed each fringed lash; the smeared loam
With tears, as chilly as a dripping well,
She drench'd away:—and still she comb'd, and kept
Sighing all day—and still she kiss'd, and wept.

LII

Then in a silken scarf,—sweet with the dews
Of precious flowers pluck'd in Araby,
And divine liquids come with odorous ooze
Through the cold serpent-pipe refreshfully,—
She wrapp'd it up; and for its tomb did choose
A garden-pot, wherein she laid it by,
And cover'd it with mould, and o'er it set
Sweet Basil. which her tears kept ever wet.

## LIII

And she forgot the stars, the moon, and sun,
And she forgot the blue above the trees,
And she forgot the dells where waters run,
And she forgot the chilly autumn breeze;
She had no knowledge when the day was done,
And the new morn she saw not: but in peace
Hung over her sweet Basil evermore,
And moisten'd it with tears unto the core.

## LIV

And so she ever fed it with thin tears,
Whence thick, and green, and beautiful it grew,
So that it smelt more balmy than its peers
Of Basil-tufts in Florence; for it drew
Nurture besides, and life, from human fears,
From the fast mouldering head there shut from view:
So that the jewel, safely casketed,
Came forth, and in perfumed leafits spread.

## LV

O Melancholy, linger here awhile!
O Music, Music, breathe despondingly!
O Echo, Echo, from some sombre isle,
Unknown, Lethean, sigh to us—O sigh!
Spirits in grief, lift up your heads, and smile;
Lift up your heads, sweet Spirits, heavily,
And make a pale light in your cypress glooms,
Tinting with silver wan your marble tombs.

## LVI

Moan hither, all ye syllables of woe, From the deep throat of sad Melpomene! Through bronzed lyre in tragic order go, And touch the strings into a mystery: Sound mournfully upon the winds and low; For simple Isabel is soon to be Among the dead: She withers, like a palm Cut by an Indian for its juicy balm.

#### 1. V 1 I

O leave the palm to wither by itself; Let not quick Winter chill its dying hour!-It may not be-those Baälites of pelf, Her brethren, noted the continual shower From her dead eves; and many a curious elf. Among her kindred, wonder'd that such dower Of youth and beauty should be thrown aside By one mark'd out to be a Noble's bride.

## LVIII

And, furthermore, her brethren wonder'd much Why she sat drooping by the Basil green, And why it flourish'd, as by magic touch: Greatly they wonder'd what the thing might mean: They could not surely give belief, that such A very nothing would have power to wean Her from her own fair youth, and pleasures gay, And even remembrance of her love's delay.

#### LIX

Therefore they watch'd a time when they might sift This hidden whim; and long they watch'd in vain; For seldom did she go to chapel-shrift, And seldom felt she any hunger-pain; And when she left, she hurried back, as swift As bird on wing to breast its eggs again; And, patient as a hen-bird, sat her there Beside her Basil, weeping through her hair. 11

LX

Yet they contriv'd to steal the Basil-pot,
And to examine it in secret place;
The thing was vile with green and livid spot,
And yet they knew it was Lorenzo's face:
The guerdon of their murder they had got,
And so left Florence in a moment's space,
Never to turn again.—Away they went,
With blood upon their heads, to banishment.

## LXI

O Melancholy, turn thine eyes away!
O Music, Music, breathe despondingly!
O Echo, Echo, on some other day,
From isles Lethean, sigh to us—O sigh!
Spirits of grief, sing not your 'Well-a-way!'
For Isabel, sweet Isabel, will die;
Will die a death too lone and incomplete,
Now they have ta'en away her Basil sweet.

## LXII

Piteous she look'd on dead and senseless things, Asking for her lost Basil amorously;
And with melodious chuckle in the strings
Of her lorn voice, she oftentimes would cry
After the Pilgrim in his wanderings,
To ask him where her Basil was; and why
'Twas hid from her: 'For cruel 'tis,' said she,
'To steal my Basil-pot away from me.'

# LXIII

And so she pined, and so she died forlorn,
Imploring for her Basil to the last.

No heart was there in Florence but did mourn
In pity of her love, so overcast.

And a sad ditty of this story born
From mouth to mouth through all the country pass'd:

Still is the burthen sung—'O cruelty,
'To steal my Basil-pot away from me!'

# THE EVE OF ST. AGNES.

I

St. Agnes' Eve—Ah, bitter chill it was!
The owl, for all his feathers, was a-cold;
The hare limp'd trembling through the frozen grass,
And silent was the flock in woolly fold:
Numb were the Beadsman's fingers, while he told
His rosary, and while his frosted breath,
Like pious incense from a censer old,
Seem'd taking flight for heaven, without a death,
Past the sweet Virgin's picture, while his prayer he saith.

11

His prayer he saith, this patient, holy man; Then takes his lamp, and riseth from his knees, And back returneth, meagre, barefoot, wan, Along the chapel aisle by slow degrees: The sculptur'd dead, on each side, seem to freeze, Emprison'd in black, purgatorial rails: Knights, ladies, praying in dumb orat'ries, He passeth by; and his weak spirit fails To think how they may ache in icy hoods and mails.

111

Northward he turneth through a little door,
And scarce three steps, ere Music's golden tongue
Flatter'd to tears this aged man and poor;
But no—already had his deathbell rung:
The joys of all his life were said and sung:
His was harsh penance on St. Agnes' Eve:
Another way he went, and soon among
Rough ashes sat he for his soul's reprieve,
And all night kept awake, for sinners' sake to grieve.

. .,

That ancient Beadsman heard the prelude soft; And so it chanc'd, for many a door was wide, From hurry to and fro. Soon, up aloft, The silver, snarling trumpets 'gan to chide: The level chambers, ready with their pride,
Were glowing to receive a thousand guests:
The carved angels, ever eager-eyed,
Star'd, where upon their heads the cornice rests,
With hair blown back, and wings put cross-wise on their breasts.

v

At length burst in the argent revelry,
With plume, tiara, and all rich array,
Numerous as shadows haunting faerily
The brain, new stuff'd, in youth, with triumphs gay
Of old romance. These let us wish away,
And turn, sole-thoughted, to one Lady there,
Whose heart had brooded, all that wintry day,
On love, and wing'd St. Agnes' saintly care,
As she had heard old dames full many times declare.

VΙ

They told her how, upon St. Agnes' Eve, Young virgins might have visions of delight, And soft adorings from their loves receive Upon the honey'd middle of the night, If ceremonies due they did aright; As, supperless to bed they must retire, And couch supine their beauties, lilly white; Nor look behind, nor sideways, but require Of Heaven with upward eyes for all that they desire.

#### VII

Full of this whim was thoughtful Madeline:
The music, yearning like a God in pain,
She scarcely heard: her maiden eyes divine,
Fix'd on the floor, saw many a sweeping train
Pass by—she heeded not at all: in vain
Came many a tiptoe, amorous cavalier,
And back retir'd; not cool'd by high disdain,
But she saw not: her heart was otherwhere:
She sigh'd for Agnes' dreams, the sweetest of the year.

## VIII

She danc'd along with vague, regardless eyes, Anxious her lips, her breathing quick and short: The hallow'd hour was near at hand: she sighs Amid the timbrels, and the throng'd resort Of whisperers in anger, or in sport; 'Mid looks of love, defiance, hate, and scorn, Hoodwink'd with faery fancy; all amort, Save to St. Agnes and her lambs unshorn, And all the bliss to be before to-morrow morn.

#### IΧ

So, purposing each moment to retire,
She linger'd still. Meantime, across the moors,
Had come young Porphyro, with heart on fire
For Madeline. Beside the portal doors,
Buttress'd from moonlight, stands he, and implores
All saints to give him sight of Madeline,
But for one moment in the tedious hours,
That he might gaze and worship all unseen;
Perchance speak, kneel, touch, kiss—in sooth such things
have been.

## x

He ventures in: let no buzz'd whisper tell:
All eyes be muffled, or a hundred swords
Will storm his heart, Love's fev'rous citadel:
For him, those chambers held barbarian hordes,
Hyena foemen, and hot-blooded lords,
Whose very dogs would execrations howl
Against his lineage: not one breast affords
Him any mercy, in that mansion foul,
Save one old beldame, weak in body and in soul.

#### ΧI

Ah, happy chance! the aged creature came, Shuffling along with ivory-headed wand, To where he stood, hid from the torch's flame, Behind a broad hall-pillar, far beyond The sound of merriment and chorus bland:
He startled her; but soon she knew his face,
And grasp'd his fingers in her palsied hand,
Saying, 'Mercy, Porphyro! hie thee from this place:
'They are all here to-night, the whole blood-thirsty race!

## x 11

'Get hence! get hence! there's dwarfish Hildebrand; 'He had a fever late, and in the fit 'He cursed thee and thine, both house and land: 'Then there's that old Lord Maurice, not a whit 'More tame for his gray hairs—Alas me! flit! 'Flit like a ghost away.'—'Ah, Gossip dear, 'We're safe enough; here in this arm-chair sit, 'And tell me how'—'Good Saints! not here, not here; 'Follow me, child, or else these stones will be thy bier.'

#### XIII

He follow'd through a lowly arched way, Brushing the cobwebs with his lofty plume, And as she mutter'd 'Well-a—well-a-day!' He found him in a little moonlight room, Pale, lattic'd, chill, and silent as a tomb. 'Now tell me where is Madeline,' said he, 'O tell me, Angela, by the holy loom 'Which none but secret sisterhood may see, 'When they St. Agnes' wool are weaving piously.'

# XIV

'St. Agnes! Ah! it is St. Agnes' Eve—
'Yet men will murder upon holy days:
'Thou must hold water in a witch's sieve,
'And be liege-lord of all the Elves and Fays,
'To venture so: it fills me with amaze
'To see thee, Porphyro!—St. Agnes' Eve!
'God's help! my lady fair the conjuror plays
'This very night: good angels her deceive!
'But let me laugh awhile, I've mickle time to grieve.'

## xv

Feebly she laugheth in the languid moon,
While Porphyro upon her face doth look,
Like puzzled urchin on an aged crone
Who keepeth clos'd a wond'rous riddle-book,
As spectacled she sits in chimney nook.
But soon his eyes grew brilliant, when she told
His lady's purpose; and he scarce could brook
Tears, at the thought of those enchantments cold,
And Madeline asleep in lap of legends old.

## xvi

Sudden a thought came like a full-blown rose,
Flushing his brow, and in his pained heart
Made purple riot: then doth he propose
A stratagem, that makes the beldame start:
'A cruel man and impious thou art:
'Sweet lady, let her pray, and sleep, and dream
'Alone with her good angels, far apart
'From wicked men like thee. Go, go!—I deem
'Thou canst not surely be the same that thou didst seem.'

#### XVII

'I will not harm her, by all saints I swear,'

Quoth Porphyro: 'O may I ne'er find grace
'When my weak voice shall whisper its last prayer,
'If one of her soft ringlets I displace,
'Or look with ruffian passion in her face:
'Good Angela, believe me by these tears;
'Or I will, even in a moment's space,
'Awake, with horrid shout, my foemen's ears,
'And beard them, though they be more fang'd than wolves and bears.'

#### XVIII

'Ah! why wilt thou affright a feeble soul?
'A poor, weak, palsy-stricken, churchyard thing,
'Whose passing-bell may ere the midnight toll;
'Whose prayers for thee, each morn and evening,

'Were never miss'd.'—Thus plaining, doth she bring A gentler speech from burning Porphyro; So woful, and of such deep sorrowing, That Angela gives promise she will do Whatever he shall wish, betide her weal or woe.

## XIX

Which was, to lead him, in close secrecy,
Even to Madeline's chamber, and there hide
Him in a closet, of such privacy
That he might see her beauty unespied,
And win perhaps that night a peerless bride,
While legion'd faeries pac'd the coverlet,
And pale enchantment held her sleepy-eyed.
Never on such a night have lovers met,
Since Merlin paid his Demon all the monstrous debt.

## xx

'It shall be as thou wishest,' said the Dame:
'All cates and dainties shall be stored there
'Quickly on this feast-night: by the tambour frame
'Her own lute thou wilt see: no time to spare,
'For I am slow and feeble, and scarce dare
'On such a catering trust my dizzy head.
'Wait here, my child, with patience; kneel in prayer
'The while: Ah! thou must needs the lady wed,
'Or may I never leave my grave among the dead.'

# XXI

So saying, she hobbled off with busy fear.
The lover's endless minutes slowly pass'd;
The dame return'd, and whisper'd in his ear
To follow her; with aged eyes aghast
From fright of dim espial. Safe at last,
Through many a dusky gallery, they gain
The maiden's chamber, silken, hush'd, and chaste;
Where Porphyro took covert, pleas'd amain.
His poor guide hurried back with agues in her brain.

## XXII

Her falt'ring hand upon the balustrade,
Old Angela was feeling for the stair,
When Madeline, St. Agnes' charmed maid,
Rose, like a mission'd spirit, unaware:
With silver taper's light, and pious care,
She turn'd, and down the aged gossip led
To a safe level matting. Now prepare,
Young Porphyro, for gazing on that bed;
She comes, she comes again, like ring-dove fray'd and fled.

#### XXIII

Out went the taper as she hurried in;
Its little smoke, in pallid moonshine, died:
She clos'd the door, she panted, all akin
To spirits of the air, and visions wide:
No uttered syllable, or, woe betide!
But to her heart, her heart was voluble,
Paining with eloquence her balmy side;
As though a tongueless nightingale should swell
Her throat in vain, and die, heart-stifled, in her dell.

#### XXIV

A casement high and triple-arch'd there was,
All garlanded with carven imag'ries
Of fruits, and flowers, and bunches of knot-grass,
And diamonded with panes of quaint device,
Innumerable of stains and splendid dyes,
As are the tiger-moth's deep-damask'd wings;
And in the midst, 'mong thousand heraldries,
And twilight saints, and dim emblazonings,
A shielded scutcheon blush'd with blood of queens and kings.

#### XXV

Full on this casement shone the wintry moon, And threw warm gules on Madeline's fair breast, As down she knelt for heaven's grace and boon; Rose-bloom fell on her hands, together prest, And on her silver cross soft amethyst, And on her hair a glory, like a saint: She seem'd a splendid angel, newly drest, Save wings, for heaven:—Porphyro grew faint: She knelt, so pure a thing, so free from mortal taint.

#### XXVI

Anon his heart revives: her vespers done,
Of all its wreathed pearls her hair she frees;
Unclasps her warmed jewels one by one;
Loosens her fragrant boddice; by degrees
Her rich attire creeps rustling to her knees:
Half-hidden, like a mermaid in sea-weed,
Pensive awhile she dreams awake, and sees,
In fancy, fair St. Agnes in her bed,
But dares not look behind, or all the charm is fled.

Soon, trembling in her soft and chilly nest,
In sort of wakeful swoon, perplex'd she lay,
Until the poppied warmth of sleep oppress'd
Her soothed limbs, and soul fatigued away;
Flown, like a thought, until the morrow-day;
Blissfully haven'd both from joy and pain;
Clasp'd like a missal where swart Paynims pray;
Blinded alike from sunshine and from rain,
As though a rose should shut, and be a bud again.

# XXVIII

Stol'n to this paradise, and so entranced,
Porphyro gazed upon her empty dress,
And listen'd to her breathing, if it chanced
To wake into a slumberous tenderness;
Which when he heard, that minute did he bless,
And breath'd himself: then from the closet crept,
Noiseless as fear in a wide wilderness,
And over the hush'd carpet, silent, stept,
And 'tween the curtains peep'd, where, lo!—how fast she
slept.

## XXIX

Then by the bed-side, where the faded moon Made a dim, silver twilight, soft he set A table, and, half anguish'd, threw thereon A cloth of woven crimson, gold, and jet:— O for some drowsy Morphean amulet! The boisterous, midnight, festive clarion, The kettle-drum, and far-heard clarinet, Affray his ears, though but in dying tone:— The hall door shuts again, and all the noise is gone.

#### XXX

And still she slept an azure-lidded sleep,
In blanched linen, smooth, and lavender'd,
While he from forth the closet brought a heap
Of candied apple, quince, and plum, and gourd;
With jellies soother than the creamy curd,
And lucent syrops, tinct with cinnamon;
Manna and dates, in argosy transferr'd
From Fez; and spiced dainties, every one,
From silken Samarcand to cedar'd Lebanon.

#### XXXI

These delicates he heap'd with glowing hand On golden dishes and in baskets bright Of wreathed silver: sumptuous they stand In the retired quiet of the night, Filling the chilly room with perfume light.— 'And now, my love, my seraph fair, awake! 'Thou art my heaven, and I thine eremite: 'Open thine eyes, for meek St. Agnes' sake, 'Or I shall drowse beside thee, so my soul doth ache.'

## XXXII

Thus whispering, his warm, unnerved arm Sank in her pillow. Shaded was her dream By the dusk curtains:—'twas a midnight charm Impossible to melt as iced stream:

The lustrous salvers in the moonlight gleam; Broad golden fringe upon the carpet lies: It seem'd he never, never could redeem From such a stedfast spell his lady's eyes; So mus'd awhile, entoil'd in woofed phantasies.

## XXXIII

Awakening up, he took her hollow lute,—
Tumultuous,—and, in chords that tenderest be,
He play'd an ancient ditty, long since mute,
In Provence call'd, 'La belle dame sans mercy:'
Close to her ear touching the melody;—
Wherewith disturb'd, she utter'd a soft moan:
He ceased—she panted quick—and suddenly
Her blue affrayed eyes wide open shone:
Upon his knees he sank, pale as smooth-sculptured stone.

## XXXIV

Her eyes were open, but she still beheld,
Now wide awake, the vision of her sleep:
There was a painful change, that nigh expell'd
The blisses of her dream so pure and deep
At which fair Madeline began to weep,
And moan forth witless words with many a sigh;
While still her gaze on Porphyro would keep;
Who knelt, with joined hands and piteous eye,
Fearing to move or speak, she look'd so dreamingly.

#### XXXV

'Ah, Porphyro!' said she, 'but even now 'Thy voice was at sweet tremble in mine ear, 'Made tuneable with every sweetest vow; 'And those sad eyes were spiritual and clear: 'How chang'd thou art! how pallid, chill, and drear! 'Give me that voice again, my Porphyro, 'Those looks immortal, those complainings dear! 'Oh leave me not in this eternal woe, 'For if thou diest, my Love, I know not where to go.'

## XXXVI

Beyond a mortal man impassion'd far
At these voluptuous accents, he arose,
Ethereal, flush'd, and like a throbbing star
Seen mid the sapphire heaven's deep repose;
Into her dream he melted, as the rose
Blendeth its odour with the violet,—
Solution sweet: meantime the frost-wind blows
Like Love's alarum pattering the sharp sleet
Against the window-panes; St. Agnes' moon hath set.

#### XXXVII

'Tis dark: quick pattereth the flaw-blown sleet:
'This is no dream, my bride, my Madeline!'
'Tis dark: the iced gusts still rave and beat:
'No dream, alas! alas! and woe is mine!
'Porphyro will leave me here to fade and pine.—
'Cruel! what traitor could thee hither bring?
'I curse not, for my heart is lost in thine,
'Though thou forsakest a deceived thing;—
'A dove forlorn and lost with sick unpruned wing.'

# IIIVXXX

'My Madeline! sweet dreamer! lovely bride!
'Say, may I be for aye thy vassal blest?
'Thy beauty's shield, heart-shap'd and vermeil dyed?
'Ah, silver shrine, here will I take my rest
'After so many hours of toil and quest,
'A famish'd pilgrim,—sav'd by miracle.
'Though I have found, I will not rob thy nest
'Saving of thy sweet self; if thou think'st well
'To trust, fair Madeline, to no rude infidel.

#### XXXXX

'Hark! 'tis an elfin-storm from faery land, 'Of haggard seeming, but a boon indeed: 'Arise—arise! the morning is at hand;—'The bloated wassaillers will never heed:—

'Let us away, my love, with happy speed;
'There are no ears to hear, or eyes to see,—
'Drown'd all in Rhenish and the sleepy mead:
'Awake! arise! my love, and fearless be,
'For o'er the southern moors I have a home for thee.'

## хL

She hurried at his words, beset with fears,
For there were sleeping dragons all around,
At glaring watch, perhaps, with ready spears—
Down the wide stairs a darkling way they found.—
In all the house was heard no human sound.
A chain-droop'd lamp was flickering by each door;
The arras, rich with horseman, hawk, and hound,
Flutter'd in the besieging wind's uproar;
And the long carpets rose along the gusty floor.

#### XLI

They glide, like phantoms, into the wide hall; Like phantoms, to the iron porch, they glide; Where lay the Porter, in uneasy sprawl, With a huge empty flaggon by his side: The wakeful bloodhound rose, and shook his hide, But his sagacious eye an inmate owns: By one, and one, the bolts full easy slide:— The chains lie silent on the footworn stones;— The key turns, and the door upon its hinges groans.

## XLII

And they are gone: aye, ages long ago
These lovers fled away into the storm.
That night the Baron dreamt of many a woe,
And all his warrior-guests, with shade and form
Of witch, and demon, and large coffin-worm,
Were long be-nightmar'd. Angela the old
Died palsy-twitch'd, with meagre face deform;
The Beadsman, after thousand aves told,
For aye unsought for slept among his ashes cold.

# POEMS.

# ODE TO A NIGHTINGALE.

I

My heart aches, and a drowsy numbness pains
My sense, as though of hemlock I had drunk,
Or emptied some dull opiate to the drains
One minute past, and Lethe-wards had sunk:
'Tis not through envy of thy happy lot,
But being too happy in thine happiness,—
That thou, light-winged Dryad of the trees,
In some melodious plot
Of beechen green, and shadows numberless,
Singest of summer in full-throated ease.

11

O, for a draught of vintage! that hath been Cool'd a long age in the deep-delved earth,
Tasting of Flora and the country green,
Dance, and Provençal song, and sunburnt mirth!
O for a beaker full of the warm South,
Full of the true, the blushful Hippocrene,
With beaded bubbles winking at the brim,
And purple-stained mouth;
That I might drink, and leave the world unseen,
And with thee fade away into the forest dim:

111

Fade far away, dissolve, and quite forget
What thou among the leaves hast never known,
The weariness, the fever, and the fret
Here, where men sit and hear each other groan;
Where palsy shakes a few, sad, last gray hairs,
Where youth grows pale, and spectre-thin, and dies;
Where but to think is to be full of sorrow
And leaden-eyed despairs,
Where Beauty cannot keep her lustrous eyes,
Or new Love pine at them beyond to-morrow.

ΙV

Away! away! for I will fly to thee,
Not charioted by Bacchus and his pards,
But on the viewless wings of Poesy,
Though the dull brain perplexes and retards:
Already with thee! tender is the night,
And haply the Queen-Moon is on her throne,
Cluster'd around by all her starry Fays;
But here there is no light,
Save what from heaven is with the breezes blown
Through verdurous glooms and winding mossy ways.

V

I cannot see what flowers are at my feet,
Nor what soft incense hangs upon the boughs,
But, in embalmed darkness, guess each sweet
Wherewith the seasonable month endows
The grass, the thicket, and the fruit-tree wild;
White hawthorn, and the pastoral eglantine;
Fast fading violets cover'd up in leaves;
And mid-May's eldest child,
The coming musk-rose, full of dewy wine,
The murmurous haunt of flies on summer eyes.

VΙ

Darkling I listen; and, for many a time
I have been half in love with easeful Death,
Call'd him soft names in many a mused rhyme,
To take into the air my quiet breath;
Now more than ever seems it rich to die,
To cease upon the midnight with no pain,
While thou art pouring forth thy soul abroad
In such an ecstasy!
Still wouldst thou sing, and I have ears in vain—
To thy high requiem become a sod.

#### VII

Thou wast not born for death, immortal Bird!
No hungry generations tread thee down;
The voice I hear this passing night was heard
In ancient days by emperor and clown:

Perhaps the self-same song that found a path
Through the sad heart of Ruth, when, sick for home,
She stood in tears amid the alien corn;
The same that oft-times hath
Charm'd magic casements, opening on the foam
Of perilous seas, in faery lands forlorn.

#### VIII

Forlorn! the very word is like a bell

To toll me back from thee to my sole self!
Adieu! the fancy cannot cheat so well

As she is fam'd to do, deceiving elf.
Adieu! adieu! thy plaintive anthem fades

Past the near meadows, over the still stream,

Up the hill-side; and now 'tis buried deep

In the next valley-glades:

Was it a vision, or a waking dream?

Fled is that music:—Do I wake or sleep?

# ODE ON A GRECIAN URN.

ĭ

Thou still unravish'd bride of quietness,
Thou foster-child of silence and slow time,
Sylvan historian, who canst thus express
A flowery tale more sweetly than our rhyme:
What leaf-fring'd legend haunts about thy shape
Of deities or mortals, or of both,
In Tempe or the dales of Arcady?
What men or gods are these? What maidens loth?
What mad pursuit? What struggle to escape?
What pipes and timbrels? What wild ecstasy?

ΙI

Heard melodies are sweet, but those unheard Are sweeter; therefore, ye soft pipes, play on; Not to the sensual ear, but, more endear'd, Pipe to the spirit ditties of no tone: Fair youth, beneath the trees, thou canst not leave
Thy song, nor ever can those trees be bare;
Bold Lover, never, never canst thou kiss,
Though winning near the goal—yet, do not grieve;
She cannot fade, though thou hast not thy bliss,
For ever wilt thou love, and she be fair!

11

Ah, happy, happy boughs! that cannot shed Your leaves, nor ever bid the Spring adieu; And, happy melodist, unwearied,
For ever piping songs for ever new;
More happy love! more happy, happy love!
For ever warm and still to be enjoy'd,
For ever panting, and for ever young;
All breathing human passion far above,
That leaves a heart high-sorrowful and cloy'd,
A burning forehead, and a parching tongue.

IV

Who are these coming to the sacrifice?

To what green altar, O mysterious priest,
Lead'st thou that heifer lowing at the skies,
And all her silken flanks with garlands drest?
What little town by river or sea shore,
Or mountain-built with peaceful citadel,
Is emptied of this folk, this pious morn?
And, little town, thy streets for evermore
Will silent be; and not a soul to tell
Why thou art desolate, can e'er return.

ν

O Attic shape! Fair attitude! with brede
Of marble men and maidens overwrought,
With forest branches and the trodden weed;
Thou, silent form, dost tease us out of thought
As doth eternity: Cold Pastoral!
When old age shall this generation waste,
Thou shalt remain, in midst of other woe
Than ours, a friend to man, to whom thou say'st,
'Beauty is truth, truth beauty,'—that is all
Ye know on earth, and all ye need to know.

## ODE TO PSYCHE.

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O Goddess! hear these tuneless numbers, wrung
By sweet enforcement and remembrance dear,
And pardon that thy secrets should be sung
Even into thine own soft-conched ear:
Surely I dreamt to-day, or did I see
The winged Psyche with awaken'd eyes?
I wander'd in a forest thoughtlessly,
And, on the sudden, fainting with surprise,
Saw two fair creatures, couched side by side
In deepest grass, beneath the whisp'ring roof
Of leaves and trembled blossoms, where there ran
A brooklet, scarce espied:

'Mid hush'd, cool-rooted flowers, fragrant-eyed, Blue, silver-white, and budded Tyrian,
They lay calm-breathing on the bedded grass;
Their arms embraced, and their pinions too;
Their lips touch'd not, but had not bade adieu,
As if disjoined by soft-handed slumber,
And ready still past kisses to outnumber
At tender eye-dawn of aurorean love:
The winged boy I knew;
But who wast thou, O happy, happy dove?
His Psyche true!

O latest born and loveliest vision far
Of all Olympus' faded hierarchy!
Fairer than Phœbe's sapphire-region'd star,
Or Vesper, amorous glow-worm of the sky;
Fairer than these, though temple thou hast none,
Nor altar heap'd with flowers;
Nor virgin-choir to make delicious moan
Upon the midnight hours;
No voice, no lute, no pipe, no incense sweet
From chain-swung censer teeming;
No shrine, no grove, no oracle, no heat
Of pale-mouth'd prophet dreaming.

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O brightest! though too late for antique vows,
Too, too late for the fond believing lyre,
When holy were the haunted forest boughs,
Holy the air, the water, and the fire;
Yet even in these days so far retir'd
From happy pieties, thy lucent fans,
Fluttering among the faint Olympians,
I see, and sing, by my own eyes inspir'd.
So let me be thy choir, and make a moan
Upon the midnight hours;
Thy voice, thy lute, thy pipe, thy incense sweet
From swinged censer teeming;
Thy shrine, thy grove, thy oracle, thy heat
Of pale-mouth'd prophet dreaming.

Yes, I will be thy priest, and build a fane 50 In some untrodden region of my mind, Where branched thoughts, new grown with pleasant pain, Instead of pines shall murmur in the wind: Far, far around shall those dark-cluster'd trees Fledge the wild-ridged mountains steep by steep; And there by zephyrs, streams, and birds, and bees, The moss-lain Dryads shall be lull'd to sleep: And in the midst of this wide quietness A rosy sanctuary will I dress With the wreath'd trellis of a working brain. 60 With buds, and bells, and stars without a name, With all the gardener Fancy e'er could feign, Who breeding flowers, will never breed the same: And there shall be for thee all soft delight That shadowy thought can win, A bright torch, and a casement ope at night, To let the warm Love in!

## FANCY.

EVER let the fancy roam, Pleasure never is at home: At a touch sweet Pleasure melteth, Like to bubbles when rain pelteth;

Then let winged Fancy wander Through the thought still spread beyond her: Open wide the mind's cage-door. She'll dart forth, and cloudward soar. O sweet Fancy! let her loose; Summer's joys are spoilt by use, 10 And the enjoying of the Spring Fades as does its blossoming: Autumn's red-lipp'd fruitage too. Blushing through the mist and dew, Cloys with tasting: What do then? Sit thee by the ingle, when The sear faggot blazes bright. Spirit of a winter's night; When the soundless earth is muffled. And the caked snow is shuffled 20 From the ploughboy's heavy shoon; When the Night doth meet the Noon In a dark conspiracy To banish Even from her sky. Sit thee there, and send abroad, With a mind self-overaw'd. Fancy, high-commission'd:—send her! She has vassals to attend her: She will bring, in spite of frost, Beauties that the earth hath lost; 30 She will bring thee, all together, All delights of summer weather: All the buds and bells of May, From dewy sward or thorny spray; All the heaped Autumn's wealth. With a still, mysterious stealth: She will mix these pleasures up Like three fit wines in a cup, And thou shalt quaff it:-thou shalt hear Distant harvest-carols clear; 40 Rustle of the reaped corn; Sweet birds antheming the morn: And, in the same moment—hark! 'Tis the early April lark, Or the rooks, with busy caw,

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Foraging for sticks and straw. Thou shalt, at one glance, behold The daisy and the marigold; White-plum'd lillies, and the first Hedge-grown primrose that hath burst; Shaded hyacinth, alway Sapphire queen of the mid-May; And every leaf, and every flower Pearled with the self-same shower. Thou shalt see the field-mouse peep Meagre from its celled sleep; And the snake all winter-thin Cast on sunny bank its skin: Freckled nest-eggs thou shalt see Hatching in the hawthorn-tree, When the hen-bird's wing doth rest Quiet on her mossy nest; Then the hurry and alarm When the bee-hive casts its swarm: Acorns ripe down-pattering, While the autumn breezes sing.

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Oh, sweet Fancy! ler her loose; Every thing is spoilt by use: Where's the cheek that doth not fade. Too much gaz'd at? Where's the maid Whose lip mature is ever new? Where's the eye, however blue, Doth not weary? Where's the face One would meet in every place? Where's the voice, however soft, One would hear so very oft? At a touch sweet Pleasure melteth Like to bubbles when rain pelteth. Let, then, winged Fancy find Thee a mistress to thy mind: Dulcet-eyed as Ceres' daughter, Ere the God of Torment taught her How to frown and how to chide: With a waist and with a side White as Hebe's, when her zone

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Slipt its golden clasp, and down
Fell her kirtle to her feet,
While she held the goblet sweet,
And Jove grew languid.—Break the mesh
Of the Fancy's silken leash;
Quickly break her prison-string
And such joys as these she'll bring.—
Let the winged Fancy roam,
Pleasure never is at home.

## ODE.

BARDS of Passion and of Mirth. Ye have left your souls on earth! Have ve souls in heaven too. Double lived in regions new? Yes, and those of heaven commune With the spheres of sun and moon; With the noise of fountains wond'rous. And the parle of voices thund'rous; With the whisper of heaven's trees And one another, in soft ease Seated on Elysian lawns Brows'd by none but Dian's fawns: Underneath large blue-bells tented, Where the daisies are rose-scented. And the rose herself has got Perfume which on earth is not; Where the nightingale doth sing Not a senseless, tranced thing, But divine melodious truth: Philosophic numbers smooth: Tales and golden histories Of heaven and its mysteries.

Thus ye live on high, and then On the earth ye live again; And the souls ye left behind you Teach us, here, the way to find you, Where your other souls are joying, Never slumber'd, never cloying. Here, your earth-born souls still speak To mortals, of their little week; Of their sorrows and delights; Of their passions and their spites; Of their glory and their shame; What doth strengthen and what maim. Thus ye teach us, every day, Wisdom, though fled far away.

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Bards of Passion and of Mirth, Ye have left your souls on earth! Ye have souls in heaven too, Double-lived in regions new!

# LINES ON THE MERMAID TAVERN.

Souls of Poets dead and gone, What Elysium have ye known, Happy field or mossy cavern, Choicer than the Mermaid Tavern? Have ye tippled drink more fine Than mine host's Canary wine? Or are fruits of Paradise Sweeter than those dainty pies Of venison? O generous food! Drest as though bold Robin Hood Would, with his maid Marian, Sup and bowse from horn and can.

I have heard that on a day
Mine host's sign-board flew away,
Nobody knew whither, till
An astrologer's old quill
To a sheepskin gave the story,
Said he saw you in your glory,
Underneath a new old sign
Sipping beverage divine,
And pledging with contented smack
The Mermaid in the Zodiac.

Souls of Poets dead and gone, What Elysium have ye known, Happy field or mossy cavern, Choicer than the Mermaid Tavern?

# ROBIN HOOD.

## TO A FRIEND.

No! those days are gone away, And their hours are old and gray, And their minutes buried all Under the down-trodden pall Of the leaves of many years: Many times have winter's shears, Frozen North, and chilling East, Sounded tempests to the feast Of the forest's whispering fleeces, Since men knew nor rent nor leases.

No, the bugle sounds no more, And the twanging bow no more; Silent is the ivory shrill Past the heath and up the hill; There is no mid-forest laugh, Where lone Echo gives the half To some wight, amaz'd to hear Jesting, deep in forest drear.

On the fairest time of June You may go, with sun or moon, Or the seven stars to light you, Or the polar ray to right you; But you never may behold Little John, or Robin bold; Never one, of all the clan, Thrumming on an empty can Some old hunting ditty, while He doth his green way beguile To fair hostess Merriment, Down beside the pasture Trent; For he left the merry tale Messenger for spicy ale.

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Gone, the merry morris din: Gone, the song of Gamelyn; Gone, the tough-belted outlaw Idling in the 'grenè shawe'; All are gone away and past! And if Robin should be cast Sudden from his turfed grave, And if Marian should have Once again her forest days. She would weep, and he would craze: He would swear, for all his oaks, Fall'n beneath the dockyard strokes, Have rotted on the briny seas; She would weep that her wild bees Sang not to her-strange! that honey Can't be got without hard money!

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So it is: yet let us sing,
Honour to the old bow-string!
Honour to the bugle-horn!
Honour to the woods unshorn!
Honour to the Lincoln green!
Honour to the archer keen!
Honour to tight little John,
And the horse he rode upon!
Honour to bold Robin Hood,
Sleeping in the underwood!
Honour to maid Marian,
And to all the Sherwood-clan!
Though their days have hurried by
Let us two a burden try.

## TO AUTUMN.

I

SEASON of mists and mellow fruitfulness, Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun; Conspiring with him how to load and bless With fruit the vines that round the thatch-eves run; To bend with apples the moss'd cottage-trees,
And fill all fruit with ripeness to the core;
To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells
With a sweet kernel; to set budding more,
And still more, later flowers for the bees,
Until they think warm days will never cease,
For Summer has o'er-brimm'd their clammy cells.

11

Who hath not seen thee oft amid thy store?
Sometimes whoever seeks abroad may find
Thee sitting careless on a granary floor,
Thy hair soft-lifted by the winnowing wind;
Or on a half-reap'd furrow sound asleep,
Drows'd with the fume of poppies, while thy hook
Spares the next swath and all its twined flowers:
And sometimes like a gleaner thou dost keep
Steady thy laden head across a brook;
Or by a cyder-press, with patient look,
Thou watchest the last oozings hours by hours.

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Where are the songs of Spring? Ay, where are they? Think not of them, thou hast thy music too,— While barred clouds bloom the soft-dying day, And touch the stubble-plains with rosy hue; Then in a wailful choir the small gnats mourn Among the river sallows, borne aloft Or sinking as the light wind lives or dies; And full-grown lambs loud bleat from hilly bourn; Hedge-crickets sing; and now with treble soft The red-breast whistles from a garden-croft; And gathering swallows twitter in the skies.

## ODE ON MELANCHOLY.

No, no, go not to Lethe, neither twist
Wolf's-bane, tight-rooted, for its poisonous wine;
Nor suffer thy pale forehead to be kiss'd
By nightshade, ruby grape of Proserpine;

Make not your rosary of yew-berries,

Nor let the beetle, nor the death-moth be
Your mournful Psyche, nor the downy owl
A partner in your sorrow's mysteries;
For shade to shade will come too drowsily,
And drown the wakeful anguish of the soul.

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But when the melancholy fit shall fall
Sudden from heaven like a weeping cloud,
That fosters the droop-headed flowers all,
And hides the green hill in an April shroud;
Then glut thy sorrow on a morning rose,
Or on the rainbow of the salt sand-wave,
Or on the wealth of globed peonies;
Or if thy mistress some rich anger shows,
Emprison her soft hand, and let her rave,
And feed deep, deep upon her peerless eyes.

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She dwells with Beauty—Beauty that must die;
And Joy, whose hand is ever at his lips
Bidding adieu; and aching Pleasure nigh,
Turning to Poison while the bee-mouth sips:
Ay, in the very temple of delight
Veil'd Melancholy has her sovran shrine,
Though seen of none save him whose strenuous tongue
Can burst Joy's grape against his palate fine;
His soul shall taste the sadness of her might,
And be among her cloudy trophies hung.

# HYPERION.

## A FRAGMENT.

## BOOK I.

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DEEP in the shady sadness of a vale
Far sunken from the healthy breath of morn,
Far from the fiery noon, and eve's one star,
Sat gray-hair'd Saturn, quiet as a stone,
Still as the silence round about his lair;
Forest on forest hung about his head
Like cloud on cloud. No stir of air was there,
Not so much life as on a summer's day
Robs not one light seed from the feather'd grass,
But where the dead leaf fell, there did it rest.
A stream went voiceless by, still deadened more
By reason of his fallen divinity
Spreading a shade: the Naiad 'mid her reeds
Press'd her cold finger closer to her lips.

Along the margin-sand large foot-marks went, No further than to where his feet had stray'd, And slept there since. Upon the sodden ground His old right hand lay nerveless, listless, dead, Unsceptred; and his realmless eyes were closed; While his bow'd head seem'd list'ning to the Earth, His ancient mother, for some comfort yet.

It seem'd no force could wake him from his place; But there came one, who with a kindred hand Touch'd his wide shoulders, after bending low With reverence, though to one who knew it not. She was a Goddess of the infant world; By her in stature the tall Amazon Had stood a pigmy's height: she would have ta'en Achilles by the hair and bent his neck; Or with a finger stay'd Ixion's wheel. Her face was large as that of Memphian sphinx, Pedestal'd haply in a palace court, When sages look'd to Egypt for their lore. But oh! how unlike marble was that face:

How beautiful, if sorrow had not made Sorrow more beautiful than Beauty's self. There was a listening fear in her regard, As if calamity had but begun; As if the vanward clouds of evil days Had spent their malice, and the sullen rear Was with its stored thunder labouring up. One hand she press'd upon that aching spot Where beats the human heart, as if just there, Though an immortal, she felt cruel pain: The other upon Saturn's bended neck She laid, and to the level of his ear Leaning with parted lips, some words she spake In solemn tenour and deep organ tone: Some mourning words, which in our feeble tongue Would come in these like accents: O how frail To that large utterance of the early Gods! 'Saturn, look up!—though wherefore, poor old King? 'I have no comfort for thee, no not one: 'I cannot say, "O wherefore sleepest thou?" 'For heaven is parted from thee, and the earth 'Knows thee not, thus afflicted, for a God: 'And ocean too, with all its solemn noise, 'Has from thy sceptre pass'd; and all the air 'Is emptied of thine hoary majesty. 'Thy thunder, conscious of the new command, 'Rumbles reluctant o'er our fallen house: 'And thy sharp lightning in unpractis'd hands 'Scorches and burns our once serene domain. 'O aching time! O moments big as years! 'All as ye pass swell out the monstrous truth, 'And press it so upon our weary griefs 'That unbelief has not a space to breathe. 'Saturn, sleep on:-O thoughtless, why did I 'Thus violate thy slumbrous solitude? 'Why should I ope thy melancholy eyes? 'Saturn, sleep on! while at thy feet I weep.'

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As when, upon a tranced summer-night, Those green-rob'd senators of mighty woods, Tall oaks, branch-charmed by the earnest stars, Dream, and so dream all night without a stir, Save from one gradual solitary gust Which comes upon the silence, and dies off, As if the ebbing air had but one wave; So came these words and went; the while in tears She touch'd her fair large forehead to the ground,

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Just where her falling hair might be outspread A soft and silken mat for Saturn's feet. One moon, with alteration slow, had shed Her silver seasons four upon the night, And still these two were postured motionless, Like natural sculpture in cathedral cavern: The frozen God still couchant on the earth. And the sad Goddess weeping at his feet: Until at length old Saturn lifted up His faded eyes, and saw his kingdom gone. And all the gloom and sorrow of the place, And that fair kneeling Goddess; and then spake. As with a palsied tongue, and while his beard Shook horrid with such aspen-malady: 'O tender spouse of gold Hyperion, 'Thea, I feel thee ere I see thy face; 'Look up, and let me see our doom in it: 'Look up, and tell me if this feeble shape 'Is Saturn's: tell me, if thou hear'st the voice 'Of Saturn; tell me, if this wrinkling brow, 'Naked and bare of its great diadem, 'Peers like the front of Saturn. Who had power 'To make me desolate? whence came the strength? 'How was it nurtur'd to such bursting forth, 'While Fate seem'd strangled in my nervous grasp? 'But it is so: and I am smother'd up. 'And buried from all godlike exercise 'Of influence benign on planets pale. 'Of admonitions to the winds and seas, 'Of peaceful sway above man's harvesting, 'And all those acts which Deity supreme 'Doth ease its heart of love in.-I am gone 'Away from my own bosom: I have left

'My strong identity, my real self,

'Somewhere between the throne, and where I sit 'Here on this spot of earth. Search, Thea, search! 'Open thine eyes eterne, and sphere them round 'Upon all space: space starr'd, and lorn of light: 'Space region'd with life-air; and barren void; 'Spaces of fire, and all the yawn of hell.-120 'Search, Thea, search! and tell me, if thou seest 'A certain shape or shadow, making way 'With wings or chariot fierce to repossess 'A heaven he lost erewhile: it must-it must 'Be of ripe progress-Saturn must be King. 'Yes, there must be a golden victory; 'There must be Gods thrown down, and trumpets blown 'Of triumph calm, and hymns of festival 'Upon the gold clouds metropolitan, 'Voices of soft proclaim, and silver stir 130 'Of strings in hollow shells; and there shall be 'Beautiful things made new, for the surprise 'Of the sky-children; I will give command: 'Thea! Thea! Thea! where is Saturn?'

This passion lifted him upon his feet, And made his hands to struggle in the air. His Druid locks to shake and ooze with sweat, His eyes to fever out, his voice to cease. He stood, and heard not Thea's sobbing deep; A little time, and then again he snatch'd Utterance thus.—'But cannot I create? 'Cannot I form? Cannot I fashion forth 'Another world, another universe, 'To overbear and crumble this to naught? 'Where is another chaos? Where?'—That word Found way unto Olympus, and made quake The rebel three.—Thea was startled up, And in her bearing was a sort of hope, As thus she quick-voic'd spake, yet full of awe. 'This cheers our fallen house: come to our friends, 'O Saturn! come away, and give them heart; 'I know the covert, for thence came I hither.' Thus brief; then with beseeching eyes she went With backward footing through the shade a space:

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He follow'd, and she turn'd to lead the way Through aged boughs, that yielded like the mist Which eagles cleave upmounting from their nest.

Meanwhile in other realms big tears were shed, More sorrow like to this, and such like woe, Too huge for mortal tongue or pen of scribe: The Titans fierce, self-hid, or prison-bound, Groan'd for the old allegiance once more, And listen'd in sharp pain for Saturn's voice. But one of the whole mammoth-brood still kept His sov'reignty, and rule, and majesty:-Blazing Hyperion on his orbed fire Still sat, still snuff'd the incense, teeming up From man to the sun's God; yet unsecure: For as among us mortals omens drear Fright and perplex, so also shuddered he— Not at dog's howl, or gloom-bird's hated screech, Or the familiar visiting of one Upon the first toll of his passing-bell, Or prophesyings of the midnight lamp; But horrors, portion'd to a giant nerve, Oft made Hyperion ache. His palace bright Bastion'd with pyramids of glowing gold, And touch'd with shade of bronzed obelisks. Glar'd a blood-red through all its thousand courts, Arches, and domes, and fiery galleries: And all its curtains of Aurorian clouds Flush'd angerly: while sometimes eagle's wings, Unseen before by Gods or wondering men, Darken'd the place; and neighing steeds were heard, Not heard before by Gods or wondering men. Also, when he would taste the spicy wreaths Of incense, breath'd aloft from sacred hills. Instead of sweets, his ample palate took Savour of poisonous brass and metal sick: And so, when harbour'd in the sleepy west. After the full completion of fair day.— For rest divine upon exalted couch And slumber in the arms of melody, He pac'd away the pleasant hours of ease

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With stride colossal, on from hall to hall; While far within each aisle and deep recess, His winged minions in close clusters stood. Amaz'd and full of fear; like anxious men Who on wide plains gather in panting troops, When earthquakes jar their battlements and towers. Even now, while Saturn, rous'd from icy trance, Went step for step with Thea through the woods, Hyperion, leaving twilight in the rear, Came slope upon the threshold of the west; Then, as was wont, his palace-door flew ope In smoothest silence, save what solemn tubes, Blown by the serious Zephyrs, gave of sweet And wandering sounds, slow-breathed melodies; And like a rose in vermeil tint and shape, In fragrance soft, and coolness to the eve. That inlet to severe magnificence Stood full blown, for the God to enter in.

He enter'd, but he enter'd full of wrath; His flaming robes stream'd out beyond his heels. And gave a roar, as if of earthly fire, That scar'd away the meek ethereal Hours And made their dove-wings tremble. On he flared, From stately nave to nave, from vault to vault, Through bowers of fragrant and enwreathed light, And diamond-paved lustrous long arcades, Until he reach'd the great main cupola; There standing fierce beneath, he stamped his foot, And from the basement deep to the high towers Jarr'd his own golden region; and before The quavering thunder thereupon had ceas'd, His voice leapt out, despite of godlike curb, To this result: 'O dreams of day and night! 'O monstrous forms! O effigies of pain! 'O spectres busy in a cold, cold gloom! 'O lank-ear'd Phantoms of black-weeded pools! 'Why do I know ye? why have I seen ye? why 'Is my eternal essence thus distraught 'To see and to behold these horrors new? 'Saturn is fallen, am I too to fall?

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'Am I to leave this haven of my rest, 'This cradle of my glory, this soft clime, 'This calm luxuriance of blissful light, 'These crystalline pavilions, and pure fanes, 'Of all my lucent empire? It is left 'Deserted, void, nor any haunt of mine. 'The blaze, the splendor, and the symmetry, 'I cannot see-but darkness, death and darkness. 'Even here, into my centre of repose, 'The shady visions come to domineer, 'Insult, and blind, and stifle up my pomp.— 'Fall!—No, by Tellus and her briny robes! 'Over the fiery frontier of my realms 'I will advance a terrible right arm 'Shall scare that infant thunderer, rebel Jove, 'And bid old Saturn take his throne again.'— He spake, and ceas'd, the while a heavier threat Held struggle with his throat but came not forth; For as in theatres of crowded men Hubbub increases more they call out 'Hush!' So at Hyperion's words the Phantoms pale Bestirr'd themselves, thrice horrible and cold: And from the mirror'd level where he stood A mist arose, as from a scummy marsh. At this, through all his bulk an agony Crept gradual, from the feet unto the crown. Like a lithe serpent vast and muscular Making slow way, with head and neck convuls'd From over-strained might. Releas'd, he fled To the eastern gates, and full six dewy hours Before the dawn in season due should blush. He breath'd fierce breath against the sleepy portals, Clear'd them of heavy vapours, burst them wide Suddenly on the ocean's chilly streams. The planet orb of fire, whereon he rode Each day from east to west the heavens through, Spun round in sable curtaining of clouds: Not therefore veiled quite, blindfold, and hid, But ever and anon the glancing spheres. Circles, and arcs, and broad-belting colure, Glow'd through, and wrought upon the muffling dark

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Sweet-shaped lightnings from the nadir deep Up to the zenith,—hieroglyphics old Which sages and keen-eved astrologers Then living on the earth, with labouring thought Won from the gaze of many centuries: Now lost, save what we find on remnants huge Of stone, or marble swart; their import gone, Their wisdom long since fled.—Two wings this orb Possess'd for glory, two fair argent wings, Ever exalted at the God's approach: And now, from forth the gloom their plumes immense Rose, one by one, till all outspreaded were; While still the dazzling globe maintain'd eclipse, Awaiting for Hyperion's command. Fain would he have commanded, fain took throne And bid the day begin, if but for change, He might not:—No, though a primeval God: The sacred seasons might not be disturb'd. Therefore the operations of the dawn Stay'd in their birth, even as here 'tis told. Those silver wings expanded sisterly, Eager to sail their orb; the porches wide Open'd upon the dusk demesnes of night; And the bright Titan, phrenzied with new woes, Unus'd to bend, by hard compulsion bent His spirit to the sorrow of the time; And all along a dismal rack of clouds, Upon the boundaries of day and night, He stretch'd himself in grief and radiance faint. There as he lay, the Heaven with its stars Look'd down on him with pity, and the voice Of Cœlus, from the universal space, Thus whisper'd low and solemn in his ear. 'O brightest of my children dear, earth-born 'And sky-engendered, Son of Mysteries 'All unrevealed even to the powers 'Which met at thy creating; at whose joys 'And palpitations sweet, and pleasures soft, 'I, Cœlus, wonder, how they came and whence; 'And at the fruits thereof what shapes they be. 'Distinct, and visible; symbols divine,

'Manifestations of that beauteous life 'Diffus'd unseen throughout eternal space: 'Of these new-form'd art thou, oh brightest child! 'Of these, thy brethren and the Goddesses! 320 'There is sad feud among ye, and rebellion 'Of son against his sire. I saw him fall, 'I saw my first-born tumbled from his throne! 'To me his arms were spread, to me his voice 'Found way from forth the thunders round his head! 'Pale wox I, and in vapours hid my face. 'Art thou, too, near such doom? vague fear there is: 'For I have seen my sons most unlike Gods. 'Divine ye were created, and divine 'In sad demeanour, solemn, undisturb'd, 330 'Unruffled, like high Gods, ye liv'd and ruled: 'Now I behold in you fear, hope, and wrath; 'Actions of rage and passion; even as 'I see them, on the mortal world beneath, 'In men who die.—This is the grief, O Son! 'Sad sign of ruin, sudden dismay, and fall! 'Yet do thou strive; as thou art capable, 'As thou canst move about, an evident God: 'And canst oppose to each malignant hour 'Ethereal presence:—I am but a voice; 840 'My life is but the life of winds and tides. 'No more than winds and tides can I avail:-'But thou canst.—Be thou therefore in the van 'Of circumstance; yea, seize the arrow's barb 'Before the tense string murmur.—To the earth! 'For there thou wilt find Saturn, and his woes. 'Meantime I will keep watch on thy bright sun. 'And of thy seasons be a careful nurse.'— Ere half this region-whisper had come down, Hyperion arose, and on the stars 350 Lifted his curved lids, and kept them wide Until it ceas'd; and still he kept them wide: And still they were the same bright, patient stars. Then with a slow incline of his broad breast. Like to a diver in the pearly seas, Forward he stoop'd over the airy shore, And plung'd all noiseless into the deep night.

# BOOK II.

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JUST at the self-same beat of Time's wide wings Hyperion slid into the rustled air, And Saturn gain'd with Thea that sad place Where Cybele and the bruised Titans mourn'd. It was a den where no insulting light Could glimmer on their tears; where their own groans They felt, but heard not, for the solid roar Of thunderous waterfalls and torrents hoarse. Pouring a constant bulk, uncertain where. Crag jutting forth to crag, and rocks that seem'd Ever as if just rising from a sleep, Forehead to forehead held their monstrous horns: And thus in thousand hugest phantasies Made a fit roofing to this nest of woe. Instead of thrones, hard flint they sat upon, Couches of rugged stone, and slaty ridge Stubborn'd with iron. All were not assembled: Some chain'd in torture, and some wandering. Cœus, and Gyges, and Briareüs, Typhon, and Dolor, and Porphyrion, With many more, the brawniest in assault, Were pent in regions of laborious breath; Dungeon'd in opaque element, to keep Their clenched teeth still clench'd, and all their limbs Lock'd up like veins of metal, crampt and screw'd; Without a motion, save of their big hearts Heaving in pain, and horribly convuls'd With sanguine feverous boiling gurge of pulse. Mnemosyne was straying in the world; Far from her moon had Phoebe wandered: And many else were free to roam abroad, But for the main, here found they covert drear. Scarce images of life, one here, one there, Lay vast and edgeways; like a dismal cirque Of Druid stones, upon a forlorn moor, When the chill rain begins at shut of eve, In dull November, and their chancel vault, The Heaven itself, is blinded throughout night. Each one kept shroud, nor to his neighbour gave

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Or word, or look, or action of despair. Creüs was one; his ponderous iron mace Lay by him, and a shatter'd rib of rock Told of his rage, ere he thus sank and pined. läpetus another; in his grasp, A serpent's plashy neck; its barbed tongue Squeez'd from the gorge, and all its uncurl'd length Dead; and because the creature could not spit Its poison in the eyes of conquering Jove. Next Cottus: prone he lay, chin uppermost, As though in pain; for still upon the flint He ground severe his skull, with open mouth And eyes at horrid working. Nearest him Asia, born of most enormous Caf. Who cost her mother Tellus keener pangs, Though feminine, than any of her sons: More thought than woe was in her dusky face. For she was prophesying of her glory; And in her wide imagination stood Palm-shaded temples, and high rival fanes, By Oxus or in Ganges' sacred isles. Even as Hope upon her anchor leans. So leant she, not so fair, upon a tusk Shed from the broadest of her elephants. Above her, on a crag's uneasy shelve, Upon his elbow rais'd, all prostrate else, Shadow'd Enceladus: once tame and mild As grazing ox unworried in the meads: Now tiger-passion'd, lion-thoughted, wroth, He meditated, plotted, and even now Was hurling mountains in that second war. Not long delay'd, that scar'd the younger Gods To hide themselves in forms of beast and bird. Not far hence Atlas: and beside him prone Phorcus, the sire of Gorgons, Neighbour'd close Oceanus, and Tethys, in whose lap Sobb'd Clymene among her tangled hair. In midst of all lay Themis, at the feet Of Ops the queen all clouded round from sight: No shape distinguishable, more than when Thick night confounds the pine-tops with the clouds:

And many else whose names may not be told. For when the Muse's wings are air-ward spread, Who shall delay her flight? And she must chaunt Of Saturn, and his guide, who now had climb'd With damp and slippery footing from a depth More horrid still. Above a sombre cliff Their heads appear'd, and up their stature grew Till on the level height their steps found ease: Then Thea spread abroad her trembling arms Upon the precincts of this nest of pain. And sidelong fix'd her eve on Saturn's face: There saw she direst strife: the supreme God At war with all the frailty of grief, Of rage, of fear, anxiety, revenge, Remorse, spleen, hope, but most of all despair. Against these plagues he strove in vain; for Fate Had pour'd a mortal oil upon his head, A disanointing poison: so that Thea, Affrighted, kept her still, and let him pass First onwards in, among the fallen tribe.

As with us mortal men, the laden heart Is persecuted more, and fever'd more, When it is nighing to the mournful house Where other hearts are sick of the same bruise: So Saturn, as he walk'd into the midst, Felt faint, and would have sunk among the rest, But that he met Enceladus's eye, Whose mightiness, and awe of him, at once Came like an inspiration; and he shouted, 'Titans, behold your God!' at which some groan'd; Some started on their feet; some also shouted; Some wept, some wail'd, all bow'd with reverence; And Ops, uplifting her black folded veil, Show'd her pale cheeks, and all her forehead wan, Her eve-brows thin and jet, and hollow eves. There is a roaring in the bleak-grown pines When Winter lifts his voice; there is a noise Among immortals when a God gives sign, With hushing finger, how he means to load His tongue with the full weight of utterless thought, 90

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With thunder, and with music, and with pomp: Such noise is like the roar of bleak-grown pines: Which, when it ceases in this mountain'd world, No other sound succeeds: but ceasing here. Among these fallen, Saturn's voice therefrom Grew up like organ, that begins anew Its strain, when other harmonies, stopt short, Leave the dinn'd air vibrating silverly. Thus grew it up—'Not in my own sad breast, 'Which is its own great judge and searcher out, 130 'Can I find reason why ye should be thus: 'Not in the legends of the first of days. 'Studied from that old spirit-leaved book 'Which starry Uranus with finger bright 'Sav'd from the shores of darkness, when the waves 'Low-ebb'd still hid it up in shallow gloom:-'And the which book ye know I ever kept 'For my firm-based footstool:—Ah, infirm! 'Not there, nor in sign, symbol, or portent 'Of element, earth, water, air, and fire,-140 'At war, at peace, or inter-quarreling 'One against one, or two, or three, or all 'Each several one against the other three, 'As fire with air loud warring when rain-floods 'Drown both, and press them both against earth's face. 'Where, finding sulphur, a quadruple wrath 'Unhinges the poor world;—not in that strife, 'Wherefrom I take strange lore, and read it deep, 'Can I find reason why ye should be thus: 'No, no-where can unriddle, though I search, 150 'And pore on Nature's universal scroll 'Even to swooning, why ye, Divinities, 'The first-born of all shap'd and palpable Gods. 'Should cower beneath what, in comparison, 'Is untremendous might. Yet ve are here, 'O'erwhelm'd, and spurn'd, and batter'd, ye are here! 'O Titans, shall I say, "Arise!"-Ye groan: 'Shall I say "Crouch!"—Ye groan. What can I then? 'O Heaven wide! O unseen parent dear! 'What can I? Tell me, all ye brethren Gods, 160 'How we can war, how engine our great wrath!

'O speak your counsel now, for Saturn's ear 'Is all a-hunger'd. Thou, Oceanus, 'Ponderest high and deep; and in thy face 'I see, astonied, that severe content 'Which comes of thought and musing: give us help!'

So ended Saturn; and the God of the Sea, Sophist and sage, from no Athenian grove, But cogitation in his watery shades, Arose, with locks not oozy, and began, 170 In murmurs, which his first-endeavouring tongue Caught infant-like from the far-foamed sands. 'O ye, whom wrath consumes! who, passion-stung, 'Writhe at defeat, and nurse your agonies! 'Shut up your senses, stifle up your ears, 'My voice is not a bellows unto ire. 'Yet listen, ye who will, whilst I bring proof 'How ye, perforce, must be content to stoop: 'And in the proof much comfort will I give, 'If ye will take that comfort in its truth. 180 'We fall by course of Nature's law, not force 'Of thunder, or of Jove. Great Saturn, thou 'Hast sifted well the atom-universe: 'But for this reason, that thou art the King, 'And only blind from sheer supremacy, 'One avenue was shaded from thine eyes, 'Through which I wandered to eternal truth. 'And first, as thou wast not the first of powers, 'So art thou not the last: it cannot be: 'Thou art not the beginning nor the end. 190 'From chaos and parental darkness came 'Light, the first fruits of that intestine broil, 'That sullen ferment, which for wondrous ends 'Was ripening in itself. The ripe hour came, 'And with it light, and light, engendering 'Upon its own producer, forthwith touch'd 'The whole enormous matter into life. 'Upon that very hour, our parentage, 'The Heavens, and the Earth, were manifest: 'Then thou first born, and we the giant race, 200 'Found ourselves ruling new and beauteous realms.

'Now comes the pain of truth, to whom 'tis pain; 'O folly! for to bear all naked truths, 'And to envisage circumstance, all calm, 'That is the top of sovereignty. Mark well! 'As Heaven and Earth are fairer, fairer far 'Than Chaos and blank Darkness, though once chiets: 'And as we show beyond that Heaven and Earth 'In form and shape compact and beautiful. 'In will, in action free, companionship, 210 'And thousand other signs of purer life; 'So on our heels a fresh perfection treads, 'A power more strong in beauty, born of us 'And fated to excel us, as we pass 'In glory that old Darkness: nor are we 'Thereby more conquer'd, than by us the rule 'Of shapeless Chaos. Say, doth the dull soil 'Quarrel with the proud forests it hath fed, 'And feedeth still, more comely than itself? 'Can it deny the chiefdom of green groves? 220 'Or shall the tree be envious of the dove 'Because it cooeth, and hath snowy wings 'To wander wherewithal and find its joys? 'We are such forest-trees, and our fair boughs 'Have bred forth, not pale solitary doves, 'But eagles golden-feather'd, who do tower 'Above us in their beauty, and must reign 'In right thereof; for 'tis the eternal law 'That first in beauty should be first in might: 'Yea, by that law, another race may drive 230 'Our conquerors to mourn as we do now. 'Have ye beheld the young God of the Seas, 'My dispossessor? Have ye seen his face? 'Have ye beheld his chariot, foam'd along 'By noble winged creatures he hath made? 'I saw him on the calmed waters scud. 'With such a glow of beauty in his eyes, 'That it enforc'd me to bid sad farewell 'To all my empire: farewell sad I took, 'And hither came, to see how dolorous fate 240 'Had wrought upon ye; and how I might best 'Give consolation in this woe extreme.

'Receive the truth, and let it be your balm.'

Whether through poz'd conviction, or disdain, They guarded silence, when Oceanus Left murmuring, what deepest thought can tell? But so it was, none answer'd for a space, Save one whom none regarded, Clymene; And yet she answer'd not, only complain'd, With hectic lips, and eyes up-looking mild, 250 Thus wording timidly among the fierce: 'O Father, I am here the simplest voice, 'And all my knowledge is that joy is gone, 'And this thing woe crept in among our hearts, 'There to remain for ever, as I fear: 'I would not bode of evil, if I thought 'So weak a creature could turn off the help 'Which by just right should come of mighty Gods; 'Yet let me tell my sorrow, let me tell 'Of what I heard, and how it made me weep, 260 'And know that we had parted from all hope. 'I stood upon a shore, a pleasant shore, 'Where a sweet clime was breathed from a land 'Of fragrance, quietness, and trees, and flowers 'Full of calm joy it was, as I of grief; 'Too full of joy and soft delicious warmth: 'So that I felt a movement in my heart 'To chide, and to reproach that solitude 'With songs of misery, music of our woes; 'And sat me down, and took a mouthed shell 270 'And murmur'd into it, and made melody-'O melody no more! for while I sang, 'And with poor skill let pass into the breeze 'The dull shell's echo, from a bowery strand 'Just opposite, an island of the sea, 'There came enchantment with the shifting wind, 'That did both drown and keep alive my ears. 'I threw my shell away upon the sand, 'And a wave fill'd it, as my sense was fill'd 'With that new blissful golden melody. 280 'A living death was in each gush of sounds, 'Each family of rapturous hurried notes,

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'That fell, one after one, yet all at once, 'Like pearl beads dropping sudden from their string: 'And then another, then another strain, 'Each like a dove leaving its olive perch, 'With music wing'd instead of silent plumes, 'To hover round my head, and make me sick 'Of joy and grief at once. Grief overcame, 'And I was stopping up my frantic ears, 'When, past all hindrance of my trembling hands, 'A voice came sweeter, sweeter than all tune, 'And still it cried, "Apollo! young Apollo! "The morning-bright Apollo! young Apollo!" 'I fled, it follow'd me, and cried "Apollo!" 'O Father, and O Brethren, had ye felt 'Those pains of mine; O Saturn, hadst thou felt, 'Ye would not call this too indulged tongue 'Presumptuous, in thus venturing to be heard.'

So far her voice flow'd on, like timorous brook That, lingering along a pebbled coast, Doth fear to meet the sea: but sea it met, And shudder'd; for the overwhelming voice Of huge Enceladus swallow'd it in wrath: The ponderous syllables, like sullen waves In the half-glutted hollows of reef-rocks, Came booming thus, while still upon his arm He lean'd; not rising, from supreme contempt. 'Or shall we listen to the over-wise, 'Or to the over-foolish, Giant-Gods? 'Not thunderbolt on thunderbolt, till all 'That rebel Jove's whole armoury were spent, 'Not world on world upon these shoulders piled, 'Could agonize me more than baby-words 'In midst of this dethronement horrible. 'Speak! roar! shout! yell! ye sleepy Titans all. 'Do ve forget the blows, the buffets vile? 'Are ye not smitten by a youngling arm? 'Dost thou forget, sham Monarch of the Waves, 'Thy scalding in the seas? What, have I rous'd 'Your spleens with so few simple words as these? 'O joy! for now I see ye are not lost:

'O joy! for now I see a thousand eyes 'Wide-glaring for revenge!'—As this he said, He lifted up his stature vast, and stood, Still without intermission speaking thus: 'Now ve are flames, I'll tell you how to burn, 'And purge the ether of our enemies; 'How to feed fierce the crooked stings of fire. 'And singe away the swollen clouds of Jove, 'Stifling that puny essence in its tent. 'O let him feel the evil he hath done: 'For though I scorn Oceanus's lore, 'Much pain have I for more than loss of realms: 'The days of peace and slumberous calm are fled; 'Those days, all innocent of scathing war, 'When all the fair Existences of heaven 'Came open-eyed to guess what we would speak:-'That was before our brows were taught to frown, 'Before our lips knew else but solenm sounds; 'That was before we knew the winged thing, 'Victory, might be lost, or might be won. 'And be ve mindful that Hyperion, 'Our brightest brother, still is undisgraced— 'Hyperion, lo! his radiance is here!'

All eyes were on Enceladus's face, And they beheld, while still Hyperion's name Flew from his lips up to the vaulted rocks, A pallid gleam across his features stern: Not savage, for he saw full many a God Wroth as himself. He look'd upon them all, And in each face he saw a gleam of light. But splendider in Saturn's, whose hoar locks Shone like the bubbling foam about a keel When the prow sweeps into a midnight cove. In pale and silver silence they remain'd, Till suddenly a splendour, like the morn, Pervaded all the beetling gloomy steeps, All the sad spaces of oblivion, And every gulf, and every chasm old, And every height, and every sullen depth, Voiceless, or hoarse with loud tormented streams:

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And all the everlasting cataracts, And all the headlong torrents far and near, Mantled before in darkness and huge shade. Now saw the light and made it terrible. It was Hyperion:—a granite peak His bright feet touch'd, and there he stay'd to view The misery his brilliance had betray'd To the most hateful seeing of itself. 370 Golden his hair of short Numidian curl. Regal his shape majestic, a vast shade In midst of his own brightness, like the bulk Of Memnon's image at the set of sun To one who travels from the dusking East: Sighs, too, as mournful as that Memnon's harp He utter'd, while his hands contemplative He press'd together, and in silence stood. Despondence seiz'd again the fallen Gods At sight of the dejected King of Day, 380 And many hid their faces from the light: But fierce Enceladus sent forth his eyes Among the brotherhood; and, at their glare, Uprose Iäpetus, and Creüs too, And Phorcus, sea-born, and together strode To where he towered on his eminence. There those four shouted forth old Saturn's name: Hyperion from the peak loud answered, 'Saturn!' Saturn sat near the Mother of the Gods, In whose face was no joy, though all the Gods 390 Gave from their hollow throats the name of 'Saturn!'

# BOOK III.

Thus in alternate uproar and sad peace, Amazed were those Titans utterly. O leave them, Muse! O leave them to their woes; For thou art weak to sing such tumults dire: A solitary sorrow best befits Thy lips, and antheming a lonely grief. Leave them, O Muse! for thou anon wilt find Many a fallen old Divinity Wandering in vain about bewildered shores.

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Meantime touch piously the Delphic harp, And not a wind of heaven but will breathe In aid soft warble from the Dorian flute: For lo! 'tis for the Father of all verse. Flush every thing that hath a vermeil hue. Let the rose glow intense and warm the air, And let the clouds of even and of morn Float in voluptuous fleeces o'er the hills: Let the red wine within the goblet boil, Cold as a bubbling well; let faint-lipp'd shells, On sands, or in great deeps, vermilion turn Through all their labyrinths; and let the maid Blush keenly, as with some warm kiss surpris'd. Chief isle of the embowered Cyclades. Rejoice, O Delos, with thine olives green, And poplars, and lawn-shading palms, and beech, In which the Zephyr breathes the loudest song, And hazels thick, dark-stemm'd beneath the shade: Apollo is once more the golden theme! Where was he, when the Giant of the Sun Stood bright, amid the sorrow of his peers? Together had he left his mother fair And his twin-sister sleeping in their bower, And in the morning twilight wandered forth Beside the osiers of a rivulet, Full ankle-deep in lillies of the vale. The nightingale had ceas'd, and a few stars Were lingering in the heavens, while the thrush Began calm-throated. Throughout all the isle There was no covert, no retired cave Unhaunted by the murmurous noise of waves, Though scarcely heard in many a green recess. He listen'd, and he wept, and his bright tears Went trickling down the golden bow he held. Thus with half-shut suffused eves he stood. While from beneath some cumbrous boughs hard by With solemn step an awful Goddess came, And there was purport in her looks for him, Which he with eager guess began to read Perplex'd, the while melodiously he said: 'How cam'st thou over the unfooted sea?

'Or hath that antique mien and robed form 'Mov'd in these vales invisible till now? 'Sure I have heard those vestments sweeping o'er 'The fallen leaves, when I have sat alone 'In cool mid-forest. Surely I have traced 'The rustle of those ample skirts about 'These grassy solitudes, and seen the flowers 'Lift up their heads, as still the whisper pass'd. 'Goddess! I have beheld those eves before, 'And their eternal calm, and all that face, 60 'Or I have dream'd.'--'Yes,' said the supreme shape, 'Thou hast dream'd of me; and awaking up 'Didst find a lyre all golden by thy side, 'Whose strings touch'd by thy fingers, all the vast 'Unwearied ear of the whole universe 'Listen'd in pain and pleasure at the birth 'Of such new tuneful wonder. Is't not strange 'That thou shouldst weep, so gifted? Tell me, youth, 'What sorrow thou canst feel; for I am sad 'When thou dost shed a tear: explain thy griefs 70 'To one who in this lonely isle hath been 'The watcher of thy sleep and hours of life, 'From the young day when first thy infant hand 'Pluck'd witless the weak flowers, till thine arm 'Could bend that bow heroic to all times. 'Show thy heart's secret to an ancient Power 'Who hath forsaken old and sacred thrones 'For prophecies of thee, and for the sake 'Of loveliness new born.'-Apollo then, With sudden scrutiny and gloomless eyes, 80 Thus answer'd, while his white melodious throat Throbb'd with the syllables.—'Mnemosyne! 'Thy name is on my tongue, I know not how; 'Why should I tell thee what thou so well seest? 'Why should I strive to show what from thy lips 'Would come no mystery? For me, dark, dark, 'And painful vile oblivion seals my eves: 'I strive to search wherefore I am so sad, 'Until a melancholy numbs my limbs: 'And then upon the grass I sit, and moan, 90 'Like one who once had wings.-O why should I

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'Feel curs'd and thwarted, when the liegeless air 'Yields to my step aspirant? why should I 'Spurn the green turf as hateful to my feet? 'Goddess benign, point forth some unknown thing: 'Are there not other regions than this isle? 'What are the stars? There is the sun, the sun! 'And the most patient brilliance of the moon! 'And stars by thousands! Point me out the way 'To any one particular beauteous star, 'And I will flit into it with my lyre 'And make its silvery splendour pant with bliss. 'I have heard the cloudy thunder: Where is power? 'Whose hand, whose essence, what divinity 'Makes this alarum in the elements. 'While I here idle listen on the shores 'In fearless yet in aching ignorance? 'O tell me, lonely Goddess, by thy harp, 'That waileth every morn and eventide, 'Tell me why thus I rave, about these groves! 'Mute thou remainest-mute! yet I can read 'A wondrous lesson in thy silent face: 'Knowledge enormous makes a God of me. 'Names, deeds, grey legends, dire events, rebellions, 'Majesties, sovran voices, agonies, 'Creations and destroyings, all at once 'Pour into the wide hollows of my brain, 'And deify me, as if some blithe wine 'Or bright elixir peerless I had drunk, 'And so become immortal.'—Thus the God, While his enkindled eyes, with level glance Beneath his white soft temples, stedfast kept Trembling with light upon Mnemosyne. Soon wild commotions shook him, and made flush All the immortal fairness of his limbs: Most like the struggle at the gate of death; Or liker still to one who should take leave Of pale immortal death, and with a pang As hot as death's is chill, with fierce convulse Die into life: so young Apollo anguish'd: His very hair, his golden tresses famed

Kept undulation round his eager neck.

During the pain Mnemosyne upheld
Her arms as one who prophesied.—At length
Apollo shriek'd;—and lo! from all his limbs
Celestial

\* \* \* \* \*

THE END.

# POEMS FROM LITERARY REMAINS

# OTHO THE GREAT.

A TRAGEDY.

IN FIVE ACTS.

### DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

OTHO THE GREAT, Emperor of Germany.
LUDOLPH, his son.
CONRAD, Duke of Franconia
ALBERT, a Knight, favoured by Otho.
SIGIFRED, an Officer friend of Ludolph.
THEODORE, Officers
GONFRED, Officers
ETHELBERT, an Abbot.
GERSA, Prince of Hungary.
An Hungarian Captain
Physician.
Page.
Nobles, Knights, Attendants, and Soldiers.
ERMINIA, Niece of Otho
AURANTHE, Conrad's Sister.
Ladies and Attendants.

Scene. The Castle of Friedburg, its vicinity, and the Hungarian Camp.

TIMF. One Day.

# OTHO THE GREAT.

# ACT I.

Scene I. An Apartment in the Castle. Enter Conrad.

CONRAD. So, I am safe emerged from these broils! Amid the wreck of thousands I am whole: For every crime I have a laurel-wreath, For every lie a lordship. Nor yet has My ship of fortune furl'd her silken sails,— Let her glide on! This danger'd neck is saved, By dexterous policy, from the rebel's axe; And of my ducal palace not one stone Is bruised by the Hungarian petards. Toil hard, ye slaves, and from the miser-earth Bring forth once more my bullion, treasured deep, With all my jewel'd salvers, silver and gold, And precious goblets that make rich the wine. But why do I stand babbling to myself? Where is Auranthe? I have news for her Shall-

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## Enter AURANTHE.

AURANTHE. Conrad! what tidings? Good, if I may guess From your alert eyes and high-lifted brows. What tidings of the battle? Albert? Ludolph? Otho? CONRAD. You guess aright. And, sister, slurring o'er Our by-gone quarrels, I confess my heart Is beating with a child's anxiety, To make our golden fortune known to you. AURANTHE. So serious? Yes, so serious, that before CONRAD. I utter even the shadow of a hint Concerning what will make that sin-worn cheek Blush joyous blood through every lineament, You must make here a solemn yow to me. AURANTHE. I prythee, Conrad, do not overact The hypocrite—what vow would you impose?

CONRAD. Trust me for once,—that you may be assur'd 30 'Tis not confiding in a broken reed, A poor Court-bankrupt, outwitted and lost, Revolve these facts in your acutest mood, In such a mood as now you listen to me:-A few days since, I was an open rebel Against the Emperor, had suborn'd his son, Drawn off his nobles to revolt, and shown Contented fools causes for discontent Fresh hatch'd in my ambition's eagle nest-So thriv'd I as a rebel, and behold 40 Now I am Otho's favourite, his dear friend, His right hand, his brave Conrad. I confess AURANTHE. You have intrigued with these unsteady times To admiration; but to be a favourite— CONRAD. I saw my moment. The Hungarians, Collected silently in holes and corners. Appear'd, a sudden host, in the open day. I should have perish'd in our empire's wreck, But, calling interest loyalty, swore faith To most believing Otho; and so help'd 50 His blood-stain'd ensigns to the victory In yesterday's hard fight, that it has turn'd The edge of his sharp wrath to eager kindness. AURANTHE. So far yourself. But what is this to me More than that I am glad? I gratulate you. CONRAD. Yes, sister, but it does regard you greatly, Nearly, momentously,—aye, painfully! Make me this yow-Concerning whom or what? AURANTHE. CONRAD. Albert! I would inquire somewhat of him: AURANTHE. You had a letter from me touching him? 60 No treason 'gainst his head in deed or word! Surely you spar'd him at my earnest prayer? Give me the letter—it should not exist! CONRAD. At one pernicious charge of the enemy. I, for a moment-whiles, was prisoner ta'en And rifled,—stuff! the horses' hoofs have minc'd it!

AURANTHE. He is alive?

He is! but here make oath CONRAD. To alienate him from your scheming brain, Divorce him from your solitary thoughts. And cloud him in such utter banishment. 70 That when his person meets again your eye. Your vision shall quite lose its memory, And wander past him as through vacancy. AURANTHE. I'll not be perjured. CONRAD. No, nor great, nor mighty; You would not wear a crown, or rule a kingdom. To you it is indifferent. AURANTHE. What means this? CONRAD. You'll not be perjured! Go to Albert then, That camp-mushroom—dishonour of our house. Go, page his dusty heels upon a march, Furbish his jingling baldric while he sleeps. 80 And share his mouldy ratio in a siege. Yet stay,—perhaps a charm may call you back, And make the widening circlets of your eyes Sparkle with healthy fevers.—The Emperor Hath given consent that you should marry Ludolph! AURANTHE. Can it be, brother? For a golden crown With a queen's awful lips I doubly thank you! This is to wake in Paradise! Farewell Thou clod of vesterday—'twas not myself! Not till this moment did I ever feel 90 My spirit's faculties! I'll flatter you For this, and be you ever proud of it; Thou, Jove-like, struck'dst thy forehead, And from the teeming marrow of thy brain I spring complete Minerva! But the prince— His highness Ludolph—where is he? I know not: CONRAD. When, lackeying my counsel at a beck, The rebel lords, on bended knees, received The Emperor's pardon, Ludolph kept aloof, Sole, in a stiff, fool-hardy, sulky pride; 100 Yet, for all this, I never saw a father

In such a sickly longing for his son. We shall soon see him, for the Emperor

He will be here this morning.

AURANTHE.

That I heard

Among the midnight rumours from the camp.
CONRAD. You give up Albert to me?
AURANTHE.

Harm him not!

E'en for his highness Ludolph's sceptry hand,

I would not Albert suffer any wrong.

CONRAD. Have I not laboured, plotted—?

AURANTHE. See you spare him:

Nor be pathetic, my kind benefactor, On all the many bounties of your hand,— 'Twas for yourself you laboured—not for me! Do you not count, when I am queen, to take Advantage of your chance discoveries Of my poor secrets, and so hold a rod Over my life?

Be cause of feud between us. See! he comes!
Look, woman, look, your Albert is quite safe!
In haste it seems. Now shall I be in the way,
And wish'd with silent curses in my grave,
Or side by side with 'whelmed mariners.

### Enter ALBERT.

ALBERT. Fair on your graces fall this early morrow! So it is like to do, without my prayers, For your right noble names, like favourite tunes, Have fall'n full frequent from our Emperor's lips, High commented with smiles.

AURANTHE. CONRAD (aside).

To you great duke-

Noble Albert!

Noble!

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AURANTHE. Such salutation argues a glad heart In our prosperity. We thank you, sir.

Albert. Lady! O, would to Heaven your poor servant Could do you better service than mere words!
But I have other greeting than mine own,
From no less man than Otho, who has sent
This ring as pledge of dearest amity;
'Tis chosen I hear from Hymen's jewel'ry,
And you will prize it, lady, I doubt not,
Before all pleasures past, and all to come.

CONRAD. To me! What of me, ha?

ALBERT. What pleas'd your grace to say?

CONRAD. Your message, sir!

ALBERT. You mean not this to me?

ONRAD. Sister, this way;
For there shall be no 'gentle Alberts' now,

For there shall be no 'gentle Alberts' now, [Aside. No 'sweet Auranthes!'

[Exeunt CONRAD and AURANTHE.

ALBERT (solus). The duke is out of temper; if he knows More than a brother of a sister ought, I should not quarrel with his peevishness. Auranthe—Heaven preserve her always fair!— Is in the heady, proud, ambitious vein; I bicker not with her,—bid her farewell! She has taken flight from me, then let her soar,— He is a fool who stands at pining gaze! But for poor Ludolph, he is food for sorrow: 150 No levelling bluster of my licens'd thoughts, No military swagger of my mind, Can smother from myself the wrong I've done him,— Without design, indeed,—vet it is so,— And opiate for the conscience have I none!  $\Gamma Exit$ 

# Scene II. The Court-yard of the Castle.

Martial Music. Enter, from the outer gate, OTHO, Nobles, Knights, and Attendants. The Soldiers halt at the gate, with Banners in sight.

отно. Where is my noble herald?

Enter CONRAD, from the Castle, attended by two Knights and Servants. ALBERT following.

Well, hast told

Auranthe our intent imperial?
Lest our rent banners, too o' the sudden shown,
Should fright her silken casements, and dismay
Her household to our lack of entertainment.
A victory!

CONRAD. God save imperial Otho!

OTHO. Aye, Conrad, it will pluck out all grey hairs;

It is the best physician for the spleen;

The courtliest inviter to a feast:

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The subtlest excuser of small faults; And a nice judge in the age and smack of wine.

Enter, from the Castle, AURANTHE, followed by Pages holding up her robes, and a train of Women. She kneels.

Hail my sweet hostess! I do thank the stars. Or my good soldiers, or their ladies' eyes, That, after such a merry battle fought, I can, all safe in body and in soul. Kiss your fair hand and lady fortune's too. My ring! now, on my life, it doth rejoice These lips to feel't on this soft ivory! Keep it, my brightest daughter; it may prove The little prologue to a line of kings. I strove against thee and my hot-blood son, Dull blockhead that I was to be so blind. But now my sight is clear; forgive me, lady. AURANTHE. My lord, I was a vassal to your frown, And now your favour makes me but more humble: In wintry winds the simple snow is safe, But fadeth at the greeting of the sun: Unto thine anger I might well have spoken, Taking on me a woman's privilege,

But this so sudden kindness makes me dumb.

OTHO. What need of this? Enough, if you will be

A potent tutoress to my wayward boy,

And teach him, what it seems his nurse could not,

To say, for once, I thank you. Sigifred!

ALBERT. He has not yet return'd, my gracious liege. OTHO. What then! No tidings of my friendly Arab? CONRAD. None, mighty Otho.

[To one of his Knights, who goes out. Send forth instantly

An hundred horsemen from my honoured gates, To scour the plains and search the cottages. Cry a reward, to him who shall first bring News of that vanished Arabian,

A full-heap'd helmet of the purest gold.

DTHO. More thanks, good Conrad; for, except my son's, There is no face I rather would behold Than that same quick-eyed pagan's. By the saints,

This coming night of banquets must not light Her dazzling torches; nor the music breathe Smooth, without clashing cymbal, tones of peace And in-door melodies: nor the ruddy wine Ebb spouting to the lees; if I pledge not, 50 In my first cup, that Arab! ALBERT. Mighty Caesar, I wonder not this stranger's victor-deeds So hang upon your spirit. Twice in the fight It was my chance to meet his olive brow. Triumphant in the enemy's shatter'd rhomb; And, to say truth, in any Christian arm I never saw such prowess. Did you ever? отно. O, 'tis a noble boy!—tut!—what do I say? I mean a triple Saladin, whose eyes, When in the glorious scuffle they met mine. 60 Seem'd to say-'Sleep, old man, in safety sleep; I am the victory!' CONRAD. Pity he's not here. отно. And my son too, pity he is not here. Lady Auranthe, I would not make you blush, But can you give a guess where Ludolph is? Know you not of him? AURANTHE. Indeed, my liege, no secretотно. Nay, nay, without more words, dost know of him? AURANTHE. I would I were so over-fortunate. Both for his sake and mine, and to make glad A father's ears with tidings of his son. 70 отно. I see 'tis like to be a tedious day. Were Theodore and Gonfred and the rest Sent forth with my commands? Aye, my lord. ALBERT. отно. And no news! No news! 'Faith! 'tis very strange He thus avoids us. Lady, is't not strange? Will he be truant to you too? It is a shame. CONRAD. Will't please your highness enter, and accept The unworthy welcome of your servant's house? Leaving your cares to one whose diligence May in few hours make pleasures of them all. 80 отно. Not so tedious. Conrad. No. no. no. no. -

I must see Ludolph or the— What's that shout! VOICES WITHOUT. Huzza! huzza! Long live the Emperor! OTHER VOICES. Fall back! Away there! Say, what noise is that? отно.

TALBERT advancing from the back of the Stage, whither he had hastened on hearing the cheers of the soldiery.

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ALBERT. It is young Gersa, the Hungarian prince, Pick'd like a red stag from the fallow herd Of prisoners. Poor prince, forlorn he steps, Slow, in the demure proudness of despair. If I may judge by his so tragic bearing, His eve not downcast, and his folded arm, He doth this moment wish himself asleep Among his fallen captains on von plains.

Enter GERSA, in chains, and guarded. отно. Well said. Sir Albert.

Not a word of greeting, GERSA.

No welcome to a princely visitor, Most mighty Otho? Will not my great host Vouchsafe a syllable, before he bids His gentlemen conduct me with all care To some securest lodging?—cold perhaps! отно. What mood is this? Hath fortune touch'd thy brain? GERSA. O kings and princes of this fev'rous world.

What abject things, what mockeries must ve be, What nerveless minions of safe palaces! When here, a monarch, whose proud foot is used To fallen princes' necks, as to his stirrup, Must needs exclaim that I am mad for sooth. Because I cannot flatter with bent knees My conqueror!

Gersa, I think you wrong me: OTHO. I think I have a better fame abroad.

GERSA. I prythee mock me not with gentle speech. But, as a favour, bid me from thy presence; Let me no longer be the wondering food

Of all these eyes; prythee command me hence! отно. Do not mistake me, Gersa. That you may not. Come, fair Auranthe, try if your soft hands

Can manage those hard rivets to set free

So brave a prince and soldier. AURANTHE (sets him free). Welcome task! GERSA. I am wound up in deep astonishment! Thank you, fair lady. Otho! emperor! You rob me of myself; my dignity Is now your infant; I am a weak child.

отно. Give me your hand, and let this kindly grasp Live in our memories.

In mine it will.

GERSA.

I blush to think of my unchasten'd tongue; But I was haunted by the monstrous ghost Of all our slain battalions. Sire, reflect, And pardon you will grant, that, at this hour, The bruised remnants of our stricken camp Are huddling undistinguish'd my dear friends, With common thousands, into shallow graves.

отно. Enough, most noble Gersa. You are free To cheer the brave remainder of your host By your own healing presence, and that too, Not as their leader merely, but their king; For, as I hear, your wilv enemy, Who eas'd the crownet from your infant brows. Bloody Taraxa, is among the dead.

GERSA. Then I retire, so generous Caesar please, Bearing with me a weight of benefits Too heavy to be borne.

отно.

It is not so: Still understand me, King of Hungary, Nor judge my open purposes awry. Though I did hold you high in my esteem For your self's sake, I do not personate The stage-play emperor to entrap applause, To set the silly sort o' the world agape, And make the politic smile; no, I have heard How in the Council you condemn'd this war, Urging the perfidy of broken faith,-For that I am your friend.

If ever, sire, GERSA. You are my enemy, I dare here swear 'Twill not be Gersa's fault. Otho, farewell! отно. Will you return, Prince, to our banqueting? 120

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GERSA. As to my father's board I will return. отно. Conrad, with all due ceremony, give

The prince a regal escort to his camp: Albert, go thou and bear him company.

Gersa, farewell!

GERSA. All happiness attend you!

отно. Return with what good speed you may; for soon

We must consult upon our terms of peace.

TExeunt GERSA and ALBERT with others.

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And thus a marble column do I build To prop my empire's dome. Conrad, in thee I have another stedfast one, to uphold The portals of my state; and, for my own Pre-eminence and safety, I will strive To keep thy strength upon its pedestal. For. without thee, this day I might have been A show-monster about the streets of Prague. In chains, as just now stood that noble prince: And then to me no mercy had been shown, Who lets him forth again? or dares to give

For when the conquer'd lion is once dungeon'd,

An old lion sugar-cates of mild reprieve?

Not to thine ear alone I make confession.

But to all here, as, by experience,

I know how the great basement of all power Is frankness, and a true tongue to the world;

And how intriguing secrecy is proof

Of fear and weakness, and a hollow state.

Conrad, I owe thee much.

To [kneel and] kiss that hand, CONRAD. 180

My emperor, is ample recompense,

For a mere act of duty.

отно. Thou art wrong;

For what can any man on earth do more? We will make trial of your house's welcome,

My bright Auranthe!

CONRAD. How is Friedburg honoured!

Enter ETHELBERT and six Monks.

ETHELBERT. The benison of heaven on your head, Imperial Otho!

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OTHO. Who stays me? Speak! Quick!
ETHELBERT. Pause but one moment, mighty conqueror
Upon the threshold of this house of joy.
OTHO. Pray, do not prose, good Ethelbert, but speak
What is your purpose.

ETHELBERT. The restoration of some captive maids, Devoted to Heaven's pious ministries, Who, driven forth from their religious cells, And kept in thraldom by our enemy, When late this province was a lawless spoil, Still weep amid the wild Hungarian camp, Though hemm'd around by thy victorious arms. OTHO. Demand the holy sisterhood in our name

From Gersa's tents. Farewell, old Ethelbert. 199 ETHELBERT. The saints will bless you for this pious care. OTHO. Daughter, your hand; Ludolph's would fit it best. CONRAD. Ho! let the music sound!

[Music. ETHELBERT raises his hands, as in benediction of OTHO.

Exeunt severally. The scene closes on them.

# Scene III. The Country, with the Castle in the distance.

#### Enter LUDOLPH and SIGIFRED.

LUDOLPH. You have my secret; let it not be breath'd.
SIGIFRED. Still give me leave to wonder that my Prince
Ludolph and the swift Arab are the same;
Still to rejoice that 'twas a German arm
Death doing in a turban's masquerade.
LUDOLPH. The Emperor must not know it, Sigifred.
SIGIFRED. I prythee, why? What happier hour of time
Could thy pleas'd star point down upon from heaven

With silver index, bidding thee make peace?
LUDOLPH. Still it must not be known, good Sigifred;
The star may point oblique.

His son to be that unknown Mussulman
After whose spurring heels he sent me forth,
With one of his well-pleas'd Olympian oaths,
The charters of man's greatness, at this hour
He would be watching round the castle walls,

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And, like an anxious warder, strain his sight For the first glimpse of such a son return'd—Ludolph, that blast of the Hungarians, That Saracenic meteor of the fight, That silent fury, whose fell scymitar Kept danger all aloof from Otho's head, And left him space for wonder.

LUDOLPH. Say no more.

Not as a swordsman would I pardon claim, But as a son. The bronz'd centurion, Long toil'd in foreign wars, and whose high deeds Are shaded in a forest of tall spears, Known only to his troop, hath greater plea Of favour with my sire than I can have. SIGIFRED. My lord, forgive me that I cannot see

GIFRED. My lord, forgive me that I cannot see How this proud temper with clear reason squares. What made you then, with such an anxious love, Hover around that life, whose bitter days You vext with bad revolt? Was't opium, Or the mad-fumed wine? Nay, do not frown, I rather would grieve with you than upbraid.

LUDOLPH. I do believe you. No, 'twas not to make A father his son's debtor, or to heal His deep heart-sickness for a rebel child. 'Twas done in memory of my boyish days, Poor cancel for his kindness to my youth, For all his calming of my childish griefs, And all his smiles upon my merriment. No, not a thousand foughten fields could sponge Those days paternal from my memory, Though now upon my head he heaps disgrace.

SIGIFRED. My Prince, you think too harshly— LUDOLPH. Can I so?

Hath he not gall'd my spirit to the quick?
And with a sullen rigour obstinate
Pour'd out a phial of wrath upon my faults?
Hunted me as a Tartar does the boar,
Driven me to the very edge o' the world,
And almost put a price upon my head?
SIGIFRED. Remember how he spar'd the rebel lords.
LUDOLPH. Yes, yes, I know he hath a noble nature

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That cannot trample on the fallen. But his Is not the only proud heart in his realm. He hath wrong'd me, and I have done him wrong; He hath lov'd me, and I have shown him kindness: We should be almost equal.

Yet, for all this, SIGIFRED.

I would you had appear'd among those lords, And ta'en his favour.

LUDOLPH.

Ha! till now I thought My friend had held poor Ludolph's honour dear. What! would you have me sue before his throne And kiss the courtier's missal, its silk steps? Or hug the golden housings of his steed, Amid a camp, whose steeled swarms I dar'd But yesterday? And, at the trumpet sound, Bow like some unknown mercenary's flag, And lick the soiled grass? No, no, my friend, I would not, I, be pardon'd in the heap, And bless indemnity with all that scum.-Those men I mean, who on my shoulders propp'd Their weak rebellion, winning me with lies, And pitying forsooth my many wrongs; Poor self-deceived wretches, who must think Each one himself a king in embryo, Because some dozen vassals cry'd-my lord! Cowards, who never knew their little hearts. Till flurried danger held the mirror up, And then they own'd themselves without a blush. Curling, like spaniels, round my father's feet. Such things deserted me and are forgiven. While I, least guilty, am an outcast still, And will be, for I love such fair disgrace.

SIGIFRED. I know the clear truth; so would Otho see, For he is just and noble. Fain would I Be pleader for you-

LUDOLPH. He'll hear none of it: You know his temper, hot, proud, obstinate; Endanger not yourself so uselessly. I will encounter his thwart spleen myself. To-day, at the Duke Conrad's, where he keeps His crowded state after the victory.

There will I be, a most unwelcome guest, And parley with him, as a son should do, Who doubly loathes a father's tyranny; Tell him how feeble is that tyranny; How the relationship of father and son Is no more valid than a silken leash Where lions tug adverse, if love grow not 100 From interchanged love through many years. Aye, and those turreted Franconian walls, Like to a jealous casket, hold my pearl-My fair Auranthe! Yes, I will be there. SIGIFRED. Be not so rash; wait till his wrath shall pass, Until his royal spirit softly ebbs Self-influenced; then, in his morning dreams He will forgive thee, and awake in grief To have not thy good morrow. Yes, to-day LUDOLPH.

I must be there, while her young pulses beat
Among the new-plum'd minions of the war.
Have you seen her of late? No? Auranthe,
Franconia's fair sister, 'tis I mean.
She should be paler for my troublous days—
And there it is—my father's iron lips
Have sworn divorcement 'twixt me and my right.

SIGIFRED [aside]. Auranthe! I had hop'd this whim had pass'd.

LUDOLPH. And, Sigifred, with all his love of justice, When will he take that grandchild in his arms, That, by my love I swear, shall soon be his? This reconcilement is impossible, For see—but who are these?

From our great emperor; to you, I doubt not, For couriers are abroad to seek you out.

### Enter THEODORE and GONFRED.

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THEODORE. Seeing so many vigilant eyes explore The province to invite your highness back To your high dignities, we are too happy.

GONFRED. We have no eloquence to colour justly The emperor's anxious wishes.

LUDOLPH.

Go. I follow you.

TExeunt THEODORE and GONFRED.

I play the prude: it is but venturing—
Why should he be so earnest? Come, my friend,
Let us to Friedburg castle.

### ACT II

Scene I. An Ante-chamber in the Castle.

Enter LUDOLPH and SIGIFRED.

LUDOLPH. No more advices, no more cautioning:
I leave it all to fate—to any thing!
I cannot square my conduct to time, place,
Or circumstance; to me 'tis all a mist!
SIGIFRED. I say no more.
LUDOLPH. It seems I am to wait

Here in the ante-room;—that may be a trifle. You see now how I dance attendance here, Without that tyrant temper, you so blame, Snapping the rein. You have medicin'd me With good advices; and I here remain, In this most honourable ante-room, Your patient scholar.

By Heavens, I'd rather kiss Duke Conrad's slipper, When in the morning he doth yawn with pride, Than see you humbled but a half-degree!

Truth is, the Emperor would fain dismiss
The nobles ere he sees you.

Enter GONFRED, from the Council-room.

LUDOLPH. W'ell, sir! what?
GONFRED. Great honour to the Prince! The Emperor,
Hearing that his brave son had re-appeared,
Instant dismiss'd the Council from his sight,
As Jove fans off the clouds. Even now they pass.

Exit.

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Enter the Nobles from the Council-room. They cross the stage, bowing with respect to LUDOLPH, he frowning on them. CONRAD follows. Exeunt Nobles.

LUDOLPH. Not the discoloured poisons of a fen,
Which he who breathes feels warning of his death,
Could taste so nauseous in the bodily sense,
As these prodigious sycophants disgust
The soul's fine palate.

Welcome, thou younger sceptre to the realm!
Strength to thy virgin crownet's golden buds,
That they, against the winter of thy sire,
May burst, and swell, and flourish round thy brows,
Maturing to a weighty diadem!
Yet be that hour far off; and may he live,
Who waits for thee, as the chapp'd earth for rain.
Set my life's star! I have lived long enough,
Since under my glad roof, propitiously,
Father and son each other re-possess.

LUDOLPH. Fine wording, Duke! but words could never yet Forestall the fates; have you not learnt that yet? Let me look well: your features are the same; Your gait the same; your hair of the same shade; As one I knew some passed weeks ago, Who sung far different notes into mine ears. I have mine own particular comments on 't; You have your own, perhaps.

All men may err. In truth I was deceived
In your great father's nature, as you were.
Had I known that of him I have since known,
And what you soon will learn, I would have turn'd
My sword to my own throat, rather than held
Its threatening edge against a good King's quiet:
Or with one word fever'd you, gentle Prince,
Who seem'd to me, as rugged times then went,
Indeed too much oppress'd. May I be bold
To tell the Emperor you will haste to him?
LUDOLPH. Your Dukedom's privilege will grant so much.

[Exit CONRAD.

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He's very close to Otho, Sigifred. Your hand—I go. Ha! here the thunder comes Sullen against the wind! If in two angry brows My safety lies, then Sigifred, I'm safe.

## Enter OTHO and CONRAD.

OTHO. Will you make Titan play the lackey-page
To chattering pigmies? I would have you know
That such neglect of our high Majesty
Annuls all feel of kindred. What is son,—
Or friend,—or brother,—or all ties of blood,—
When the whole kingdom, centred in ourself,
Is rudely slighted? Who am I to wait?
By Peter's chair! I have upon my tongue
A word to fright the proudest spirit here!—
Death!—and slow tortures to the hardy fool,
Who dares take such large charter from our smiles!
Conrad, we would be private. Sigifred!
Off! And none pass this way on pain of death!

# [Exeunt CONRAD and SIGIFRED.

LUDOLPH. This was but half expected, my good sire,
Yet I am griev'd at it, to the full height,
As though my hopes of favour had been whole.
OTHO. How you indulge yourself! What can you hope for?
LUDOLPH. Nothing, my liege; I have to hope for nothing.

I come to greet you as a loving son, And then depart, if I may be so free, Seeing that blood of yours in my warm veins Has not yet mitigated into milk.

отно. What would you, sir?

LUDOLPH. A lenient banishment;

So please you let me unmolested pass
This Conrad's gates, to the wide air again.
I want no more. A rebel wants no more.
OTHO. And shall I let a rebel loose again
To muster kites and eagles 'gainst my head?
No, obstinate boy, you shall be kept cag'd up,
Serv'd with harsh food, with scum for Sunday-drink,

LUDOLPH. Indeed!

отно. And chains too heavy for your life:

I'll choose a gaoler, whose swart monstrous face Shall be a hell to look upon, and she-LUDOLPH. Ha! отно. Shall be your fair Auranthe. LUDOLPH. Amaze! Amaze! отно. To-day you marry her. This is a sharp jest! LUDOLPH. отно. No. None at all. When have I said a lie? LUDOLPH. If I sleep not, I am a waking wretch. отно. Not a word more. Let me embrace my child. LUDOLPH. I dare not. 'Twould pollute so good a father! O heavy crime! that your son's blinded eyes Could not see all his parent's love aright, 100 As now I see it. Be not kind to me-Punish me not with favour. OTHO. Are you sure, Ludolph, you have no saving plea in store? LUDOLPH. My father, none! отно. Then you astonish me. LUDOLPH. No, I have no plea. Disobedience, Rebellion, obstinacy, blasphemy, Are all my counsellors. If they can make My crooked deed show good and plausible, Then grant me loving pardon, but not else, Good Gods! not else, in any way, my liege! 110 отно. You are a most perplexing, noble boy. LUDOLPH. You not less a perplexing noble father. отно. Well, you shall have free passport through the gates. Farewell! LUDOLPH. Farewell! and by these tears believe, And still remember, I repent in pain All my misdeeds! Ludolph, I will! I will! OTHO. But, Ludolph, ere you go, I would enquire If you, in all your wandering, ever met A certain Arab haunting in these parts. LUDOLPH. No, my good lord, I cannot say I did. 120 отно. Make not your father blind before his time; Nor let these arms paternal hunger more For an embrace, to dull the appetite Of my great love for thee, my supreme child!

20,11,10,12
Come near, and let me breathe into thine ear.  I knew you through disguise. You are the Arab! You can't deny it.  LUDOLPH. Happiest of days!
отно. We'll make it so.
Ten hecatombs shall bellow out their last,
Smote 'twixt the horns by the death-stunning mace 130
Of Mars, and all the soldiery shall feast
Nobly as Nimrod's masons, when the towers
Of Nineveh new kiss'd the parted clouds!
отно. Large as a God speak out, where all is thine.
LUDOLPH. Aye, father, but the fire in my sad breast
Is quench'd with inward tears! I must rejoice
For you, whose wings so shadow over me
In tender victory, but for myself
I still must mourn. The fair Auranthe mine!
Too great a boon! I prythee let me ask
What more than I know of could so have changed
Your purpose touching her?
отно. At a word, this:
In no deed did you give me more offence
Than your rejection of Erminia.
To my appalling, I saw too good proof
Of your keen-eyed suspicion,—she is naught!
LUDOLPH. You are convinc'd?
отно. Aye, spite of her sweet looks.
O, that my brother's daughter should so fall!
Her fame has pass'd into the grosser lips
Of soldiers in their cups.
LUDOLPH. 'Tis very sad.
отно. No more of her. Auranthe—Ludolph, come!
This marriage be the bond of endless peace! [Exeunt.

Scene II. The Entrance of GERSA'S Tent in the Hungarian Camp.

### Enter ERMINIA.

ERMINIA. Where! where! where shall I find a messenger? A trusty soul? A good man in the camp?

Shall I go myself? Monstrous wickedness! O cursed Conrad! devilish Auranthe! Here is proof palpable as the bright sun! O for a voice to reach the Emperor's ears!

[Shouts in the Camp.

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## Enter an HUNGARIAN CAPTAIN.

CAPTAIN. Fair prisoner, hear you those joyous shouts? The king—aye, now our king,—but still your slave, Young Gersa, from a short captivity Has just return'd. He bids me say, bright Dame, 10 That even the homage of his ranged chiefs Cures not his hot impatience to behold Such beauty once again. What ails you, lady? ERMINIA. Say, is not that a German, yonder? There! CAPTAIN. Methinks by his stout bearing he should be-Yes—'tis one Albert; a brave German knight, And much in the emperor's favour. ERMINIA. I would fain Enquire of friends and kinsfolk; how they fared In these rough times. Brave soldier, as you pass To royal Gersa with my humble thanks, 20 Will you send vonder knight to me? TExit. CAPTAIN. I will. ERMINIA. Yes, he was ever known to be a man Frank, open, generous; Albert I may trust.

# Enter ALBERT.

ALBERT. Good Gods!

O proof! proof! proof! Albert's an honest man; Not Ethelbert the monk, if he were here, Would I hold more trustworthy. Now!

Lady Erminia! are you prisoner
In this beleaguer'd camp? Or are you here
Of your own will? You pleas'd to send for me.
By Venus, 'tis a pity I knew not
Your plight before, and, by her Son, I swear
To do you every service you can ask.
What would the fairest—?
ERMINIA. Albert, will you swear?

ALBERT. I have. Well?

ERMINIA. Albert, you have fame to lose.

If men, in court and camp, lie not outright, You should be, from a thousand, chosen forth

To do an honest deed. Shall I confide--?

ALBERT. Aye, anything to me, fair creature. Do; Dictate my task. Sweet woman,—

ERMINIA. Truce with that.

You understand me not; and, in your speech,

I see how far the slander is abroad.

Without proof could you think me innocent?

ALBERT. Lady, I should rejoice to know you so. ERMINIA. If you have any pity for a maid,

Suffering a daily death from evil tongues;

Any compassion for that Emperor's niece,

Who, for your bright sword and clear honesty,

Lifted you from the crowd of common men Into the lap of honour;—save me, knight!

ALBERT. How? Make it clear: if it be possible.

I, by the banner of Saint Maurice, swear
To right you.

ERMINIA. Possible!—Easy. O my heart!
This letter's not so soil'd but you may read it:—
Possible! There—that letter! Read—read it.

TGives him a letter.

ALBERT (reading). 'To the Duke Conrad.—Forget the threat you made at parting, and I will forget to send the Emperor letters and papers of your's I have become possessed of. His life is no trifle to me; his death you shall find none to yourself.' [Speaks to himself:] 'Tis me—my life that's pleaded for! [Reads] 'He, for his own sake, will be dumb as the grave. Erminia has my shame fix'd upon her, sure as a wen. We are safe. AURANTHE.'

A she-devil! A dragon! I her imp! Fire of Hell! Auranthe—lewd demon! Where got you this? Where? When?

ERMINIA. I found it in the tent, among some spoils

Which, being noble, fell to Gersa's lot.

Come in, and see. [They go in and return.

ALBERT. Villainy! Villainy!

Conrad's sword, his corslet, and his helm,

And his letter. Caitiff, he shall feel-

270 ERMINIA. I see you are thunderstruck. Haste, haste away!

ERMINIA. You needs must be. Carry it swift to Otho;

Tell him, moreover, I am prisoner

ALBERT. O I am tortured by this villainy.

Here in this camp, where all the sisterhood,

Forc'd from their quiet cells, are parcell'd out

For slaves among these Huns. Away! Away!

ALBERT. I am gone.

Swift be your steed! Within this hour ERMINIA.

The Emperor will see it.

Ere I sleep: ALBERT.

That I can swear.

THurries out.

GERSA [without]. Brave captains! thanks. Enough

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Of loyal homage now!

#### Enter GERSA.

ERMINIA. Hail, royal Hun!

GERSA. What means this, fair one? Why in such alarm?

Who was it hurried by me so distract?

It seem'd you were in deep discourse together;

Your doctrine has not been so harsh to him

As to my poor deserts. Come, come, be plain.

I am no jealous fool to kill you both,

Or, for such trifles, rob the adorned world Of such a beauteous vestal.

ERMINIA.

I grieve, my Lord,

To hear you condescend to ribald phrase.

GERSA. This is too much! Hearken, my lady pure!

ERMINIA. Silence! and hear the magic of a name—

Erminia! I am she,—the Emperor's niece!

Prais'd be the Heavens, I now dare own myself!

GERSA. Erminia! Indeed! I've heard of her.

Prythee, fair lady, what chance brought you here? ERMINIA. Ask your own soldiers.

And you dare own your name. GERSA.

For loveliness you may-and for the rest

My vein is not censorious.

ERMINIA Alas! poor me!

'Tis false indeed.

Indeed you are too fair: GERSA.

The swan, soft leaning on her fledgy breast,

When to the stream she launches, looks not back With such a tender grace; nor are her wings So white as your soul is, if that but be Twin-picture to your face. Erminia! To-day, for the first day, I am a king, Yet would I give my unworn crown away To know you spotless.

Trust me one day more. ERMINIA.

Generously, without more certain guarantee. Than this poor face you deign to praise so much: After that, say and do whate'er you please. If I have any knowledge of you, sir, I think, nay I am sure, you will grieve much To hear my story. O be gentle to me, For I am sick and faint with many wrongs, Tir'd out, and weary-worn with contumelies.

GERSA. Poor lady!

### Enter ETHELBERT.

Gentle Prince, 'tis false indeed. ERMINIA. Good morrow, holy father! I have had Your prayers, though I look'd for you in vain. ETHELBERT. Blessings upon you, daughter! Sure you look Too cheerful for these foul pernicious days. Young man, you heard this virgin say 'twas false,-'Tis false, I say. What! can you not employ Your temper elsewhere, 'mong these burly tents, But you must taunt this dove, for she hath lost The Eagle Otho to beat off assault? Fie! fie! But I will be her guard myself; In the Emperor's name. I here demand of you Herself, and all her sisterhood. She false! GERSA. Peace! peace, old man! I cannot think she is. ETHELBERT. Whom I have known from her first infancy, Baptiz'd her in the bosom of the Church, Watch'd her, as anxious husbandmen the grain, From the first shoot till the unripe mid-May. Then to the tender ear of her June days, Which, lifting sweet abroad its timid green, Is blighted by the touch of calumny;

You cannot credit such a monstrous tale.

GERSA. I cannot. Take her. Fair Erminia, I follow you to Friedburg,—is't not so?

ERMINIA. Ave. so we purpose.

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ETHELBERT.

Daughter, do you so?

How's this? I marvel! Yet you look not mad. ERMINIA. I have good news to tell you, Ethelbert. GERSA. Ho! ho, there! Guards!

Your blessing, father! Sweet Erminia, Believe me, I am well nigh sure—

ERMINIA.

Farewell! [Enter Chiefs.

Short time will show.

Yes, father Ethelbert,

I have news precious as we pass along. ETHELBERT. Dear daughter, you shall guide me.

To no ill.

GERSA. Command an escort to the Friedburg lines.

[Exeunt Chiefs.

Pray let me lead. Fair lady, forget not Gersa, how he believ'd you innocent. I follow you to Friedburg with all speed.

 $\Gamma Exeunt.$ 

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#### ACT III

# Scene I. The Country.

### Enter ALBERT.

ALBERT. O that the earth were empty, as when Cain Had no perplexity to hide his head!
Or that the sword of some brave enemy Had put a sudden stop to my hot breath, And hurl'd me down the illimitable gulph Of times past, unremember'd! Better so Than thus fast-limed in a cursed snare, The limbo of a wanton. This the end Of an aspiring life! My boyhood past In feud with wolves and bears, when no eye saw The solitary warfare, fought for love Of honour 'mid the growling wilderness. My sturdier youth, maturing to the sword, Won by the syren-trumpets, and the ring

Of shields upon the pavement, when bright-mail'd Henry the Fowler pass'd the streets of Prague. Was't to this end I louted and became The menial of Mars, and held a spear Sway'd by command, as corn is by the wind? Is it for this, I now am lifted up By a well-judging Emperor, to see My honour be my executioner,— My love of fame, my prided honesty Put to the torture for confessional? Then the damn'd crime of blurting to the world A woman's secret—though a fiend she be, Too tender of my ignominious life: But then to wrong the generous Emperor In such a searching point, were to give up My soul for foot-ball at Hell's holiday! I must confess,—and cut my throat,—to-day? To-morrow? Ho! some wine!

#### Enter SIGIFRED.

ALBERT. Who goes there? Count Sigifred? Ha! Ha! SIGIFRED. What, man, do you mistake the hollow sky For a throng'd tavern,—and these stubbed trees For old serge hangings,—me, your humble friend, For a poor waiter? Why, man, how you stare! What gipsies have you been carousing with? No, no more wine; methinks you've had enough.

ALBERT. You well may laugh and banter. What a fool An injury may make of a staid man! You shall know all anon.

SIGIFRED. Some tavern brawl?

ALBERT. 'Twas with some people out of common reach; Revenge is difficult.

SIGIFRED. I am your friend; We meet again to-day, and can confer Upon it. For the present I'm in haste.

ALBERT. Whither?

To fetch King Gersa to the feast.
The Emperor on this marriage is so hot,
Pray Heaven it end not in apoplexy!

The very porters, as I pass'd the doors, Heard his loud laugh, and answer'd in full choir. I marvel, Albert, you delay so long From those bright revelries; go, show yourself, You may be made a duke.

Ave, very like: ALBERT. Pray, what day has his Highness fix'd upon?

SIGIFRED. For what?

The marriage. What else can I mean? ALBERT. SIGIFRED. To-day! O, I forgot, you could not know;

The news is scarce a minute old with me.

ALBERT. Married to-day! To-day! You did not say so? SIGIFRED. Now, while I speak to you, their comely heads 60 Are bow'd before the mitre.

ALBERT. O! monstrous!

SIGIFRED. What is this?

Nothing, Sigifred. Farewell! ALBERT. We'll meet upon our subject. Farewell, count!

FExit.

SIGIFRED. Is this clear-headed Albert? He brain-turn'd! 'Tis as portentous as a meteor.  $\Gamma Exit.$ 

# Scene II. An Apartment in the Castle.

Enter, as from Marriage, OTHO, LUDOLPH, AURANTHE, CONRAD, Nobles, Knights, Ladies, &c. &c. &c. Music.

отно. Now, Ludolph! Now, Auranthe! Daughter fair! What can I find to grace your nuptial day More than my love, and these wide realms in fee?

LUDOLPH. I have too much.

And I, my liege, by far. AURANTHE.

LUDOLPH. Auranthe! I have! O, my bride, my love! Not all the gaze upon us can restrain My eyes, too long poor exiles from thy face. From adoration, and my foolish tongue From uttering soft responses to the love I see in thy mute beauty beaming forth!

Fair creature, bless me with a single word! All mine!

AURANTHE. Spare, spare me, my Lord; I swoon else.

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ACT III, SC. II] LUDOLPH. Soft beauty! by to-morrow I should die, Wert thou not mine. They talk apart. FIRST LADY. How deep she has bewitch'd him! FIRST KNIGHT. Ask you for her recipe for love philtres. SECOND LADY. They hold the Emperor in admiration. отно. If ever king was happy, that am I! What are the cities 'yond the Alps to me, The provinces about the Danube's mouth, The promise of fair soil beyond the Rhone: 20 Or routing out of Hyperborean hordes, To these fair children, stars of a new age? Unless perchance I might rejoice to win This little ball of earth, and chuck it them To play with! AURANTHE. Nay, my Lord, I do not know. LUDOLPH. Let me not famish. отно (to Conrad). Good Franconia. You heard what oath I sware, as the sun rose, That unless Heaven would send me back my son, My Arab,—no soft music should enrich The cool wine, kiss'd off with a soldier's smack: 30 Now all my empire, barter'd for one feast, Seems poverty. CONRAD. Upon the neighbour-plain The heralds have prepar'd a royal lists; Your knights, found war-proof in the bloody field, Speed to the game. Well, Ludolph, what say you? OTHO. LUDOLPH. My lord! A tourney? отно. Or, if 't please you best-CONRAD. LUDOLPH. I want no more! He soars! FIRST LADY. SECOND LADY. Past all reason. LUDOLPH. Though heaven's choir Should in a vast circumference descend And sing for my delight, I'd stop my ears! 40 Though bright Apollo's car stood burning here, And he put out an arm to bid me mount, His touch an immortality, not I! This earth, this palace, this room, Auranthe!

отно. This is a little painful; just too much.

Conrad, if he flames longer in this wise, I shall believe in wizard-woven loves

And ald necessary but I'll break the an

And old romances; but I'll break the spell. Ludolph!

CONRAD. He will be calm, anon.

LUDOLPH. You call'd?

отно. Come, come, a little sober sense, Ludolph.

LUDOLPH. Yes, yes, yes, I offend. You must forgive me; 50

Not being quite recover'd from the stun

Of your large bounties. A tourney, is it not?

[A senet heard faintly.

CONRAD. The trumpets reach us.

ETHELBERT [without]. On your peril, sirs,

Detain us!

FIRST VOICE [without]. Let not the abbot pass.

SECOND VOICE [without]. No

On your lives!

FIRST VOICE [without]. Holy father, you must not.

ETHELBERT [without]. Otho!

отно. Who calls on Otho?

ethelbert [without]. otho. Let him come in.

Ethelbert!

# Enter ETHELBERT leading in ERMINIA.

Thou cursed abbot, why

Hast brought pollution to our holy rites?

Hast thou no fear of hangman, or the faggot?

Mad Churchman, would'st thou be impaled alive? 598 LUDOLPH. What portent—what strange prodigy is this? 60 CONRAD. Away!

ETHELBERT. You, Duke?

ERMINIA. Albert has surely fail'd me!

Look at the Emperor's brow upon me bent! ETHELBERT. A sad delay!

CONRAD. Away, thou guilty thing!

ETHELBERT. You again, Duke? Justice, most mighty Otho!

You—go to your sister there and plot again,

A quick plot, swift as thought to save your heads;

For lo! the toils are spread around your den,

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Qυ

The world is all agape to see dragg'd forth Two ugly monsters.

LUDOLPH. What means he, my lord? CONRAD. I cannot guess.

ETHELBERT. Best ask your lady sister,

Whether the riddle puzzles her beyond The power of utterance.

CONRAD. Foul barbarian, cease:

The Princess faints!

LUDOLPH. Stab him! O, sweetest wife!

[Attendants bear off AURANTHE.

ERMINIA. Alas!

ETHELBERT. Your wife?

LUDOLPH. Aye, Satan! does that yerk ye? ETHELBERT. Wife! so soon!

LUDOLPH. Aye, wife! Oh, impudence!

Thou bitter mischief! Venomous mad priest!
How dar'st thou lift those beetle brows at me?
Me—the prince Ludolph, in this presence here,
Upon my marriage-day, and scandalize
My joys with such opprobrious surprise?
Wife! Why dost linger on that syllable,
As if it were some demon's name pronounc'd

To summon harmful lightning, and make roar The sleepy thunder? Hast no sense of fear? No ounce of man in thy mortality?

Tremble! for, at my nod, the sharpen'd axe
Will make thy bold tongue quiver to the roots.

Those grey lids wink, and thou not know it more! ETHELBERT. O, poor deceived Prince! I pity thee!

Great Otho! I claim justice—

LUDOLPH. Thou shalt have 't!

Thine arms from forth a pulpit of hot fire Shall sprawl distracted! O that that dull cowl Were some most sensitive portion of thy life, That I might give it to my hounds to tear! Thy girdle some fine zealous-pained nerve To girth my saddle! And those devil's beads Each one a life, that I might, every day, Crush one with Yulcan's hammer!

отно. Peace, my son; You far outstrip my spleen in this affair. Let us be calm, and hear the abbot's plea 100 For this intrusion. I am silent, sire. LUDOLPH. отно. Conrad, see all depart not wanted here. [Exeunt Knights, Ladies, &c. Ludolph, be calm. Ethelbert, peace awhile. This mystery demands an audience Of a just judge, and that will Otho be. LUDOLPH. Why has he time to breathe another word? отно. Ludolph, old Ethelbert, be sure, comes not To beard us for no cause: he's not the man To cry himself up an ambassador Without credentials. LUDOLPH. I'll chain up myself. 110 отно. Old Abbot, stand here forth. Lady Erminia, Sit. And now, Abbot! what have you to say? Our ear is open. First we here denounce Hard penalties against thee, if 't be found The cause for which you have disturb'd us here. Making our bright hours muddy, be a thing Of little moment. See this innocent! ETHELBERT. Otho! thou father of the people call'd, Is her life nothing? Her fair honour nothing? Her tears from matins until even-song 120 Nothing? Her burst heart nothing? Emperor! Is this your gentle niece—the simplest flower Of the world's herbal—this fair lilly blanch'd Still with the dews of piety, this meek lady Here sitting like an angel newly-shent, Who veils its snowy wings and grows all pale,— Is she nothing? What more to the purpose, abbot? LUDOLPH. Whither is he winding? No clue vet! CONRAD. ETHELBERT. You have heard, my Liege, and so, no doubt, all here. Foul, poisonous, malignant whisperings; 130 Nay open speech, rude mockery grown common,

Against the spotless nature and clear fame Of the princess Erminia, your niece. I have intruded here thus suddenly. Because I hold those base weeds, with tight hand, Which now disfigure her fair growing stem, Waiting but for your sign to pull them up By the dark roots, and leave her palpable, To all men's sight, a Lady, innocent. The ignominy of that whisper'd tale 140 About a midnight gallant, seen to climb A window to her chamber neighbour'd near, I will from her turn off, and put the load On the right shoulders: on that wretch's head. Who, by close stratagems, did save herself, Chiefly by shifting to this lady's room A rope-ladder for false witness. LUDOLPH. Most atrocious!

отно. Ethelbert, proceed.

With sad lips I shall: ETHELBERT.

For, in the healing of one wound, I fear To make a greater. His young highness here To-day was married.

Good. LUDOLPH.

Would it were good! ETHELBERT.

Yet why do I delay to spread abroad

The names of those two vipers, from whose jaws A deadly breath went forth to taint and blast This guileless lady?

отно. Abbot, speak their names.

ETHELBERT. A minute first. It cannot be-but may I ask, great judge, if you to-day have put

A letter by unread?

Does 't end in this? отно.

CONRAD. Out with their names!

Bold sinner, say you so? ETHELBERT.

LUDOLPH. Out, tedious monk!

Confess, or by the wheel— 160 отно.

ETHELBERT. My evidence cannot be far away;

And, though it never come, be on my head The crime of passing an attaint upon The slanderers of this virgin.

Speak aloud! LUDOLPH. ETHELBERT. Auranthe, and her brother there. Amaze! LUDOLPH. Throw them from the windows! отно. Do what you will! What shall I do with them? LUDOLPH. Something of quick dispatch, for should she hear, My soft Auranthe, her sweet mercy would Prevail against my fury. Damned priest! 170 What swift death wilt thou die? As to the lady I touch her not. ETHELBERT. Illustrious Otho, stay! An ample store of misery thou hast, Choak not the granary of thy noble mind With more bad bitter grain, too difficult A cud for the repentance of a man Grey-growing. To thee only I appeal, Not to thy noble son, whose veasting youth Will clear itself, and crystal turn again. A young man's heart, by Heaven's blessing, is 180 A wide world, where a thousand new-born hopes Empurple fresh the melancholy blood: But an old man's is narrow, tenantless Of hopes, and stuff'd with many memories, Which, being pleasant, ease the heavy pulse— Painful, clog up and stagnate. Weigh this matter Even as a miser balances his coin: And, in the name of mercy, give command That your knight Albert be brought here before you. He will expound this riddle; he will show 100 A noon-day proof of bad Auranthe's guilt. отно. Let Albert straight be summon'd. TExit one of the Nobles. Impossible! LUDOLPH. I cannot doubt-I will not-no-to doubt Is to be ashes!—wither'd up to death! отно. My gentle Ludolph, harbour not a fear; You do yourself much wrong. O, wretched dolt! LUDOLPH. Now, when my foot is almost on thy neck,

Wilt thou infuriate me? Proof! Thou fool!

220

230

Why wilt thou teaze impossibility
With such a thick-skull'd persevering suit?
Fanatic obstinacy! Prodigy!
Monster of folly! Ghost of a turn'd brain!
You puzzle me,—you haunt me,—when I dream
Of you my brain will split! Bald sorcerer!
Juggler! May I come near you? On my soul
I know not whether to pity, curse, or laugh.

## Enter ALBERT, and the Nobleman.

Here, Albert, this old phantom wants a proof! Give him his proof! A camel's load of proofs! otho. Albert, I speak to you as to a man Whose words once utter'd pass like current gold;

And therefore fit to calmly put a close
To this brief tempest. Do you stand possess'd
Of any proof against the honourableness
Of Lady Auranthe, our new-spoused daughter?

ALBERT. You chill me with astonishment. How's this?
My Liege, what proof should I have 'gainst a fame

Impossible of slur? [OTHO rises.

ERMINIA. O wickedness!

ETHELBERT. Deluded monarch, 'tis a cruel lie.

отно. Peace, rebel-priest!

CONRAD. Insult beyond credence!

ERMINIA. Almost a dream!

LUDOLPH. We have awaken'd from

A foolish dream that from my brow hath wrung A wrathful dew. O folly! why did I

So act the lion with this silly gnat? Let them depart. Lady Erminia!

I ever griev'd for you, as who did not?

But now you have, with such a brazen front,

So most maliciously, so madly striven

To dazzle the soft moon, when tenderest clouds

Should be unloop'd around to curtain her;

I leave you to the desert of the world

Almost with pleasure. Let them be set free For me! I take no personal revenge

More than against a nightmare, which a man

Forgets in the new dawn.

Fightmare, which a man Forgets in the new dawn.

282 POEMS FROM LITERARY REMAINS, 1848 отно. Still in extremes! No, they must not be loose. ETHELBERT. Albert, I must suspect thee of a crime So fiendish--отно. Fear'st thou not my fury, monk? Conrad, be they in your sure custody Till we determine some fit punishment. It is so mad a deed, I must reflect 240 And question them in private; for perhaps, By patient scrutiny, we may discover Whether they merit death, or should be placed In care of the physicians. [Exeunt otho and Nobles, Albert following. CONRAD. My guards, ho! Albert, wilt thou follow there? ERMINIA. Wilt thou creep dastardly behind his back, And slink away from a weak woman's eye? Turn, thou court-Janus! thou forget'st thyself; Here is the Duke, waiting with open arms, ⊺Enter Guards. To thank thee; here congratulate each other; 250 Wring hands; embrace; and swear how lucky 'twas That I, by happy chance, hit the right man Of all the world to trust in. Trust! to me! ALBERT. CONRAD [aside]. He is the sole one in this mystery. ERMINIA. Well, I give up, and save my prayers for Heaven! You, who could do this deed, would ne'er relent, Though, at my words, the hollow prison-vaults Would groan for pity. Manacle them both! CONRAL. ETHELBERT. I know it—it must be—I see it all! Albert, thou art the minion! Ah! too plain— ERMINIA. 260 CONRAD. Silence! Gag up their mouths! I cannot bear More of this brawling. That the Emperor Had plac'd you in some other custody!

Bring them away. [Exeunt all but ALBERT.

ALBERT. Though my name perish from the book of honour,
Almost before the recent ink is dry,
And be no more remember'd after death,
Than any drummer's in the muster-roll;
Yet shall I season high my sudden fall

With triumph o'er that evil-witted duke! He shall feel what it is to have the hand Of a man drowning, on his hateful throat.

270

#### Enter GERSA and SIGIFRED.

GERSA. What discord is at ferment in this house? SIGIFRED. We are without conjecture; not a soul We met could answer any certainty.

GERSA. Young Ludolph, like a fiery arrow, shot By us.

SIGIFRED. The Emperor, with cross'd arms, in thought.

GERSA. In one room music, in another sadness, Perplexity every where!

ALBERT

ALBERT.

Follow; your presences will much avail To tune our jarred spirits. I'll explain.

280 FExeunt.

## ACT IV

A trifle mere!

# Scene I. Auranthe's Apartment.

AURANTHE and CONRAD discovered.

CONRAD. Well, well, I know what ugly jeopardy
We are cag'd in; you need not pester that
Into my ears. Prythce, let me be spared
A foolish tongue, that I may bethink me
Of remedies with some deliberation
You cannot doubt but 'tis in Albert's power
To crush or save us?

AURANTHE. No, I cannot doubt.

He has, assure yourself, by some strange means, My secret; which I ever hid from him, Knowing his mawkish honesty.

CONRAD.

Curs'd slave!

AURANTHE. Ay, I could almost curse him now myself.

Wretched impediment! Evil genius!

A glue upon my wings, that cannot spread, When they should span the provinces! A snake,

A scorpion, sprawling on the first gold step, Conducting to the throne, high canopied.

CONRAD. You would not hear my counsel, when his life

Total and a storia District	11111 111111111111111111111111111111111	
Might have been trodden ou		
Now the dull animal forsoot		
Intreated, managed! When o	can you contrive	20
The interview he demands?		
AURANTHE.	As speedily	
It must be done as my brib'd		
Unseen conduct him to me;	but I fear	
'Twill be impossible, while t	the broad day	
Comes through the panes wi	th persecuting glare.	
Methinks, if 't now were nig	ght I could intrigue	
With darkness, bring the sta	irs to second me,	
And settle all this trouble.		
CONRAD. No	onsense! Child!	
See him immediately; why n	ot now?	
AURANTHE. Do you forget t		or-
posts		30
Are on the watch and gape t	through all the house?	•
How many whisperers there		
Hungry for evidence to ruin		
Men I have spurn'd, and wo		
Besides, the foolish prince se		
His pages—so they tell me-		
After my health, entreating,		
To see me.	- Franci,	
CONRAD. Well, suppose 1	this Albert here;	
What is your power with his		
AURANTHE.	He should be	
My echo, my taught parrot!		40
He will be cur enough to bar		•
Have his own say; read me		
'Bout shame and pity.	some emy crocu	
	will you do then?	
AURANTHE. What I shall do,		
Cannot be done; for see, this		
Will not yield to the pick-ax		
Here is no quiet depth of hol		
CONRAD. Sister, you have grow		
Seconding, ere I speak it, wh	nat is now	
I hope, resolv'd between us.		
AURANTHE.	Say, what is 't?	50
CONBAD Vou need not be his		

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May carry that with him shall make him die Elsewhere,—give that to him; pretend the while You will to-morrow succumb to his wishes, Be what they may, and send him from the Castle On some fool's errand; let his latest groan Frighten the wolves!

AURANTHE. Alas! he must not die!
CONRAD. Would you were both hears'd up in stifling lead!
Detested—

AURANTHE. Conrad, hold! I would not bear The little thunder of your fretful tongue, Tho' I alone were taken in these toils, And you could free me; but remember, sir, You live alone in my security:

So keep your wits at work, for your own sake, Not mine, and be more mannerly.

CONRAD. Thou wasp!
If my domains were emptied of these folk,

And I had thee to starve—

But Conrad, now be gone; the Host is look'd for; Cringe to the Emperor, entertain the nobles. And, do ye mind, above all things, proclaim My sickness, with a brother's sadden'd eye, Condoling with Prince Ludolph. In fit time Return to me.

CONRAD. I leave you to your thoughts. [Exit. AURANTHE (sola). Down, down, proud temper! down, Auranthe's pride!

Why do I anger him when I should kneel? Conrad! Albert! help! help! What can I do? O wretched woman! lost, wreck'd, swallow'd up, Accursed, blasted! O, thou golden Crown, Orbing along the serene firmament Of a wide empire, like a glowing moon; And thou, bright sceptre! lustrous in my eyes,—There—as the fabled fair Hesperian tree, Bearing a fruit more precious! graceful thing, Delicate, godlike, magic! must I leave Thee to melt in the visionary air, Ere, by one grasp, this common hand is made

Imperial? I do not know the time When I have wept for sorrow; but methinks I could now sit upon the ground, and shed Tears, tears of misery. O, the heavy day! 90 How shall I bear my life till Albert comes? Ludolph! Erminia! Proofs! O heavy day! Bring me some mourning weeds, that I may 'tire Myself, as fits one wailing her own death: Cut off these curls, and brand this lilly hand, And throw these jewels from my loathing sight,-Fetch me a missal, and a string of beads,— A cup of bitter'd water, and a crust,-I will confess, O holy father!—How! What is this? Auranthe! thou fool, dolt, 100 Whimpering idiot! up! up! act and quell! I am safe! Coward! why am I in fear? Albert! he cannot stickle, chew the cud In such a fine extreme,—impossible! [Goes to the Door, listens, and opens it. Who knocks?

#### Enter ALBERT.

Albert, I have been waiting for you here With such an aching heart, such swooning throbs On my poor brain, such cruel—cruel sorrow, That I should claim your pity! Art not well? ALBERT. Yes, lady, well.

AURANTHE. You look not so, alas! 110
But pale, as if you brought some heavy news.
ALBERT. You know full well what makes me look so pale.
AURANTHE. No! Do I? Surely I am still to learn

Some horror; all I know, this present, is I am near hustled to a dangerous gulph, Which you can save me from,—and therefore safe, So trusting in thy love; that should not make Thee pale, my Albert.

ALBERT. It does make me freeze.

AURANTHE. Why should it, love?

ALBERT. You should not ask me that,

But make your own heart monitor, and save 120

Me the great pain of telling. You must know.

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AURANTHE. Something has vext you, Albert. There are times When simplest things put on a sombre cast; A melancholy mood will haunt a man, Until most easy matters take the shape Of unachievable tasks; small rivulets Then seem impassable.

With hope that gloss of words, or suppliant action, Or tears, or ravings, or self-threaten'd death, Can alter my resolve.

Not so much at your threats, as at your voice, Untun'd, and harsh, and barren of all love.

ALBERT. You suffocate me! Stop this devil's parley, And listen to me; know me once for all. AURANTHE. I thought I did. Alas! I am deceiv'd.

ALBERT. No, you are not deceiv'd. You took me for A man detesting all inhuman crime;
And therefore kept from me your demon's plot Against Erminia. Silent? Be so still;
For ever! Speak no more; but hear my words,
Thy fate. Your safety I have bought to-day
By blazoning a lie, which in the dawn
I'll expiate with truth.

AURANTHE. O cruel traitor!

ALBERT. For I would not set eyes upon thy shame; I would not see thee dragg'd to death by the hair, Penanc'd, and taunted on a scaffolding!
To-night, upon the skirts of the blind wood
That blackens northward of these horrid towers,
I wait for you with horses. Choose your fate.
Farewell.

AURANTHE. Albert, you jest; I'm sure you must. You, an ambitious Soldier! I, a Queen, One who could say,—Here, rule these Provinces! Take tribute from those cities for thyself! Empty these armouries, these treasuries, Muster thy warlike thousands at a nod! Go! conquer Italy!

ALBERT. Auranthe, you have made
The whole world chaff to me. Your doom is fix'd.

AURANTHE. Out, villain! dastard! ALBERT. Look there to the door! Who is it? AURANTHE. Conrad, traitor! Let him in. ALBERT. [Enter CONRAD. Do not affect amazement, hypocrite, 160 At seeing me in this chamber. Auranthe? CONRAD. ALBERT. Talk not with eyes, but speak your curses out Against me, who would sooner crush and grind A brace of toads, than league with them to oppress An innocent lady, gull an Emperor, More generous to me than autumn's sun To ripening harvests. No more insult, sir! AURANTHE. ALBERT. Aye, clutch your scabbard; but, for prudence sake. Draw not the sword; 'twould make an uproar, Duke, You would not hear the end of. At nightfall 170 Your lady sister, if I guess aright, Will leave this busy castle. You had best Take farewell too of worldly vanities. CONRAD. Vassal! ALBERT. To-morrow, when the Emperor sends For loving Conrad, see you fawn on him. Good even! AURANTHE. You'll be seen! See the coast clear then. ALBERT. AURANTHE [as he goes]. Remorseless Albert! Cruel, cruel, wretch! TShe lets him out. CONRAD. So, we must lick the dust? I follow him. AURANTHE. CONRAD. How? Where? The plan of your escape? AURANTHE. He waits For me with horses by the forest-side, 180 Northward. CONRAD. Good, good! he dies. You go, say you? AURANTHE. Perforce. CONRAD. Be speedy, darkness! Till that comes, Fiends keep you company!  $\Gamma Exit.$ 

And you! And you! AURANTHE. And all men! Vanish! Oh! Oh! Oh!

Retires to an inner apartment.

## Scene II. An Apartment in the Castle.

### Enter LUDOLPH and PAGE.

PAGE. Still very sick, my Lord; but now I went Knowing my duty to so good a Prince; And there her women in a mournful throng Stood in the passage whispering: if any Mov'd 'twas with careful steps and hush'd as death: They bid me stop.

Good fellow, once again LUDOLPH. Make soft enquiry; prythee be not stay'd By any hindrance, but with gentlest force Break through her weeping servants, till thou com'st E'en to her chamber door, and there, fair boy, If with thy mother's milk thou hast suck'd in Any diviner eloquence; woo her ears With plaints for me more tender than the voice Of dying Echo, echoed.

PAGE.

Kindest master! To know thee sad thus, will unloose my tongue In mournful syllables. Let but my words reach Her ears and she shall take them coupled with Moans from my heart and sighs not counterfeit. May I speed better! [Exit PAGE.

LUDOLPH. Auranthe! My Life! Long have I lov'd thee, yet till now not lov'd: Remembering, as I do, hard-hearted times When I had heard even of thy death perhaps, And thoughtless—suffered thee to pass alone Into Elysium! now I follow thee A substance or a shadow, wheresoe'er Thou leadest me,—whether thy white feet press, With pleasant weight, the amorous-aching earth Or thro' the air thou pioneerest me. A shade! Yet sadly I predestinate! O unbenignest Love, why wilt thou let

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Darkness steal out upon the sleepy world
So wearily; as if night's chariot wheels
Were clog'd in some thick cloud. O, changeful Love,
Let not her steeds with drowsy-footed pace
Pass the high stars, before sweet embassage
Comes from the pillow'd beauty of that fair
Completion of all delicate nature's wit.
Pout her faint lips anew with rubious health
And with thine infant fingers lift the fringe
Of her sick eyelids; that those eyes may glow
With wooing light upon me, ere the Morn
Peers with disrelish, grey, barren, and cold.

### Enter GERSA and Courtiers.

Otho calls me his Lion—should I blush
To be so tam'd, so——
GERSA. Do me the courtesy

Gentlemen to pass on.

COURTIER.

We are your servants.

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[Exeunt Courtiers.
LUDOLPH. It seems then, Sir, you have found out the man
You would confer with: me?

GERSA. If I break not

Too much upon your thoughtful mood, I will Claim a brief while your patience.

LUDOLPH. For what cause

Soe'er I shall be honour'd.

GERSA. I not less.

LUDOLPH. What may it be? No trifle can take place Of such deliberate prologue, serious 'haviour.

But be it what it may I cannot fail
To listen with no common interest—

For though so new your presence is to me, I have a soldier's friendship for your fame—Please you explain.

GERSA. As thus—for, pardon me, I cannot in plain terms grossly assault A noble nature; and would faintly sketch What your quick apprehension will fill up So finely I esteem you.

LUDOLPH. I attend—

GERSA. Your generous Father, most illustrious Otho, Sits in the Banquet room among his chiefs— His wine is bitter, for you are not there— His eyes are fix'd still on the open doors, And every passer in he frowns upon Seeing no Ludolph comes. LUDOLPH. I do neglect— GERSA. And for your absence, may I guess the cause? LUDOLPH. Stay there! no—guess? more princely you must be— Than to make guesses at me. 'Tis enough, 70 I'm sorry I can hear no more. GERSA. And I As griev'd to force it on you so abrupt; Yet one day you must know a grief whose sting Will sharpen more the longer 'tis conceal'd. LUDOLPH. Say it at once, sir, dead, dead, is she dead? GERSA. Mine is a cruel task: she is not dead-And would for your sake she were innocent-LUDOLPH. Hungarian! thou amazest me beyond All scope of thought; convulsest my heart's blood To deadly churning—Gersa, you are young 80 As I am; let me observe you face to face; Not grey-brow'd like the poisonous Ethelbert, No rheumed eyes, no furrowing of age, No wrinkles where all vices nestle in Like crannied vermin—no, but fresh and young And hopeful featur'd. Ha! by heaven you weep Tears, human tears—Do you repent you then Of a curs'd torturer's office! Why shouldst join— Tell me, the league of Devils? Confess—confess The Lie.— GERSA. Lie!—but begone all ceremonious points 90 Of honour battailous. I could not turn My wrath against thee for the orbed world. LUDOLPH. Your wrath, weak boy? Tremble at mine unless Retraction follow close upon the heels Of that late stounding insult: why has my sword Not done already a sheer judgment on thee? Despair, or eat thy words. Why, thou wast nigh Whimpering away my reason: hark ye, Sir,

It is no secret:—that Erminia.

Erminia, Sir, was hidden in your tent; 100 O bless'd asylum! comfortable home! Begone, I pity thee, thou art a Gull-Erminia's fresh puppet-Furious fire! GERSA. Thou mak'st me boil as hot as thou canst flame! And in thy teeth I give thee back the lie! Thou liest! Thou, Auranthe's fool, a wittol— LUDOLPH. Look! look at this bright sword; There is no part of it to the very hilt But shall indulge itself about thine heart— Draw-but remember thou must cower thy plumes, 110 As yesterday the Arab made thee stoop-GERSA. Patience! not here. I would not spill thy blood Here underneath this roof where Otho breathes,

### Re-enter PAGE.

Stay, stay, here is one I have half a word with—Well—What ails thee, child?

PAGE. My lord,

LUDOLPH.

What would'st say?

O faltering coward!

PAGE. They are fled!

Thy father—almost mine—

LUDOLPH.

LUDOLPH.

They—who?

PAGE. When anxiously I hasten'd back, your grieving messenger,

I found the stairs all dark, the lamps extinct, And not a foot or whisper to be heard.

I thought her dead, and on the lowest step

Sat listening; when presently came by Two muffled up,—one sighing heavily,

The other cursing low, whose voice I knew

For the Duke Conrad's. Close I follow'd them

Thro' the dark ways they chose to the open air; And, as I follow'd, heard my lady speak.

LUDOLPH. Thy life answers the truth!

PAGE. The chamber's empty!

LUDOLPH. As I will be of mercy! So, at last,

This nail is in my temples!

GERSA. Be calm in this.

130

LUDOLPH, I am.

GERSA. And Albert too has disappear'd;

Ere I met you, I sought him everywhere;

You would not hearken.

LUDOLPH. Which way went they, boy?

GERSA. I'll hunt with you.

LUDOLPH. No, no, no. My senses are

Still whole. I have surviv'd. My arm is strong—My appetite sharp—for revenge! I'll no sharer In my feast; my injury is all my own, And so is my revenge, my lawful chattels! Jackall, lead on: the lion preys tonight,

Jackall, lead on: the lion preys tonight,
Terrier, ferret them out! Burn—burn the witch!

Trace me their footsteps! Away!

TExeunt.

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## ACT V

# Scene I. A part of the Forest.

### Enter CONRAD and AURANTHE.

AURANTHE. Go no further; not a step more; thou art

A master-plague in the midst of miseries. Go—I fear thee. I tremble every limb,

Who never shook before. There's moody death

In thy resolved looks—Yes, I could kneel

To pray thee far away. Conrad, go, go—

There! yonder underneath the boughs I see

Our horses! CONRAD. Aye, and the man.

AURANTHE.

Yes, he is there.

Go, go,—no blood, no blood; go, gentle Conrad!

AURANTHE. Farewell, for this Heaven pardon you. 10

CONRAD. If he escape me, may I die the death In unimagined tortures—or breathe through A long life in the foulest sink of the world! He dies—'tis well she do not advertise The caitiff of the cold steel at his back.

[Exit CONRAD.

## Enter LUDOLPH and PAGE.

LUDOLPH. Miss'd the way, boy, say not that on your peril!
PAGE. Indeed, indeed I cannot trace them further.
LUDOLPH. Must I stop here? Here solitary die?
Stifled beneath the thick oppressive shade
Of these dull boughs,—this oven of dark thickets,—
Silent,—without revenge?—pshaw!—bitter end,—
A bitter death,—a suffocating death,—
A gnawing—silent—deadly, quiet death!
Escap'd?—fled?—vanish'd? melted into air?
She's gone! I cannot clutch her! no revenge!
A muffled death, ensnar'd in horrid silence!
Suck'd to my grave amid a dreamy calm!
O, where is that illustrious noise of war,
To smother up this sound of labouring breath,
This rustle of the trees!

[AURANTHE shrieks at a distance.

PAGE.

My Lord, a noise!

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This way—hark!

LUDOLPH. Yes, yes! A hope! A music!
A glorious clamour! Now I live again!

TExeunt.

# Scene II. Another part of the Forest.

## Enter ALBERT (wounded).

ALBERT. O for enough life to support me on To Otho's feet—

## Enter LUDOLPH.

Tell me where that detested woman is
Or this is through thee!

ALBERT. My good Prince, with me
The sword has done its worst; not without worst
Done to another—Conrad has it home—
I see you know it all—

LUDOLPH. Where is his sister?

## AURANTHE rushes in.

AURANTHE. Albert!

LUDOLPH. Ha! There! there!—He is the paramour!— There—hug him—dying! O, thou innocence, Shrine him and comfort him at his last gasp, 10 Kiss down his eyelids! Was he not thy love? Wilt thou forsake him at his latest hour? Keep fearful and aloof from his last gaze. His most uneasy moments, when cold death Stands with the door aiar to let him in? ALBERT. O that that door with hollow slam would close Upon me sudden, for I cannot meet, In all the unknown chambers of the dead, Such horrors-Auranthe! what can he mean? LUDOLPH. What horrors? Is it not a joyous time? 20 Am I not married to a paragon 'Of personal beauty and untainted soul?' A blushing fair-eved Purity! A Sylph, Whose snowy timid hand has never sin'd Beyond a flower pluck'd, white as itself? Albert, you do insult my Bride-your Mistress-To talk of horrors on our wedding night. ALBERT. Alas! poor Prince, I would you knew my heart. 'Tis not so guilty— Hear you he pleads not guilty-LUDOLPH. You are not? or if so what matters it? 30 You have escap'd me,-free as the dusk air-Hid in the forest—safe from my revenge; I cannot catch you-You should laugh at me, Poor cheated Ludolph,—make the forest hiss With jeers at me—You tremble; faint at once, You will come to again. O Cockatrice, I have you. Whither wander those fair eyes To entice the Devil to your help, that he May change you to a Spider, so to crawl Into some cranny to escape my wrath? ALBERT. Sometimes the counsel of a dying man Doth operate quietly when his breath is gone-Disjoin those hands—part—part, do not destroy Each other—forget her—our miseries Are equal shar'd, and mercy is-

A boon

LUDOLPH.

When one can compass it. Auranthe, try

Your oratory—your breath is not so hitch'd—

Aye, stare for help-[ALBERT groans and dies.

There goes a spotted soul

Howling in vain along the hollow night-

Hear him—he calls you—Sweet Auranthe, come! AURANTHE. Kill me.

No! What? upon our marriage-night! LUDOLPH.

The earth would shudder at so foul a deed— A fair Bride, a sweet Bride, an innocent Bride!

No, we must revel it, as 'tis in use

In times of delicate brilliant ceremony:

Come, let me lead you to our halls again—

Nay, linger not—make no resistance, sweet—

Will you—Ah wretch, thou canst not, for I have

The strength of twenty lions 'gainst a lamb-Now one adieu for Albert—come away.—

 $\Gamma Exeunt.$ 

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## Scene III. An inner Court of the Castle.

Enter SIGIFRED, GONFRED, and THEODORE meeting.

THEODORE. Was ever such a night? SIGIFRED.

What horrors more?

Things unbeliev'd one hour, so strange they are,

The next hour stamps with credit.

Your last news? THEODORE.

GONFRED. After the Page's story of the death

Of Albert and Duke Conrad?

SIGIFRED. And the return

Of Ludolph with the Princess.

GONFRED. No more, save

Prince Gersa's freeing Abbot Ethelbert, And the sweet lady, fair Erminia,

From prison.

Where are they now? hast yet heard? THEODORE. GONFRED. With the sad Emperor they are closeted;

I saw the three pass slowly up the stairs,

The lady weeping, the old Abbot cowl'd.

SIGIFRED. What next?

I ache to think on't. THEODORE.

GONFRED. 'Tis with fate.

THEODORE. One while these proud towers are hush'd as death.
GONFRED. The next our poor Prince fills the arched rooms
With ghastly rayings

With ghastly ravings.

I do fear his brain.

GONFRED. I will see more. Bear you so stout a heart?

[Exeunt into the Castle.

## Scene IV. A Cabinet, opening towards a Terrace.

OTHO, ERMINIA, ETHELBERT, and a Physician, discovered.

отно. O, my poor Boy! my Son! my Son! my Ludolph! Have ye no comfort for me, ye Physicians

Of the weak Body and Soul?

ETHELBERT. 'Tis not the Medicine

Either of heaven or earth can cure unless

Fit time be chosen to administer—

отно. A kind forbearance, holy Abbot-come

Erminia, here sit by me, gentle Girl;

Give me thy hand—hast thou forgiven me?

OTHO. Why will ye keep me from my darling child?

PHYSICIAN. Forgive me, but he must not see thy face—

отно. Is then a father's countenance a Gorgon?

Hath it not comfort in it? Would it not

Console my poor Boy, cheer him, heal his spirits?

Let me embrace him, let me speak to him-

I will—who hinders me? Who's Emperor?

PHYSICIAN. You may not, Sire—'twould overwhelm him quite,

He is so full of grief and passionate wrath,

Too heavy a sigh would kill him-or do worse.

He must be sav'd by fine contrivances-

And most especially we must keep clear

Out of his sight a Father whom he loves—

His heart is full, it can contain no more, And do its ruddy office.

ETHELBERT. Sage advice;

We must endeavour how to ease and slacken The tight-wound energies of his despair,

Not make them tenser-

отно. Enough! I hear, I hear.

Yet you were about to advise more—I listen.

ETHELBERT. This learned doctor will agree with me,
That not in the smallest point should he be thwarted
Or gainsaid by one word—his very motions,
Nods, becks and hints, should be obey'd with care,
Even on the moment: so his troubled mind

May cure itself-

PHYSICIAN. There is no other means.

OTHO. Open the door: let's hear if all is quiet—
PHYSICIAN. Beseech you, Sire, forbear.

ERMINIA. Do, do.

OTHO.

I command!

Open it straight—Sh!—quiet—my lost Boy! My miserable Child!

My miserable Child!

LUDOLPH (indistinctly without). Fill, full,—

My goblet-here's a health!

ERMINIA. O, close the door!

OTHO. Let, let me hear his voice; this cannot last—And fain would I catch up his dying words
Though my own knell they be—this cannot last—O let me catch his voice—for lo! I hear
This silence whisper me that he is dead!
It is so. Gersa?

## Enter GERSA

PHYSICIAN. Say, how fares the prince?
GERSA. More calm—his features are less wild and flush'd—
Once he complain'd of weariness—

PHYSICIAN. Indeed!

'Tis good—'tis good—let him but fall asleep, That saves him.

отно. Gersa, watch him like a child—

Ward him from harm—and bring me better news— PHYSICIAN. Humour him to the height. I fear to go;

For should he catch a glimpse of my dull garb, It might affright him—fill him with suspicion

That we believe him sick, which must not be—GERSA. I will invent what soothing means I can.

TExit GERSA.

PHYSICIAN. This should cheer up your Highness—weariness Is a good symptom, and most favourable— It gives me pleasant hopes. Please you walk forth Onto the Terrace; the refreshing air Will blow one half of your sad doubts away. 60

[Exeunt.

Scene V. A Banqueting Hall, brilliantly illuminated, and set forth with all costly magnificence, with Supper-tables, laden with services of Gold and Silver. A door in the back scene. guarded by two Soldiers. Lords, Ladies, Knights, Gentlemen, Sc. whispering sadly, and ranging themselves; part entering and part discovered.

FIRST KNIGHT. Grievously are we tantaliz'd, one and all-Sway'd here and there, commanded to and fro As though we were the shadows of a dream And link'd to a sleeping fancy. What do we here? GONFRED. I am no Seer-you know we must obey The prince from A to Z—though it should be To set the place in flames. I pray hast heard Where the most wicked Princess is? There, Sir, FIRST KNIGHT.

In the next room-have you remark'd those two Stout soldiers posted at the door?

GONERED.

For what?

[They whisper.

20

FIRST LADY. How ghast a train! SECOND LADY. Sure this should be some splendid burial. FIRST LADY. What fearful whispering! See, see,—Gersa therel

#### Enter GERSA.

GERSA. Put on your brightest looks; smile if you can; Behave as all were happy; keep your eyes From the least watch upon him; if he speaks To any one, answer collectedly, Without surprise, his questions, howe'er strange. Do this to the utmost,—though, alas! with me The remedy grows hopeless! Here he comes,-Observe what I have said,—show no surprise.

Enter LUDOLPH, followed by SIGIFRED and PAGE.

LUDOLPH. A splendid company! rare beauties here! I should have Orphean lips, and Plato's fancy, Amphion's utterance, toned with his lyre, Or the deep key of Jove's sonorous mouth, To give fit salutation. Methought I heard, As I came in, some whispers,—what of that? 'Tis natural men should whisper; at the kiss Of Psyche given by Love, there was a buzz Among the gods!—and silence is as natural. 30 These draperies are fine, and, being a mortal, I should desire no better; yet, in truth, There must be some superior costliness, Some wider-domed high magnificence! I would have, as a mortal I may not, Hanging of heaven's clouds, purple and gold, Slung from the spheres; gauzes of silver mist, Loop'd up with cords of twisted wreathed light. And tassell'd round with weeping meteors! These pendent lamps and chandeliers are bright 40 As earthly fires from dull dross can be cleansed; Yet could my eyes drink up intenser beams Undazzled,—this is darkness,—when I close These lids, I see far fiercer brilliances,— Skies full of splendid moons, and shooting stars, And spouting exhalations, diamond fires, And panting fountains quivering with deep glows! Yes-this is dark-is it not dark? My Lord, SIGIFRED. 'Tis late; the lights of festival are ever Quench'd in the morn. Tis not to-morrow then? LUDOLPH. 50 SIGIFRED. 'Tis early dawn. Indeed full time we slept; GERSA. Say you so, Prince? LUDOLPH. I say I quarrell'd with you; We did not tilt each other,—that's a blessing,— Good gods! no innocent blood upon my head! SIGIFRED. Retire, Gersa! There should be three more here: LUDOLPH.

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For two of them, they stay away perhaps, Being gloomy-minded, haters of fair revels,— They know their own thoughts best.

As for the third,

Deep blue eyes-semi-shaded in white lids, Finish'd with lashes fine for more soft shade. Completed by her twin-arch'd ebon brows-White temples of exactest elegance. Of even mould felicitous and smooth— Cheeks fashion'd tenderly on either side. So perfect, so divine that our poor eyes Are dazzled with the sweet proportioning, And wonder that 'tis so,—the magic chance! Her nostrils, small, fragrant, faery-delicate; Her lips—I swear no human bones e'er wore So taking a disguise—you shall behold her! We'll have her presently; aye, you shall see her, And wonder at her, friends, she is so fair-She is the world's chief Jewel, and by heaven She's mine by right of marriage—she is mine! Patience, good people, in fit time I send A Summoner—she will obey my call, Being a wife most mild and dutiful. First I would hear what music is prepared To herald and receive her-let me hear! SIGIFRED. Bid the musicians soothe him tenderly.

[A soft strain of Music.

LUDOLPH. Ye have none better—no—I am content; 'Tis a rich sobbing melody, with reliefs Full and majestic; it is well enough, And will be sweeter, when ye see her pace Sweeping into this presence, glisten'd o'er With emptied caskets, and her train upheld By ladies, habited in robes of lawn, Sprinkled with golden crescents; (others bright In silks, with spangles shower'd,) and bow'd to By Duchesses and pearled Margravines—Sad, that the fairest creature of the earth—I pray you mind me not—'tis sad, I say, That the extremest beauty of the world Should so entrench herself away from me,

Behind a barrier of engender'd guilt! SECOND LADY. Ah! what a moan! FIRST KNIGHT. Most piteous indeed! LUDOLPH. She shall be brought before this company, And then-then-FIRST LADY. He muses. O, Fortune, where will this end? GERSA. SIGIFRED. I guess his purpose! Indeed he must not have That pestilence brought in,—that cannot be, 100 There we must stop him. I am lost! Hush, hush! GERSA. He is about to rave again. LUDOLPH. A barrier of guilt! I was the fool. She was the cheater! Who's the cheater now, And who the fool? The entrapp'd, the caged fool, The bird-lim'd raven? She shall croak to death Secure! Methinks I have her in my fist, To crush her with my heel! Wait, wait! I marvel My father keeps away: good friend, ah! Sigifred! Do bring him to me-and Erminia 110 I fain would see before I sleep—and [holy] Ethelbert, That he may bless me, as I know he will Though I have curs'd him.

Rather suffer me SIGIFRED.

To lead you to them-I UDOLPH.

No, excuse me, no—

The day is not quite done-go bring them hither.

TExit SIGIFRED.

Certes, a father's smile should, like sun light, Slant on my sheafed harvest of ripe bliss— Besides, I thirst to pledge my lovely Bride In a deep goblet: let me see—what wine? The strong Iberian juice, or mellow Greek? 120 Or pale Calabrian? Or the Tuscan grape? Or of old Ætna's pulpy wine presses, Black stain'd with the fat vintage, as it were The purple slaughter-house, where Bacchus' self Prick'd his own swollen veins? Where is my Page? Here, here! PAGE.

LUDOLPH. Be ready to obey me; anon thou shalt Bear a soft message for me-for the hour

150

Draws near when I must make a winding up Of bridal Mysteries—a fine-spun vengeance! Carve it on my Tomb, that when I rest beneath Men shall confess—This Prince was gull'd and cheated, But from the ashes of disgrace he rose More than a fiery Dragon—and did burn His ignominy up in purging fires-Did I not send, Sir, but a moment past, For my Father?

GERSA.

You did.

LUDOLPH.

GERSA.

Perhaps 'twould be

Much better he came not.

He enters now!

## Enter otho, erminia, ethelbert, sigifred, and Physician.

LUDOLPH. O thou good Man, against whose sacred head I was a mad conspirator, chiefly too For the sake of my fair newly wedded wife, Now to be punish'd, do not look so sad! Those charitable eyes will thaw my heart, Those tears will wash away a just resolve, A verdict ten times sworn! Awake-awake-Put on a judge's brow, and use a tongue Made iron-stern by habit! Thou shalt see A deed to be applauded, 'scribed in gold! Join a loud voice to mine, and so denounce What I alone will execute!

Dear son, OTHO.

What is it? By your father's love, I sue That it be nothing merciless!

LUDOLPH. To that demon?

Not so! No! She is in temple-stall Being garnish'd for the sacrifice, and I. The Priest of Justice, will immolate her Upon the altar of wrath! She stings me through!— Even as the worm doth feed upon the nut, So she, a scorpion, preys upon my brain! I feel her gnawing here! Let her but vanish, Then, father, I will lead your legions forth,

Compact in steeled squares, and speared files. 160 And bid our trumpets speak a fell rebuke To nations drows'd in peace! отно. To-morrow, Son. Be your word law-forget to-day-I will LUDOLPH. When I have finish'd it-now! now! I'm pight, Tight-footed for the deed! Alas! Alas! ERMINIA. LUDOLPH. What Angel's voice is that? Erminia! Ah! gentlest creature, whose sweet innocence Was almost murder'd; I am penitent, Wilt thou forgive me? And thou, holy Man, Good Ethelbert, shall I die in peace with you? 170 ERMINIA. Die, my lord! LUDOLPH. I feel it possible. Physician? отно. PHYSICIAN. I fear me he is past my skill. Not so! LUDOLPH. I see it, I see it—I have been wandering— Half-mad-not right here-I forget my purpose. Bestir, bestir, Auranthe! ha! ha! ha! Youngster! Page! go bid them drag her to me! Obey! This shall finish it! TDraws a dagger O my Son! my Son! отно. SIGIFRED. This must not be—stop there! Am I obey'd? LUDOLPH. A little talk with her—no harm—haste! haste!

[Exit Page.

180

Set her before me—never fear I can strike.

SEVERAL VOICES. My Lord! My Lord!

GERSA. Good Prince!

There she is! take that! and that! no, no—
That's not well done—Where is she?

[The doors open. Enter PAGE. Several women are seen grouped about AURANTHE in the inner room

PAGE. Alas! My Lord, my Lord! they cannot move her!

Her arms are stiff,—her fingers clench'd and cold—

LUDOLPH. She's dead!

[Staggers and falls into their arms.]

ETHELBERT. Take away the dagger.

GERSA. Softly; so!

OTHO. Thank God for that!

SIGIFRED. I fear it could not harm him.

GERSA. No!—brief be his anguish!

LUDOLPH. She's gone—I am content—Nobles, good night! 190
We are all weary—faint—set ope the doors—

We are all weary—faint—set ope the doors—
I will to bed!—To-morrow—

[Dies.

THE CURTAIN FALLS.

# KING STEPHEN. A DRAMATIC FRAGMENT.

# KING STEPHEN: A DRAMATIC FRAGMENT.

## ACT I.

## Scene I. Field of Battle.

Alarum, Enter King STEPHEN, Knights, and Soldiers.

STEPHEN. If shame can on a soldier's vein-swoll'n front Spread deeper crimson than the battle's toil, Blush in your casing helmets! for see, see! Yonder my chivalry, my pride of war, Wrench'd with an iron hand from firm array, Are routed loose about the plashy meads, Of honour forfeit. O that my known voice Could reach your dastard ears, and fright you more! Fly, cowards, fly! Glocester is at your backs! Throw your slack bridles o'er the flurried manes, Ply well the rowel with faint trembling heels, Scampering to death at last!

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FIRST KNIGHT. The enemy

Bears his flaunt standard close upon their rear.

SECOND KNIGHT. Sure of a bloody prey, seeing the fens Will swamp them girth-deep.

STEPHEN. Over head and ears,

No matter! 'Tis a gallant enemy; How like a comet he goes streaming on. But we must plague him in the flank,—hey, friends. We are well breathed,—follow!

# Enter Earl BALDWIN and Soldiers, as defeated.

STEPHEN. De Redvers!

What is the monstrous bugbear that can fright
Baldwin?

BALDWIN. No scare-crow, but the fortunate star Of boisterous Chester, whose fell truncheon now Points level to the goal of victory. This way he comes, and if you would maintain

## 310 POEMS FROM LITERARY REMAINS, 1848

Your person unaffronted by vile odds, Take horse, my Lord.

Now I thank Heaven I am in the toils,
That soldiers may bear witness how my arm
Can burst the meshes. Not the eagle more
Loves to beat up against a tyrannous blast,
Than I to meet the torrent of my foes.
This is a brag,—be't so,—but if I fall,
Carve it upon my 'scutcheon'd sepulchre.
On, fellow soldiers! Earl of Redvers, back!
Not twenty Earls of Chester shall brow-beat
The diadem.

[Exeunt. Alarum]

# Scene II. Another part of the Field.

Trumpets sounding a Victory. Enter GLOCESTER, Knights, and Forces.

GLOCESTER. Now may we lift our bruised vizors up,
And take the flattering freshness of the air,
While the wide din of battle dies away
Into times past, yet to be echoed sure
In the silent pages of our chroniclers.
FIRST KNIGHT. Will Stephen's death be mark'd there, my
good Lord,

Or that we gave him lodging in yon towers? GLOCESTER. Fain would I know the great usurper's fate.

## Enter two Captains severally.

FIRST CAPTAIN. My Lord!

SECOND CAPTAIN. Most noble Earl!

FIRST CAPTAIN. The King—

SECOND CAPTAIN. The Empress greets—

GLOCESTER. What of the King?

FIRST CAPTAIN. He sole and lone maintains

A hopeless bustle mid our swarming arms,

And with a nimble savageness attacks, Escapes, makes fiercer onset, then anew Eludes death, giving death to most that dare Trespass within the circuit of his sword!

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He must by this have fallen. Baldwin is taken; And for the Duke of Bretagne, like a stag He flies, for the Welsh beagles to hunt down. God save the Empress!

GLOCESTER. Now our dreaded Queen:

What message from her Highness?

SECOND CAPTAIN. Royal Maud

From the throng'd towers of Lincoln hath look'd down, Like Pallas from the walls of Ilion,
And seen her enemies havock'd at her feet.
She greets most noble Glocester from her heart,
Intreating him, his captains, and brave knights,
To grace a banquet. The high city gates
Are envious which shall see your triumph pass;
The streets are full of music.

## Enter SECOND KNIGHT.

GLOCESTER. Whence come you?

SECOND KNIGHT. From Stephen, my good Prince,—
Stephen! Stephen!

GLOCESTER. Why do you make such echoing of his name?

SECOND KNIGHT. Because I think, my lord, he is no man,

But a fierce demon, 'nointed safe from wounds, And misbaptized with a Christian name.

GLOCESTER. A mighty soldier!—Does he still hold out?
SECOND KNIGHT. He shames our victory. His valour still

Keeps elbow-room amid our eager swords,
And holds our bladed falchions all aloof—
His gleaming battle-axe being slaughter-sick,
Smote on the morion of a Flemish knight,
Broke short in his hand; upon the which he flung
The heft away with such a vengeful force,
It paunch'd the Earl of Chester's horse, who then
Spleen-hearted came in full career at him.
GLOCESTER. Did no one take him at a vantage then?

GLOCESTER. Did no one take him at a vantage then?
SECOND KNIGHT. Three then with tiger leap upon him flew,
Whom, with his sword swift-drawn and nimbly held,

He stung away again, and stood to breathe, Smiling. Anon upon him rush'd once more A throng of foes, and in this renew'd strife, My sword met his and snapp'd off at the hilts.

GLOCESTER. Come, lead me to this Mars—and let us move In silence, not insulting his sad doom With clamorous trumpets. To the Empress bear My salutation as befits the time.

Exeunt GLOCESTER and Forces.

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# Scene III. The Field of Battle. Enter Stephen unarmed.

STEPHEN. Another sword! And what if I could seize One from Bellona's gleaming armoury, Or choose the fairest of her sheaved spears! Where are my enemies? Here, close at hand, Here come the testy brood. O for a sword! I'm faint—a biting sword! A noble sword! A hedge-stake—or a ponderous stone to hurl With brawny vengeance, like the labourer Cain. Come on! Farewell my kingdom, and all hail Thou superb, plumb'd, and helmeted renown, All hail—I would not truck this brilliant day To rule in Pylos with a Nestor's beard—Come on!

# Enter DE KAIMS and Knights, &c.

DE KAIMS. Is't madness, or a hunger after death, That makes thee thus unarm'd throw taunts at us? Yield, Stephen, or my sword's point dip in The gloomy current of a traitor's heart. STEPHEN. Do it, De Kaims, I will not budge an inch. DE KAIMS. Yes, of thy madness thou shalt take the meed. STEPHEN. Darest thou? How dare, against a man disarm'd? DE KAIMS. STEPHEN. What weapons has the lion but himself? Come not near me, De Kaims, for by the price Of all the glory I have won this day, Being a king, I will not yield alive To any but the second man of the realm, Robert of Glocester. DE KAIMS. Thou shalt vail to me. STEPHEN. Shall I, when I have sworn against it, sir?

Thou think'st it brave to take a breathing king, That, on a court-day bow'd to haughty Maud The awed presence-chamber may be bold

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To whisper, there's the man who took alive Stephen—me—prisoner. Certes, De Kaims, The ambition is a noble one.

DE KAIMS. 'Tis true, And, Stephen, I must compass it.

STEPHEN. No. no.

Do not tempt me to throttle you on the gorge, Or with my gauntlet crush your hollow breast, Just when your knighthood is grown ripe and full For lordship.

A SOLDIER. Is an honest yeoman's spear
Of no use at a need? Take that.
STEPHEN. Ah, dastard!
DE KAIMS. What, you are vulnerable! my prisoner!
STEPHEN. No, not yet. I disclaim it, and demand
Death as a sovereign right unto a king
Who 'sdains to yield to any but his peer,

If not in title, yet in noble deeds, The Earl of Glocester. Stab to the hilts, De Kaims, For I will never by mean hands be led From this so famous field. Do ye hear! Be quick!

Trumpets. Enter the Earl of CHESTER and Knights.

Scene IV. A Presence Chamber. Queen MAUD in a Chair of State, the Earls of Glocester and Chester, Lords, Attendants.

MAUD. Glocester, no more: I will behold that Boulogne: Set him before me. Not for the poor sake Of regal pomp and a vain-glorious hour, As thou with wary speech, yet near enough, Hast hinted.

GLOCESTER. Faithful counsel have I given; If wary, for your Highness' benefit.

MAUD. The Heavens forbid that I should not think so, For by thy valour have I won this realm, Which by thy wisdom I will ever keep. To sage advisers let me ever bend A meek attentive ear, so that they treat Of the wide kingdom's rule and government, Not trenching on our actions personal.

Advis'd, not school'd, I would be; and henceforth Spoken to in clear, plain, and open terms, Not side-ways sermon'd at. GLOCESTER. Then, in plain terms, Once more for the fallen king-Your pardon, Brother, MAUD. I would no more of that; for, as I said, 'Tis not for worldly pomp I wish to see The rebel, but as dooming judge to give 20 A sentence something worthy of his guilt. GLOCESTER. If 't must be so, I'll bring him to your presence. TExit GLOCESTER. MAUD. A meaner summoner might do as well— My Lord of Chester, is't true what I hear Of Stephen of Boulogne, our prisoner, That he, as a fit penance for his crimes. Eats wholesome, sweet, and palatable food Off Glocester's golden dishes—drinks pure wine, Lodges soft? CHESTER. More than that, my gracious Queen, Has anger'd me. The noble Earl, methinks, 30 Full soldier as he is, and without peer In counsel, dreams too much among his books. It may read well, but sure 'tis out of date To play the Alexander with Darius. MAUD. Truth! I think so. By Heavens it shall not last! CHESTER. It would amaze your Highness now to mark How Glocester overstrains his courtesy To that crime-loving rebel, that Boulogne— MAUD. That ingrate! CHESTER. For whose vast ingratitude To our late sovereign lord, your noble sire, 40 The generous Earl condoles in his mishaps. And with a sort of lackeying friendliness, Talks off the mighty from his brow. Woos him to hold a duet in a smile. Or, if it please him, play an hour at chess— MAUD. A perjured slave! CHESTER. And for his perjury. Glocester has fit rewards—nay, I believe,

He sets his bustling household's wits at work

For flatteries to ease this Stephen's hours, And make a heaven of his purgatory; Adorning bondage with the pleasant gloss Of feasts and music, and all idle shows Of indoor pageantry; while syren whispers, Predestin'd for his ear, 'scape as half-check'd From lips the courtliest and the rubiest Of all the realm, admiring of his deeds.

MAUD. A frost upon his summer! CHESTER.

HESTER. A queen's nod Can make his June December. Here he comes.

# THE CAP AND BELLS; OR. THE JEALOUSIES.

A FAËRY TALE. UNFINISHED

I

In midmost Ind, beside Hydaspes cool,
There stood, or hover'd, tremulous in the air,
A faery city, 'neath the potent rule
Of Emperor Elfinan; fam'd ev'rywhere
For love of mortal women, maidens fair,
Whose lips were solid, whose soft hands were made
Of a fit mould and beauty, ripe and rare,
To pamper his slight wooing, warm yet staid:
He lov'd girls smooth as shades, but hated a mere shade.

. .

This was a crime forbidden by the law;
And all the priesthood of his city wept,
For ruin and dismay they well foresaw,
If impious prince no bound or limit kept,
And faery Zendervester overstept;
They wept, he sin'd, and still he would sin on,
They dreamt of sin, and he sin'd while they slept;
In vain the pulpit thunder'd at the throne,
Caricature was vain, and vain the tart lampoon.

111

Which seeing, his high court of parliament Laid a remonstrance at his Highness' feet, Praying his royal senses to content Themselves with what in faery land was sweet, Befitting best that shade with shade should meet: Whereat, to calm their fears, he promis'd soon From mortal tempters all to make retreat,—Aye, even on the first of the new moon, An immaterial wife to espouse as heaven's boon.

#### IV

Meantime he sent a fluttering embassy
To Pigmio, of Imaus sovereign,
To half beg, and half demand, respectfully,
The hand of his fair daughter Bellanaine;
An audience had, and speeching done, they gain
Their point, and bring the weeping bride away;
Whom, with but one attendant, safely lain
Upon their wings, they bore in bright array,
While little harps were touch'd by many a lyric fay.

V

As in old pictures tender cherubim A child's soul thro' the sapphir'd canvas bear, So, thro' a real heaven, on they swim With the sweet princess on her plumag'd lair, Speed giving to the winds her lustrous hair; And so she journey'd, sleeping or awake, Save when, for healthful exercise and air, She chose to promener à l'aile, or take A pigeon's somerset, for sport or change's sake.

VΙ

'Dear Princess, do not whisper me so loud,'
Quoth Corallina, nurse and confidant,
'Do not you see there, lurking in a cloud,
Close at your back, that sly old Crafticant?
He hears a whisper plainer than a rant:
Dry up your tears, and do not look so blue;
He's Elfinan's great state-spy militant,
His running, lying, flying foot-man too,—
Dear mistress, let him have no handle against you!

VII

'Show him a mouse's tail, and he will guess, With metaphysic swiftness, at the mouse; Show him a garden, and with speed no less, He'll surmise sagely of a dwelling house, And plot, in the same minute, how to chouse

The owner out of it; show him a'— 'Peace! Peace! nor contrive thy mistress' ire to rouse!' Return'd the Princess, 'my tongue shall not cease Till from this hated match I get a free release.

'Ah, beauteous mortal!' 'Hush!' quoth Coralline, 'Really you must not talk of him, indeed.' 'You hush!' replied the mistress, with a shine Of anger in her eyes, enough to breed In stouter hearts than nurse's fear and dread: 'Twas not the glance itself made Nursey flinch, But of its threat she took the utmost heed: Not liking in her heart an hour-long pinch, Or a sharp needle run into her back an inch.

#### ΙX

So she was silenc'd, and fair Bellanaine, Writhing her little body with ennui, Continued to lament and to complain, That Fate, cross-purposing, should let her be Ravish'd away far from her dear countree: That all her feelings should be set at naught, In trumping up this match so hastily, With lowland blood; and lowland blood she thought Poison, as every staunch true-born Imaian ought.

Sorely she griev'd, and wetted three or four White Provence rose-leaves with her faery tears, But not for this cause:—alas! she had more Bad reasons for her sorrow, as appears In the fam'd memoirs of a thousand years, Written by Crafticant, and published By Parpaglion and Co., (those sly compeers Who rak'd up ev'ry fact against the dead,) In Scarab Street, Panthea, at the Jubal's Head.

Where, after a long hypercritic howl Against the vicious manners of the age He goes on to expose, with heart and soul, What vice in this or that year was the rage. Backbiting all the world in every page;

With special strictures on the horrid crime, (Section'd and subsection'd with learning sage,) Of faeries stooping on their wings sublime To kiss a mortal's lips, when such were in their prime.

#### XII

Turn to the copious index, you will find Somewhere in the column, headed letter B, The name of Bellanaine, if you're not blind; Then pray refer to the text, and you will see An article made up of calumny Against this highland princess, rating her For giving way, so over fashionably, To this new-fangled vice, which seems a burr Stuck in his moral throat, no coughing e'er could stir.

#### XIII

There he says plainly that she lov'd a man!
That she around him flutter'd, flirted, toy'd,
Before her marriage with great Elfinan;
That after marriage too, she never joy'd
In husband's company, but still employ'd
Her wits to 'scape away to Angle-land;
Where liv'd the youth, who worried and annoy'd
Her tender heart, and its warm ardours fann'd
To such a dreadful blaze, her side would scorch her hand.

#### XIV

But let us leave this idle tittle-tattle
To waiting-maids, and bed-room coteries,
Nor till fit time against her fame wage battle.
Poor Elfinan is very ill at ease,
Let us resume his subject if you please:
For it may comfort and console him much
To rhyme and syllable his miseries;
Poor Elfinan! whose cruel fate was such,
He sat and curs'd a bride he knew he could not touch.

#### vν

Soon as (according to his promises)
The bridal embassy had taken wing,
And vanish'd, bird-like, o'er the suburb trees,
The Emperor, empierc'd with the sharp sting
Of love, retired, vex'd and murmuring

Like any drone shut from the fair bee-queen,
Into his cabinet, and there did fling
His limbs upon a sofa, full of spleen,
And damn'd his House of Commons, in complete chagrin.

#### XVI

'I'll trounce some of the members,' cried the Prince,
'I'll put a mark against some rebel names,
I'll make the Opposition-benches wince,
I'll show them very soon, to all their shames,
What 'tis to smother up a Prince's flames;
That ministers should join in it, I own,
Surprises me!—they too at these high games!
Am I an Emperor? Do I wear a crown?
Imperial Elfinan, go hang thyself or drown!

#### X V I I

'I'll trounce 'em!—there's the square-cut chancellor, His son shall never touch that bishopric; And for the nephew of old Palfior, I'll show him that his speech has made me sick, And give the colonelcy to Phalaric; The tiptoe marquis, moral and gallant, Shall lodge in shabby taverns upon tick; And for the Speaker's second cousin's aunt, She sha'n't be maid of honour,—by heaven that she sha'n't!

#### XVIII

'I'll shirk the Duke of A.; I'll cut his brother;
I'll give no garter to his eldest son;
I won't speak to his sister or his mother!
The Viscount B. shall live at cut-and-run;
But how in the world can I contrive to stun
That fellow's voice, which plagues me worse than any,
That stubborn fool, that impudent state-dun,
Who sets down ev'ry sovereign as a zany,—
That vulgar commoner, Esquire Biancopany?

#### XIX

'Monstrous affair! Pshaw! pah! what ugly minx Will they fetch from Imaus for my bride? Alas! my wearied heart within me sinks, To think that I must be so near allied To a cold dullard fay,—ah, woe betide!

Ah, fairest of all human loveliness! Sweet Bertha! what crime can it be to glide About the fragrant pleatings of thy dress, Or kiss thine eyes, or count thy locks, tress after tress?'

#### хх

So said, one minute's while his eyes remain'd Half lidded, piteous, languid, innocent; But, in a wink, their splendour they regain'd, Sparkling revenge with amorous fury blent. Love thwarted in bad temper oft has vent: He rose, he stampt his foot, he rang the bell, And order'd some death-warrants to be sent For signature:—somewhere the tempest fell, As many a poor felon does not live to tell.

#### XXI

'At the same time Eban,'—(this was his page, A fay of colour, slave from top to toe, Sent as a present, while yet under age, From the Viceroy of Zanguebar,—wise, slow, His speech, his only words were 'yes' and 'no,' But swift of look, and foot, and wing was he,—) 'At the same time, Eban, this instant go To Hum the soothsayer, whose name I see Among the fresh arrivals in our empery.

#### XXII

'Bring Hum to me! But stay—here, take my ring, The pledge of favour, that he not suspect Any foul play, or awkward murdering, Tho' I have bowstrung many of his sect; Throw in a hint, that if he should neglect One hour, the next shall see him in my grasp, And the next after that shall see him neck'd, Or swallow'd by my hunger-starved asp,—And mention ('tis as well) the torture of the wasp.'

### XXIII

These orders given, the Prince, in half a pet, Let o'er the silk his propping elbow slide, Caught up his little legs, and, in a fret, Fell on the sofa on his royal side. The slave retreated backwards, humble-eyed,

And with a slave-like silence clos'd the door, And to old Hum thro' street and alley hied; He 'knew the city,' as we say, of yore, And for short cuts and turns, was nobody knew more.

#### XXIV

It was the time when wholesale houses close Their shutters with a moody sense of wealth, But retail dealers, diligent, let loose The gas (objected to on score of health), Convey'd in little solder'd pipes by stealth, And make it flare in many a brilliant form, That all the powers of darkness it repell'th. Which to the oil-trade doth great scaith and harm,

And supersedeth quite the use of the glow-worm.

#### xxv

Eban, untempted by the pastry-cooks, (Of pastry he got store within the palace,) With hasty steps, wrapp'd cloak, and solemn looks, Incognito upon his errand sallies. His smelling-bottle ready for the allies; He pass'd the Hurdy-gurdies with disdain, Vowing he'd have them sent aboard the gallies: Just as he made his vow, it 'gan to rain, Therefore he call'd a coach, and bade it drive amain.

#### XXVI

'I'll pull the string,' said he, and further said, 'Polluted Jarvey! Ah, thou filthy hack! Whose springs of life are all dried up and dead, Whose linsey-woolsey lining hangs all slack, Whose rug is straw, whose wholeness is a crack; And evermore thy steps go clatter-clitter: Whose glass once up can never be got back, Who prov'st, with jolting arguments and bitter, That 'tis of modern use to travel in a litter.

'Thou inconvenience! thou hungry crop For all corn! thou snail-creeper to and fro, Who while thou goest ever seem'st to stop. And fiddle-faddle standest while you go; I' the morning, freighted with a weight of woe, Unto some lazar-house thou journeyest, And in the evening tak'st a double row Of dowdies, for some dance or party drest, Besides the goods meanwhile thou movest east and west.

#### XXVIII

'By thy ungallant bearing and sad mien,
An inch appears the utmost thou couldst budge;
Yet at the slightest nod, or hint, or sign,
Round to the curb-stone patient dost thou trudge,
School'd in a beckon, learned in a nudge,
A dull-eyed Argus watching for a fare;
Quiet and plodding, thou dost bear no grudge
To whisking Tilburies, or Phaetons rare,
Curricles, or Mail-coaches, swift beyond compare.'

#### XXIX

Philosophizing thus, he pull'd the check,
And bade the Coachman wheel to such a street,
Who, turning much his body, more his neck,
Louted full low, and hoarsely did him greet:
'Certes, Monsieur were best take to his feet,
Seeing his servant can no further drive
For press of coaches, that to-night here meet
Many as bees about a straw-capp'd hive,
When first for April honey into faint flowers they dive.'

#### XXX

Eban then paid his fare, and tiptoe went
To Hum's hotel; and, as he on did pass
With head inclin'd, each dusky lineament
Show'd in the pearl-pav'd street, as in a glass;
His purple vest, that ever peeping was
Rich from the fluttering crimson of his cloak,
His silvery trowsers, and his silken sash
Tied in a burnish'd knot, their semblance took
Upon the mirror'd walls, wherever he might look.

#### XXXI

He smil'd at self, and, smiling, show'd his teeth, And seeing his white teeth, he smil'd the more; Lifted his eye-brows, spurn'd the path beneath, Show'd teeth again, and smil'd as heretofore, Until he knock'd at the magician's door;

Where, till the porter answer'd, might be seen, In the clear panel more he could adore.— His turban wreath'd of gold, and white, and green, Mustachios, ear-ring, nose-ring, and his sabre keen.

'Does not your master give a rout to-night?' Ouoth the dark page. 'Oh, no!' return'd the Swiss, 'Next door but one to us, upon the right, The Magazin des Modes now open is Against the Emperor's wedding;—and, sir, this My master finds a monstrous horrid bore; As he retir'd, an hour ago I wis. With his best beard and brimstone, to explore And cast a quiet figure in his second floor.

#### XXXIII

'Gad! he's oblig'd to stick to business! For chalk, I hear, stands at a pretty price; And as for aqua vitæ—there's a mess! The dentes sapientiæ of mice, Our barber tells me too, are on the rise,— Tinder's a lighter article,—nitre pure Goes off like lightning,—grains of Paradise At an enormous figure!—stars not sure!— Zodiac will not move without a sly douceur!

#### XXXIV

'Venus won't stir a peg without a fee, And master is too partial, entre nous, To'- 'Hush-hush!' cried Eban, 'sure that is he Coming down stairs,-by St. Bartholomew! As backwards as he can,—is't something new? Or is't his custom, in the name of fun?' 'He always comes down backward, with one shoe'-Return'd the porter—'off, and one shoe on, Like, saving shoe for sock or stocking, my man John!'

It was indeed the great Magician. Feeling, with careful toe, for every stair, And retrograding careful as he can. Backwards and downwards from his own two pair: 'Salpietro!' exclaim'd Hum, 'is the dog there?

He's always in my way upon the mat!'
'He's in the kitchen, or the Lord knows where,'—
Replied the Swiss,—'the nasty, yelping brat!'
'Don't beat him!' return'd Hum, and on the floor came pat.

#### XXXVI

Then facing right about, he saw the Page,
And said: 'Don't tell me what you want, Eban;
The Emperor is now in a huge rage,—
'Tis nine to one he'll give you the rattan!
Let us away!' Away together ran
The plain-dress'd sage and spangled blackamoor,
Nor rested till they stood to cool, and fan,
And breathe themselves at the Emperor's chamber door,
When Eban thought he heard a soft imperial snore.

#### XXXVII

'I thought you guess'd, foretold, or prophesied, That's Majesty was in a raving fit?'
'He dreams,' said Hum, 'or I have ever lied, That he is tearing you, sir, bit by bit.'
'He's not asleep, and you have little wit,' Replied the page: 'that little buzzing noise, Whate'er your palmistry may make of it, Comes from a play-thing of the Emperor's choice, From a Man-Tiger-Organ, prettiest of his toys.'

### XXXVIII

Eban then usher'd in the learned Seer:
Elfinan's back was turn'd, but, ne'ertheless,
Both, prostrate on the carpet, ear by ear,
Crept silently, and waited in distress,
Knowing the Emperor's moody bitterness;
Eban especially, who on the floor 'gan
Tremble and quake to death,—he feared less
A dose of senna-tea or nightmare Gorgon
Than the Emperor when he play'd on his Man-Tiger-Organ.

## XXXXIX

They kiss'd nine times the carpet's velvet face Of glossy silk, soft, smooth, and meadow-green, Where the close eye in deep rich fur might trace A silver tissue, scantly to be seen, As daisies lurk'd in June-grass, buds in treen; Sudden the music ceased, sudden the hand Of majesty, by dint of passion keen, Doubled into a common fist, went grand, And knock'd down three cut glasses, and his best inkstand.

хī.

Then turning round, he saw those trembling two: 'Eban,' said he, 'as slaves should taste the fruits Of diligence, I shall remember you To-morrow, or the next day, as time suits, In a finger conversation with my mutes,—Begone!—for you, Chaldean! here remain! Fear not, quake not, and as good wine recruits A conjurer's spirits, what cup will you drain? Sherry in silver, hock in gold, or glass'd champagne?'

XLI

'Commander of the Faithful!' answer'd Hum,
'In preference to these, I'll merely taste
A thimble-full of old Jamaica rum.'
'A simple boon!' said Elfinan; 'thou may'st
Have Nantz, with which my morning-coffee's lac'd.'
'I'll have a glass of Nantz, then,'—said the Seer,—
'Made racy—(sure my boldness is misplac'd!)—
With the third part—(yet that is drinking dear!)—
Of the least drop of crème de citron, crystal clear.'

#### XLII

'I pledge you, Hum! and pledge my dearest love, My Bertha!' 'Bertha! Bertha!' cried the sage, 'I know a many Berthas!' 'Mine's above All Berthas!' sighed the Emperor. 'I engage,' Said Hum, 'in duty, and in vassalage, To mention all the Berthas in the Earth;— There's Bertha Watson,—and Miss Bertha Page,— This fam'd for languid eyes, and that for mirth,— There's Bertha Blount of York,—and Bertha Knox of Perth.'

#### LIII

'You seem to know'—'I do know,' answer'd Hum, 'Your Majesty's in love with some fine girl Named Bertha; but her surname will not come, Without a little conjuring.' "Tis Pearl, 'Tis Bertha Pearl that makes my brains so whirl;

And she is softer, fairer than her name!'
'Where does she live?' ask'd Hum. 'Her fair locks curl
So brightly, they put all our fays to shame!—
Live?—O! at Canterbury, with her old grand-dame.'

#### XLIV

'Good! good!' cried Hum, 'I've known her from a child! She is a changeling of my management; She was born at midnight in an Indian wild; Her mother's screams with the striped tiger's blent, While the torch-bearing slaves a halloo sent Into the jungles; and her palanquin, Rested amid the desert's dreariment, Shook with her agony, till fair were seen The little Bertha's eyes oped on the stars serene.'

#### XLV

'I can't say,' said the monarch; 'that may be Just as it happen'd, true or else a bam! Drink up your brandy, and sit down by me, Feel, feel my pulse, how much in love I am; And if your science is not all a sham, Tell me some means to get the lady here.' 'Upon my honour!' said the son of Cham, 'She is my dainty changeling, near and dear, Although her story sounds at first a little queer.'

#### X I. V I

'Convey her to me, Hum, or by my crown, My sceptre, and my cross-surmounted globe, I'll knock you'—'Does your majesty mean—down? No, no, you never could my feelings probe To such a depth!' The Emperor took his robe, And wept upon its purple palatine, While Hum continued, shamming half a sob,—'In Canterbury doth your lady shine? But let me cool your brandy with a little wine.'

#### XLVI

Whereat a narrow Flemish glass he took, That once belong'd to Admiral de Witt, Admir'd it with a connoisseuring look, And with the ripest claret crowned it, And, ere one lively bead could burst and flit,

He turn'd it quickly, nimbly upside down, His mouth being held conveniently fit To catch the treasure: 'Best in all the town!' He said, smack'd his moist lips, and gave a pleasant frown.

'Ah! good my Prince, weep not!' And then again He fill'd a bumper, 'Great Sire, do not weep! Your pulse is shocking, but I'll ease your pain.' 'Fetch me that Ottoman, and prithee keep Your voice low,' said the Emperor; 'and steep Some lady's-fingers nice in Candy wine; And prithee, Hum, behind the screen do peep For the rose-water vase, magician mine! And sponge my forehead,—so my love doth make me pine.

#### XLIX

'Ah, cursed Bellanaine!' 'Don't think of her,' Rejoin'd the Mago, 'but on Bertha muse; For, by my choicest best barometer. You shall not throttled be in marriage noose; I've said it, Sire; you only have to choose Bertha or Bellanaine.' So saying, he drew From the left pocket of his threadbare hose. A sampler hoarded slyly, good as new, Holding it by his thumb and finger full in view.

'Sire, this is Bertha Pearl's neat handy-work, Her name, see here, Midsummer, ninety-one.' Elfinan snatch'd it with a sudden jerk. And wept as if he never would have done, Honouring with royal tears the poor homespun; Whereon were broider'd tigers with black eyes, And long-tail'd pheasants, and a rising sun, Plenty of posies, great stags, butterflies Bigger than stags,—a moon,—with other mysteries.

The monarch handled o'er and o'er again These day-school hieroglyphics with a sigh; Somewhat in sadness, but pleas'd in the main, Till this oracular couplet met his eve Astounded—Cupid I, do thee defy!

It was too much. He shrunk back in his chair, Grew pale as death, and fainted—very nigh! 'Pho! nonsense!' exclaim'd Hum, 'now don't despair; She does not mean it really. Cheer up hearty there!

LII

'And listen to my words. You say you won't,
On any terms, marry Miss Bellanaine;
It goes against your conscience—good! Well, don't.
You say you love a mortal. I would fain
Persuade your honour's highness to refrain
From peccadilloes. But, Sire, as I say,
What good would that do? And, to be more plain,
You would do me a mischief some odd day,
Cut off my ears and hands, or head too, by my fay!

1.111

'Besides, manners forbid that I should pass any Vile strictures on the conduct of a prince Who should indulge his genius, if he has any, Not, like a subject, foolish matters mince. Now I think on't, perhaps I could convince Your Majesty there is no crime at all In loving pretty little Bertha, since She's very delicate,—not over tall,—A fairy's hand, and in the waist, why—very small.'

IJΨ

'Ring the repeater, gentle Hum!' "Tis five,'
Said gentle Hum; 'the nights draw in apace;
The little birds I hear are all alive;
I see the dawning touch'd upon your face;
Shall I put out the candles, please your Grace?'
'Do put them out, and, without more ado,
Tell me how I may that sweet girl embrace,—
How you can bring her to me.' 'That's for you,
Great Emperor! to adventure, like a lover true.'

L

'I fetch her!'—'Yes, an't like your Majesty; And as she would be frighten'd wide awake To travel such a distance through the sky, Use of some soft manœuvre you must make, For your convenience, and her dear nerves' sake; Nice way would be to bring her in a swoon, Anon, I'll tell what course were best to take; You must away this morning.' 'Hum! so soon?'
'Sire, you must be in Kent by twelve o'clock at noon.'

#### ı.vı

At this great Cæsar started on his feet,
Lifted his wings, and stood attentive-wise.
'Those wings to Canterbury you must beat,
If you hold Bertha as a worthy prize.
Look in the Almanack—Moore never lies—
April the twenty-fourth,—this coming day,
Now breathing its new bloom upon the skies,
Will end in St. Mark's Eve;—you must away,
For on that eve alone can you the maid convey.'

# LVII

Then the magician solemnly 'gan frown,
So that his frost-white eyebrows, beetling low,
Shaded his deep-green eyes, and wrinkles brown
Plaited upon his furnace-scorched brow:
Forth from the hood that hung his neck below,
He lifted a bright casket of pure gold,
Touch'd a spring-lock, and there in wool, or snow
Charm'd into ever-freezing, lay an old
And legend-leaved book, mysterious to behold.

# LVIII

'Take this same book,—it will not bite you, Sire; There, put it underneath your royal arm; Though it's a pretty weight it will not tire, But rather on your journey keep you warm: This is the magic, this the potent charm, That shall drive Bertha to a fainting fit! When the time comes, don't feel the least alarm, Uplift her from the ground, and swiftly flit Back to your palace, where I wait for guerdon fit.'

#### LIX

'What shall I do with this same book?' 'Why merely Lay it on Bertha's table, close beside Her work-box, and 'twill help your purpose dearly; I say no more.' 'Or good or ill betide, Through the wide air to Kent this morn I glide!'

Exclaim'd the Emperor. 'When I return,
Ask what you will,—I'll give you my new bride!
And take some more wine, Hum;—O Heavens! I burn
To be upon the wing! Now, now, that minx I spurn!'

I. X

'Leave her to me,' rejoin'd the magian:
'But how shall I account, illustrious fay!
For thine imperial absence? Pho! I can
Say you are very sick, and bar the way
To your so loving courtiers for one day;
If either of their two archbishops' graces
Should talk of extreme unction, I shall say
You do not like cold pig with Latin phrases,
Which never should be used but in alarming cases.'

LXI

'Open the window, Hum; I'm ready now!'
'Zooks!' exclaim'd Hum, as up the sash he drew,
'Behold, your Majesty, upon the brow
Of yonder hill, what crowds of people!' 'Whew!
The monster's always after something new,'
Return'd his Highness, 'they are piping hot
To see my pigsny Bellanaine. Hum! do
Tighten my belt a little,—so, so,—not
Too tight,—the book!—my wand!—so, nothing is forgot.'

LXII

'Wounds! how they shout!' said Hum, 'and there,—see, see! The Ambassadors return'd from Pigmio!
The morning's very fine,—uncommonly!
Sec, past the skirts of yon white cloud they go,
Tinging it with soft crimsons! Now below
The sable-pointed heads of firs and pines
They dip, move on, and with them moves a glow
Along the forest side! Now amber lines
Reach the hill top, and now throughout the valley shines.'

LXIII

'Why, Hum, you're getting quite poetical! Those *nows* you managed in a special style.' 'If ever you have leisure, Sire, you shall See scraps of mine will make it worth your while, Tit-bits for Phœbus!—yes, you well may smile.

Hark! Hah! the bells!' 'A little further yet, Good Hum, and let me view this mighty coil.' Then the great Emperor full graceful set His elbow for a prop, and snuff'd his mignonnette.

#### LXIV

The morn is full of holiday; loud bells
With rival clamours ring from every spire;
Cunningly-station'd music dies and swells
In echoing places; when the winds respire,
Light flags stream out like gauzy tongues of fire;
A metropolitan murmur, lifeful, warm,
Comes from the northern suburbs; rich attire
Freckles with red and gold the moving swarm;
While here and there clear trumpets blow a keen alarm.

# LXV

And now the fairy escort was seen clear,
Like the old pageant of Aurora's train,
Above a pearl-built minster, hovering near;
First wily Crafticant, the chamberlain,
Balanc'd upon his grey-grown pinions twain,
His slender wand officially reveal'd;
Then black gnomes scattering sixpences like rain;
Then pages three and three; and next, slave-held,
The Imaian 'scutcheon bright,—one mouse in argent field.

# LXVI

Gentlemen pensioners next; and after them,
A troop of winged Janizaries flew;
Then Slaves, as presents bearing many a gem;
Then twelve physicians fluttering two and two;
And next a chaplain in a cassock new;
Then Lords in waiting; then (what head not reels
For pleasure?)—the fair Princess in full view,
Borne upon wings,—and very pleas'd she feels
To have such splendour dance attendance at her heels.

#### LXVII

For there was more magnificence behind: She wav'd her handkerchief. 'Ah, very grand!' Cried Elfinan, and clos'd the window-blind; 'And, Hum, we must not shilly-shally stand,— Adieu! adieu! I'm off for Angle-land! I say, old Hocus, have you such a thing About you,—feel your pockets, I command,—I want, this instant, an invisible ring,—Thank you, old mummy!—now securely I take wing.

#### LXVIII

Then Elfinan swift vaulted from the floor,
And lighted graceful on the window-sill;
Under one arm the magic book he bore,
The other he could wave about at will;
Pale was his face, he still look'd very ill:
He bow'd at Bellanaine, and said—'Poor Bell!
Farewell! farewell! and if for ever! still
For ever fare thee well!'—and then he fell
A laughing!—snapp'd his fingers!—shame it is to tell!

#### LXIX

'By'r Lady! he is gone!' cries Hum, 'and I—
(I own it)—have made too free with his wine;
Old Crafticant will smoke me. By the bye—
This room is full of jewels as a mine,—
Dear valuable creatures, how ye shine!
Sometime to-day I must contrive a minute,
If Mercury propitiously incline,
To examine his scrutoire, and see what's in it,
For of superfluous diamonds I as well may thin it.

# LXX

'The Emperor's horrid bad; yes, that's my cue!'
Some histories say that this was Hum's last speech;
That, being fuddled, he went reeling through
The corridor, and scarce upright could reach
The stair-head; that being glutted as a leech,
And us'd, as we ourselves have just now said,
To manage stairs reversely, like a peach
Too ripe, he fell, being puzzled in his head
With liquor and the staircase: verdict—found stone dead.

#### LXXI

This as a falsehood Crafticanto treats; And as his style is of strange elegance, Gentle and tender, full of soft conceits, (Much like our Boswell's,) we will take a glance At his sweet prose, and, if we can, make dance His woven periods into careless rhyme;
O, little faery Pegasus! rear—prance—
Trot round the quarto—ordinary time!
March, little Pegasus, with pawing hoof sublime!

# LXXII

Well, let us see,—tenth book and chapter nine,—
Thus Crafticant pursues his diary:—
"Twas twelve o'clock at night, the weather fine,
Latitude thirty-six; our scouts descry
A flight of starlings making rapidly
Towards Thibet. Mem.:—birds fly in the night;
From twelve to half-past—wings not fit to fly
For a thick fog—the Princess sulky quite
Call'd for an extra shawl, and gave her nurse a bite.

# LXXIII

'Five minutes before one—brought down a moth With my new double-barrel—stew'd the thighs And made a very tolerable broth—Princess turn'd dainty;—to our great surprise, Alter'd her mind, and thought it very nice: Seeing her pleasant, tried her with a pun, She frown'd; a monstrous owl across us flies About this time,—a sad old figure of fun; Bad omen—this new match can't be a happy one.

#### LXXIV

'From two till half-past, dusky way we made, Above the plains of Gobi,—desert, bleak; Beheld afar off, in the hooded shade Of darkness, a great mountain (strange to speak), Spitting, from forth its sulphur-baken peak, A fan-shap'd burst of blood-red, arrowy fire, Turban'd with smoke, which still away did reek, Solid and black from that eternal pyre, Upon the laden wind that scantly could respire.

# LXXV

'Just upon three o'clock a falling star Created an alarm among our troop, Kill'd a man-cook, a page, and broke a jar, A tureen, and three dishes, at one swoop, Then passing by the Princess, singed her hoop: Could not conceive what Coralline was at, She clapp'd her hands three times and cried out "Whoop!" Some strange Imaian custom. A large bat Came sudden 'fore my face, and brush'd against my hat.

#### LXXVI

'Five minutes thirteen seconds after three,
Far in the west a mighty fire broke out,
Conjectur'd, on the instant, it might be
The city of Balk—'twas Balk beyond all doubt:
A Griffin, wheeling here and there about,
Kept reconnoitring us—doubled our guard—
Lighted our torches, and kept up a shout,
Till he sheer'd off—the Princess very scar'd—
And many on their marrow-bones for death prepar'd.

# LXXVII

'At half-past three arose the cheerful moon—Bivouack'd for four minutes on a cloud—Where from the earth we heard a lively tune Of tambourines and pipes, serene and loud, While on a flowery lawn a brilliant crowd Cinque-parted danc'd, some half asleep reposed Beneath the green-fan'd cedars, some did shroud In silken tents, and 'mid light fragrance dozed, Or on the open turf their soothed eyelids closed.

#### LXXVIII

'Dropp'd my gold watch, and kill'd a kettledrum—
It went for apoplexy—foolish folks!—
Left it to pay the piper—a good sum—
(I've got a conscience, maugre people's jokes;)
To scrape a little favour 'gan to coax
Her Highness' pug-dog—got a sharp rebuff—
She wish'd a game at whist—made three revokes—
Turn'd from myself, her partner, in a huff;
His majesty will know her temper time enough.

# LXXIX

'She cried for chess—I play'd a game with her—Castled her king with such a vixen look, It bodes ill to his Majesty—(refer To the second chapter of my fortieth book, And see what hoity-toity airs she took).

At half-past four the morn essay'd to beam—Saluted, as we pass'd, an early rook—The Princess fell asleep, and, in her dream, Talk'd of one Master Hubert, deep in her esteem.

#### LXXX

'About this time,—making delightful way,—
Shed a quill-feather from my larboard wing—
Wish'd, trusted, hop'd 'twas no sign of decay—
Thank heaven, I'm hearty yet!—'twas no such thing:—
At five the golden light began to spring,
With fiery shudder through the bloomed east;
At six we heard Panthea's churches ring—
The city all her unhiv'd swarms had cast,
To watch our grand approach, and hail us as we pass'd.

#### LXXXI

'As flowers turn their faces to the sun,
So on our flight with hungry eyes they gaze,
And, as we shap'd our course, this, that way run,
With mad-cap pleasure, or hand-clasp'd amaze;
Sweet in the air a mild-ton'd music plays,
And progresses through its own labyrinth;
Buds gather'd from the green spring's middle-days,
They scatter'd,—daisy, primrose, hyacinth,—
Or round white columns wreath'd from capital to plinth.

# LXXXII

'Onward we floated o'er the panting streets,
That seem'd throughout with upheld faces paved;
Look where we will, our bird's-eye vision meets
Legions of holiday; bright standards waved,
And fluttering ensigns emulously craved
Our minute's glance; a busy thunderous roar,
From square to square, among the buildings raved,
As when the sea, at flow, gluts up once more
The craggy hollowness of a wild reefed shore.

# LXXXIII

'And "Bellanaine for ever!" shouted they, While that fair Princess, from her winged chair, Bow'd low with high demeanour, and, to pay Their new-blown loyalty with guerdon fair, Still emptied, at meet distance, here and there, A plenty horn of jewels. And here I
(Who wish to give the devil her due) declare
Against that ugly piece of calumny,
Which calls them Highland pebble-stones not worth a fly.

# LXXXIV

'Still "Bellanaine!" they shouted, while we glide
"Slant to a light Ionic portico,
The city's delicacy, and the pride
Of our Imperial Basilic; a row
Of lords and ladies, on each hand, make show
Submissive of knee-bent obeisance,
All down the steps; and, as we enter'd, lo!
The strangest sight—the most unlook'd-for chance—
All things turn'd topsy-turvy in a devil's dance.

#### LXXXV

"Stead of his anxious Majesty and court
At the open doors, with wide saluting eyes,
Congées and scape-graces of every sort,
And all the smooth routine of gallantries,
Was seen, to our immoderate surprise,
A motley crowd thick gather'd in the hall,
Lords, scullions, deputy-scullions, with wild cries
Stunning the vestibule from wall to wall,
Where the Chief Justice on his knees and hands doth crawl

# LXXXVI

'Counts of the palace, and the state purveyor
Of moth's-down, to make soft the royal beds,
The Common Council and my fool Lord Mayor
Marching a-row, each other slipshod treads;
Powder'd bag-wigs and ruffy-tuffy heads
Of cinder wenches meet and soil each other;
Toe crush'd with heel ill-natur'd fighting breeds,
Frill-rumpling elbows brew up many a bother,
And fists in the short ribs keep up the yell and pother.

# LXXXVII

'A Poet, mounted on the Court-Clown's back, Rode to the Princess swift with spurring heels, And close into her face, with rhyming clack, Began a Prothalamion;—she reels, She falls, she faints! while laughter peals Over her woman's weakness. "Where!" cried I, "Where is his Majesty?" No person feels Inclin'd to answer; wherefore instantly I plung'd into the crowd to find him or to die.

# LXXXVIII

'Jostling my way I gain'd the stairs, and ran To the first landing, where, incredible! I met, far gone in liquor, that old man, That vile impostor Hum,——'

So far so well,—
For we have prov'd the Mago never fell
Down stairs on Crafticanto's evidence;
And therefore duly shall proceed to tell,
Plain in our own original mood and tense,
The sequel of this day, though labour 'tis immense!

# LXXXIX

Now Hum, new fledg'd with high Authority, Came forth to quell the Hubbub in the Hall.

\* \* \* \* \*

# SHORTER POEMS

FROM

LITERARY REMAINS

1848

# ODE TO APOLLO

In thy western halls of gold
When thou sittest in thy state,
Bards, that erst sublimely told
Heroic deeds, and sang of fate,
With fervour seize their adamantine lyres,
Whose chords are solid rays, and twinkle radiant fires.

10

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Here Homer with his nervous arms
Strikes the twanging harp of war,
And even the western splendour warms,
While the trumpets sound afar:
But, what creates the most intense surprise,
His soul looks out through renovated eyes.

Then, through thy Temple wide, melodious swells
The sweet majestic tone of Maro's lyre:
The soul delighted on each accent dwells,—
Enraptur'd dwells,—not daring to respire,
The while he tells of grief around a funeral pyre.

'Tis awful silence then again;
Expectant stand the spheres;
Breathless the laurell'd peers,
Nor move, till ends the lofty strain,
Nor move till Milton's tuneful thunders cease,
And leave once more the ravish'd heavens in peace.

Thou biddest Shakspeare wave his hand,
And quickly forward spring
The Passions—a terrific band—
And each vibrates the string
That with its tyrant temper best accords,
While from their Master's lips pour forth the inspiring words.

A silver trumpet Spenser blows,
And, as its martial notes to silence flee,
From a virgin chorus flows
A hymn in praise of spotless Chastity.
'Tis still! Wild warblings from the Æolian lyre
Enchantment softly breathe, and tremblingly expire.

Next thy Tasso's ardent numbers
Float along the pleased air,
Calling youth from idle slumbers,
Rousing them from Pleasure's lair:—
Then o'er the strings his fingers gently move,
And melt the soul to pity and to love.

But when *Thou* joinest with the Nine,
And all the powers of song combine,
We listen here on earth:
The dying tones that fill the air,
And charm the ear of evening fair,
From thee, great God of Bards, receive their heavenly birth.

# HYMN TO APOLLO

God of the golden bow,
And of the golden lyre,
And of the golden hair,
And of the golden fire,
Charioteer
Of the patient year,
Where—where slept thine ire,
When like a blank idiot I put on thy wreath,
Thy laurel, thy glory,
The light of thy story,
Or was I a worm—too low crawling, for death?
O Delphic Apollo!

The Thunderer grasp'd and grasp'd,
The Thunderer frown'd and frown'd;
The eagle's feathery mane
For wrath became stiffen'd—the sound
Of breeding thunder
Went drowsily under,
Muttering to be unbound.
O why didst thou pity, and for a worm
Why touch thy soft lute
Till the thunder was mute,

Why was not I crush'd—such a pitiful germ?

O Delphic Apollo!

20

The Pleiades were up,
Watching the silent air;
The seeds and roots in the Earth
Were swelling for summer fare;
The Ocean, its neighbour,
Was at its old labour,
When, who—who did dare
To tie, like a madman, thy plant round his brow,
And grin and look proudly,
And blaspheme so loudly,

# TO -

And live for that honour, to stoop to thee now?

O Delphic Apollo!

THINK not of it, sweet one, so;—Give it not a tear;
Sigh thou mayst, and bid it go
Any, any where.

Do not look so sad, sweet one,—Sad and fadingly;
Shed one drop, then it is gone,
Oh 'twas born to die.

Still so pale? then, dearest, weep; Weep, I'll count the tears, And each one shall be a bliss For thee in after years.

Brighter has it left thine eyes Than a sunny rill; And thy whispering melodies Are tenderer still.

Yet—as all things mourn awhile At fleeting blisses, E'en let us too! but be our dirge A dirge of kisses. 10

# LINES

T

UNFELT, unheard, unseen,
I've left my little queen,
Her languid arms in silver slumber lying:
Ah! through their nestling touch,
Who—who could tell how much
There is for madness—cruel, or complying?

11

Those faery lids how sleek!
Those lips how moist!—they speak,
In ripest quiet, shadows of sweet sounds:
Into my fancy's ear
Melting a burden dear,
How 'Love doth know no fullness nor no bounds.'

111

True!—tender monitors!
I bend unto your laws:
This sweetest day for dalliance was born!
So, without more ado,
I'll feel my heaven anew,
For all the blushing of the hasty morn.

# SONG

I

Hush, hush! tread softly! hush, hush my dear!
All the house is asleep, but we know very well
That the jealous, the jealous old bald-pate may hear,
Tho' you've padded his night-cap—O sweet Isabe!!
Tho' your feet are more light than a Fairy's feet,
Who dances on bubbles where brooklets meet,—
Hush, hush! soft tiptoe! hush, hush my dear!
For less than a nothing the jealous can hear.

H

No leaf doth tremble, no ripple is there
On the river,—all's still, and the night's sleepy eye
Closes up, and forgets all its Lethean care,
Charm'd to death by the drone of the humming Mayfly;

SONG 345

10

And the Moon, whether prudish or complaisant, Has fled to her bower, well knowing I want No light in the dusk, no torch in the gloom, But my Isabel's eyes, and her lips pulp'd with bloom.

111

Lift the latch! ah gently! ah tenderly—sweet!
We are dead if that latchet gives one little clink!
Well done—now those lips, and a flowery seat—
The old man may sleep, and the planets may wink;
The shut rose shall dream of our loves, and awake
Full blown, and such warmth for the morning's take,
The stock-dove shall hatch her soft brace and shall coo,
While I kiss to the melody, aching all through!

# SONG

I HAD a dove and the sweet dove died;
And I have thought it died of grieving:
O, what could it grieve for? Its feet were tied,
With a silken thread of my own hand's weaving;
Sweet little red feet! why should you die—
Why should you leave me, sweet dove! why?
You liv'd alone on the forest-tree,
Why, pretty thing! could you not live with me?
I kiss'd you oft and gave you white peas;
Why not live sweetly, as in the green trees?

# FAIRY'S SONG

Shed no tear—O shed no tear!
The flower will bloom another year.
Weep no more—O weep no more!
Young buds sleep in the root's white core.
Dry your eyes—O dry your eyes,
For I was taught in Paradise
To ease my breast of melodies—
Shed no tear.

10

Overhead—look overhead
'Mong the blossoms white and red—
Look up, look up—I flutter now
On this flush pomegranate bough—
See me—'tis this silvery bill
Ever cures the good man's ill—
Shed no tear—O shed no tear!
The flower will bloom another year.
Adieu—Adieu—I fly, adieu,
I vanish in the heaven's blue—
Adieu, Adieu!

# SONG

1

Spirit here that reignest!
Spirit here that painest!
Spirit here that burnest!
Spirit here that mournest!
Spirit, I bow
My forehead low,
Enshaded with thy pinions.
Spirit, I look
All passion-struck
Into thy pale dominions.

ΙI

Spirit here that laughest!
Spirit here that quaffest!
Spirit here that dancest!
Noble soul that prancest!
Spirit, with thee
I join in the glee
A-nudging the elbow of Momus.
Spirit, I flush
With a Bacchanal blush
Just fresh from the Banquet of Comus.

# FAERY SONG

AH! woe is me! poor silver-wing! That I must chant thy lady's dirge, And death to this fair haunt of spring. Of melody, and streams of flowery verge,— Poor silver-wing! ah! woe is me! That I must see These blossoms snow upon thy lady's pall! Go, pretty page! and in her ear Whisper that the hour is near! Softly tell her not to fear 10 Such calm favonian burial! Go, pretty page! and soothly tell,— The blossoms hang by a melting spell, And fall they must, ere a star wink thrice Upon her closed eyes, That now in vain are weeping their last tears, At sweet life leaving, and these arbours green,-Rich dowry from the Spirit of the Spheres,— Alas! poor Queen!

# EXTRACTS FROM AN OPERA

O! WERE I one of the Olympian twelve,
Their godships should pass this into a law—
That when a man doth set himself in toil
After some beauty veiled far away,
Each step he took should make his lady's hand
More soft, more white, and her fair cheek more fair;
And for each briar-berry he might eat,
A kiss should bud upon the tree of love,
And pulp and ripen richer every hour,
To melt away upon the traveller's lips.

10

# DAISY'S SONG

THE sun, with his great eye, Sees not so much as I; And the moon, all silver-proud, Might as well be in a cloud.

And O the spring—the spring! I lead the life of a king! Couch'd in the teeming grass, I spy each pretty lass.

H

I look where no one dares, And I stare where no one stares, And when the night is nigh, Lambs bleat my lullaby.

# FOLLY'S SONG

WHEN wedding fiddles are a-playing,
Huzza for folly O!
And when maidens go a-maying,
Huzza, &c.

When a milk-pail is upset, Huzza, &c.

And the clothes left in the wet, Huzza, &c.

When the barrel's set abroach, Huzza, &c.

When Kate Eyebrow keeps a coach, Huzza, &c. 10

80

When the pig is over-roasted, Huzza, &c.

And the cheese is over-toasted, Huzza, &c.

When Sir Snap is with his lawyer, Huzza, &c.

And Miss Chip has kiss'd the sawyer, Huzza, &c.

OH, I am frighten'd with most hateful thoughts! Perhaps her voice is not a nightingale's, Perhaps her teeth are not the fairest pearl; Her eye-lashes may be, for aught I know, Not longer than the May-fly's small fan-horns;

There may not be one dimple on her hand; And freckles many; ah! a careless nurse, In haste to teach the little thing to walk, May have crumpt up a pair of Dian's legs And warpt the ivory of a Juno's neck.

SONG

t

THE stranger lighted from his steed,
And ere he spake a word,
He seiz'd my lady's lilly hand,
And kiss'd it all unheard.

1

The stranger walk'd into the hall, And ere he spake a word, He kiss'd my lady's cherry lips, And kiss'd 'em all unheard.

111

The stranger walk'd into the bower,—
But my lady first did go,—
Aye hand in hand into the bower,
Where my lord's roses blow.

ΙV

My lady's maid had a silken scarf, And a golden ring had she, And a kiss from the stranger, as off he went Again on his fair palfrey.

ASLEEP! O sleep a little while, white pearl!
And let me kneel, and let me pray to thee,
And let me call Heaven's blessing on thine eyes,
And let me breathe into the happy air,
That doth enfold and touch thee all about,
Vows of my slavery, my giving up,
My sudden adoration, my great love!

# LA BELLE DAME SANS MERCI

# A BALLAD

T

O, what can ail thee, knight-at-arms, Alone and palely loitering? The sedge has wither'd from the lake, And no birds sing.

ΙI

O, what can ail thee, knight-at-arms, So haggard and so woe-begone? The squirrel's granary is full, And the harvest's done.

111

I see a lilly on thy brow, With anguish moist and fever dew; And on thy cheeks a fading rose Fast withereth too.

ΙV

I met a lady in the meads, Full beautiful—a faery's child, Her hair was long, her foot was light, And her eyes were wild.

v

I made a garland for her head, And bracelets too, and fragrant zone; She look'd at me as she did love, And made sweet moan.

VI

I set her on my pacing steed,
And nothing else saw all day long;
For sidelong would she bend, and sing
A faery's song.

VII

She found me roots of relish sweet,
And honey wild, and manna dew,
And sure in language strange she said—
'I love thee true'.

VIII

She took me to her elfin grot,
And there she wept and sigh'd full sore,
And there I shut her wild wild eyes
With kisses four.

ΙX

And there she lulled me asleep
And there I dream'd—Ah! woe betide!
The latest dream I ever dream'd
On the cold hill side.

x

I saw pale kings and princes too,
Pale warriors, death-pale were they all;
They cried—'La Belle Dame sans Merci
Hath thee in thrall!'

ΧI

I saw their starved lips in the gloam, With horrid warning gaped wide, And I awoke and found me here, On the cold hill's side.

XII

And this is why I sojourn here
Alone and palely loitering,
Though the sedge has wither'd from the lake,
And no birds sing.

SONG OF FOUR FAIRIES FIRE, AIR, EARTH, AND WATER

SALAMANDER, ZEPHYR, DUSKETHA, AND BREAMA

SALAMANDER

HAPPY, happy glowing fire!

### ZEPHYR

Fragrant air! delicious light!

# DUSKETHA

Let me to my glooms retire!

# BREAMA

I to green-weed rivers bright!

#### SALAMANDER

Happy, happy glowing fire! Dazzling bowers of soft retire, Ever let my nourish'd wing, Like a bat's, still wandering, Faintly fan your fiery spaces, Spirit sole in deadly places. In unhaunted roar and blaze. Open eyes that never daze, Let me see the myriad shapes Of men, and beasts, and fish, and apes, Portray'd in many a fiery den, And wrought by spumy bitumen. On the deep intenser roof, Arched every way aloof, Let me breathe upon their skies, And anger their live tapestries; Free from cold, and every care. Of chilly rain, and shivering air.

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# ZEPHYR

Spirit of Fire! away! away! Or your very roundelay Will sear my plumage newly budded From its quilled sheath, all studded With the self-same dews that fell On the May-grown Asphodel. Spirit of Fire—away! away!

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# BREAMA

Spirit of Fire—away! away!
Zephyr, blue-eyed Faery, turn,
And see my cool sedge-bury'd urn,
Where it rests its mossy brim
'Mid water-mint and cresses dim;
And the flowers, in sweet troubles
Lift their eyes above the bubbles,
Like our Queen, when she would please
To sleep, and Oberon will teaze.
Love me, blue-eyed Faery, true!
Soothly I am sick for you.

# ZEPHYR

Gentle Breama! by the first Violet young nature nurst, I will bathe myself with thee, So you sometimes follow me To my home, far, far, in west, Beyond the nimble-wheeled quest Of the golden-presenc'd sun: Come with me, o'er tops of trees. To my fragrant palaces, Where they ever floating are Beneath the cherish of a star Call'd Vesper, who with silver veil Ever hides his brilliance pale, Ever gently-drows'd doth keep Twilight for the Faves to sleep. Fear not that your watery hair Will thirst in drouthy ringlets there; Clouds of stored summer rains Thou shalt taste, before the stains Of the mountain soil they take, And too unlucent for thee make. I love thee, crystal Faery, true! Sooth I am as sick for you!

# SALAMANDER

Out, ye aguish Faeries, out! Chilly lovers, what a rout

B 5482

Keep ye with your frozen breath, Colder than the mortal death. Adder-eyed Dusketha, speak, Shall we leave these, and go seek In the earth's wide entrails old Couches warm as their's are cold? O for a fiery gloom and thee, Dusketha, so enchantingly Freckle-wing'd and lizard-sided!

#### DUSKETHA

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By thee, Sprite, will I be guided! I care not for cold or heat; Frost and flame, or sparks, or sleet, To my essence are the same;—But I honour more the flame. Sprite of Fire, I follow thee Wheresoever it may be, To the torrid spouts and fountains, Underneath earth-quaked mountains; Or, at thy supreme desire, Touch the very pulse of fire With my bare unlidded eyes.

## SALAMANDER

Sweet Dusketha! paradise! Off, ye icy Spirits, fly! Frosty creatures of the sky!

#### DUSKETHA

Breathe upon them, fiery sprite!

ZEPHYR AND BREAMA

Away! away to our delight!

# SALAMANDER

Go, feed on icicles, while we Bedded in tongue-flames will be.

#### DUSKETHA

Lead me to those feverous glooms, Sprite of Fire!

# BREAMA

Me to the blooms,
Blue-eyed Zephyr, of those flowers
Far in the west where the May-cloud lowers;
And the beams of still Vesper, when winds are all wist,
Are shed thro' the rain and the milder mist,
And twilight your floating bowers

ODE ON INDOLENCE

'They toil not, neither do they spin.'

I

One morn before me were three figures seen,
With bowed necks, and joined hands, side-faced;
And one behind the other stepp'd serene,
In placid sandals, and in white robes graced;
They pass'd, like figures on a marble urn,
When shifted round to see the other side;
They came again; as when the urn once more
Is shifted round, the first seen shades return;
And they were strange to me, as may betide
With vases, to one deep in Phidian lore.

11

How is it, Shadows! that I knew ye not?

How came ye muffled in so hush a mask?

Was it a silent deep-disguised plot

To steal away, and leave without a task

My idle days? Ripe was the drowsy hour;

The blissful cloud of summer-indolence

Benumb'd my eyes; my pulse grew less and less;

Pain had no sting, and pleasure's wreath no flower:

O, why did ye not melt, and leave my sense

Unhaunted quite of all but—nothingness?

20

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A third time came they by;—alas! wherefore?
My sleep had been embroider'd with dim dreams;
My soul had been a lawn besprinkled o'er
With flowers, and stirring shades, and baffled beams.
The morn was clouded, but no shower fell,
Tho' in her lids hung the sweet tears of May;
The open casement press'd a new-leav'd vine,
Let in the budding warmth and throstle's lay;
O Shadows! 'twas a time to bid farewell!
Upon your skirts had fallen no tears of mine. 30

ΙV

A third time pass'd they by, and, passing, turn'd Each one the face a moment whiles to me; Then faded, and to follow them I burn'd And ach'd for wings because I knew the three; The first was a fair Maid, and Love her name; The second was Ambition, pale of cheek, And ever watchful with fatigued eye; The last, whom I love more, the more of blame Is heap'd upon her, maiden most unmeek,—I knew to be my demon Poesy.

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They faded, and, forsooth! I wanted wings:
O folly! What is love! and where is it?
And for that poor Ambition! it springs
From a man's little heart's short fever-fit;
For Poesy!—no,—she has not a joy,—
At least for me,—so sweet as drowsy noons,
And evenings steep'd in honied indolence;
O, for an age so shelter'd from annoy,
That I may never know how change the moons,
Or hear the voice of busy common-sense!

VΙ

So, ye Three Ghosts, adieu! Ye cannot raise My head cool-bedded in the flowery grass; For I would not be dieted with praise, A pet-lamb in a sentimental farce!

10

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30

Fade softly from my eyes, and be once more
In masque-like figures on the dreamy urn;
Farewell! I yet have visions for the night,
And for the day faint visions there is store;
Vanish, ye Phantoms! from my idle spright,
Into the clouds, and never more return!

# THE EVE OF SAINT MARK

Upon a Sabbath-day it fell: Twice holy was the Sabbath-bell, That call'd the folk to evening prayer; The city streets were clean and fair From wholesome drench of April rains: And, on the western window panes, The chilly sunset faintly told Of unmatur'd green vallies cold, Of the green thorny bloomless hedge, Of rivers new with spring-tide sedge, Of primroses by shelter'd rills, And daisies on the aguish hills. Twice holy was the Sabbath-bell: The silent streets were crowded well With staid and pious companies. Warm from their fire-side orat'ries: And moving, with demurest air, To even-song, and vesper prayer. Each arched porch, and entry low, Was fill'd with patient folk and slow. With whispers hush, and shuffling feet, While play'd the organ loud and sweet.

The bells had ceas'd, the prayers begun, And Bertha had not yet half done A curious volume, patch'd and torn, That all day long, from earliest morn, Had taken captive her two eyes, Among its golden broideries; Perplex'd her with a thousand things,—The stars of Heaven, and angels' wings, Martyrs in a fiery blaze, Azure saints in silver rays,

Moses' breastplate, and the seven Candlesticks John saw in Heaven, The winged Lion of Saint Mark, And the Covenantal Ark, With its many mysteries, Cherubim and golden mice.

Bertha was a maiden fair. Dwelling in the old Minster-square: From her fire-side she could see. Sidelong, its rich antiquity, Far as the Bishop's garden-wall; Where sycamores and elm-trees tall, Full-leav'd, the forest had outstript, By no sharp north-wind ever nipt. So shelter'd by the mighty pile. Bertha arose, and read awhile, With forehead 'gainst the window-pane. Again she try'd, and then again, Until the dusk eve left her dark Upon the legend of St. Mark. From plaited lawn-frill, fine and thin, She lifted up her soft warm chin, With aching neck and swimming eyes, And daz'd with saintly imageries.

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All was gloom, and silent all, Save now and then the still foot-fall Of one returning homewards late, Past the echoing minster-gate.

The clamorous daws, that all the day Above tree-tops and towers play, Pair by pair had gone to rest, Each in its ancient belfry-nest, Where asleep they fall betimes, To music of the drowsy chimes.

All was silent, all was gloom, Abroad and in the homely room:

Down she sat, poor cheated soul!	
And struck a lamp from the dismal coal;	70
Lean'd forward, with bright drooping hair	
And slant book, full against the glare.	
Her shadow, in uneasy guise,	
Hover'd about, a giant size,	
On ceiling-beam and old oak chair,	
The parrot's cage, and panel square;	
And the warm angled winter screen,	
On which were many monsters seen,	
Call'd doves of Siam, Lima mice,	
And legless birds of Paradise,	80
Macaw, and tender Avadavat,	
And silken-furr'd Angora cat.	
Untir'd she read, her shadow still	
Glower'd about, as it would fill	
The room with wildest forms and shades,	
As though some ghostly queen of spades	
Had come to mock behind her back,	
And dance, and ruffle her garments black.	
Untir'd she read the legend page,	
Of holy Mark, from youth to age,	90
On land, on sea, in pagan chains,	
Rejoicing for his many pains	
Sometimes the learned eremite,	
With golden star, or dagger bright,	
Referr'd to pious poesies	
Written in smallest crow-quill size	
Beneath the text; and thus the rhyme	
Was parcell'd out from time to time:	98
'Gif ye wol stonden hardie wight— 98 a	
Amiddes of the blacke night— b	
Righte in the churche porch, pardie c	
Ye wol behold a companie d	
Appouchen thee full dolourouse e	
For sooth to sain from everich house $f$	
Wol come the Phantom and image h	
Of ilka gent and ilka carle i	
Whom coldè Deathè hath in parle j	
And wol some day that very year k	

Touchen with foulè venime spear 98 L And sadly do them all to diem Hem all shalt thou see verilie— 72 And everichon shall by the e pass All who must die that year Alas Þ ——Als writith he of swevenis. Men han beforne they wake in bliss, 100 Whanne that hir friendes thinke hem bound In crimped shroude farre under grounde; And how a litling child mote be A saint er its nativitie. Gif that the modre (God her blesse!) Kepen in solitarinesse, And kissen devoute the holy croce. Of Goddes love, and Sathan's force,— He writith; and thinges many mo: Of swiche thinges I may not show. 110 Bot I must tellen verilie Somdel of Saintè Cicilie. And chieflie what he auctorethe Of Saintè Markis life and dethe:'

At length her constant eyelids come Upon the fervent martyrdom; Then lastly to his holy shrine, Exalt amid the tapers' shine At Venice,—

# ODE TO FANNY

ī

PHYSICIAN Nature! let my spirit blood!
O ease my heart of verse and let me rest;
Throw me upon thy Tripod, till the flood
Of stifling numbers ebbs from my full breast.
A theme! a theme! great nature! give a theme;
Let me begin my dream.
I come—I see thee, as thou standest there,
Beckon me not into the wintry air.

Ah! dearest love, sweet home of all my fears,
And hopes, and joys, and panting miseries,—
To-night, if I may guess, thy beauty wears
A smile of such delight,
As brilliant and as bright,
As when with ravished, aching, vassal eyes,
Lost in soft amaze,
I gaze, I gaze!

111

Who now, with greedy looks, eats up my feast?
What stare outfaces now my silver moon!
Ah! keep that hand unravish'd at the least;
Let, let, the amorous burn—
But, pr'ythee, do not turn
The current of your heart from me so soon.
O! save, in charity,
The quickest pulse for me.

ıν

Save it for me, sweet love! though music breathe
Voluptuous visions into the warm air;
Though swimming through the dance's dangerous wreath,
Be like an April day,
Smiling and cold and gay,
A temperate lilly, temperate as fair;
Then, Heaven! there will be
A warmer June for me.

ν

Why, this—you'll say, my Fanny! is not true:
Put your soft hand upon your snowy side,
Where the heart beats: confess—'tis nothing new—
Must not a woman be
A feather on the sea,
Sway'd to and fro by every wind and tide?
Of as uncertain speed
As blow-ball from the mead?

VI

I know it—and to know it is despair

To one who loves you as I love, sweet Fanny!

Whose heart goes fluttering for you every where,

Nor, when away you roam,

Dare keep its wretched home,

Love, love alone, has pains severe and many:

Then, loveliest! keep me free

From torturing jealousy.

VII

Ah! if you prize my subdued soul above
The poor, the fading, brief, pride of an hour;
Let none profane my Holy See of love,
Or with a rude hand break
The sacramental cake:
Let none else touch the just new-budded flower;
If not—may my eyes close,
Love! on their last repose.

# SONNETS

T

Oh how I love, on a fair summer's eve,
When streams of light pour down the golden west,
And on the balmy zephyrs tranquil rest
The silver clouds, far—far away to leave
All meaner thoughts, and take a sweet reprieve
From little cares; to find, with casy quest,
A fragrant wild, with Nature's beauty drest,
And there into delight my soul deceive.
There warm my breast with patriotic lore,
Musing on Milton's fate—on Sydney's bier—
Till their stern forms before my mind arise:
Perhaps on wing of Poesy upsoar,
Full often dropping a delicious tear,

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ΙI

When some melodious sorrow spells mine eves.

# TO A YOUNG LADY WHO SENT ME A LAUREL CROWN

FRESH morning gusts have blown away all fear
From my glad bosom,—now from gloominess
I mount for ever—not an atom less
Than the proud laurel shall content my bier.
No! by the eternal stars! or why sit here
In the Sun's eye, and 'gainst my temples press
Apollo's very leaves, woven to bless
By thy white fingers and thy spirit clear.
Lo! who dares say, 'Do this'? Who dares call down
My will from its high purpose? Who say, 'Stand,'
Or 'Go'? This mighty moment I would frown
On abject Cæsars—not the stoutest band
Of mailed heroes should tear off my crown:
Yet would I kneel and kiss thy gentle hand!

After dark vapours have oppress'd our plains
For a long dreary season, comes a day
Born of the gentle South, and clears away
From the sick heavens all unseemly stains.
The anxious month, relieved of its pains,
Takes as a long-lost right the feel of May;
The eyelids with the passing coolness play
Like rose leaves with the drip of Summer rains.
The calmest thoughts come round us; as of leaves
Budding—fruit ripening in stillness—Autumn suns
Smiling at eve upon the quiet sheaves—
Sweet Sappho's cheek—a smiling infant's breath—
The gradual sand that through an hour-glass runs—
A woodland rivulet—a Poet's death.

ΙV

# [Written at the end of Chaucer's tale 'The Floure and the Lefe']

This pleasant tale is like a little copse:
The honied lines do freshly interlace
To keep the reader in so sweet a place,
So that he here and there full-hearted stops;
And oftentimes he feels the dewy drops
Come cool and suddenly against his face,
And by the wandering melody may trace
Which way the tender-legged linnet hops.
Oh! what a power hath white Simplicity!
What mighty power has this gentle story!
I that for ever feel athirst for glory
Could at this moment be content to lie
Meekly upon the grass, as those whose sobbings
Were heard of none beside the mournful robins.

10

v

# ON THE SEA

It keeps eternal whisperings around
Desolate shores, and with its mighty swell
Gluts twice ten thousand Caverns, till the spell
Of Hecate leaves them their old shadowy sound.
Often 'tis in such gentle temper found,
That scarcely will the very smallest shell
Be mov'd for days from where it sometime fell,
When last the winds of Heaven were unbound.
Oh ye! who have your eye-balls vex'd and tir'd,
Feast them upon the wideness of the Sea;
Oh ye! whose ears are dinn'd with uproar rude,
Or fed too much with cloying melody—
Sit ye near some old Cavern's Mouth and brood,
Until ye start, as if the sea-nymphs quir'd!

VI

# ON LEIGH HUNT'S POEM 'THE STORY OF RIMINI'

Who loves to peer up at the morning sun,
With half-shut eyes and comfortable cheek,
Let him, with this sweet tale, full often seek
For meadows where the little rivers run;
Who loves to linger with that brightest one
Of Heaven—Hesperus—let him lowly speak
These numbers to the night, and starlight meek,
Or moon, if that her hunting be begun.
He who knows these delights, and too is prone
To moralize upon a smile or tear,
Will find at once a region of his own,
A bower for his spirit, and will steer
To alleys where the fir-tree drops its cone,
Where robins hop, and fallen leaves are sear.

#### VII

When I have fears that I may cease to be Before my pen has glean'd my teeming brain, Before high-piled books, in charactery, Hold like rich garners the full ripen'd grain; When I behold, upon the night's starr'd face, Huge cloudy symbols of a high romance, And think that I may never live to trace Their shadows, with the magic hand of chance; And when I feel, fair creature of an hour, That I shall never look upon thee more, Never have relish in the faery power Of unreflecting love;—then on the shore Of the wide world I stand alone, and think Till love and fame to nothingness do sink.

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#### VIII

#### TO HOMER

STANDING aloof in giant ignorance,
Of thee I hear and of the Cyclades,
As one who sits ashore and longs perchance
To visit dolphin-coral in deep seas.
So thou wast blind;—but then the veil was rent,
For Jove uncurtain'd Heaven to let thee live,
And Neptune made for thee a spumy tent,
And Pan made sing for thee his forest-hive;
Aye on the shores of darkness there is light,
And precipices show untrodden green,
There is a budding morrow in midnight,
There is a triple sight in blindness keen;
Such seeing hadst thou, as it once befel
To Dian, Oueen of Earth, and Heaven, and Hell.

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## WRITTEN IN ANSWER TO A SONNET ENDING THUS:

Dark eyes are dearer far
Than those that mock the hyacinthine bell—

By I. H. REYNOLDS

Blue! 'Tis the life of heaven,—the domain
Of Cynthia,—the wide palace of the sun —
The tent of Hesperus, and all his train,—
The bosomer of clouds, gold, grey and dun.
Blue! 'Tis the life of waters:—Ocean
And all its vassal streams, pools numberless,
May rage, and foam, and fret, but never can
Subside, if not to dark blue nativeness.
Blue! Gentle cousin of the forest-green,
Married to green in all the sweetest flowers,—
Forget-me-not,—the Blue bell,—and, that Queen
Of secrecy, the Violet: what strange powers
Hast thou, as a mere shadow! But how great,
When in an Eye thou art, alive with fate!

х

#### TO J. R.

O THAT a week could be an age, and we
Felt parting and warm meeting every week,
Then one poor year a thousand years would be,
The flush of welcome ever on the cheek:
So could we live long life in little space,
So time itself would be annihilate,
So a day's journey in oblivious haze
To serve our joys would lengthen and dilate.
O to arrive each Monday morn from Ind!
To land each Tuesday from the rich Levant!
In little time a host of joys to bind,
And keep our souls in one eternal pant!
This morn, my friend, and yester-evening taught

Me how to harbour such a happy thought.

XI

#### TO -

TIME's sea hath been five years at its slow ebb,
Long hours have to and fro let creep the sand.
Since I was tangled in thy beauty's web,
And snared by the ungloving of thine hand.
And yet I never look on midnight sky,
But I behold thine eyes' well memory'd light:
I cannot look upon the rose's dye,
But to thy cheek my soul doth take its flight.
I cannot look on any budding flower,
But my fond ear, in fancy at thy lips
And hearkening for a love-sound, doth devour
Its sweets in the wrong sense:—Thou dost eclipse
Every delight with sweet remembering,
And grief unto my darling joys dost bring.

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XII

#### TO SLEEP

O soft embalmer of the still midnight,
Shutting, with careful fingers and benign,
Our gloom-pleas'd eyes, embower'd from the light,
Enshaded in forgetfulness divine:
O soothest Sleep! if so it please thee, close
In midst of this thine hymn my willing eyes,
Or wait the amen, ere thy poppy throws
Around my bed its lulling charities.
Then save me, or the passed day will shine
Upon my pillow, breeding many woes,—
Save me from curious Conscience, that still lords
Its strength for darkness, burrowing like a mole;
Turn the key deftly in the oiled wards,
And seal the hushed Casket of my Soul.

10

#### XIII

#### ON FAME

FAME, like a wayward Girl, will still be coy
To those who woo her with too slavish knees,
But makes surrender to some thoughtless Boy,
And dotes the more upon a heart at ease;
She is a Gipsey, will not speak to those
Who have not learnt to be content without her;
A Jilt, whose ear was never whisper'd close,
Who thinks they scandal her who talk about her;
A very Gipsey is she, Nilus-born,
Sister-in-law to jealous Potiphar;
Ye love-sick Bards, repay her scorn for scorn,
Ye Artists lovelorn, madmen that ye are!
Make your best bow to her and bid adieu,
Then, if she likes it, she will follow you.

#### XIV

#### ON FAME

'You cannot eat your cake and have it too.'-Proverb.

How fever'd is the man, who cannot look
Upon his mortal days with temperate blood,
Who vexes all the leaves of his life's book,
And robs his fair name of its maidenhood;
It is as if the rose should pluck herself,
Or the ripe plum finger its misty bloom,
As if a Naiad, like a meddling elf,
Should darken her pure grot with muddy gloom,
But the rose leaves herself upon the briar,
For winds to kiss and grateful bees to feed,
And the ripe plum still wears its dim attire,
The undisturbed lake has crystal space,
Why then should man, teasing the world for grace,
Spoil his salvation for a fierce miscreed?

#### χV

Why did I laugh to-night? No voice will tell:
No God, no Demon of severe response,
Deigns to reply from Heaven or from Hell.
Then to my human heart I turn at once.
Heart! Thou and I are here sad and alone;
I say, why did I laugh! O mortal pain!
O Darkness! Darkness! ever must I moan,
To question Heaven and Hell and Heart in vain.
Why did I laugh? I know this Being's lease,
My fancy to its utmost blisses spreads;
Yet would I on this very midnight cease,
And the world's gaudy ensigns see in shreds;
Verse, Fame, and Beauty are intense indeed,
But Death intenser—Death is Life's high meed.

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#### xvi

## A DREAM, AFTER READING DANTE'S EPISODE OF PAOLO AND FRANCESCA

As Hermes once took to his feathers light,
When lulled Argus, baffled, swoon'd and slept,
So on a Delphic reed, my idle spright
So play'd, so charm'd, so conquer'd, so bereft
The dragon-world of all its hundred eyes;
And, seeing it asleep, so fled away—
Not to pure Ida with its snow-cold skies,
Nor unto Tempe where Jove griev'd a day;
But to that second circle of sad hell,
Where 'mid the gust, the whirlwind, and the flaw
Of rain and hail-stones, lovers need not tell
Their sorrows. Pale were the sweet lips I saw,
Pale were the lips I kiss'd, and fair the form

I floated with, about that melancholy storm.

#### XVII

If by dull rhymes our English must be chain'd, And, like Andromeda, the Sonnet sweet Fetter'd, in spite of pained loveliness, Let us find out, if we must be constrain'd, Sandals more interwoven and complete To fit the naked foot of Poesy:
Let us inspect the Lyre, and weigh the stress Of every chord, and see what may be gain'd By ear industrious, and attention meet;
Misers of sound and syllable, no less Than Midas of his coinage, let us be Jealous of dead leaves in the bay wreath crown; So, if we may not let the Muse be free, She will be bound with garlands of her own.

XVIII THE day is gone, and all its sweets are gone! Sweet voice, sweet lips, soft hand, and softer breast, Warm breath, light whisper, tender semi-tone, Bright eyes, accomplish'd shape, and lang'rous waist! Faded the flower and all its budded charms, Faded the sight of beauty from my eyes, Faded the shape of beauty from my arms. Faded the voice, warmth, whiteness, paradise— Vanish'd unseasonably at shut of eve. When the dusk holiday—or holinight 10 Of fragrant-curtain'd love begins to weave The woof of darkness thick, for hid delight; But, as I've read love's missal through to-day, He'll let me sleep, seeing I fast and pray.

#### XIX

I CRY your mercy—pity—love!—aye, love!
Merciful love that tantalizes not,
One-thoughted, never-wandering, guileless love,
Unmask'd, and being seen—without a blot!
O! let me have thee whole,—all—all—be mine!
That shape, that fairness, that sweet minor zest
Of love, your kiss,—those hands, those eyes divine,
That warm, white, lucent, million-pleasured breast,—

#### 372 SHORTER POEMS FROM LITERARY REMAINS

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10

Yourself—your soul—in pity give me all, Withhold no atom's atom or I die, Or living on perhaps, your wretched thrall, Forget, in the mist of idle misery, Life's purposes,—the palate of my mind Losing its gust, and my ambition blind!

хx

[Written on a Blank Page in Shakespeare's Poems, facing 'A Lover's Complaint']

BRIGHT star, would I were stedfast as thou art—
Not in lone splendour hung aloft the night
And watching, with eternal lids apart,
Like nature's patient, sleepless Eremite,
The moving waters at their priestlike task
Of pure ablution round earth's human shores,
Or gazing on the new soft-fallen mask
Of snow upon the mountains and the moors—
No—yet still stedfast, still unchangeable,
Pillow'd upon my fair love's ripening breast,
To feel for ever its soft fall and swell,
Awake for ever in a sweet unrest,
Still, still to hear her tender-taken breath,

And so live ever-or else swoon to death.

# SHORTER POEMS FROM THE MEMOIR IN LIFE, LETTERS, AND LITERARY REMAINS

Spenser! a jealous honourer of thine,
A forester deep in thy midmost trees,
Did last eve ask my promise to refine
Some English that might strive thine ear to please.
But Elfin Poet 'tis impossible
For an inhabitant of wintry earth
To rise like Phœbus with a golden quell
Fire-wing'd and make a morning in his mirth.
It is impossible to escape from toil
O' the sudden and receive thy spiriting:
The flower must drink the nature of the soil
Before it can put forth its blossoming:
Be with me in the summer days and I

Will for thine honour and his pleasure try.

07

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#### TO CHATTERTON

O CHATTERTON! how very sad thy fate!
Dear child of sorrow—son of misery!
How soon the film of death obscur'd that eye,
Whence Genius mildly flash'd, and high debate.
How soon that voice, majestic and elate,
Melted in dying numbers! Oh! how nigh
Was night to thy fair morning. Thou didst die
A half-blown flow'ret which cold blasts amate.
But this is past: thou art among the stars
Of highest Heaven: to the rolling spheres
Thou sweetly singest: naught thy hymning mars,
Above the ingrate world and human fears.
On earth the good man base detraction bars
From thy fair name, and waters it with tears.

TO BYRON

Byron! how sweetly sad thy melody! Attuning still the soul to tenderness, As if soft Pity, with unusual stress, Had touch'd her plaintive lute, and thou, being by, Hadst caught the tones, nor suffer'd them to die. O'ershading sorrow doth not make thee less Delightful: thou thy griefs dost dress With a bright halo, shining beamily, As when a cloud the golden moon doth veil, Its sides are ting'd with a resplendent glow, Through the dark robe oft amber rays prevail, And like fair veins in sable marble flow: Still warble, dving swan! still tell the tale.

The enchanting tale, the tale of pleasing woe.

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#### ON SEEING THE ELGIN MARBLES

My spirit is too weak-mortality Weighs heavily on me like unwilling sleep, And each imagin'd pinnacle and steep Of godlike hardship, tells me I must die Like a sick Eagle looking at the sky. Yet 'tis a gentle luxury to weep That I have not the cloudy winds to keep, Fresh for the opening of the morning's eye. Such dim-conceived glories of the brain Bring round the heart an undescribable feud: So do these wonders a most dizzy pain, That mingles Grecian grandeur with the rude Wasting of old Time-with a billowy main-A sun-a shadow of a magnitude.

#### TO B. R. HAYDON

HAYDON! forgive me that I cannot speak
Definitively on these mighty things;
Forgive me that I have not Eagle's wings—
That what I want I know not where to seek:
And think that I would not be over meek
In rolling out upfollow'd thunderings,
Even to the steep of Heliconian springs,
Were I of ample strength for such a freak—
Think too, that all those numbers should be thine;
Whose else? In this who touch thy vesture's hem?
For when men star'd at what was most divine
With browless idiotism—o'erwise phlegm—
Thou hadst beheld the Hesperean shine
Of their star in the East, and gone to worship them.

#### ON SEEING A LOCK OF MILTON'S HAIR

CHIEF of organic numbers!
Old Scholar of the Spheres!
Thy spirit never slumbers,
But rolls about our ears,
For ever, and for ever!
O what a mad endeavour
Worketh he,
Who to thy sacred and ennobled hearse
Would offer a burnt sacrifice of verse
And melody.

How heavenward thou soundest,
Live Temple of sweet noise,
And Discord unconfoundest,
Giving Delight new joys,
And Pleasure nobler pinions!
O, where are thy dominions?
Lend thine ear

To a young Delian oath,—aye, by thy soul, By all that from thy mortal lips did roll, And by the kernel of thine earthly love, Beauty, in things on earth, and things above I swear!

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When every childish fashion
Has vanish'd from my rhyme,
Will I, grey-gone in passion,
Leave to an after-time
Hymning and harmony
Of thee, and of thy works, and of thy life;
But vain is now the burning and the strife,
Pangs are in vain, until I grow high-rife

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With old Philosophy, And mad with glimpses of futurity!

For many years my offerings must be hush'd;
When I do speak, I'll think upon this hour,
Because I feel my forehead hot and flush'd,
Even at the simplest vassal of thy power,—
A lock of thy bright hair,—
Sudden it came,
And I was startled, when I caught thy name
Coupled so unaware;
Yet, at the moment, temperate was my blood.

I thought I had beheld it from the flood.

#### SONG

Hence Burgundy, Claret, and Port,
Away with old Hock and Madeira,
Too earthly ye are for my sport;
There's a beverage brighter and clearer.
Instead of a pitiful rummer,
My wine overbrims a whole summer;
My bowl is the sky,
And I drink at my eye,
Till I feel in the brain
A Delphian pain—
Then follow, my Caius! then follow:
On the green of the hill
We will drink our fill
Of golden sunshine,
Till our brains intertwine

With the glory and grace of Apollo!

#### GOD OF THE MERIDIAN

God of the Meridian, And of the East and West. To thee my soul is flown, And my body is earthward press'd.— It is an awful mission, A terrible division: And leaves a gulph austere To be fill'd with worldly fear. Ave, when the soul is fled To high above our head, Affrighted do we gaze After its airy maze. As doth a mother wild. When her young infant child Is in an eagle's claws— And is not this the cause Of madness?—God of Song. Thou bearest me along Through sights I scarce can bear: O let me, let me share With the hot lyre and thee. The staid Philosophy. Temper my lonely hours, And let me see thy bowers More unalarm'd!

10

#### O THOU WHOSE FACE HATH FELT

O THOU whose face hath felt the Winter's wind,
Whose eye has seen the snow-clouds hung in mist,
And the black elm tops 'mong the freezing stars,
To thee the spring will be a harvest-time.

O thou, whose only book has been the light Of supreme darkness which thou feddest on Night after night when Phœbus was away, To thee the Spring shall be a triple morn.

O fret not after knowledge—I have none,
And yet my song comes native with the warmth.
O fret not after knowledge—I have none,
And yet the Evening listens. He who saddens
At thought of idleness cannot be idle,
And he's awake who thinks himself asleep.

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## ON SITTING DOWN TO READ KING LEAR ONCE AGAIN

O GOLDEN tongued Romance, with serene lute!
Fair plumed Syren, Queen of far-away!
Leave melodizing on this wintry day,
Shut up thine olden pages, and be mute:
Adieu! for, once again, the fierce dispute
Betwixt damnation and impassion'd clay
Must I burn through; once more humbly assay
The bitter-sweet of this Shakespearian fruit:
Chief Poet! and ye clouds of Albion,
Begetters of our deep eternal theme!
When through the old oak Forest I am gone,
Let me not wander in a barren dream,
But, when I am consumed in the fire,
Give me new Phœnix wings to fly at my desire.

#### TO THE NILE

Son of the old moon-mountains African!
Chief of the Pyramid and Crocodile!
We call thee fruitful, and, that very while,
A desert fills our seeing's inward span;
Nurse of swart nations since the world began,
Art thou so fruitful? or dost thou beguile
Such men to honour thee, who, worn with toil,
Rest for a space 'twixt Cairo and Decan?
O may dark fancies err! they surely do;
'Tis ignorance that makes a barren waste
Of all beyond itself, thou dost bedew
Green rushes like our rivers, and dost taste
The pleasant sun-rise, green isles hast thou too,
And to the sea as happily dost haste.

#### TO J. H. REYNOLDS ESQ.

DEAR Reynolds! as last night I lay in bed,
There came before my eyes that wonted thread
Of shapes, and shadows, and remembrances,
That every other minute vex and please:
Things all disjointed come from north and south,—
Two Witch's eyes above a Cherub's mouth,
Voltaire with casque and shield and habergeon,
And Alexander with his nightcap on;
Old Socrates a-tying his cravat,
And Hazlitt playing with Miss Edgeworth's cat;
And Junius Brutus, pretty well so so,
Making the best of's way towards Soho.

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Few are there who escape these visitings,—
Perhaps one or two whose lives have patent wings,
And thro' whose curtains peeps no hellish nose,
No wild-boar tushes, and no Mermaid's toes;
But flowers bursting out with lusty pride,
And young Æolian harps personified;
Some Titian colours touch'd into real life,—
The sacrifice goes on; the pontiff knife
Gleams in the Sun, the milk-white heifer lows,
The pipes go shrilly, the libation flows:
A white sail shows above the green-head cliff,
Moves round the point, and throws her anchor stiff;
The mariners join hymn with those on land.

You know the Enchanted Castle,—it doth stand Upon a rock, on the border of a Lake, Nested in trees, which all do seem to shake From some old magic-like Urganda's Sword. O Phœbus! that I had thy sacred word To show this Castle, in fair dreaming wise, Unto my friend, while sick and ill he lies!

You know it well enough, where it doth seem A mossy place, a Merlin's Hall, a dream; You know the clear Lake, and the little Isles, The mountains blue, and cold near neighbour rills,

All which elsewhere are but half animate; There do they look alive to love and hate, To smiles and frowns; they seem a lifted mound Above some giant, pulsing underground.

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Part of the Building was a chosen See, Built by a banish'd Santon of Chaldee; The other part, two thousand years from him, Was built by Cuthbert de Saint Aldebrim; Then there's a little wing, far from the Sun, Built by a Lapland Witch turn'd maudlin Nun; And many other juts of aged stone Founded with many a mason-devil's groan.

The doors all look as if they op'd themselves, The windows as if latch'd by Fays and Elves, And from them comes a silver flash of light, As from the westward of a Summer's night; Or like a beauteous woman's large blue eyes Gone mad thro' olden songs and poesies.

See! what is coming from the distance dim! A golden Galley all in silken trim! Three rows of oars are lightening, moment whiles, Into the verd'rous bosoms of those isles; Towards the shade, under the Castle wall, It comes in silence,—now 'tis hidden all. The Clarion sounds, and from a Postern-gate An echo of sweet music doth create A fear in the poor Herdsman, who doth bring His beasts to trouble the enchanted spring,—He tells of the sweet music, and the spot, To all his friends, and they believe him not.

O that our dreamings all, of sleep or wake, Would all their colours from the sunset take: From something of material sublime, Rather than shadow our own soul's day-time In the dark void of night. For in the world We jostle,—but my flag is not unfurl'd On the Admiral-staff,—and so philosophize I dare not yet! Oh, never will the prize,

High reason, and the love of good and ill, Be my award! Things cannot to the will Be settled, but they tease us out of thought; Or is it that imagination brought Beyond its proper bound, yet still confin'd, Lost in a sort of Purgatory blind, Cannot refer to any standard law Of either earth or heaven? It is a flaw In happiness, to see beyond our bourn,—It forces us in summer skies to mourn, It soils the singing of the Nightingale.

Dear Reynolds! I have a mysterious tale, And cannot speak it: the first page I read Upon a Lampit rock of green sea-weed Among the breakers; 'twas a quiet eve, The rocks were silent, the wide sea did weave 90 An untumultuous fringe of silver foam Along the flat brown sand; I was at home And should have been most happy,—but I saw Too far into the sea, where every maw The greater on the less feeds evermore.— But I saw too distinct into the core Of an eternal fierce destruction. And so from happiness I far was gone. Still am I sick of it, and tho', to-day. I've gather'd young spring-leaves, and flowers gay 100 Of periwinkle and wild strawberry, Still do I that most fierce destruction see.— The Shark at savage prey,—the Hawk at pounce,— The gentle Robin, like a Pard or Ounce, Ravening a worm,—Away, ye horrid moods! Moods of one's mind! You know I hate them well. You know I'd sooner be a clapping Bell To some Kamtschatcan Missionary Church, Than with these horrid moods be left i' the lurch.

OVER the hill and over the dale, And over the bourn to Dawlish— Where Gingerbread Wives have a scanty sale And gingerbre[a]d nuts are smallish.

Rantipole Betty she ran down a hill And ki[c]ked up her pettic[o]ats fairly Says I I'll be Jack if you will be Gill. So she sat on the Grass debonnairly.

Here's somebody coming, here's somebody coming!
Says I 'tis the Wind at a parley
So without any fuss any hawing and humming
She lay on the grass debonnai[r]ly.

Here's somebody here and here's somebody there!Says I hold your tongue you young Gipsey.So she held her tongue and lay plump and fairAnd dead as a venus tipsy.

O who wouldn't hie to Dawlish fair
O who wouldn't stop in a Meadow
O [who] would not rumple the daisies there
And make the wild fern for a bed do.

#### ODE TO MAY. FRAGMENT

MOTHER of Hermes! and still youthful Maia!

May I sing to thee

As thou wast hymned on the shores of Baiæ?

Or may I woo thee

In earlier Sicilian? or thy smiles

Seek as they once were sought, in Grecian isles,

By bards who died content on pleasant sward,

Leaving great verse unto a little clan?

O, give me their old vigour, and unheard

Save of the quiet Primrose, and the span

Of heaven and few ears,

Rounded by thee, my song should die away

Content as theirs,

Rich in the simple worship of a day.

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#### ON VISITING THE TOMB OF BURNS

The town, the churchyard, and the setting sun,
The clouds, the trees, the rounded hills all seem,
Though beautiful, cold—strange—as in a dream,
I dreamed long ago, now new begun.
The short-liv'd, paly Summer is but won
From Winter's ague, for one hour's gleam;
Though sapphire-warm, their stars do never beam:
All is cold Beauty; pain is never done:
For who has mind to relish, Minos-wise,
The Real of Beauty, free from that dead hue
Sickly imagination and sick pride
Cast wan upon it! Burns! with honour due
I oft have honour'd thee. Great shadow, hide
Thy face; I sin against thy native skies.

## SONNET WRITTEN IN THE COTTAGE WHERE BURNS WAS BORN

This mortal body of a thousand days
Now fills, O Burns, a space in thine own room,
Where thou didst dream alone on budded bays,
Happy and thoughtless of thy day of doom!
My pulse is warm with thine own Barley-bree,
My head is light with pledging a great soul,
My eyes are wandering, and I cannot see,
Fancy is dead and drunken at its goal;
Yet can I stamp my foot upon thy floor,
Yet can I ope thy window-sash to find
The meadow thou hast tramped o'er and o'er,—
Yet can I think of thee till thought is blind,—
Yet can I gulp a bumper to thy name,—
O smile among the shades, for this is fame!

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#### OLD MEG

OLD MEG she was a Gipsy, And liv'd upon the Moors: Her bed it was the brown heath turf, And her house was out of doors.

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Her apples were swart blackberries, Her currants pods o' broom; Her wine was dew of the wild white rose, Her book a churchyard tomb.

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Her Brothers were the craggy hills, Her Sisters larchen trees— Alone with her great family She liv'd as she did please.

No breakfast had she many a morn, No dinner many a noon, And 'stead of supper she would stare Full hard against the Moon.

But every morn of woodbine fresh She made her garlanding, And every night the dark glen Yew She wove, and she would sing.

And with her fingers old and brown She plaited Mats o' Rushes, And gave them to the Cottagers She met among the Bushes.

Old Meg was brave as Margaret Queen
And tall as Amazon:
And old red blanket cloak she wore;
A chip hat had she on.
God rest her aged bones somewhere—
She died full long agone!

#### TO AILSA ROCK

HEARKEN, thou craggy ocean pyramid!
Give answer from thy voice, the sea-fowls' screams!
When were thy shoulders mantled in huge streams?
When, from the sun, was thy broad forehead hid?
How long is't since the mighty power bid
Thee heave to airy sleep from fathom dreams?
Sleep in the lap of thunder or sunbeams,
Or when grey clouds are thy cold coverlid?

Thou answer'st not; for thou art dead asleep;
Thy life is but two dead eternities—
The last in air, the former in the deep;
First with the whales, last with the eagle-skies—
Drown'd wast thou till an earthquake made thee steep,
Another cannot wake thy giant size.

#### LINES WRITTEN IN THE HIGHLANDS AFTER A VISIT TO BURNS'S COUNTRY

THERE is a charm in footing slow across a silent plain, Where patriot battle has been fought, where glory had the gain;

There is a pleasure on the heath where Druids old have been, Where mantles grey have rustled by and swept the nettles green:

There is a joy in every spot made known by times of old, New to the feet, although each tale a hundred times be told; There is a deeper joy than all, more solemn in the heart, More parching to the tongue than all, of more divine a smart, When weary steps forget themselves upon a pleasant turf, Upon hot sand, or flinty road, or sea-shore iron scurf, 10 Toward the castle or the cot, where long ago was born One who was great through mortal days, and died of fame unshorn!

Light heather-bells may tremble then, but they are far away; Wood-lark may sing from sandy fern,—the Sun may hear his lay;

Runnels may kiss the grass on shelves and shallows clear, But their low voices are not heard, though come on travels drear;

Blood-red the Sun may set behind black mountain peaks; Blue tides may sluice and drench their time in caves and weedy creeks;

Eagles may seem to sleep wing-wide upon the air; Ring-doves may fly convuls'd across to some high-cedar'd lair;

But the forgotten eye is still fast lidded to the ground, As Palmer's, that with weariness, mid-desert shrine hath found.

At such a time the soul's a child, in childhood is the brain; Forgotten is the worldly heart—alone, it beats in vain.—Aye, if a madman could have leave to pass a healthful day To tell his forehead's swoon and faint when first began decay, He might make tremble many a one whose spirit had gone forth

To find a Bard's low cradle-place about the silent North!
Scanty the hour and few the steps beyond the bourn of care,
Beyond the sweet and bitter world,—beyond it unaware! 30
Scanty the hour and few the steps, because a longer stay
Would bar return, and make a man forget his mortal way:
O horrible! to lose the sight of well remember'd face,
Of Brother's eyes, of Sister's brow—constant to every place;
Filling the air, as on we move, with portraiture intense;
More warm than those heroic tints that pain a painter's
sense.

When shapes of old come striding by, and visages of old, Locks shining black, hair scanty grey, and passions manifold. No, no, that horror cannot be, for at the cable's length Man feels the gentle anchor pull and gladdens in its strength:—

One hour, half-idiot, he stands by mossy waterfall, But in the very next he reads his soul's memorial:— He reads it on the mountain's height, where chance he may sit down

Upon rough marble diadem—that hill's eternal crown. Yet be his anchor e'er so fast, room is there for a prayer That man may never lose his mind on mountains black and bare:

That he may stray league after league some great birth-place to find

And keep his vision clear from speck, his inward sight unblind.

#### ON VISITING STAFFA

Not Aladdin magian Ever such a work began; Not the wizard of the Dee Ever such a dream could see;

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Not St. John, in Patmos' Isle, In the passion of his toil, When he saw the churches seven. Golden aisl'd, built up in heaven, Gaz'd at such a rugged wonder. As I stood its roofing under, Lo! I saw one sleeping there, On the marble cold and bare. While the surges wash'd his feet. And his garments white did beat Drench'd about the sombre rocks. On his neck his well-grown locks. Lifted dry above the main. Were upon the curl again. 'What is this? and what art thou?' Whisper'd I, and touch'd his brow; 'What art thou? and what is this?' Whisper'd I, and strove to kiss The spirit's hand, to wake his eyes: Up he started in a trice: 'I am Lycidas,' said he, 'Fam'd in funeral minstrelsy! This was architected thus By the great Oceanus!-Here his mighty waters play Hollow organs all the day; Here by turns his dolphins all. Finny palmers great and small, Come to pay devotion due— Each a mouth of pearls must strew. Many a mortal of these days, Dares to pass our sacred ways, Dares to touch audaciously This Cathedral of the Sea! I have been the pontiff-priest Where the waters never rest. Where a fledgy sea-bird choir Soars for ever; holy fire I have hid from mortal man: Proteus is my Sacristan. But the stupid eye of mortal

Hath pass'd beyond the rocky portal; So for ever will I leave Such a taint, and soon unweave All the magic of the place.' 'Tis now free to stupid face, 49 a To cutters, and to Fashion boats, b To cravats and to petticoats:-С d The great sea shall war it down, For its fame shall not be blown f At each farthing Quadrille dance. So saying, with a Spirit's glance 50 He dived!

READ me a lesson, Muse, and speak it loud
Upon the top of Nevis, blind in mist!
I look into the chasms, and a shroud
Vapourous doth hide them,—just so much I wist
Mankind do know of hell; I look o'erhead,
And there is sullen mist,—even so much
Mankind can tell of heaven; mist is spread
Before the earth, beneath me,—even such,
Even so vague is man's sight of himself!
Here are the craggy stones beneath my feet,—
Thus much I know that, a poor witless elf,
I tread on them,—that all my eye doth meet
Is mist and crag, not only on this height,
But in the world of thought and mental might!

'TIS the witching hour of night,
Orbed is the moon and bright,
And the stars they glisten, glisten,
Seeming with bright eyes to listen—
For what listen they?
For a song and for a charm,
See they glisten in alarm,
And the moon is waxing warm
To hear what I shall say.
Moon! keep wide thy golden ears—
Hearken, stars! and hearken, spheres!—

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"TIS	THE	WITCHING	HOUR	<b>3</b> 91	
Hearken, thou eternal sky!					

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I sing an infant's lullaby,
A pretty lullaby.
Listen, listen, listen, listen,
Glisten, glisten, glisten, glisten,
And hear my lullaby!
Though the rushes that will make

Though the rushes that will make Its cradle still are in the lake—
Though the linen that will be Its swathe, in on the cotton tree—
Though the woollen that will keep It warm, is on the silly sheep—
Listen, starlight, listen, listen,

Listen, starlight, listen, listen, Glisten, glisten, glisten, glisten, glisten, And hear my lullaby!

Child, I see thee! Child, I've found thee Midst of the quiet all around thee! Child, I see thee! Child, I spy thee! And thy mother sweet is nigh thee! Child, I know thee! Child no more, But a Poet evermore!

See, see, the lyre, the lyre, In a flame of fire, Upon the little cradle's top Flaring, flaring, flaring, Past the eyesight's bearing. Awake it from its sleep, And see if it can keep

Its eyes upon the blaze—
Amaze, amaze!
It stares, it stares, it stares,
It dares what no one dares!
It lifts its little hand into the flame
Unharm'd, and on the strings
Paddles a little tune, and sings,
With dumb endeavour sweetly—
Bard art thou completely!

Little child

O' th' western wild, Bard art thou completely! Sweetly with dumb endeavour,

A Poet now or never,
Little child
O' th' western wild,
A Poet now or never!

#### TRANSLATED FROM RONSARD

NATURE withheld Cassandra in the skies,
For more adornment, a full thousand years;
She took their cream of Beauty's fairest dyes,
And shap'd and tinted her above all Peers:
Meanwhile Love kept her dearly with his wings,
And underneath their shadow fill'd her eyes
With such a richness that the cloudy Kings
Of high Olympus utter'd slavish sighs.
When from the Heavens I saw her first descend,
My heart took fire, and only burning pains,
They were my pleasures—they my Life's sad end;
Love pour'd her beauty into my warm veins . . .

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#### CHARACTER OF CHARLES BROWN

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HE is to weet a melancholy carle:
Thin in the waist, with bushy head of hair,
As hath the seeded thistle when in parle
It holds the Zephyr, ere it sendeth fair
Its light balloons into the summer air;
Therto his beard had not begun to bloom,
No brush had touch'd his chin or razor sheer;
No care had touch'd his cheek with mortal doom,
But new he was and bright as scarf from Persian loom.

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Ne cared he for wine, or half-and-half Ne cared he for fish or flesh or fowl, And sauces held he worthless as the chaff; He 'sdeigned the swine-head at the wassail-bowl; Ne with lewd ribbalds sat he cheek by jowl; Ne with sly Lemans in the scorner's chair; But after water-brooks this Pilgrim's soul Panted, and all his food was woodland air Though he would oft-times feast on gilliflowers rare.

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The slang of cities in no wise he knew,

Tipping the wink to him was heathen Greek;

He sipp'd no olden Tom or ruin blue,

Or nantz or cherry-brandy drank full meek

By many a damsel hoarse and rouge of cheek;

Nor did he know each aged watchman's beat,

Nor in obscured purlieus would he seek

For curled Jewesses, with ankles neat,

Who as they walk abroad make tinkling with their feet.

#### [Written at the close of Canto II, Book V, of 'The Faerie Queene'.]

In after-time, a sage of mickle lore
Yclep'd Typographus, the Giant took,
And did refit his limbs as heretofore,
And made him read in many a learned book,
And into many a lively legend look;
Thereby in goodly themes so training him,
That all his brutishness he quite forsook,
When, meeting Artegall and Talus grim,
The one he struck stone-blind, the other's eyes wox dim.

#### THE POET

#### A FRAGMENT

WHERE's the Poet? show him! show him, Muses nine! that I may know him!
'Tis the man who with a man
Is an equal, be he King,
Or poorest of the beggar-clan,
Or any other wondrous thing

A man may be 'twixt ape and Plato;
'Tis the man who with a bird,
Wren or Eagle, finds his way to
All its instincts; he hath heard
The Lion's roaring, and can tell
What his horny throat expresseth,
And to him the Tiger's yell
Comes articulate and presseth
On his ear like mother-tongue.

#### MODERN LOVE

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AND what is love? It is a doll dress'd up For idleness to cosset, nurse, and dandle: A thing of soft misnomers, so divine That silly youth doth think to make itself Divine by loving, and so goes on Yawning and doting a whole summer long, Till Miss's comb is made a pearl tiara, And common Wellingtons turn Romeo boots: Then Cleopatra lives at number seven. And Antony resides in Brunswick Square. Fools! if some passions high have warm'd the world. If Oueens and Soldiers have play'd deep for hearts, It is no reason why such agonies Should be more common than the growth of weeds. Fools! make me whole again that weighty pearl The Queen of Egypt melted, and I'll say That ye may love in spite of beaver hats.

#### FRAGMENT OF THE 'CASTLE BUILDER'

#### CASTLE BUILDER

In short, convince you that however wise You may have grown from Convent libraries, I have, by many yards at least, been carding A longer skein of wit in Convent garden.

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#### BERNARDINE

A very Eden that same place must be! Pray what demesne? Whose Lordship's legacy? What, have you convents in that Gothic Isle? Pray pardon me, I cannot help but smile.

#### CASTLE BUILDER

Sir, Convent Garden is a monstrous beast
From morning, four o'clock, to twelve at noon,
It swallows cabbages without a spoon,
And then, from twelve till two, this Eden made is
A promenade for cooks and ancient ladies;
And then for supper, 'stead of soup and poaches,
It swallows chairmen, damns, and Hackney coaches.
In short, Sir, 'tis a very place for monks,
For it containeth twenty thousand punks,
Which any man may number for his sport,
By following fat elbows up a court.

In such like nonsense would I pass an hour With random Friar, or Rake upon his tour, Or one of few of that imperial host Who came unmaimed from the Russian frost. To-night I'll have my friar—let me think About my room,—I'll have it in the pink; It should be rich and sombre, and the moon, Just in its mid-life in the midst of June, Should look thro' four large windows and display Clear, but for gold-fish vases in the way, Their glassy diamonding on Turkish floor; The tapers keep aside, an hour and more, To see what else the moon alone can show; While the night-breeze doth softly let us know My terrace is well bower'd with oranges.

Upon the floor the dullest spirit sees A guitar-ribband and a lady's glove Beside a crumple-leaved tale of love;

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A tambour-frame, with Venus sleeping there, All finish'd but some ringlets of her hair; A viol, bowstrings torn, cross-wise upon A glorious folio of Anacreon; A skull upon a mat of roses lying, Ink'd purple with a song concerning dying; An hour-glass on the turn, amid the trails Of passion-flower;—just in time there sails A cloud across the moon,—the lights bring in! And see what more my phantasy can win. It is a gorgeous room, but somewhat sad; The draperies are so, as tho' they had Been made for Cleopatra's winding-sheet; And opposite the stedfast eye doth meet A spacious looking-glass, upon whose face, In letters raven-sombre, you may trace Old 'Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin.' Greek busts and statuary have ever been Held, by the finest spirits, fitter far Than vase grotesque and Siamesian iar: Therefore 'tis sure a want of Attic taste That I should rather love a Gothic waste Of evesight on cinque-coloured potter's clay. Than on the marble fairness of old Greece. My table-coverlits of Jason's fleece And black Numidian sheep-wool should be wrought. Gold, black, and heavy, from the Lama brought. My ebon sofas should delicious be With down from Leda's cygnet progeny. My pictures all Salvator's, save a few Of Titian's portraiture, and one, though new, Of Haydon's in its fresh magnificence. My wine—O good! 'tis here at my desire, And I must sit to supper with my friar.

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#### FRAGMENT

'Under the flag
Of each his faction, they to battle bring
Their embryon atoms.' MILTON

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WELCOME joy, and welcome sorrow, Lethe's weed and Hermes' feather: Come to-day, and come to-morrow. I do love you both together! I love to mark sad faces in fair weather: And hear a merry laugh amid the thunder; Fair and foul I love together. Meadows sweet where flames are under. And a giggle at a wonder; Visage sage at pantomime; Funeral, and steeple-chime; Infant playing with a skull; Morning fair, and shipwreck'd hull: Nightshade with the woodbine kissing: Serpents in red roses hissing: Cleopatra regal-dress'd With the aspic at her breast; Dancing music, music sad, Both together, sane and mad: Muses bright and muses pale; Sombre Saturn, Momus hale:-Laugh and sigh, and laugh again; Oh the sweetness of the pain! Muses bright, and muses pale, Bare your faces of the veil: Let me see: and let me write Of the day, and of the night-Both together:-let me slake All my thirst for sweet heart-ache! Let my bower be of yew, Interwreath'd with myrtles new; Pines and lime-trees full in bloom. And my couch a low grass tomb.

## CANCELLED STANZA OF THE ODE ON MELANCHOLY

THOUGH you should build a bark of dead men's bones,
And rear a phantom gibbet for a mast,
Stitch shrouds together for a sail, with groans
To fill it out, blood-stained and aghast;
Although your rudder be a dragon's tail
Long sever'd, yet still hard with agony,
Your cordage large uprootings from the skull
Of bald Medusa, certes you would fail
To find the Melancholy—whether she
Dreameth in any isle of Lethe dull.

#### TO-

WHAT can I do to drive away Remembrance from my eyes? for they have seen, Aye, an hour ago, my brilliant Queen! Touch has a memory. O say, love, say, What can I do to kill it and be free In my old liberty? When every fair one that I saw was fair, Enough to catch me in but half a snare, Not keep me there: When, howe'er poor or particolour'd things, My muse had wings, And ever ready was to take her course Whither I bent her force. Unintellectual, yet divine to me;-Divine, I say!—What sea-bird o'er the sea Is a philosopher the while he goes Winging along where the great water throes?

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How shall I do
To get anew
Those moulted feathers, and so mount once more
Above, above
The reach of fluttering Love,
And make him cower lowly while I soar?

TO— **399** 

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Shall I gulp wine? No, that is vulgarism, A heresy and schism,
Foisted into the canon law of love;
No,—wine is only sweet to happy men;
More dismal cares

Seize on me unawares.— Where shall I learn to get my peace again? 30 To banish thoughts of that most hateful land, Dungeoner of my friends, that wicked strand Where they were wreck'd and live a wrecked life: That monstrous region, whose dull rivers pour, Ever from their sordid urns unto the shore. Unown'd of any weedy-haired gods; Whose winds, all zephyrless, hold scourging rods, Iced in the great lakes, to afflict mankind; Whose rank-grown forests, frosted, black, and blind, Would fright a Dryad; whose harsh herbag'd meads 40 Make lean and lank the stary'd ox while he feeds: There flowers have no scent, birds no sweet song, And great unerring Nature once seems wrong.

O, for some sunny spell
To dissipate the shadows of this hell!
Say they are gone,—with the new dawning light
Steps forth my lady bright!
O, let me once more rest
My soul upon that dazzling breast!
Let once again these aching arms be plac'd,
The tender gaolers of thy waist!
And let me feel that warm breath here and there
To spread a rapture in my very hair,—
O, the sweetness of the pain!
Give me those lips again!
Enough! Enough! it is enough for me
To dream of thee!

### THE FALL OF HYPERION

#### A DREAM

AN ATTEMPT MADE AT THE END OF 1819 TO RECONSTRUCT THE POEM

# THE FALL OF HYPERION

### A DREAM

# [CANTO I]

FANATICS have their dreams, wherewith they weave A paradise for a sect: the savage too From forth the loftiest fashion of his sleep Guesses at Heaven; pity these have not Trac'd upon vellum or wild Indian leaf The shadows of melodious utterance. But bare of laurel they live, dream, and die; For Poesy alone can tell her dreams. With the fine spell of words alone can save Imagination from the sable charm And dumb enchantment. Who alive can say, 'Thou art no Poet-may'st not tell thy dreams?' Since every man whose soul is not a clod Hath visions, and would speak, if he had loved, And been well nurtured in his mother tongue. Whether the dream now purpos'd to rehearse Be poet's or fanatic's will be known When this warm scribe my hand is in the grave.

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Methought I stood where trees of every clime, Palm, myrtle, oak, and sycamore, and beech, With plantain, and spice-blossoms, made a screen; In neighbourhood of fountains (by the noise Soft-showering in my ears), and, (by the touch Of scent,) not far from roses. Turning round I saw an arbour with a drooping roof Of trellis vines, and bells, and larger blooms, Like floral censers, swinging light in air; Before its wreathed doorway, on a mound Of moss, was spread a feast of summer fruits, Which, nearer seen, seem'd refuse of a meal By angel tasted or our Mother Eve; For empty shells were scattered on the grass, And grape-stalks but half bare, and remnants more,

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Sweet-smelling, whose pure kinds I could not know. Still was more plenty than the fabled horn Thrice emptied could pour forth, at banqueting For Proserpine return'd to her own fields. Where the white heifers low. And appetite More yearning than on Earth I ever felt Growing within, I ate deliciously; And, after not long, thirsted, for thereby Stood a cool vessel of transparent juice Sipp'd by the wander'd bee, the which I took, And, pledging all the mortals of the world, And all the dead whose names are in our lips, Drank. That full draught is parent of my theme. No Asian poppy nor elixir fine Of the soon-fading jealous Caliphat; No poison gender'd in close monkish cell, To thin the scarlet conclave of old men. Could so have rapt unwilling life away. Among the fragrant husks and berries crush'd, Upon the grass I struggled hard against The domineering potion; but in vain: The cloudy swoon came on, and down I sank, Like a Silenus on an antique vase. How long I slumber'd 'tis a chance to guess. When sense of life return'd, I started up As if with wings; but the fair trees were gone. The mossy mound and arbour were no more: I look'd around upon the carved sides Of an old sanctuary with roof august, Builded so high, it seem'd that filmed clouds Might spread beneath, as o'er the stars of heaven; So old the place was, I remember'd none The like upon the Earth: what I had seen Of grey cathedrals, buttress'd walls, rent towers, The superannuations of sunk realms. Or Nature's rocks toil'd hard in waves and winds, Seem'd but the faulture of decrepit things To that eternal domed Monument.— Upon the marble at my feet there lav Store of strange vessels and large draperies, Which needs had been of dyed asbestos wove.

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Or in that place the moth could not corrupt, So white the linen, so, in some, distinct Ran imageries from a sombre loom. All in a mingled heap confus'd there lay Robes, golden tongs, censer and chafing-dish, Girdles, and chains, and holy jewelries.

Turning from these with awe, once more I rais'd My eyes to fathom the space every way; The embossed roof, the silent massy range Of columns north and south, ending in mist Of nothing, then to eastward, where black gates Were shut against the sunrise evermore.— Then to the west I look'd, and saw far off An image, huge of feature as a cloud, At level of whose feet an altar slept, To be approach'd on either side by steps. And marble balustrade, and patient travail To count with toil the innumerable degrees. Towards the altar sober-paced I went, Repressing haste, as too unholy there; And, coming nearer, saw beside the shrine One minist'ring; and there arose a flame.— When in mid-May the sickening East wind Shifts sudden to the south, the small warm rain Melts out the frozen incense from all flowers. And fills the air with so much pleasant health That even the dying man forgets his shroud:— Even so that lofty sacrificial fire, Sending forth Maian incense, spread around Forgetfulness of everything but bliss. And clouded all the altar with soft smoke; From whose white fragrant curtains thus I heard Language pronounc'd: 'If thou canst not ascend 'These steps, die on that marble where thou art. 'Thy flesh, near cousin to the common dust, 'Will parch for lack of nutriment—thy bones 'Will wither in few years, and vanish so 'That not the quickest eve could find a grain 'Of what thou now art on that pavement cold. 'The sands of thy short life are spent this hour,

'And no hand in the universe can turn 'Thy hourglass, if these gummed leaves be burnt 'Ere thou canst mount up these immortal steps.' I heard. I look'd: two senses both at once. So fine, so subtle, felt the tyranny Of that fierce threat and the hard task proposed. 120 Prodigious seem'd the toil; the leaves were yet Burning—when suddenly a palsied chill Struck from the paved level up my limbs, And was ascending quick to put cold grasp Upon those streams that pulse beside the throat: I shriek'd, and the sharp anguish of my shriek Stung my own ears—I strove hard to escape The numbness; strove to gain the lowest step. Slow, heavy, deadly was my pace: the cold Grew stifling, suffocating, at the heart; 130 And when I clasp'd my hands I felt them not. One minute before death, my iced foot touch'd The lowest stair; and as it touch'd, life seem'd To pour in at the toes: I mounted up, As once fair angels on a ladder flew From the green turf to Heaven—'Holy Power,' Cried I, approaching near the horned shrine, 'What am I that should so be saved from death? 'What am I that another death come not 'To choke my utterance sacrilegious, here?' 140 Then said the veiled shadow—'Thou hast felt 'What 'tis to die and live again before 'Thy fated hour, that thou hadst power to do so 'Is thy own safety; thou hast dated on Thy doom.'—'High Prophetess,' said I, 'purge off, Benign, if so it please thee, my mind's film.'— 'None can usurp this height,' return'd that shade, 'But those to whom the miseries of the world 'Are misery, and will not let them rest. 'All else who find a haven in the world, 150 'Where they may thoughtless sleep away their days, 'If by a chance into this fane they come, 'Rot on the pavement where thou rottedst half.'— 'Are there not thousands in the world,' said I, Encourag'd by the sooth voice of the shade,

'Who love their fellows even to the death, 'Who feel the giant agony of the world, 'And more, like slaves to poor humanity, 'Labour for mortal good? I sure should see 'Other men here: but I am here alone.' 160 'Those whom thou spak'st of are no vision'ries,' Rejoin'd that voice—'They are no dreamers weak, 'They seek no wonder but the human face; 'No music but a happy-noted voice-'They come not here, they have no thought to come-'And thou art here, for thou art less than they— 'What benefit canst thou, or all thy tribe. 'To the great world? Thou art a dreaming thing. 'A fever of thyself—think of the Earth; 'What bliss even in hope is there for thee? 170 'What haven? every creature hath its home: 'Every sole man hath days of joy and pain, 'Whether his labours be sublime or low-'The pain alone; the joy alone; distinct: 'Only the dreamer venoms all his days, 'Bearing more woe than all his sins deserve. 'Therefore, that happiness be somewhat shar'd. 'Such things as thou art are admitted oft 'Into like gardens thou didst pass erewhile, 'And suffer'd in these temples: for that cause 180 'Thou standest safe beneath this statue's knees.' 'That I am favour'd for unworthiness, 'By such propitious parley medicin'd 'In sickness not ignoble, I rejoice, 'Aye, and could weep for love of such award.' So answer'd I, continuing, 'If it please, 'Majestic shadow, tell me: sure not all 'Those melodies sung into the World's ear 'Are useless: sure a poet is a sage; 'A humanist, physician to all men. 190 'That I am none I feel, as vultures feel 'They are no birds when eagles are abroad. 'What am I then: Thou spakest of my tribe: 'What tribe?' The tall shade veil'd in drooping white Then spake, so much more earnest, that the breath Moved the thin linen folds that drooping hung

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About a golden censer from the hand Pendent—'Art thou not of the dreamer tribe? 'The poet and the dreamer are distinct, 'Diverse, sheer opposite, antipodes. 200 'The one pours out a balm upon the World, 'The other vexes it.' Then shouted I Spite of myself, and with a Pythia's spleen, 'Apollo! faded! O far flown Apollo! 'Where is thy misty pestilence to creep 'Into the dwellings, through the door crannies 'Of all mock lyrists, large self worshipers 'And careless Hectorers in proud bad verse. 'Though I breathe death with them it will be life 'To see them sprawl before me into graves. 210 'Majestic shadow, tell me where I am, 'Whose altar this; for whom this incense curls; 'What image this whose face I cannot see, 'For the broad marble knees; and who thou art, 'Of accent feminine so courteous?'

Then the tall shade, in drooping linens veil'd, Spoke out, so much more earnest, that her breath Stirr'd the thin folds of gauze that drooping hung About a golden censer from her hand Pendent; and by her voice I knew she shed Long-treasured tears. 'This temple, sad and lone, 'Is all spar'd from the thunder of a war 'Foughten long since by giant hierarchy 'Against rebellion: this old image here, 'Whose carved features wrinkled as he fell. 'Is Saturn's; I Moneta, left supreme 'Sole Priestess of this desolation,'— I had no words to answer, for my tongue, Useless, could find about its roofed home No syllable of a fit majesty To make rejoinder to Moneta's mourn. There was a silence, while the altar's blaze Was fainting for sweet food: I look'd thereon, And on the paved floor, where nigh were piled Faggots of cinnamon, and many heaps Of other crisped spice-wood—then again

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I look'd upon the altar, and its horns Whiten'd with ashes, and its lang'rous flame, And then upon the offerings again; And so by turns—till sad Moneta cried, 'The sacrifice is done, but not the less 'Will I be kind to thee for thy good will. 'My power, which to me is still a curse, 'Shall be to thee a wonder; for the scenes 'Still swooning vivid through my globed brain, 'With an electral changing misery, 'Thou shalt with those dull mortal eves behold. 'Free from all pain, if wonder pain thee not.' As near as an immortal's sphered words Could to a mother's soften, were these last: And yet I had a terror of her robes, And chiefly of the veils, that from her brow Hung pale, and curtain'd her in mysteries, That made my heart too small to hold its blood. This saw that Goddess, and with sacred hand Parted the veils. Then saw I a wan face, Not pin'd by human sorrows, but bright-blanch'd By an immortal sickness which kills not; It works a constant change, which happy death Can put no end to; deathwards progressing To no death was that visage; it had past The lilly and the snow; and beyond these I must not think now, though I saw that face— But for her eyes I should have fled away. They held me back, with a benignant light, Soft mitigated by divinest lids Half-closed, and visionless entire they seem'd Of all external things;—they saw me not, But in blank splendor, beam'd like the mild moon, Who comforts those she sees not, who knows not What eyes are upward cast. As I had found A grain of gold upon a mountain side, And twing'd with avarice strain'd out my eyes To search its sullen entrails rich with ore, So at the view of sad Moneta's brow. I ach'd to see what things the hollow brain Behind enwombed: what high tragedy

In the dark secret chambers of her skull Was acting, that could give so dread a stress To her cold lips, and fill with such a light 280 Her planetary eyes; and touch her voice With such a sorrow—'Shade of Memory!'— Cried I, with act adorant at her feet, 'By all the gloom hung round thy fallen house, 'By this last temple, by the golden age, 'By great Apollo, thy dear Foster Child, 'And by thyself, forlorn divinity, 'The pale Omega of a withered race, 'Let me behold, according as thou saidst, 'What in thy brain so ferments to and fro!' 200 No sooner had this conjuration pass'd My devout lips, than side by side we stood (Like a stunt bramble by a solemn pine) Deep in the shady sadness of a vale, Far sunken from the healthy breath of morn, Far from the fiery noon and eve's one star. Onward I look'd beneath the gloomy boughs, And saw, what first I thought an image huge, Like to the image pedestal'd so high In Saturn's temple. Then Moneta's voice 300 Came brief upon mine ear-'So Saturn sat When he had lost his Realms—' whereon there grew A power within me of enormous ken To see as a god sees, and take the depth Of things as nimbly as the outward eye Can size and shape pervade. The lofty theme At those few words hung vast before my mind, With half-unravel'd web. I set myself Upon an eagle's watch, that I might see, And seeing ne'er forget. No stir of life 310 Was in this shrouded vale, not so much air As in the zoning of a summer's day Robs not one light seed from the feather'd grass, But where the dead leaf fell there did it rest: A stream went voiceless by, still deaden'd more By reason of the fallen divinity Spreading more shade; the Naiad 'mid her reeds Prest her cold finger closer to her lips.

Along the margin-sand large footmarks went
No farther than to where old Saturn's feet
Had rested, and there slept, how long a sleep!
Degraded, cold, upon the sodden ground
His old right hand lay nerveless, listless, dead,
Unsceptred; and his realmless eyes were clos'd,
While his bow'd head seem'd listening to the Earth,
His ancient mother, for some comfort yet.

It seem'd no force could wake him from his place; But there came one who, with a kindred hand Touch'd his wide shoulders after bending low With reverence, though to one who knew it not, 330 Then came the griev'd voice of Mnemosyne, And griev'd I hearken'd. 'That divinity 'Whom thou saw'st step from yon forlornest wood, 'And with slow pace approach our fallen King, 'Is Thea, softest-natur'd of our Brood.' I mark'd the Goddess in fair statuary Surpassing wan Moneta by the head, And in her sorrow nearer woman's tears. There was a listening fear in her regard, As if calamity had but begun; 340 As if the vanward clouds of evil days Had spent their malice, and the sullen rear Was with its stored thunder labouring up. One hand she press'd upon that aching spot Where beats the human heart, as if just there, Though an immortal, she felt cruel pain; The other upon Saturn's bended neck She laid, and to the level of his hollow ear Leaning with parted lips, some words she spake In solemn tenor and deep organ tune; 350 Some mourning words, which in our feeble tongue Would come in this-like accenting; how frail To that large utterance of the early Gods!

'Saturn! look up—and for what, poor lost King? 'I have no comfort for thee; no not one; 'I cannot cry, wherefore thus sleepest thou? 'For Heaven is parted from thee, and the Earth

'Knows thee not, so afflicted, for a God; 'And Ocean too, with all its solemn noise, 'Has from thy sceptre pass'd, and all the air 960 'Is emptied of thine hoary majesty: 'Thy thunder, captious at the new command, 'Rumbles reluctant o'er our fallen house: 'And thy sharp lightning, in unpracticed hands, 'Scorches and burns our once serene domain. 'With such remorseless speed still come new woes. 'That unbelief has not a space to breathe. 'Saturn! sleep on:-Me thoughtless, why should I 'Thus violate thy slumbrous solitude? 'Why should I ope thy melancholy eyes? 370 'Saturn, sleep on, while at thy feet I weep.'

As when upon a tranced summer-night Forests, branch-charmed by the earnest stars, Dream, and so dream all night without a noise, Save from one gradual solitary gust, Swelling upon the silence; dying off; As if the ebbing air had but one wave: So came these words, and went; the while in tears She prest her fair large forehead to the earth, Just where her fallen hair might spread in curls. 380 A soft and silken mat for Saturn's feet. Long, long those two were postured motionless, Like sculpture builded-up upon the grave Of their own power. A long awful time I look'd upon them: still they were the same; The frozen God still bending to the earth, And the sad Goddess weeping at his feet, Moneta silent. Without stay or prop. But my own weak mortality, I bore The load of this eternal quietude, 390 The unchanging gloom, and the three fixed shapes Ponderous upon my senses, a whole moon. For by my burning brain I measured sure Her silver seasons shedded on the night. And ever day by day methought I grew More gaunt and ghostly.—Oftentimes I pray'd Intense, that Death would take me from the Vale

And all its burthens-gasping with despair Of change, hour after hour I curs'd myself: Until old Saturn rais'd his faded eves. 400 And look'd around and saw his kingdom gone, And all the gloom and sorrow of the place. And that fair kneeling Goddess at his feet. As the moist scent of flowers, and grass, and leaves, Fills forest dells with a pervading air, Known to the woodland nostril, so the words Of Saturn fill'd the mossy glooms around, Even to the hollows of time-eaten oaks. And to the windings of the foxes' hole. With sad low tones, while thus he spake, and sent Strange musings to the solitary Pan. 'Moan, brethren, moan; for we are swallow'd up 'And buried from all Godlike exercise 'Of influence benign on planets pale, 'And peaceful sway above man's harvesting, 'And all those acts which Deity supreme 'Doth ease its heart of love in. Moan and wail, 'Moan, brethren, moan; for lo, the rebel spheres 'Spin round, the stars their ancient courses keep, 'Clouds still with shadowy moisture haunt the earth, 420 'Still suck their fill of light from sun and moon; 'Still buds the tree, and still the sea-shores murmur: 'There is no death in all the Universe, 'No smell of death—there shall be death—Moan, moan, 'Moan, Cybele, moan; for thy pernicious Babes 'Have changed a god into a shaking Palsy. 'Moan, brethren, moan, for I have no strength left, 'Weak as the reed-weak-feeble as my voice-'O, O, the pain, the pain of feebleness. 'Moan, moan, for still I thaw—or give me help: 430 'Throw down those imps, and give me victory. 'Let me hear other groans, and trumpets blown 'Of triumph calm, and hymns of festival, 'From the gold peaks of Heaven's high-piled clouds; 'Voices of soft proclaim, and silver stir 'Of strings in hollow shells; and let there be 'Beautiful things made new for the surprise 'Of the sky-children.' So he feebly ceas'd,

With such a poor and sickly sounding pause, Methought I heard some old man of the earth Bewailing earthly loss; nor could my eyes And ears act with that pleasant unison of sense Which marries sweet sound with the grace of form, And dolorous accent from a tragic harp With large-limb'd visions.—More I scrutinized: Still fix'd he sat beneath the sable trees. Whose arms spread straggling in wild serpent forms, With leaves all hush'd; his awful presence there (Now all was silent) gave a deadly lie To what I erewhile heard—only his lips 450 Trembled amid the white curls of his beard. They told the truth, though, round, the snowy locks Hung nobly, as upon the face of heaven A mid-day fleece of clouds. Thea arose, And stretched her white arm through the hollow dark. Pointing some whither: whereat he too rose Like a vast giant, seen by men at sea To grow pale from the waves at dull midnight. They melted from my sight into the woods: Ere I could turn. Moneta cried, 'These twain 460 'Are speeding to the families of grief, 'Where roof'd in by black rocks they waste, in pain 'And darkness, for no hope.'—And she spake on, As ye may read who can unwearied pass Onward from the Antichamber of this dream. Where even at the open doors awhile I must delay, and glean my memory Of her high phrase:—perhaps no further dare.

#### END OF CANTOI

# CANTO II

'MORTAL, that thou may'st understand aright, 'I humanize my sayings to thine ear, 'Making comparisons of earthly things; 'Or thou might'st better listen to the wind, 'Whose language is to thee a barren noise, 'Though it blows legend-laden thro' the trees.—

'In melancholy realms big tears are shed, 'More sorrow like to this, and such like woe. 'Too huge for mortal tongue, or pen of scribe. 'The Titans fierce, self hid or prison bound, 10 'Groan for the old allegiance once more. 'Listening in their doom for Saturn's voice. 'But one of our whole eagle-brood still keeps 'His sov'reignty, and rule, and majesty; 'Blazing Hyperion on his orbed fire 'Still sits, still snuffs the incense teeming up 'From Man to the Sun's God: yet unsecure. 'For as upon the earth dire prodigies 'Fright and perplex, so also shudders he: 'Nor at dog's howl or gloom-bird's Even screech, 'Or the familiar visitings of one 'Upon the first toll of his passing bell: 'But horrors, portioned to a giant nerve, 'Make great Hyperion ache. His palace bright, 'Bastion'd with pyramids of glowing gold, 'And touch'd with shade of bronzed obelisks. 'Glares a blood-red thro' all the thousand courts. 'Arches, and domes, and fiery galleries: 'And all its curtains of Aurorian clouds 'Flush angerly; when he would taste the wreaths 30 'Of incense breathed aloft from sacred hills. 'Instead of sweets, his ample palate takes 'Savour of poisonous brass and metals sick. 'Wherefore when harbour'd in the sleepy West, 'After the full completion of fair day, 'For rest divine upon exalted couch 'And slumber in the arms of melody, 'He paces through the pleasant hours of ease 'With strides colossal, on from hall to hall: 'While far within each aisle and deep recess 40 'His winged minions in close clusters stand 'Amaz'd, and full of fear; like anxious men, 'Who on a wide plain gather in sad troops, 'When earthquakes jar their battlements and towers. 'Even now, while Saturn, roused from icy trance, 'Goes, step for step, with Thea from yon woods, 'Hyperion, leaving twilight in the rear,

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'Is sloping to the threshold of the West.—
'Thither we tend.'—Now in clear light I stood,
Reliev'd from the dusk vale. Mnemosyne
Was sitting on a square-edg'd polish'd stone,
That in its lucid depth reflected pure
Her priestess-garments.—My quick eyes ran on
From stately nave to nave, from vault to vault,
Through bow'rs of fragrant and enwreathed light
And diamond-paved lustrous long arcades.
Anon rush'd by the bright Hyperion;
His flaming robes stream'd out beyond his heels,
And gave a roar, as if of earthly fire,
That scared away the meek ethereal hours,
And made their dove-wings tremble. On he flared.

# POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

NOT INCLUDED IN

LIFE, LETTERS, AND LITERARY

REMAINS, 1848

# SONNETS

#### ON PEACE

O Peace! and dost thou with thy presence bless
The dwellings of this war-surrounded Isle;
Soothing with placid brow our late distress,
Making the triple kingdom brightly smile?
Joyful I hail thy presence; and I hail
The sweet companions that await on thee;
Complete my joy—let not my first wish fail,
Let the sweet mountain nymph thy favourite be,
With England's happiness proclaim Europa's Liberty.
O Europe! let not sceptred tyrants see
That thou must shelter in thy former state;
Keep thy chains burst, and boldly say thou art free;
Give thy kings law—leave not uncurbed the great;
So with the horrors past thou'lt win thy happier fate!

# THE POET

At morn, at noon, at Eve, and Middle Night
He passes forth into the charmed air,
With talisman to call up spirits rare
From plant, cave, rock, and fountain.—To his sight
The husk of natural objects opens quite
To the core; and every secret essence there
Reveals the elements of good and fair;
Making him see, where Learning hath no light.
Sometimes above the gross and palpable things
Of this diurnal sphere, his spirit flies
On awful wing; and with its destined skies
Holds premature and mystic communings;
Till such unearthly intercourses shed
A visible halo round his mortal head.

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# ON RECEIVING A LAUREL CROWN FROM LEIGH HUNT

MINUTES are flying swiftly, and as yet Nothing unearthly has enticed my brain Into a delphic Labvrinth—I would fain Catch an unmortal thought to pay the debt I owe to the kind Poet who has set Upon my ambitious head a glorious gain. Two bending laurel Sprigs—'tis nearly pain To be conscious of such a Coronet. Still time is fleeting, and no dream arises Gorgeous as I would have it—only I see A Trampling down of what the world most prizes Turbans and Crowns, and blank regality: And then I run into most wild surmises Of all the many glories that may be.

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# TO THE LADIES WHO SAW ME CROWN'D

WHAT is there in the universal Earth More lovely than a Wreath from the bay tree? Haply a Halo round the Moon-a glee Circling from three sweet pair of Lips in Mirth; And haply you will say the dewy birth Of morning Roses—riplings tenderly Spread by the Halcvon's breast upon the Sea-But these Comparisons are nothing worth— Then is there nothing in the world so fair? The silvery tears of April?—Youth of May? Or June that breaths out life for butterflies? No-none of these can from my favourite bear Away the Palm—yet shall it ever pay Due Reverence to your most sovereign eyes.

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As from the darkening gloom a silver dove
Upsoars, and darts into the Eastern light,
On pinions that naught moves but pure delight,
So fled thy soul into the realms above,
Regions of peace and everlasting love;
Where happy spirits, crown'd with circlets bright
Of starry beam, and gloriously bedight,
Taste the high joy none but the blest can prove.
There thou or joinest the immortal quire
In melodies that even Heaven fair
Fill with superior bliss, or, at desire
Of the omnipotent Father, cleavest the air
On holy message sent—What pleasures higher?
Wherefore does any grief our joy impair?

# WRITTEN IN DISGUST OF VULGAR SUPERSTITION

THE church bells toll a melancholy round,
Calling the people to some other prayers,
Some other gloominess, more dreadful cares,
More hearkening to the sermon's horrid sound.
Surely the mind of man is closely bound
In some black spell; seeing that each one tears
Himself from fireside joys, and Lydian airs,
And converse high of those with glory crown'd.
Still, still they toll, and I should feel a damp,—
A chill as from a tomb, did I not know
That they are dying like an outburnt lamp;
That 'tis their sighing, wailing ere they go
Into oblivion;—that fresh flowers will grow,
And many glories of immortal stamp.

#### NEBUCHADNEZZAR'S DREAM

BEFORE he went to feed with owls and bats Nebuchadnezzar had an ugly dream, Worse than an Hus'if's when she thinks her cream Made a Naumachia for mice and rats. So scared, he sent for that 'Good King of Cats' Young Daniel, who soon did pluck the beam From out his eye, and said 'I do not deem Your sceptre worth a straw—your Cushions old door-mats'. A horrid nightmare similar somewhat Of late has haunted a most valiant crew 10 Of loggerheads and Chapmen—we are told That any Daniel though he be a sot Can make their lying lips turn pale of hue By drawling out 'ye are that head of Gold.'

# ON MRS. REYNOLDS'S CAT

CAT! who hast pass'd thy grand climacteric, How many mice and rats hast in thy days Destroy'd?—How many tit bits stolen? Gaze With those bright languid segments green, and prick Those velvet ears—but pr'ythee do not stick Thy latent talons in me—and upraise Thy gentle mew-and tell me all thy frays Of fish and mice, and rats and tender chick. Nay, look not down, nor lick thy dainty wrists-For all the wheezy asthma,—and for all Thy tail's tip is nick'd off—and though the fists Of many a maid have given thee many a maul. Still is that fur as soft as when the lists In youth thou enter'dst on glass-bottled wall.

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# ON A LEANDER WHICH MISS REYNOLDS MY KIND FRIEND GAVE ME

Come hither all sweet maidens soberly,
Down-looking—, and with a chasten'd light,
Hid in the fringes of your eyelids white,
And meekly let your fair hands joined be,
As if so gentle that ye could not see,
Untouch'd, a victim of your beauty bright,
Sinking away to his young spirit's night,—
Sinking bewilder'd 'mid the dreary sea:
'Tis young Leander toiling to his death;
Nigh swooning, he doth purse his weary lips
For Hero's cheek, and smiles against her smile.
O horrid dream! see how his body dips
Dead-heavy; arms and shoulders gleam awhile:
He's gone: up bubbles all his amorous breath!

FOUR seasons fill the measure of the year;
There are four seasons in the mind of man:
He has his lusty Spring, when fancy clear
Takes in all beauty with an easy span:
He has his Summer, when luxuriously
Spring's honey'd cud of youthful thought he loves
To ruminate, and by such dreaming high
Is nearest unto heaven: quiet coves
His soul has in its Autumn, when his wings
He furleth close; contented so to look
On mists in idleness—to let fair things
Pass by unheeded as a threshold brook.
He has his Winter too of pale misfeature,

Or else he would forego his mortal nature.

# 424 POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

Or late two dainties were before me plac'd
Sweet, holy, pure, sacred and innocent,
From the ninth sphere to me benignly sent
That Gods might know my own particular taste.
First the soft Bag-pipe mourn'd with zealous haste,
The Stranger next with head on bosom bent
Sigh'd; rueful again the piteous Bag-pipe went,
Again the Stranger sighings fresh did waste.
O Bag-pipe thou didst steal my heart away—
O Stranger thou my nerves from Pipe didst charm—
O Bag-pipe thou didst re-assert thy sway—
Again thou Stranger gav'st me fresh alarm—
Alas! I could not choose. Ah! my poor heart,
Mum chance art thou with both oblig'd to part.

The House of Mourning written by Mr. Scott,—
A sermon at the Magdalen—a tear
Dropt on a greasy novel,—want of cheer
After a walk up hill to a friend's cot,—
Tea with a Maiden Lady—a curs'd lot
Of worthy poems with the Author near,—
A patron lord—a drunkenness from beer,—
Haydon's great picture,—a cold coffee pot
At midnight when the Muse is ripe for labour,—
The voice of Mr. Coleridge,—a french Bonnet
Before you in the pit,—a pipe and tabour,—
A damn'd inseparable flute and neighbour,—
All these are vile,—but viler Wordsworth's Sonnet
On Dover:—Dover!—who could write upon it?

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# TO A. G. S.

ON READING HIS ADMIRABLE VERSES WRITTEN IN THIS [MISS REYNOLDS'S] ALBUM, ON EITHER SIDE OF THE FOLLOWING ATTEMPT TO PAY SMALL TRIBUTE THERETO

Where the bland accent, and the tender tone?

A-sitting snugly by thy Parlour fire?

Or didst thou with Apollo pick a bone?

The Muse will have a crow to pick with me
For thus assaying in thy brightening path:

Who, that with his own brace of eyes can see,
Unthunderstruck beholds thy gentle wrath?

Who from a pot of stout e'er blew the froth
Into the bosom of the wandering wind,
Light as the Powder on the back of Moth,
But drank thy muses with a grateful mind?

Yea, unto thee Beldams drink metheglin And annisies, and carraway, and gin.

# POEMS OTHER THAN SONNETS

SEE, the ship in the Bay is riding,
Dearest Ellen, I go from thee;
Boldly go, in thy love confiding,
Over the deep and trackless sea:—
When thy dear form no longer is near me,
This soothing thought shall at midnight chear me;
'My love is breathing a prayer for me'.—

10

When the thunder of war is roaring, When the bullets around me fly, When the rage of the tempest pouring Bends the billowy sea and sky, Yet shall my heart, to fear a stranger, Cherish its fondest hopes for thee:—This dear reflection disarming danger, 'My love is breathing a prayer for me'.

#### ON DEATH

I

CAN death be sleep, when life is but a dream, And scenes of bliss pass as a phantom by? The transient pleasures as a vision seem, And yet we think the greatest pain's to die.

H

How strange it is that man on earth should roam, And lead a life of woe, but not forsake His rugged path; nor dare he view alone His future doom which is but to awake.

20

# WRITTEN ON 29 MAY

# THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE RESTORATION OF CHARLES THE 2ND

INFATUATE Britons, will you still proclaim His memory, your direst, foulest shame? Nor patriots revere?

Ah! while I hear each traitorous lying bell, 'Tis gallant Sydney's, Russel's, Vane's sad knell, That pains my wounded ear.

FILL for me a brimming bowl And let me in it drown my soul: But put therein some drug, designed To Banish Women from my mind: For I want not the stream inspiring That fills the mind with—fond desiring. But I want as deep a draught As e'er from Lethe's wave was quaff'd; From my despairing heart to charm The Image of the fairest form That e'er my reveling eyes beheld, That e'er my wandering fancy spell'd. In vain! away I cannot chace The melting softness of that face, The beaminess of those bright eyes, That breast-earth's only Paradise. My sight will never more be blest; For all I see has lost its zest: Nor with delight can I explore The Classic page, or Muse's lore. Had she but known how beat my heart. And with one smile reliev'd its smart. I should have felt a sweet relief. I should have felt 'the joy of grief'. Yet as the Tuscan mid the snow Of Lapland thinks on sweet Arno, Even so for ever shall she be The Halo of my Memory.

HITHER, hither, love—
'Tis a shady mead—
Hither, hither, love,
Let me feed and feed.

Hither, hither, sweet—
'Tis a cowslip bed—
Hither, hither, sweet!
'Tis with dew bespread!

Hither, hither, dear,
By the breath of life,
Hither, hither, dear!
Be the summer's wife!

Though one moment's pleasure
In one moment flies,
Though the passion's treasure
In one moment dies;

10

20

Yet it has not passed—
Think how near, how near!—
And while it doth last,
Think how dear, how dear!

Hither, hither, hither,
Love this boon hath sent—
If I die and wither
I shall die content.

# TO EMMA

O COME, dearest Emma, the rose is full blown, The riches of Flora are lavishly strown, The air is all softness, and crystal the streams, The West is resplendently clothed in beams.

O come! let us haste to the freshening shades, The quaintly carv'd seats, and the opening glades; Where the faeries are chanting their evening hymns, And in the last sun-beam the sylph lightly swims.

And when thou art weary I'll find thee a bed, Of mosses and flowers to pillow thy head: There, beauteous Emma, I'll sit at thy feet, While my story of love I enraptur'd repeat.

So fondly I'll breathe, and so softly I'll sigh, Thou wilt think that some amorous Zephyr is nigh: Yet no—as I breathe I will press thy fair knee, And then thou wilt know that the sigh comes from me.

Then why dearest girl should we lose all these blisses? That mortal's a fool who such happiness misses: So smile acquiescence, and give me thy hand, With love-looking eyes, and with voice sweetly bland. 20

# SONG

TUNE - '. Iulia to the Wood-Robin'

STAY, ruby-breasted warbler, stay, And let me see thy sparkling eye, Oh brush not yet the pearl-strung spray Nor bow thy pretty head to fly.

Stay while I tell thee, fluttering thing, That thou of love an emblem art, Yes! patient plume thy little wing, Whilst I my thoughts to thee impart.

When summer nights the dews bestow, And summer suns enrich the day, Thy notes the blossoms charm to blow, Each opes delighted at thy lay.

So when in youth the eye's dark glance Speaks pleasure from its circle bright, The tones of love our joys enhance And make superior each delight.

And when bleak storms resistless rove, And every rural bliss destroy, Nought comforts then the leafless grove But thy soft note—its only joy10

#### 430 POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

E'en so the words of love beguile
When Pleasure's tree no flower bears,
And draw a soft endearing smile
Amid the gloom of grief and tears.

# SONG

ı

O BLUSH not so! O blush not so! Or I shall think you knowing; And if you smile the blushing while, Then maidenheads are going.

H

There's a blush for won't, and a blush for shan't, And a blush for having done it: There's a blush for thought and a blush for naught, And a blush for just begun it.

111

O sigh not so! O sigh not so! For it sounds of Eve's sweet pippin; By these loosen'd lips you have tasted the pips And fought in an amorous nipping.

ΙV

Will you play once more at nice-cut-core, For it only will last our youth out, And we have the prime of the kissing time, We have not one sweet tooth out.

v

There's a sigh for yes, and a sigh for no, And a sigh for I can't bear it! O what can be done, shall we stay or run? O cut the sweet apple and share it!

# POEMS OTHER THAN SONNETS

# APOLLO TO THE GRACES

Written to the tune of the air in 'Don Giovanni'

APOLLO

WHICH of the fairest three Today will ride with me?

My Steeds are all pawing on the thresholds of Morn:

Which of the fairest three Today will ride with me

Across the gold Autumn's whole Kingdom of corn?

THE GRACES all answer

I will, I-- I-- I--

O young Apollo let me fly along with thee, I will—I, I, I,

The many wonders see

I-I-I-I-

And thy lyre shall never have a slackened string: I, I, I, I,

Thro' the whole golden day will sing.

# **STANZAS**

ı

You say you love; but with a voice Chaster than a nun's, who singeth The soft Vespers to herself While the chime-bell ringeth— O love me truly!

11

You say you love; but with a smile Cold as sunrise in September, As you were Saint Cupid's nun, And kept his weeks of Ember. O love me truly!

HI

You say you love—but then your lips
Coral tinted teach no blisses.
More than coral in the sea—
They never pout for kisses—
O love me truly!

ΙV

You say you love; but then your hand No soft squeeze for squeeze returneth, It is like a statue's, dead.— While mine to passion burneth— O love me truly!

O breathe a word or two of fire! Smile, as if those words should burn me, Squeeze as lovers should-O kiss And in thy heart inurn me! O love me truly!

WHERE be ye going, you Devon Maid? And what have ve there in the Basket? Ye tight little fairy just fresh from the dairy, Will ve give me some cream if I ask it?

I love your Meads, and I love your flowers, And I love your junkets mainly, But 'hind the door I love kissing more, O look not so disdainly.

111

I love your hills, and I love your dales, And I love your flocks a-bleating-But O, on the heather to lie together, With both our hearts a-beating!

IV

I'll put your Basket all safe in a nook, Your shawl I hang up on the willow, And we will sigh in the daisy's eve And kiss on a grass green pillow.

Sweet, sweet is the greeting of eyes, And sweet is the voice in its greeting, When Adieux have grown old and goodbyes Fade away where old Time is retreating.

Warm the nerve of a welcoming hand, And earnest a Kiss on the Brow, When we meet over sea and o'er Land Where Furrows are new to the Plough.

### STANZAS ON SOME SKULLS

IN BEAULEY ABBEY, NEAR INVERNESS

[Only the lines printed in italics are by Keats; the rest was written by Brown]

I

In silent barren Synod met
Within those roofless walls, where yet
The shafted arch and carved fret
Cling to the Ruin,
The Brethren's Skulls mourn, dewy wet,
Their Creed's undoing.

ΙI

The mitred ones of Nice and Trent
Were not so tongue-tied,—no, they went
Hot to their Councils, scarce content
With Orthodoxy;
But ye, poor tongueless things, were meant
To speak by proxy.

111

Your chronicles no more exist,
Since Knox, the Revolutionist,
Destroy'd the work of every fist
That scrawl'd black letter;
Well! I'm a Craniologist
And may do better.

# 434 POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

11

The skull-cap wore the cowl from sloth Or discontent, perhaps from both, And yet one day, against his oath, He tried escaping, For men, tho' idle, may be loth To live on gaping.

v

A Toper this! he plied his glass
More strictly than he said the Mass,
And lov'd to see a tempting Lass
Come to Confession,
Letting his absolution pass
O'er first transgression.

VΙ

This crawl'd thro' life in feebleness,
Boasting he never knew excess,
Cursing those crimes he scarce could guess,
Or feel but faintly,
With prayers that Heaven would come to bless
Men so unsaintly.

VII

Here's a true Churchman! he'd affect Much charity, and ne'er neglect To pray for mercy on th' elect, But thought no evil In sending Heathen, Turk and Sect All to the Devil!

VIII

Poor Skull, thy fingers set ablaze,
With silver Saint in golden rays,
The holy Missal, thou did'st craze
'Mid bead and spangle,
While others pass'd their idle days
In coil and wrangle.

ıx

Long time this sconce a helmet wore,
But sickness smites the conscience sore;
He broke his sword, and hither bore
His gear and plunder,
Took to the cowl,—then rav'd and swore
At his damn'd blunder!

x

This lily-colour'd skull, with all
The teeth complete, so white and small,
Belong'd to one whose early pall
A lover shaded;
He died ere Superstition's gall
His heart invaded.

ХI

Ha! here is 'undivulged crime!'
Despair forbad his soul to climb
Beyond this world, this mortal time
Of fevered sadness,
Until this Monkish Pantomime
Dazzled his madness!

XII

A younger brother this! a man
Aspiring as a Tartar Khan,
But, curb'd and baffled, he began
The trade of frightening;
It smack'd of power!—and here he ran
To deal Heaven's lightening.

XIII

This ideot-skull belong'd to one,
A buried Miser's only son,
Who, penitent, ere he'd begun
To taste of pleasure,
And hoping Heaven's dread wrath to shun,
Gave Hell his treasure.

#### 436 POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

XIV

Here is the forehead of an Ape,
A robber's mask,—and near the nape
That bone, fie on't, bears just the shape
Of carnal passion;
Ah! he was one for theft and rape,
In Monkish fashion!

χV

This was the Porter!—he could ring,
Or dance, or play, do anything,
And what the Friars bade him bring,
They ne'er were balk'd of;
Matters not worth remembering
And seldom talk'd of.

XVI

Enough! why need I further pore?
This corner holds at least a score,
And yonder twice as many more
Of Reverend Brothers;
'Tis the same story o'er and o'er,—
They're like the others!

#### STANZAS

1

In drear-nighted December,
Too happy, happy tree,
Thy Branches ne'er remember
Their green felicity:
The north cannot undo them,
With a sleety whistle through them;
Nor frozen thawings glue them
From budding at the prime.

ΙI

In drear-nighted December, Too happy, happy Brook, Thy bubblings ne'er remember Apollo's summer look; But with a sweet forgetting, They stay their crystal fretting, Never, never petting About the frozen time.

111

Ah! would 'twere so with many
A gentle girl and boy!
But were there ever any
Writh'd not of passed joy?
The feel of not to feel it,
When there is none to heal it,
Nor numbed sense to steel it,
Was never said in rhyme.

AH! ken ve what I met the day Out oure the Mountains A coming down by craggies grey An mossie fountains-Ah goud hair'd Marie yeve I pray Ane minute's guessing-For that I met upon the way Is past expressing. As I stood where a rocky brig A torrent crosses I spied upon a misty rig A troup o' Horses-And as they trotted down the glen I sped to meet them To see if I might know the Men To stop and greet them. First Willie on his sleek mare came At canting gallop His long hair rustled like a flame On board a shallop. Then came his brother Rab and then Young Peggy's Mither And Peggy too-adown the glen

They went togither—

10

200

## 438 POSTHUMOUS AND FUGITIVE PIECES

I saw her wrappit in her hood Fra wind and raining-Her cheek was flush wi' timid blood Twixt growth and waning-She turn'd her dazed head full oft For there her Brithers 30 Came riding with her Bridegroom soft And mony ithers. Young Tam came up an' eyed me quick With reddened cheek— Braw Tam was daffed like a chick-He coud na speak— Ah Marie they are all gane hame Through blustering weather An' every heart is full on flame An' light as feather. 40 Ah! Marie they are all gone hame Fra happy wedding, Whilst I—Ah is it not a shame? Sad tears am shedding.

THIS living hand, now warm and capable Of earnest grasping, would, if it were cold And in the icy silence of the tomb, So haunt thy days and chill thy dreaming nights That thou wouldst wish thine own heart dry of blood So in my veins red life might stream again, And thou be conscience-calm'd—see here it is—I hold it towards you.

## TRIVIA

## WOMEN, WINE, AND SNUFF

GIVE me women, wine and snuff Until I cry out 'hold, enough!' You may do so sans objection Till the day of resurrection; For bless my beard they aye shall be My beloved Trinity.

THEY weren fully glad of their gude hap And tasten all the pleasaunces of joy.

## LINES RHYMED IN A LETTER RECEIVED (By J. H. R.) FROM OXFORD

1

THE Gothic looks solemn,
The plain Doric column
Supports an old Bishop and Crosier;
The mouldering arch,
Shaded o'er by a larch
Stands next door to Wilson the Hosier.

1

Vicè—that is, by turns,—
O'er pale faces mourns
The black tassell'd trencher and common hat;
The Chantry boy sings,
The Steeple-bell rings,
And as for the Chancellor—dominat.

111

There are plenty of trees,
And plenty of ease,
And plenty of fat deer for Parsons;
And when it is venison,
Short is the benison,—
Then each on a leg or thigh fastens.

442 TRIVIA

## TEIGNMOUTH

['Some Doggerel' sent in a Letter to B. R. Haydon]

'HERE ALL THE SUMMER COULD I STAY'

t

For there's Bishop's teign
And King's teign
And Coomb at the clear teign head—
Where close by the stream
You may have your cream
All spread upon barley bread.

11

There's arch Brook
And there's larch Brook
Both turning many a mill;
And cooling the drouth
Of the salmon's mouth,
And fattening his silver gill.

111

There is Wild wood,
A Mild hood
To the sheep on the lea o' the down,
Where the golden furze,
With its green, thin spurs,
Doth catch at the maiden's gown.

IV

There is Newton marsh
With its spear grass harsh—
A pleasant summer level
Where the maidens sweet
Of the Market Street,
Do meet in the dusk to revel.

v

There's the Barton rich
With dyke and ditch
And hedge for the thrush to live in
And the hollow tree
For the buzzing bee
And a bank for the wasp to hive in.

VΙ

And O, and O
The daisies blow
And the primroses are waken'd,
And violets white
Sit in silver plight,
And the green bud's as long as the spike end.

VII

Then who would go
Into dark Soho,
And chatter with dack'd-hair'd critics,
When he can stay
For the new-mown hay,
And startle the dappled Prickets?

## A SONG ABOUT MYSELF

FROM A LETTER TO FANNY KEATS, 2 JULY 1818

1

THERE was a naughty Boy,
A naughty boy was he,
He would not stop at home,
He could not quiet be—
He took
In his Knapsack
A Book
Full of yowels

444 TRIVIA

And a shirt With some towels— A slight cap For night cap-A hair brush, Comb ditto, New Stockings For old ones Would split O! This Knapsack Tight at's back He rivetted close And followed his Nose To the North, To the North. And follow'd his nose To the North.

11

There was a naughty boy And a naughty boy was he, For nothing would he do But scribble poetry-He took An ink stand In his hand And a pen Big as ten In the other. And away In a Pother He ran To the mountains And fountains And ghostes And Postes And witches And ditches And wrote In his coat

When the weather Was cool, Fear of gout, And without When the weather Was warm—Och the charm When we choose To follow one's nose To the north, To follow one's nose To the north!

#### 111

There was a naughty boy And a naughty boy was he. He kept little fishes In washing tubs three In spite Of the might Of the Maid Nor afraid Of his Granny-good— He often would Hurly burly Get up early And go By hook or crook To the brook And bring home Miller's thumb. Tittlebat Not over fat. Minnows small As the stall Of a glove, Not above The size Of a nice Little Baby's

446 TRIVIA

Little fingers—
O he made
'Twas his trade
Of Fish a pretty Kettle
A Kettle—
A Kettle
Of Fish a pretty Kettle
A Kettle

ıv

There was a naughty Boy, And a naughty Boy was he, He ran away to Scotland The people for to see— Then he found That the ground Was as hard, That a vard Was as long, That a song Was as merry, That a cherry Was as red-That lead Was as weighty. That fourscore Was as eighty, That a door Was as wooden As in England— So he stood in his shoes And he wonder'd. He wonder'd. He stood in his Shoes and he wonder'd.

ALL gentle folks who owe a grudge
To any living thing
Open your ears and stay your trudge
Whilst I in dudgeon sing.

The Gadfly he hath stung me sore—
O may he ne'er sting you!
But we have many a horrid bore
He may sting black and blue.

Has any here an old grey MareWith three legs all her store,O put it to her Buttocks bareAnd straight she'll run on four.

Has any here a Lawyer suit
Of Seventeen-Forty-Three,
Take Lawyer's nose and put it to 't
And you the end will see.

Is there a Man in Parliament
Dum[b-]founder'd in his speech,
O let his neighbour make a rent
And put one in his breech.

O Lowther how much better thou Hadst figur'd t'other day When to the folks thou mad'st a bow And hadst no more to say

If lucky Gadfly had but ta'en
His seat upon thine A—e
And put thee to a little pain
To save thee from a worse.

Better than Southey it had been,
Better than Mr. D—,
Better than Wordsworth too, I ween,
Better than Mr. V—.

Forgive me pray good people all
For deviating so—
In spirit sure I had a call—
And now I on will go.

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448 TRIVIA

Has any here a daughter fair
Too fond of reading novels,
Too apt to fall in love with care
And charming Mister Lovels,

O put a Gadfly to that thing
She keeps so white and pert—
I mean the finger for the ring,
And it will breed a wort.

Has any here a pious spouse
Who seven times a day
Scolds as King David pray'd, to chouse
And have her holy way—

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10

O let a Gadfly's little sting Persuade her sacred tongue That noises are a common thing, But that her bell has rung.

And as this is the summum bonum of all conquering, I leave withouten wordes mo The Gadfly's little sting.

#### MRS. C.

UPON my life Sir Nevis I am pique'd That I have so far panted tugg'd and reek'd To do an honor to your old bald pate And now am sitting on you just to bate, Without your paying me one compliment. Alas 'tis so with all, when our intent Is plain, and in the eye of all Mankind We fair ones show a preference, too blind! You Gentle man immediately turn tail—O let me then my hapless fate bewail! Ungrateful Baldpate, have I not disdain'd The pleasant Valleys—have I not, madbrain'd, Deserted all my Pickles and preserves, My China closet too—with wretched Nerves

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To boot—say, wretched ingrate, have I not Left my soft cushion chair and caudle pot? 'Tis true I had no corns—no! thank the fates, My Shoemaker was always Mr. Bates. And if not Mr. Bates why I'm not old! Still dumb, ungrateful Nevis—still so cold!

Here the Lady took some more wiskey and was putting even more to her lips when she dashed [it] to the Ground for the Mountain began to grumble—which continued for a few minutes before he thus began,

#### BEN NEVIS

What whining bit of tongue and Mouth thus dares Disturb my slumber of a thousand years? Even so long my sleep has been secure—And to be so awaked I'll not endure. Oh pain—for since the Eagle's earliest scream I've had a damn'd confounded ugly dream, A Nightmare sure. What, Madam, was it you? It cannot be! My old eyes are not true! Red-Crag, my Spectacles! Now let me see! Good Heavens, Lady, how the gemini Did you get here? O I shall split my sides! I shall earthquake——

#### MRS. C.

Sweet Nevis, do not quake, for though I love Your honest Countenance all things above, Truly I should not like to be convey'd So far into your Bosom—gentle Maid Loves not too rough a treatment, gentle Sir—Pray thee be calm and do not quake nor stir, No not a Stone, or I shall go in fits—

#### BEN NEVIS

I must—I shall—I meet not such tit bits—
I meet not such sweet creatures every day—
By my old night-cap, night-cap night and day,
I must have one sweet Buss—I must and shall!
Red-Crag!—What, Madam, can you then repent

B 5482

450 TRIVIA

> Of all the toil and vigour you have spent To see Ben Nevis and to touch his nose? Red-Crag, I say! O I must have them close! Red-Crag, there lies beneath my farthest toe A vein of Sulphur—go dear Red-Crag, go— And rub your flinty back against it-budge! Dear Madam, I must kiss you, faith I must! I must Embrace you with my dearest gust! Block-head, d'ye hear-Block-head, I'll make her feel-There lies beneath my east leg's northern heel A cave of young earth dragons—well, my boy. Go thither quick and (so complete my joy) Take you a bundle of the largest pines And when the sun on fiercest Phosphor shines Fire them and ram them in the Dragon's nest, Then will the dragons fry and fizz their best Until ten thousand now no bigger than Poor Alligators—poor things of one span— Will each one swell to twice ten times the size Of northern whale—then for the tender prize— The moment then—for then will Red-Crag rub His flinty back—and I shall kiss and snub And press my dainty morsel to my breast. Block-head, make haste!

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O Muses weep the rest— The Lady fainted and he thought her dead So pulled the clouds again about his head And went to sleep again—soon she was rous'd By her affrighted servants-next day hous'd Safe on the lowly ground she bless'd her fate That fainting fit was not delayed too late.

WHEN they were come into the Faery's Court They rang-no one at home-all gone to sport And dance and kiss and love as faeries do-For Faeries be as humans, lovers true— Amid the woods they were, so lone and wild, Where even the Robin feels himself exil'd

**4**51

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And where the very brooks as if afraid Hurry along to some less magic shade. 'No one at home!' the fretful princess cry'd 'And all for nothing such a dreary ride. And all for nothing my new diamond cross, No one to see my Persian feathers toss, No one to see my Ape, my Dwarf, my Fool, Or how I pace my Otahaeitan mule. Ape, Dwarf and Fool, why stand you gaping there? Burst the door open, quick-or I declare I'll switch you soundly and in pieces tear.' The Dwarf began to tremble and the Ape Star'd at the Fool, the Fool was all agape. The Princess grasp'd her switch, but just in time The dwarf with piteous face began to rhyme. 'O mighty Princess, did you ne'er hear tell What your poor servants know but too too well? Know you the three great crimes in faery land? The first, alas! poor Dwarf, I understand— I made a whipstock of a faery's wand— The next is snoring in their company— The next, the last, the direct of the three Is making free when they are not at home. I was a Prince—a baby prince—my doom You see. I made a whipstock of a wand-My top has henceforth slept in faery land. He was a Prince, the Fool, a grown up Prince, But he has never been a King's son since He fell a-snoring at a faery Ball-Your poor Ape was a prince and he, poor thing, Picklock'd a faery's boudoir—now no king. But ape—so pray your highness stay awhile; 'Tis sooth indeed, we know it to our sorrow-Persist and vou may be an ape tomorrow'— While the Dwarf spake the Princess all for spite Peel'd the brown hazel twig to lilly white. Clench'd her small teeth, and held her lips apart, Try'd to look unconcern'd with beating heart. They saw her highness had made up her mind And quaver'd like the reeds before the wind, And they had had it, but, O happy chance!

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The Ape for very fear began to dance And grin'd as all his ugliness did ache-She staid her vixen fingers for his sake. He was so very ugly: then she took Her pocket mirror and began to look First at herself and then at him and then She smil'd at her own beauteous face again. Yet for all this-for all her pretty face She took it in her head to see the place. Women gain little from experience Either in Lovers, husbands or expense. 'The more the beauty, the more fortune too: 'Beauty before the wide world never knew-' So each fair reasons, tho' it oft miscarries. She thought her pretty face would please the faeries. 'My darling Ape I won't whip you today-Give me the Picklock, sirrah, and go play.' They all three wept-but counsel was as vain As crying 'C'up, biddy' to drops of rain. Yet lingeringly did the sad Ape forth draw The Picklock from the Pocket in his Jaw. The Princess took it and dismounting straight Trip'd in blue silver'd slippers to the gate And touch'd the wards, the Door full courteously Opened—she enter'd with her servants three. Again it clos'd and there was nothing seen But the Mule grazing on the herbage green.

#### END OF CANTO XII

#### Canto the xiii

The Mule no sooner saw himself alone
Than he prick'd up his Ears—and said 'well done!
At least, unhappy Prince, I may be free—
No more a Princess shall side-saddle me.
O King of Otahaietè—tho' a Mule
"Aye every inch a King"—tho' "Fortune's fool"—
Well done—for by what Mr. Dwarfy said
I would not give a sixpence for her head.'
Even as he spake he trotted in high glee
To the knotty side of an old Pollard tree

And rub'd his sides against the mossed bark
Till his Girths burst and left him naked stark
Except his Bridle—how get rid of that,
Buckle and tied with many a twist and plait?
At last it struck him to pretend to sleep
And then the thievish Monkeys down would creep
And filch the unpleasant trammels quite away.
No sooner thought of than adown he lay,
Shamm'd a good snore—the Monkey-men descended
And whom they thought to injure they befriended.
They hung his Bridle on a topmost bough
And off he went, run, trot, or anyhow.

TWO or three Posies With two or three simples— Two or three Noses With two or three pimples— Two or three wise men And two or three ninny's-Two or three purses And two or three guineas— Two or three raps At two or three doors-10 Two or three naps Of two or three hours— Two or three Cats And two or three mice-Two or three sprats At a very great price-Two or three sandies And two or three tabbies-Two or three dandies And two Mrs mum! 20 Two or three Smiles And two or three frowns— Two or three Miles To two or three towns454 TRIVIA

Two or three pegs
For two or three bonnets—
Two or three dove eggs
To hatch into sonnets.

## ACROSTIC

#### GEORGIANA AUGUSTA KEATS

GIVE me your patience Sister while I frame Exact in Capitals your golden name Or sue the fair Apollo and he will Rouse from his heavy slumber and instil Great love in me for thee and Poesy. Imagine not that greatest mastery And kingdom over all the Realms of verse Nears more to Heaven in aught than when we nurse And surety give to love and Brotherhood.

10

20

Anthropophagi in Othello's mood; Ulysses stormed, and his enchanted belt Glowed with the Muse, but they are never felt Unbosom'd so and so eternal made, Such tender incense in their Laurel shade, To all the regent sisters of the Nine As this poor offering to you, sister mine.

Kind sister! aye, this third name says you are; Enchanted has it been the Lord knows where. And may it taste to you like good old wine, Take you to real happiness and give Sons, daughters and a home like honied hive.

PENSIVE they sit, and roll their languid eyes, Nibble their toast and cool their tea with sighs; Or else forget the purpose of the night, Forget their tea, forget their appetite. See, with cross'd arms they sit—Ah! hapless crew,

10

20

The fire is going out and no one rings For coals, and therefore no coals Betty brings. A fly is in the milk-pot. Must he die Circled by a humane Society? No, no; there, Mr. Werter takes his spoon, Inverts it, dips the handle, and lo! soon The little struggler, sav'd from perils dark, Across the teaboard draws a long wet mark.

Romeo! Arise! take snuffers by the handle, There's a large cauliflower in each candle. A winding sheet—ah, me! I must away To No. 7, just beyond the Circus gay. 'Alas, my friend, your coat sits very well; Where may your Tailor live?' 'I may not tell. O pardon me—I'm absent: now and then. Where might my Tailor live? I say again I cannot tell, let me no more be teas'd; He lives in Wapping, might live where he pleas'd.'

O GRANT that like to Peter I May like to Peter B, And tell me, lovely Jesus, Y This Peter went to C.

O grant that like to Peter I May like to Peter B, And tell me, lovely Jesus, Y Old Jonah went to C.

I AM as brisk
As a bottle of WiskEy and as nimble
As a Milliner's thimble.

#### APPENDIX

## GRIPUS

Undated. From the Woodhouse Transcript in the Pierpont Morgan Library.

First printed by Amy Lowell, John Keats, ii. 535-44, 1924. [The manuscript is almost wholly wanting in punctuation. I have supplied the pointing and filled in the names of the dramatis personae.]

GRIPUS. And gold and silver are but filthy dross.

Then seek not gold and silver which are dross,

But rather lay thy treasure up in heav'n!—

SLIM. Hem!

GRIPUS. And thou hast meat & drink & lodging too

And clothing too, what more can Man require?

And thou art single-

But I must lay up money for my children,

My children's children & my great grand children;

For, Slim! thy master will be shortly married—slim. Married!

GRIPUS. Yea! married. Wherefore dost thou stare, 10

As thou(gh) my words had spoke of aught impossible? SLIM. My lord, I stare not but my ears playd false.

Methought you had said married.

GRIPUS. Married, fool!

Is't aught unlikely? I'm not very old,

And my intended has a noble fortune.

SLIM. My lord 'tis likely.

GRIPUS. Haste, then, to the butchers,

And ere thou go, tell Bridget she is wanted—

SLIM. I go—Gods! what a subject for an ode.
With Hymen, Cupids, Venus, Loves & Graces! FExit

## Gripus solus

GRIPUS. This matrimony is no light affair; Tis downright venture & mere speculation.

Title: wanting in MS.

15 intendended MS.

20

Less risk there is in what the merchant trusts To winds & waves and the uncertain elements-For he can have assurance for his goods And put himself beyond the reach of losses-But who can e'er ensure to me a wife Industrious and managing and frugal, Who will not spend far more than she has brought, But be almost a saving to her husband?— But none can tell—the broker cannot tell 30 He is not cheated in the wares he buys. And to judge well of women or the seas Wou(1)d oft surpass the wisest merchant's prudence: For both are deep alike—capricious too— And the worst things that money can be sunk in. But Bridget comes-Your pleasure, Sir, with me? BRIDGET. GRIPUS. Bridget, I wish to have a little converse Upon a matter that concerns us both Of like importance both to thee and me. BRIDGET [aside]. Of like importance and concerning both! What can your Honour have to say to me? O lord! I would give all that I am worth To know what tis-Then pry'thee rein thy tongue GRIPUS. That ever battles with thine own impatience. But to the point. Thou knows't, for twenty years Together we have liv'd as man and wife. But never hath the sanction of the Church Stamp'd its legality upon our union. BRIDGET. Well, what of that? Why, when in wiser years GRIPUS. Men look upon the follies of their youth, 50 They oft repent, & wish to make amends, And seek for happier in more virtuous days. In such a case, & such is mine I own, 'Tis Marriage offers us the readiest way To make atonement for our former deeds.

And thus have I determin'd in my heart To make amends—in other words to marry.

BRIDGET. O lord! how overjoy'd I am to hear it!
I vow that I have often thought myself,
What wickedness it was to live as we did!

But do you joke?

GRIPUS. Not so upon my oath.

I am resolv'd to marry and beget

A little heir to leave my little wealth to.

I am not old, my hair is hardly grey

My health is good, what hast thou to object?

BRIDGET. O dear! how close your honour puts the question!

I've said as much already as was fit

And incompatible with female modesty-

But would your honour please to name a day?

GRIPUS. To name a day! but hark! I hear a knock-

'Tis perhaps young Prodigal, I did expect him.

BRIDGET. But Sir-a day?

GRIPUS. Zounds! dost thou hear the bell?

Wilt thou not run? he was to bring me money!

[Exit B and returns.

60

70

80

90

BRIDGET. 'Tis he, I've shown him to the little study.
GRIPUS. Then stay thee here, and when I've settled him

I will return & hold more converse with thee. [Exit. BRIDGET [solus]. My head runs round! O, what a happy change!

Now I shall be another woman quite.

Dame Bridget, then, adieu! and don't forget

Your lady Gripus now that is to be;

Great Lady Gripus-O lord!-

The Lady of the old and rich Sir Gripus!

O how will people whisper, as I pass,

'There goes my lady'—'what a handsome gownd,

All scarlet silk embroidered with gold!'

Or green & gold will perhaps become me better-

How vastly fine, how handsome I shall be

In green & gold—besides, a lady too!

I'll have a footman too, to walk behind me.

Slim is too slender to set off a livery,

I must have one more lustier than him,

110

120

A proper man to walk behind his lady. O how genteel! methinks I see myself In green and gold and carrying my fan—
Or perhaps I'd have a redicule about me!
The lusty footman all so spruce behind me
Walking on tiptoe in a bran new livery;
And he shall have a favour in his hat
As sure as ever I am lady Gripus!

## Enter SLIM

SLIM. Why how now, Bridget, you're turn'd actress sure! 100 BRIDGET. An actor, fellow, no! To something better,

To something grander and more ladylike,

Know I am turn'd!

SLIM. A lunatic, 'tis plain.

But, lovee, leave this jesting for a while, And hear thy servant, who thus pleads for favor.

BRIDGET. For favour Sirrah! But I must be kind,

I will forget your insolence this once,

And condescend to keep you in my service.

But no! I want a much more lustier man,

You are too slender to become my livery

I must excard you, you must suit yourself! slim. Why, how now, Bridget—

BRIDGET. You forget me, sure!

SLIM. Forget thee, Bridget? Never from my heart

Shall thy dear image part.

Ah! no,

I love you so

No language can impart!

Alas! 'tis love that makes me thin,

I have a fiery flame within,

That burns and shrivels up my skin-

'Tis Cupid's little dart,

And by this kiss I swear—[Attempts to kiss her]

BRIDGET. Ruffin, begone, or I will tell my lord.

Do you not care for difference of rank,

Nor make distinction between dirt & dignity?

95 redicule] i.e. reticule. The whole verse is underlined in MS. redicule is the same kind of error as allegolly in 132.

99 ever added above MS. [handsome] lady MS.

130

140

150

160

SLIM. Why, Bridget, once you did not treat me thus. BRIDGET. No, times are alter'd, Fortune's wheel is turn'd.

You still are Slim, but, tho' I once was Bridget, I'm Lady Gripus now that is to be.

Did not his Honour tell you he should marry? SLIM. Yea, to a lady of an ample fortune.

BRIDGET. Why, that, you fool, he said in allegolly.

A virtuous woman, is she not a crown,

A crown of gold and glory to her husband? SLIM. Heav'n is it possible? I pray forgive me

That I could doubt a moment of that fortune Which is but due to your assembled merits.

BRIDGET. Well, Slim, I do not wish to harbour malice,

But while you show a proper due respect

You may be certain of my condescension.

But hark! I hear his lordship on the stairs,

And we must have some privacy together. [Exit SLIM.

O lord, how overjoy'd I am your honour-

GRIPUS. Bridget, I thank thee for thy friendly zeal,

That seems to glory in thy Master's bliss; And much it grieves me that I can't requite it

Except by mere reciprocal good-wishes. For as a change in my domestic government

Will make thy place in future but a sinecure, It grieves me much that I must warn you thus

To seek and get a situation elsewhere.

BRIDGET. O dear! O lord! O what a shock! O lord! [Faints] GRIPUS. Ho! Slim—the devil's in the fool, to faint.

Halloo!—what shall I do? halloo! halloo!

Ho! Slim, I say—run, Sirrah, for the brandy! slim. The brandy, Sir? there is none in the house! GRIPUS. No brandy! none! what, none at all, thou knave?

What, none at all? thou rascal thou hast drunk it. Why Bridget, Bridget—what, no brandy, knave? Zounds! what a fit! Where is my brandy, Wretch! Thou toping Villain, say, or I will slay thee!

Lets BRIDGET fall and collars SLIM

129 omitted in Miss Lowell's transcript.

SLIM. O lord! Forgive me, Bridget had the wind, And drank the brandy up to warm her stomach. GRIPUS. A tipsy Bacchanal! then let her lie!

I'll not be drunken out of house & home.

Zounds! brandy for the wind—a cure indeed!

A little water had done just as well.

This is the way, then, when I want a drop;
I always find my cellar is stark naked.

But both shall go, yes, I discard ye. Thieves!

Begone, ye thieves!

170

## BRIDGET jumps up

BRIDGET. No, not without my wages! I'll have a month's full wages or my warning! I'll not be left at non-plust for a place. GRIPUS. A month's full warning! what, another month, To sack, to ransack, and to strip the house, And then depart in triumph with your booty! Begone, I say! No, not without my wages! BRIDGET. And I'll have damages, you cruell man! I will convict you of a breach of marriage! GRIPUS. Begone, I say! Deceitful Thing! begone-180 Who ever dar'd to promise such a match But thy own fancy, & thy lying tongue? What, marry one as poor as a church mouse, And equally devoid of rank and Beauty! Reason would sleep and prudence would be blind, And Gripus then would be no longer Gripus, But only fitting for more sober men To lodge in Bedlam & to call a lunatic. 188 I

184 and [money] Beauty! MS. 187 sober over [prudent].

## CRITICAL NOTES

p. 38. On first looking into Chapman's Homer.

Of this, perhaps the most famous of Keats's sonnets, we have two autograph copies, one in the Harvard Library, the other in the Morgan Library. Of the manuscript variants, the most interesting may be thought to be 'low-brow'd Homer', in line 6, corrected by Keats to 'deep-brow'd'. Keats probably took his 'low-brow'd' from Milton, L'Allegro 8 ('low-brow'd rocks'). In line 11, again, the Harvard draft has 'wond'ring eyes' for 'eagle eyes'. In line 7, both our manuscripts have 'Yet could I never judge what men could mean'; and this reading appears in the earliest printed version, the Examiner for 1 December 1816.

p. 53. The Morgan Library preserves, in Keats's autograph, a cancelled title-page, Dedication, and Preface. The title-page offered the following:

## **ENDYMION**

A ROMANCE BY JOHN KEATS

The stretched metre of an antique song—
Shakespeare's Sonnets.

The cancelled Dedication offered:

INSCRIBED.

WITH EVERY FEELING OF PRIDE AND REGRET AND WITH 'A BOWED MIND,'

TO THE MEMORY OF

THO MAS CHATTERTON.

The original preface reads as follows:

ORIGINAL PREFACE REJECTED ON CONSIDERATION

In a great nation, the work of an individual is of so little importance; his pleadings and excuses are so uninteresting; his 'way of life' such a nothing, that a Preface seems a sort of impertinent bow to strangers who care nothing about it.

A Preface, however, should be down in so many words; and such a one that by an eye-glance over the type the Reader may catch an idea of an Author's modesty, and non-opinion of himself—which I sincerely hope may be seen in the few lines I have to write, not-withstanding many proverbs of many ages old which men find a great pleasure in receiving as gospel.

About a twelvemonth since, I published a little book of verses; it

was read by some dozen of my friends who lik'd it; and some dozen whom I was unacquainted with, who did not.

Now, when a dozen human beings are at words with another dozen, it becomes a matter of anxiety to side with one's friends—more especially when excited thereto by a great love of Poetry. I fought under disadvantages. Before I began I had no inward feel of being able to finish; and as I proceeded my steps were all uncertain. So this Poem must rather be considered as an endeavour than a thing accomplished; a poor prologue to what, if I live, I humbly hope to do. In duty to the Public I should have kept it back for a year or two, knowing it to be so faulty: but I really cannot do so,—by repetition my favourite passages sound vapid in my ears, and I would rather redeem myself with a new Poem should this one be found of any interest.

I have to apologize to the lovers of simplicity for touching the spell of loneliness that hung about Endymion; if any of my lines plead for me with such people I shall be proud.

It has been too much the fashion of late to consider men bigoted and addicted to every word that may chance to escape their lips; now I here declare that I have not any particular affection for any particular phrase, word, or letter in the whole affair. I have written to please myself, and in hopes to please others, and for a love of fame; if I neither please myself, nor others, nor get fame, of what consequence is Phraseology?

I would fain escape the bickerings that all Works not exactly in chime bring upon their begetters—but this is not fair to expect, there must be conversation of some sort and to object shows a man's consequence. In case of a London drizzle or a Scotch mist, the following quotation from Marston may perhaps 'stead me as an umbrella for an hour or so: 'let it be the curtesy of my peruser rather to pity my self-hindering labours than to malice me.'

One word more—for we cannot help seeing our own affairs in every point of view—should any one call my dedication to Chatterton affected I answer as followeth: 'Were I dead, sir, I should like a Book dedicated to me.'

TEIGNMOUTH, March 19th, 1818

## p. 55. Endymion, i. 1.

A thing of beauty is a joy for ever Everybody knows the first line of *Endymion*. Not many people know what the first line once was. Henry Stephens, who for a while shared rooms with Keats in St. Thomas' Street, when they were both students at Guy's Hospital, recalled a cancelled first line—

A thing of beauty is a constant joy which he called 'a fine line but wanting something'. Many years

later, writing about Keats to G. F. Mathew, 'His poetry', he says, 'was not generally to my taste.' But if we may believe what he told Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, the first line of *Endymion* would, but for his advice, have been not good but bad.

## p. 152. Endymion, iv. 805.

Endymion, weep not so Woodhouse records from Keats's autograph draft the variant 'Dear Endy, weep not so'; 'which', says Buxton Forman, 'I should not like to accept literally without seeing the original'. The 'original' has been missing since 2 July 1847, when Reynolds, to whom it belonged, sent it to Monckton Milnes. But Woodhouse was a man careful, conscientious, incapable of tampering with Keats's autograph. We may not like 'Dear Endy', but we cannot away with it.

## p. 209. Ode to a Nightingale, 69-70.

Keats's autograph, once at Crewe House, now in the Fitzwilliam Museum at Cambridge, shows that Keats wrote originally:

Char[m]'d the wide casements, opening on the foam Of ruthless seas in fairy lands fo[r]lorn.

In line 70 the second word has been read as 'keelless'. But Woodhouse, who made a shorthand copy of the original, read (and wrote, without query), 'ruthless'. Keats had a good reason for cancelling 'ruthless'—four lines earlier he had spoken of 'the sad heart of Ruth'.

## p. 221. Hyperion.

Woodhouse has preserved for us the following cancelled *Advertisement* to the poem:

## ADVERTISEMENT

The Publishers think it right to state that it was not the wish of the Author that the ensuing fragment should meet the public eye. He commenced the Poem just before the publication of his Endymion; and he abandoned the intention of proceeding with it, in consequence of the reception that work experienced from some of the reviews.—The fragment remains therefore in the same state in which it was originally written; and the Author's health is not at present such as to enable him to make any corrections. The Publishers have however prevailed upon him to allow of its forming a part of this volume: and they are content to take upon themselves whatever blame may attach to its publication.

## p. 272. Otho, III. i. 8.

'The limbo of a wanton....'] Monckton Milnes's 1848 text offers 'The white limbs of a wanton', and this stood unquestioned in all editions of Keats previous to the Oxford English Texts edition of 1939. But there can be little doubt that 'white limbs' is a conjectural

emendation made by Milnes when his 1848 text was in proof. The copy which he gave to the printer was a transcript, still extant, in the hand of Charles Brown, offering many indications of its having been used by the printers. The transcript has, for white limbs, limbo. The printer (and Milnes) read limbo as limbs; and Milnes stopped the metrical gap by white. Keats's autograph agrees with Brown's transcript, showing plainly 'limbo'. Keats, it may be added, had seen Brown's transcript, making here and there additions and corrections in it.

## p 350. La Belle Dame sans Merci.

The earliest known version of this poem is to be found in an autograph letter of Keats to his brother George (Letter 123, April 1819). The manner in which it is there written out suggests recent composition—corrections are numerous. A revised version, the revision pretty certainly by Keats, was printed by Leigh Hunt in the *Indicator* on 10 May 1820. The *Indicator* version seems not to have been known either to Brown or to Woodhouse, both of whom have left us copies of the poem (Woodhouse two copies). Monckton Milnes, when he published the poem in 1848, seems to have followed Woodhouse's copy. The *Indicator* version stands alone. But that its variants go back to Keats himself, and are not the work of Hunt, seems sufficiently indicated by the fact that John Jeffry had a manuscript of the poem, in Keats's autograph, in which the first line was given as it appears in the *Indicator*.

The text here printed is that of 1848.

The Indicator offers the following variants:

1 knight-at-arms] wretched wight 3, 47 has] is 11 cheek 23 sideways would she lean Stanzas v and vi are transposed in the *Indicator* 30 gaz'd and sighed deep 31 wild sad eyes 32 So kiss'd to sleep 33 And there we slumber'd on the moss 39 They] Who 41 gloom 44 hill side

#### p. 355. Ode on Indolence.

The poem was first printed by Monckton Milnes in the 1848 Life, Letters and Literary Remains of John Keats. We know that the 'copy' was Brown's transcript, still extant  $(T^2)$ . Any divergence from  $T^2$  must be a change introduced in proof by Monckton Milnes. In stanza iii (5), 1, he seems to have emended A third time to And once more. He has also changed the order of the stanzas in  $T^2$  (1, 2, 4, 6, 3, 5) to that of 1848 (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6). In the present text, A third time has been retained in stanza iii (5), 1; and to make this possible, the order of stanzas has been changed to 1, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6. In a transcript made by Woodhouse, which is a copy of  $T^2$ , the order of stanzas is that of 1848, but the reader is notified that the old order was 1, 2, 4, 6, 3, 5.

#### p. 359.

The sixteen lines which follow 98 are preserved in an autograph

leaf once the property of Mr. Sabin, now in the Morgan Library. They are found also in a transcript of the poem made by Woodhouse, which bears a note 'copied from J. K.'s MS.' The lines were first printed in *The Bookman* for October 1906, and appeared in the same year in the Preface to the Oxford Standard Authors edition of Keats. In that Preface Buxton Forman writes of this fragment thus:

'It is of very high interest, though the sixteen lines which I think it authorizes us to add to the fragment are not of equal quality with what we had already, and may have been specially rejected, not merely dropped with the whole scheme of the unfinished poem. The newly recovered passage deals with the essential legend which Dante Gabriel Rossetti told me he was convinced that Keats was going to treat as the back-bone of the poem—the legend about the wraiths of people who were in peril of death trooping into church on St. Mark's Eve. Rossetti identified the fragment with the poetic scheme mentioned in a letter to Fanny Brawne (COMPLETE edition, Volume v, page 185), and was of opinion that Bertha in The Eve of St. Mark had trifled with her lover and, now that he was sick, was to go to the cathedral porch and watch the wraiths going in, with the view of ascertaining whether her lover's wraith came out again—for those who were to die that year would not come out; but those who were to get well would. Keats simplified the legend: for him, all whose wraiths went in would die.'

p. 368 To Sleep.

For this sonnet we have Keats's autograph draft, in the Hampstead Milton, dated 1819; and in Letter 123 (addressed to his brother and sister, 30 April 1819) his autograph fair copy. The draft is as follows (square brackets indicating words erased in the original):

O soft embalmer of the still Midnight
Shutting with careful fingers and benign
Our gloom-pleas'd eyes embower'd from the light
[Of sun or teasing candles
As wearisome]

As wearisome as darkness is divine O soothest sleep, if so it please thee close

My (made out of Mine) willing eyes in midst of this thine hymn

Or wait the amen, ere thy poppy throws

Its sweet-dath dews o'er every pulse and limb

Then shut the hushed Casket of my soul

And turn the Key round in the oiled wards

And let it rest until the morn [has stole]

Bright tressed from the gray east's shuddering bourn (Bright tressed add. in marg.; grey east's over [wests]).

This draft that failed has no further history. The fair copy has

a history of which some particulars are worth recording. Almost as soon as it was written, a transcript of it was made by Charles Brown: which Brown lent to Woodhouse. Woodhouse made two copies of it. One of them Keats saw, making in his own hand a change in line 8 ('lulling' for 'dewy'). In line 11 this copy has 'hoards' pencilled over 'lords' (but not in Keats's hand). In the other copy which he made Woodhouse has put 'hoards' into the text, in the place of 'lords'. On 11 October 1838 the poem was printed from Brown's transcript in the Plymouth and Devonport Weekly Journal, showing 'dewy' and 'lords'. Milnes, when he printed it in 1848, adopted Keats's 'lulling' and Woodhouse's 'hoards'. That Keats wrote 'lords' we know for certain, and that, when he found it in the copy of Woodhouse which he corrected, he allowed it to stand. That the 'hoards' of Woodhouse's other copy came into it from Keats nothing that we know indicates. In truth, it looks like editorial conjecture. No doubt, 'hoards' is easier than 'lords'. But when Keats wrote 'lords', it had a meaning for him. To get his meaning, we should compare the use of the verb 'lord' in Endymion, ii. 891:

And all the revels he had lorded there.

There 'lorded' means 'captained', 'marshalled', with some added suggestion of ostentation. And in our sonnet, when Keats says of Conscience that it 'lords its strength for darkness', may we not plausibly paraphrase this by saying that Conscience marshals, arrays, disposes proudly and boastfully, its power for darkness?

## p. 372. 'Bright Star . . .'.

Of this celebrated sonnet there exist two versions. The text here printed is that of Monckton Milnes (Life, Letters, and Literary Remains of John Keats, 1848, ii, p. 306). Monckton Milnes printed from Keats's autograph, still extant in the Keats Museum at Hampstead, introducing three changes of spelling (steadfast for stedfast in 1, splendour for splendor in 2, mask for masque in 7) and correcting, conjecturally, swell and fall to fall and swell in 12; but otherwise not deviating from the manuscript. The autograph can be dated exactly. It is to be found on a blank leaf of a copy of Shakespeare (a royal octavo volume, Thomas Wilson, London, 1806) given to Keats by Reynolds in 1819. Keats took this volume with him to Italy in 1820. A note on the flyleaf tells us that he gave it to Severn in Rome in that year. The sonnet is written on the blank page preceding A Lover's Complaint. We know from Severn that it was written into the Shakespeare volume by Keats aboard the Maria Crowther on 29 September 1820. In later life, Severn came to believe that the poem was actually composed at this time; that it was, in fact, as Monckton Milnes entitled it in 1848, Keats's 'last sonnet'. Milnes, however, knew that there was an earlier version-in a footnote to his 1848 text he quotes the last line of it. The autograph gives us, in other words, not Keats's 'last sonnet', but the final revision of a sonnet of which we possess a copy made by Charles Armitage Brown in 1819—at any rate, he dates his copy 1819; the original which he copied may, conceivably, have been earlier. Brown's manuscript copy is preserved among the Crewe papers, now in Harvard. The text is as follows:

BRIGHT star, would I stedfast as thou art!
Not in lone splendour hung aloft the night
Not watching, with eternal lids apart,
Like nature's devout sleepless eremite,
The morning waters at their priestlike task
Of pure ablution round earth's human shores;
Or, gazing on the new soft fallen mask
Of snow upon the mountains and the moors—
No; yet still stedfast, still unchangeable.
Cheek pillow'd on my love's white ripening breast,
To touch, for ever, its warm sink and swell,
Awake, for ever, in a sweet unrest,
To hear, to feel her tender-taken breath,
Half passionless, and so swoon on to death.

In line 5, Brown's morning would seem to be a mere misreading of Keats's moving. Brown printed his version of the sonnet in the Plymouth and Devonport Weekly Journal, 27 September 1838.

These divergent texts help us to arrive at the truth about this sonnet. The truth about it is that the octave of it (for which our manuscripts offer substantially the same text) is good and noble, the sestet (which is full of textual variants) is vicious and ineffective.

The Bright Star is the North Star. When he wrote the octave, Keats had in mind, I think, Shakespeare—first and foremost, Sonnet cxvi:

Let me not to the marriage of true minds Admit impediments. Love is not love Which alters when it alteration finds, Or bends with the remover to remove: O, no! it is an ever fixed mark, That looks on tempests and is never shaken; It is the star to every wandering bark....

With that he recalled, I fancy, from Julius Caesar, III. i. 60-62, these lines:

But I am constant as the northern star, Of whose true-fix'd and resting quality There is no fellow in the firmament. . . .

In the octave, he prays that he may be steadfast as the North Star,

only in a different fashion; a fashion not lonely, distant, priestlike; far rather a fashion (we learn from the sestet) near, vivid, sensuous. In the sestet he asks only to lie on his mistress' breast, content to feel the soft rise and fall of it, to be ever awake in a sweet unrest,

Still, still to hear her tender-taken breath, And so live ever or else swoon to death.

But what has the Bright Star got to do with any of it? The poet asks of the Star only steadfastness and unchangeability. But do they really matter to him? Does the Bright Star really stand for anything in which the sonnet culminates?

- p. 393. Spenserian Stanza. These lines are interesting as being, it seems probable, the last verses which Keats ever wrote. He wrote them into a copy of Spenser which he had in constant use, which passed into the possession of Fanny Brawne. From this volume, now lost, Charles Brown seems to have made a transcript of the verses. On 4 July 1839, they were printed in the Plymouth and Devonport Weekly Journal, in a leader on Reform. 'We give [the stanza]', the Editor says, 'not only on account of its intrinsic merit, but hitherto it has remained unpublished; and it is the last stanza, of any kind, that (Keats) wrote before his lamented death.' The Editor, it is pretty certain, had both the stanza and the information about it from Brown. Milnes, when he printed the verses in 1848, used, no doubt, Brown's text. A comparison of two letters of Keats, 214 and 215, makes it likely that, as Buxton Forman suggests, the stanza was composed in May 1820.
- p. 398. Cancelled Stanza of the Ode on Melancholy This cancelled stanza was first printed in Milnes's Life, Letters, and Literary Remains of John Keats, 1848, i, pp. 286-7. Milnes does not say, as Buxton Forman makes him say, that it was the 'opening' stanza. But he had before him two manuscript copies of it, the one in the hand of Brown, the other in that of Woodhouse. In both these copies it appears as Stanza i of the Ode; in Brown's copy it is struck through in pencil. It is wanting in the British Museum transcript—Keats had, presumably, cancelled it before he passed the poem to his brother. But was this stanza all that he cancelled? Or was it preceded by another cancelled stanza (or more than one)? I say this because, as we have it, the stanza does not make sense. No editor says that. But no editor (or commentator) has attempted to make sense of it. What, indeed, can we make of the last three lines?—

certes vou would fail

To find the Melancholy—whether she Dreameth in any isle of Lethe dull.

Can we suppose that Keats calls Melancholy, personified, 'the

Melancholy'? And does he mean that we shall fail to find whether Melancholy dreams in some dull island of Lethe? As long ago as 1939 I suggested that, in line 9, whether was a mere miswriting; that Keats wrote, or intended to write, weather. You would fail to find the melancholy weather she dreameth in any dull isle of Lethe. But who is she? The answer to that is lost, I think, with the loss of some stanza, or stanzas, which once preceded our cancelled stanza. She might, perhaps, be the Soul; or, as I suggested in 1939, Love or Youth.

This cancelled stanza presents not merely an aesthetic problem—which was what interested Milnes—but a textual problem.

A minor textual difficulty lies in line 3. There both our manuscripts have 'Stitch creeds'. Both of them offer a pencil variant, 'shrouds', for 'creeds'. Plainly, 'creeds' has the ring of unbelief. By 'shrouds' Milnes, or someone else, saves religious propriety.

p. 405. Fall of Hyperion: i. 97.

'When in mid-May...'] The earliest printed edition of *The Fall of Hyperion* (1856) has 'When in midday...'. We do not know from what manuscript it was printed. Of Keats's autograph we have only scraps (lines 1-11 and 61-86 of Book I, and lines 1-6 of Book II). We have three manuscript copies, one made by Reynolds, one by Woodhouse, the third by Woodhouse's clerk. These manuscript copies agree in offering 'When in midway...'. It looks as though the *midday* of 1856 were Monckton Milnes's emendation. The emendation *mid-May* is due to A. E. Housman. A great emender of Latin texts, Housman did not often use his talent for conjecture on the Eng!ish poets. I am disposed to think his *mid-May* perhaps the only certain correction that has been made in the text of Keats.

p. 436. 'In drear-nighted December . . .' The text here offered is that of Keats's autograph fair copy, preserved in the Library of Bristol University. But I have supplied punctuation, which in the original is wholly wanting. The existence of this autograph fair copy first became known by a paper published in 1951 by Mr. Alvin Whitley in the Harvard Library Bulletin (v. i. pp. 116-22). Another autograph copy, perhaps a draft, was sold by Sotheby's to Charles Law in 1876. It was shown by the purchaser to H. Buxton Forman in that year, but has not been seen since. From the notes made of it by Buxton Forman, its text would seem to have been, in essentials, that of the Bristol manuscript and of the three transcripts made by Woodhouse. The poem was first printed in the London Literary Gazette of 19 September 1829. It was printed in the Galignani Keats, 1829; in the 1830 Gem (which appeared, in fact, in 1829), and (reprinted from the Gem) in the New Monthly Magazine, 1829. All these printed texts offer, for lines 1 and 9, 'In a drear-nighted December'; and, for line 21, 'To know the change and feel it'. Most

editors have preferred the 1829 printed text to the text offered by the manuscripts. In line 21 the reading of the printed texts is added as a variant in the Bristol manuscript, but in a hand certainly not that of Keats. That Keats wrote 'the feel of not to feel it' is certain. 'To know the change and feel it' is a knowing and feeling alteration. If Keats did not make it, who did? Several names have been suggested—Hood, Reynolds, Woodhouse—but only to be ruled out. Keats himself seems more likely than any of them.

Two of our transcripts, one made by J. C. Stephens, the other once in the possession of Severn, offer 'To know the change and feel it'. But both of them, it seems likely, derive from one or other of the printed texts.

The Bristol manuscript is not, as its discoverer Mr. Whitley suggests, a draft. That Keats is copying from some other written text is shown by the fifth line of the first stanza, which appears in the manuscript as 'But w The north cannot undo them'. The 'But w' is erased, but witnesses that Keats, copying, allowed his eye to stray from the fifth line of stanza 1 to the fifth line of stanza 2, 'But with a sweet forgetting'.

p. 441. 'Give me women . . .'] Henry Stephens, a friend of Keats, and a fellow student with him at Guy's Hospital, in a letter to G. F. Mathew (March (?) 1847) writes of these verses as follows:

'In my Syllabus of Chemical Lectures he scribbled many lines on the paper cover. This cover has been long torn off, except one small piece on which is the following fragment of Doggrel rhyme:

> Give me wine & snuff Until I cry out 'hold enough' You may do so, sans objection Until the day of resurrection.

This is all that remains' (Rollins, *The Keats Circle*, ii. p. 210). The 'small piece' of his Syllabus of which Stephens speaks is preserved in Trinity College, Cambridge, with the 'Dogrell' in Keats's pencilled autograph. The text offered in this volume is that of the autograph; and it is interesting to note that, in the interests, we must suppose, of propriety, Stephens has omitted the word 'women' from line 1, and has suppressed entirely the concluding couplet.

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